

# Accuracy of surface elevation derived from ASIRAS

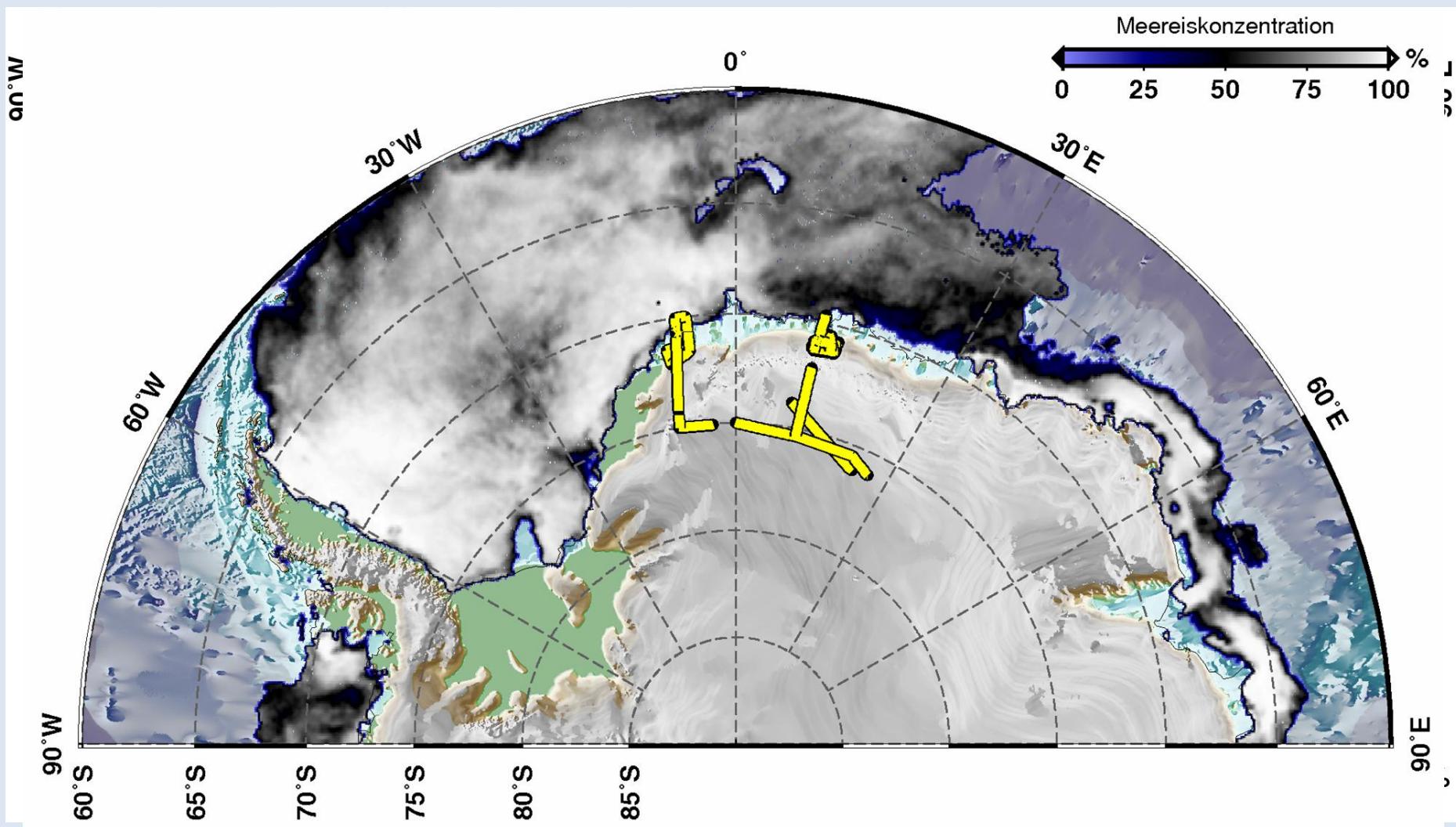
V. Helm<sup>1</sup>, S. Hendricks<sup>1</sup>, D. Steinhage<sup>1</sup>, A. Rülke<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Alfred-Wegener Institute, Bremerhaven

<sup>2</sup> TU Dresden



# Airborne campaigns from 2004 to 2009



Calibration of the Laserscanner

Calibration of ASIRAS over runway

Comparison of Laser DEM with GPS

Accuracy of ASIRAS elevation measurements

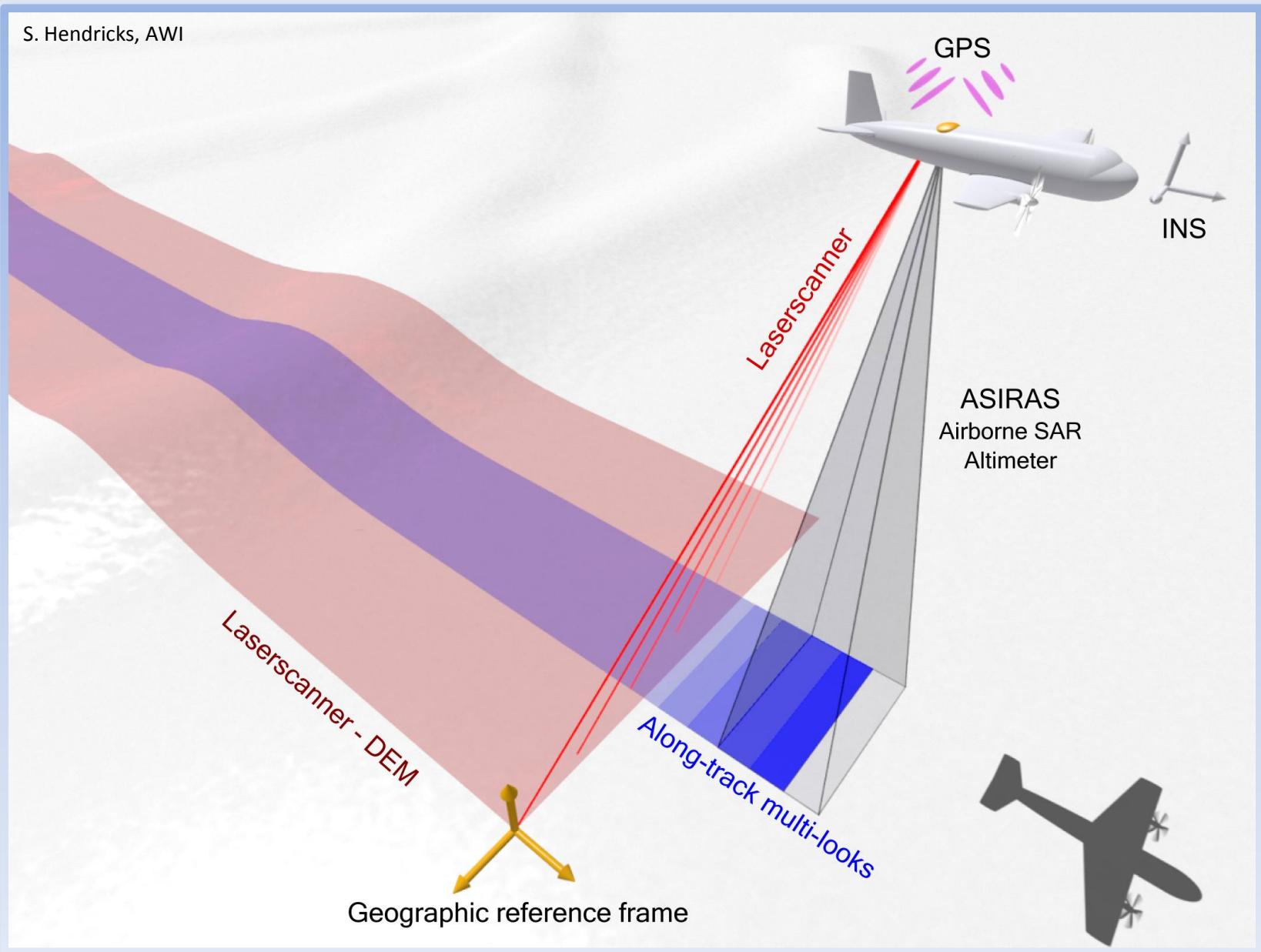
Comparison with ALS DEM

Comparison with GPS

Accuracy of SAR and LRM

# Aircraft Instrumentation

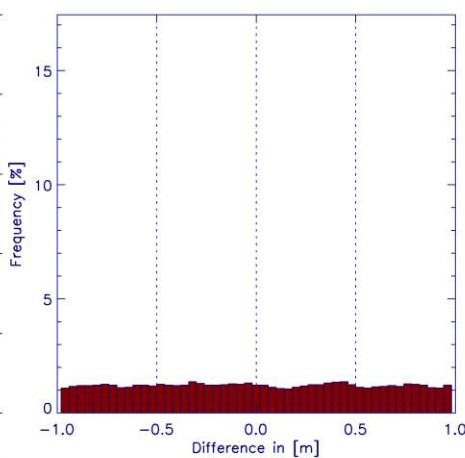
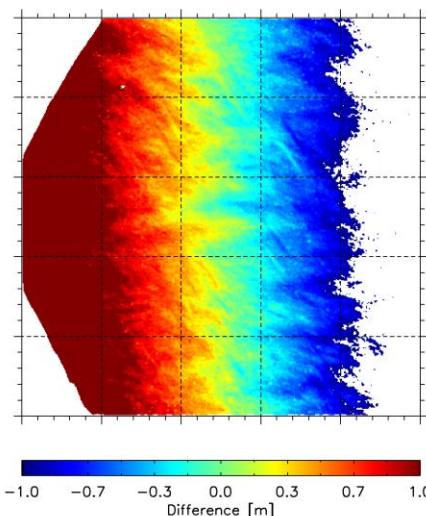
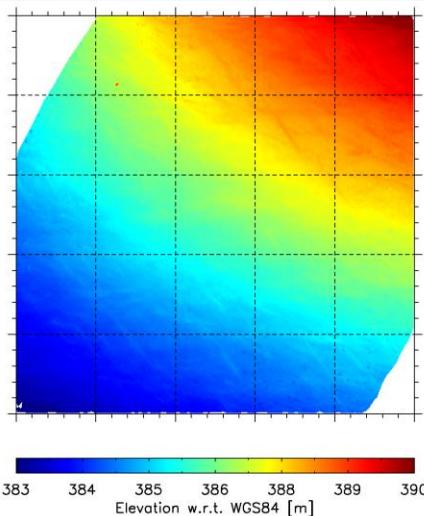
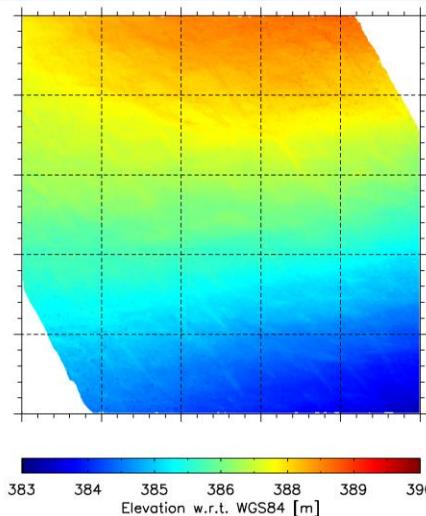
S. Hendricks, AWI



# Calibration of the laser scanner

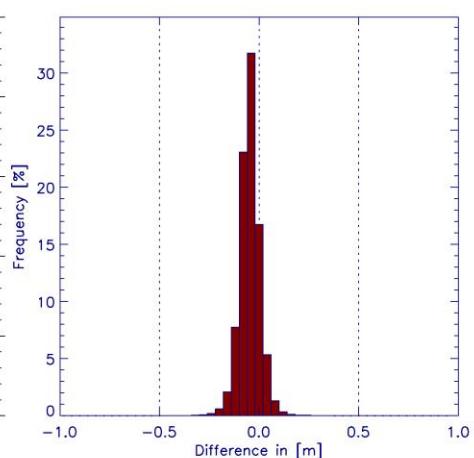
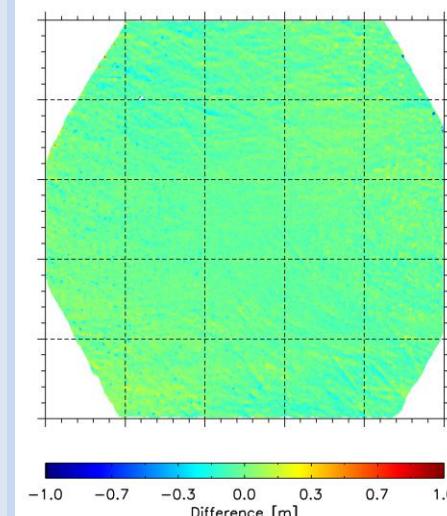
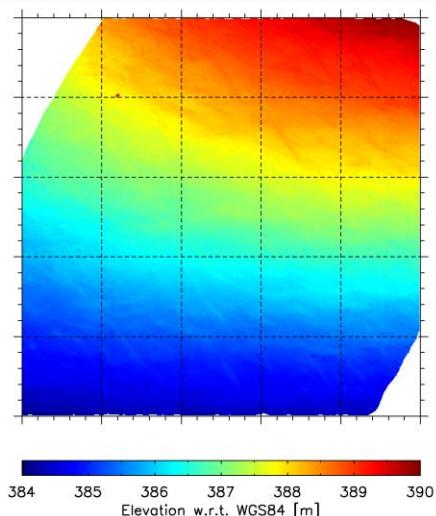
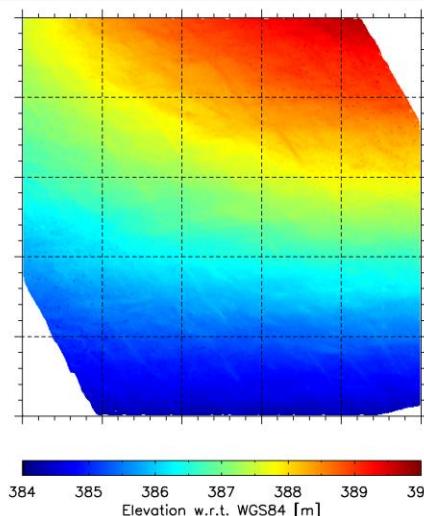
- Uncorrected

Difference:  $0.01 \pm 2.76 \text{ m}$

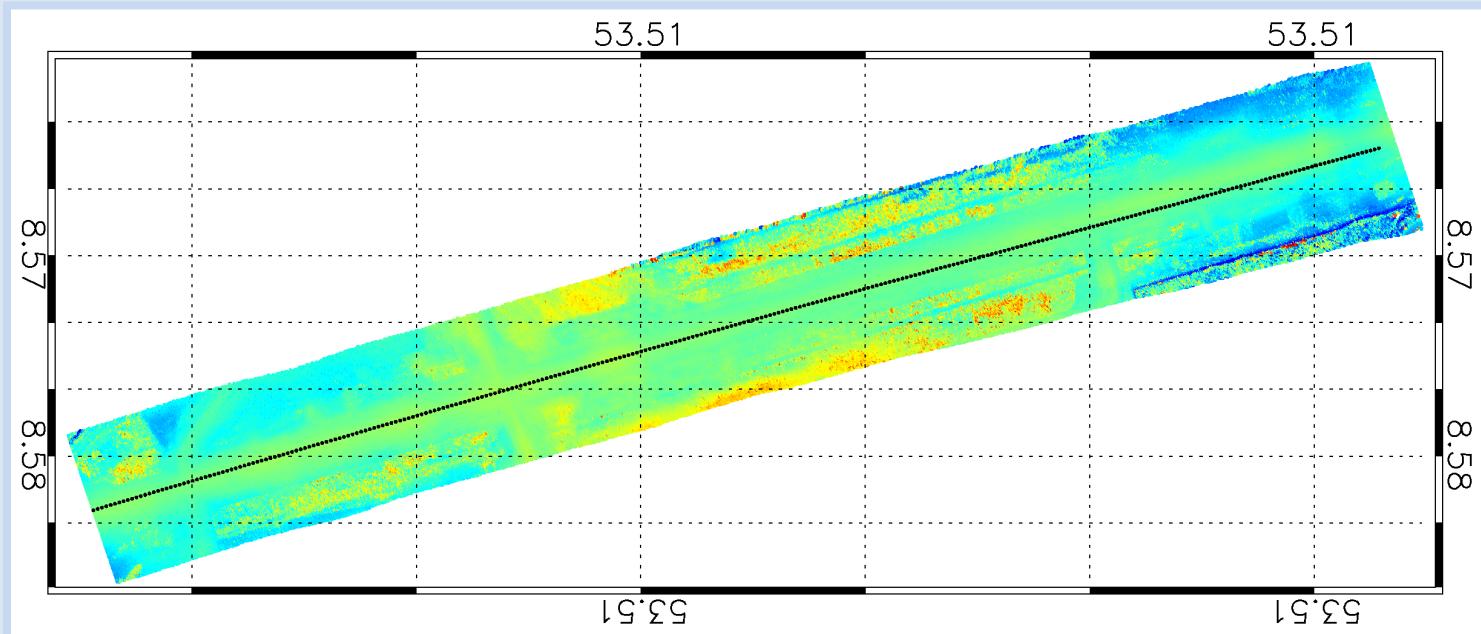
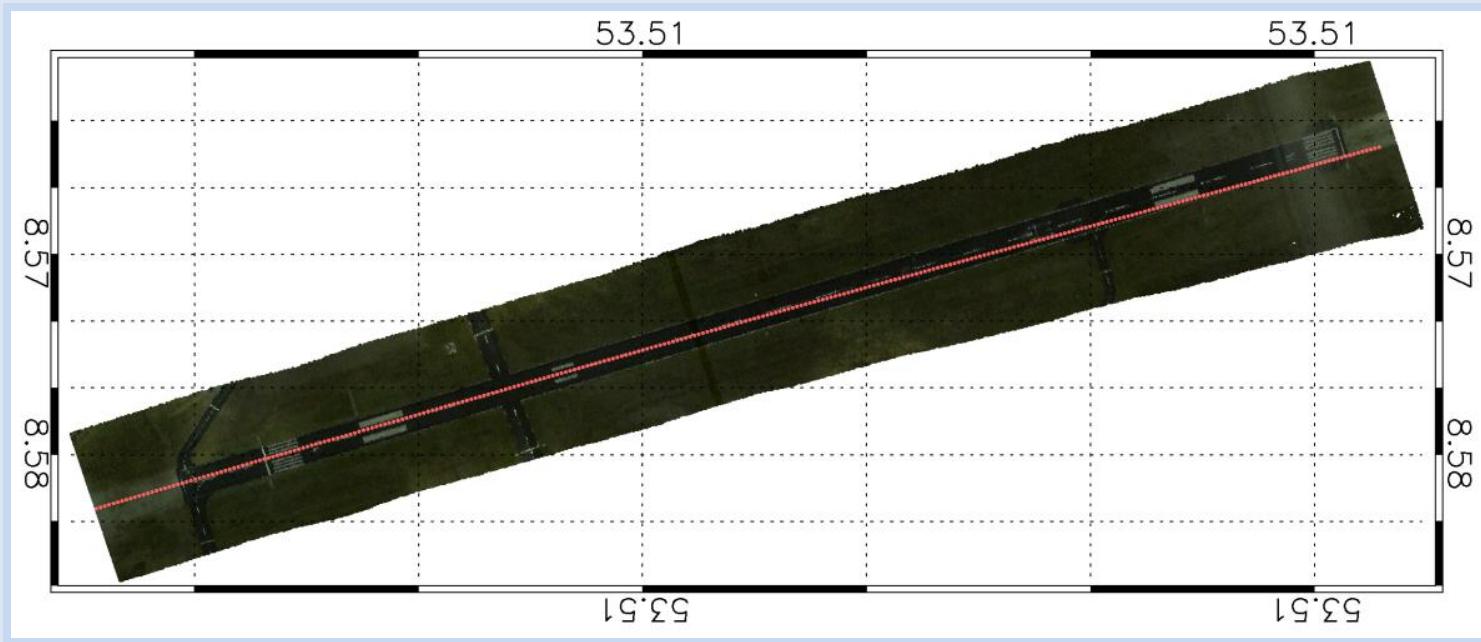


- Squint angle corrected

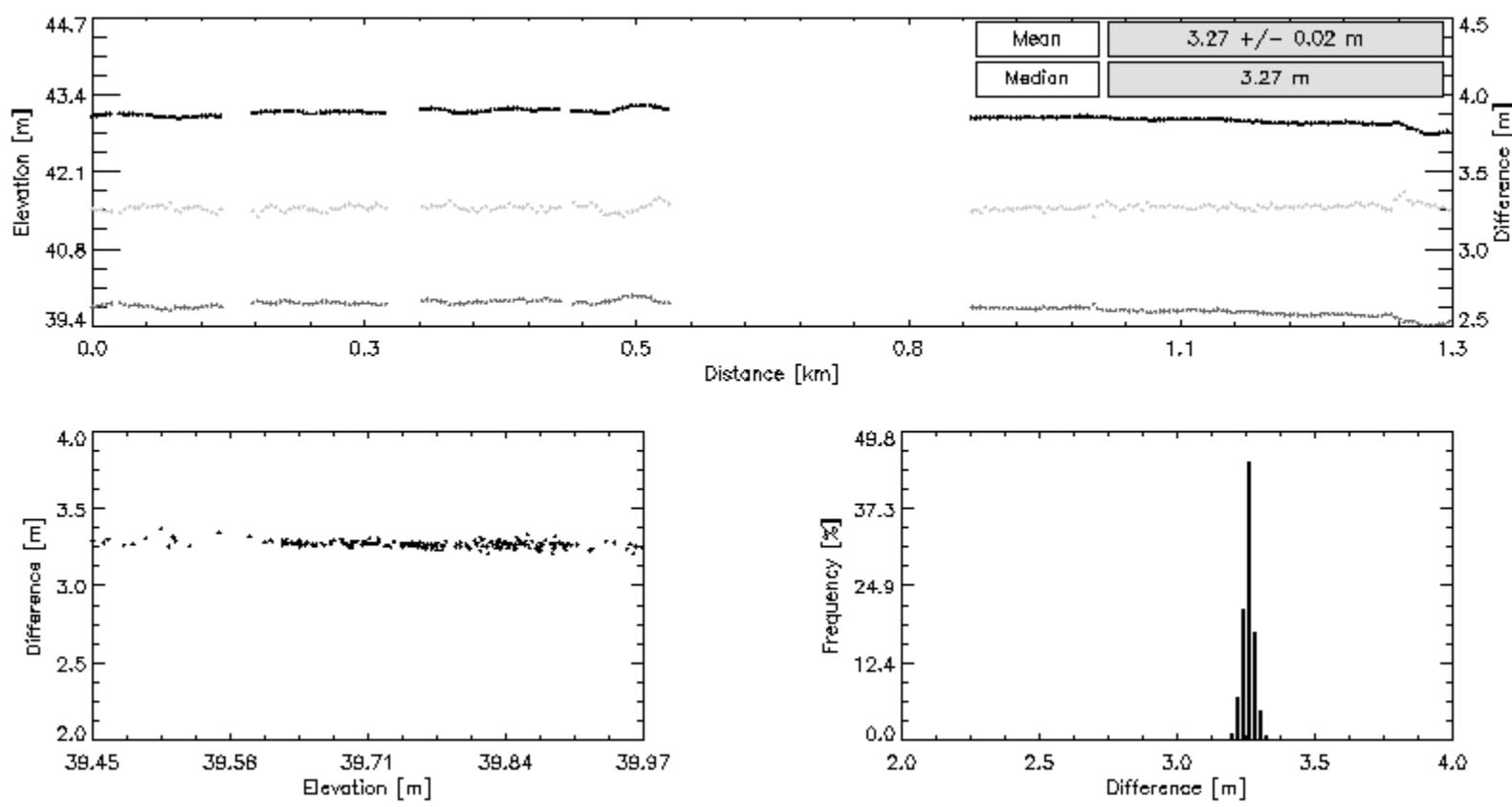
Difference:  $0.03 \pm 0.05 \text{ m}$



# Calibration of ASIRAS over runway

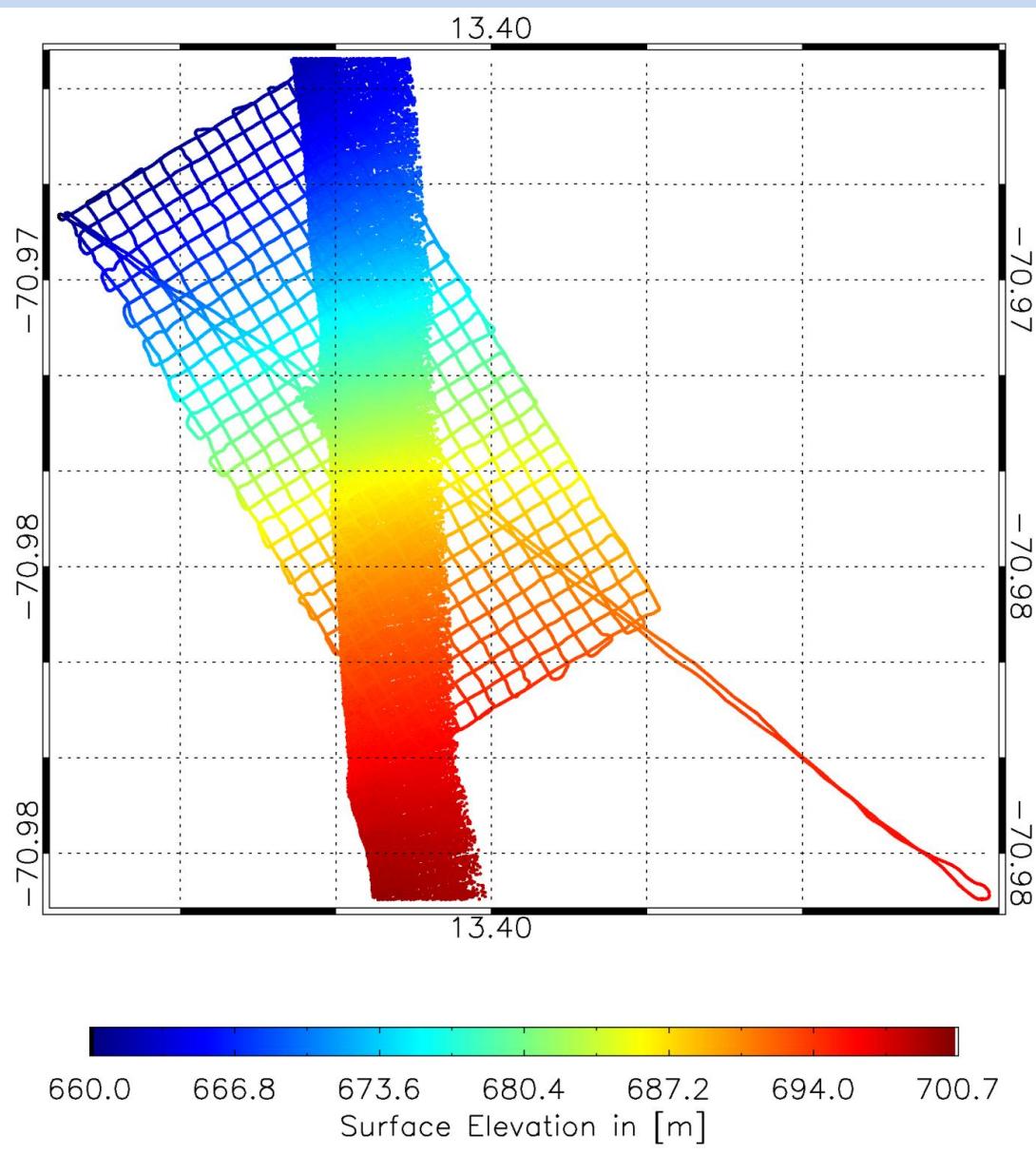


# ASIRAS calibration over runway

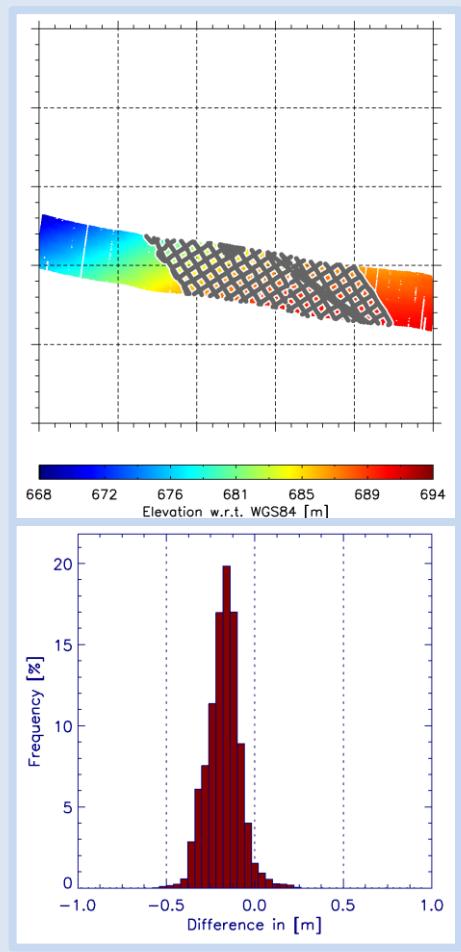
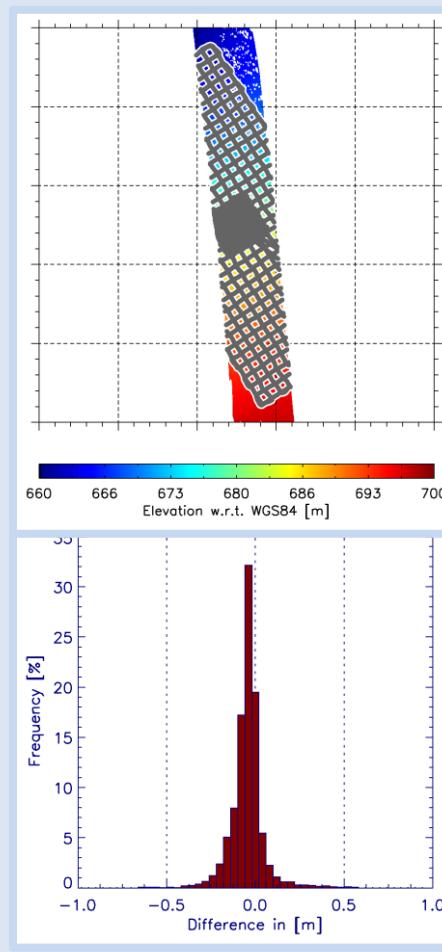
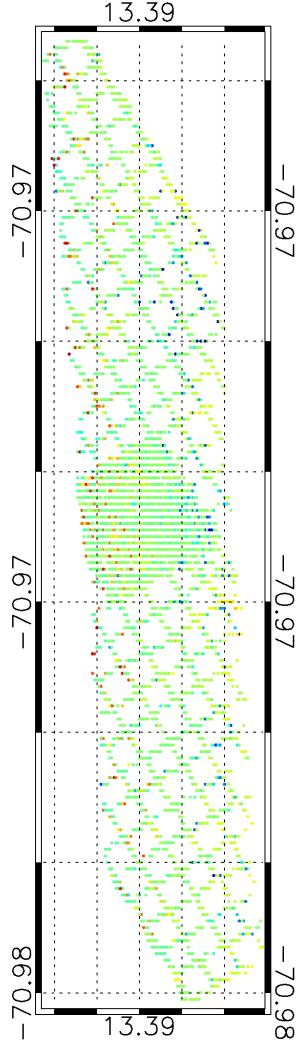


Profile	Tshift [s]	Difference [m]	Stddv [m]	Retracker
A070929_03	0.0	<b>3.25</b>	0.03	TSRA
A070929_04	0.0	<b>3.27</b>	0.02	TSRA
A070929_03	0.0	<b>3.51</b>	0.03	OCOG
A070929_04	0.0	<b>3.53</b>	0.02	OCOG

# Comparison of laser DEM with GPS

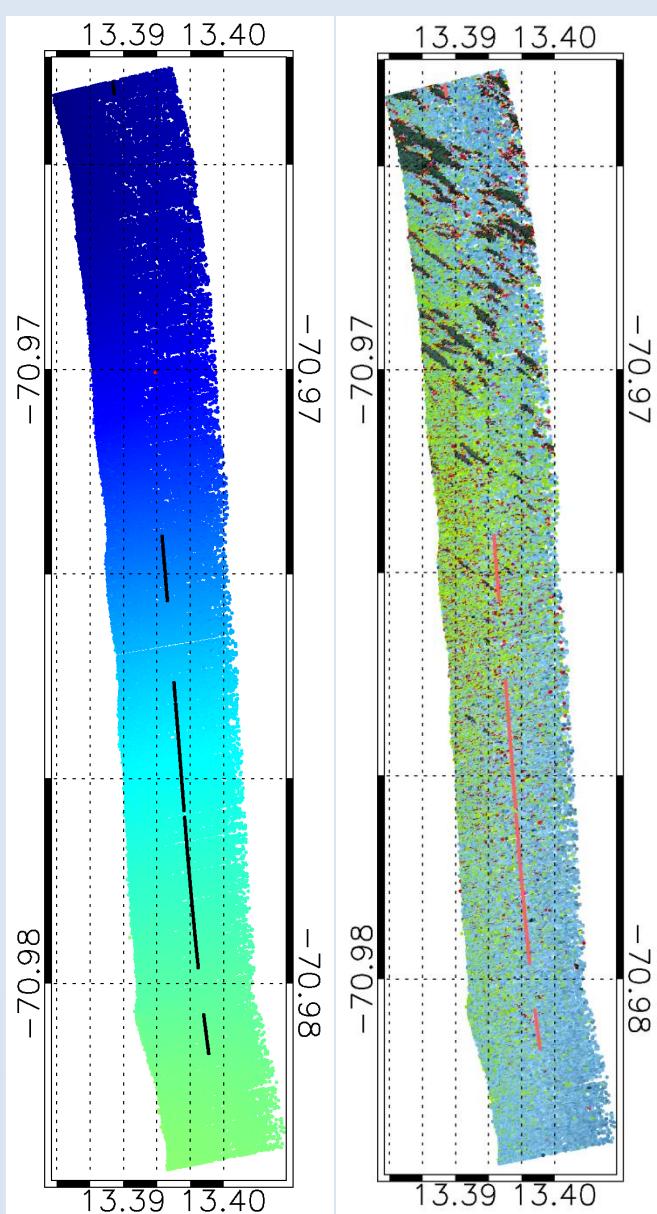
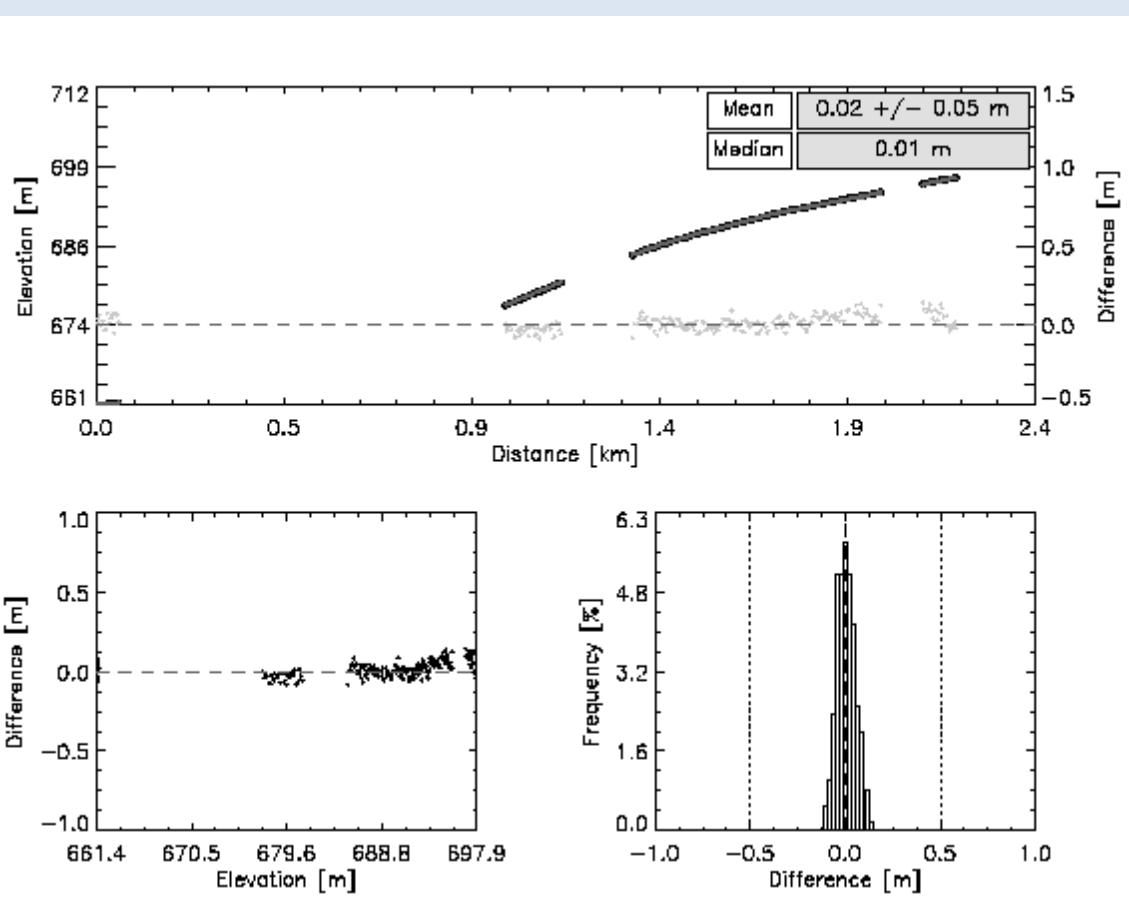


# Comparison of Laser DEM with GPS



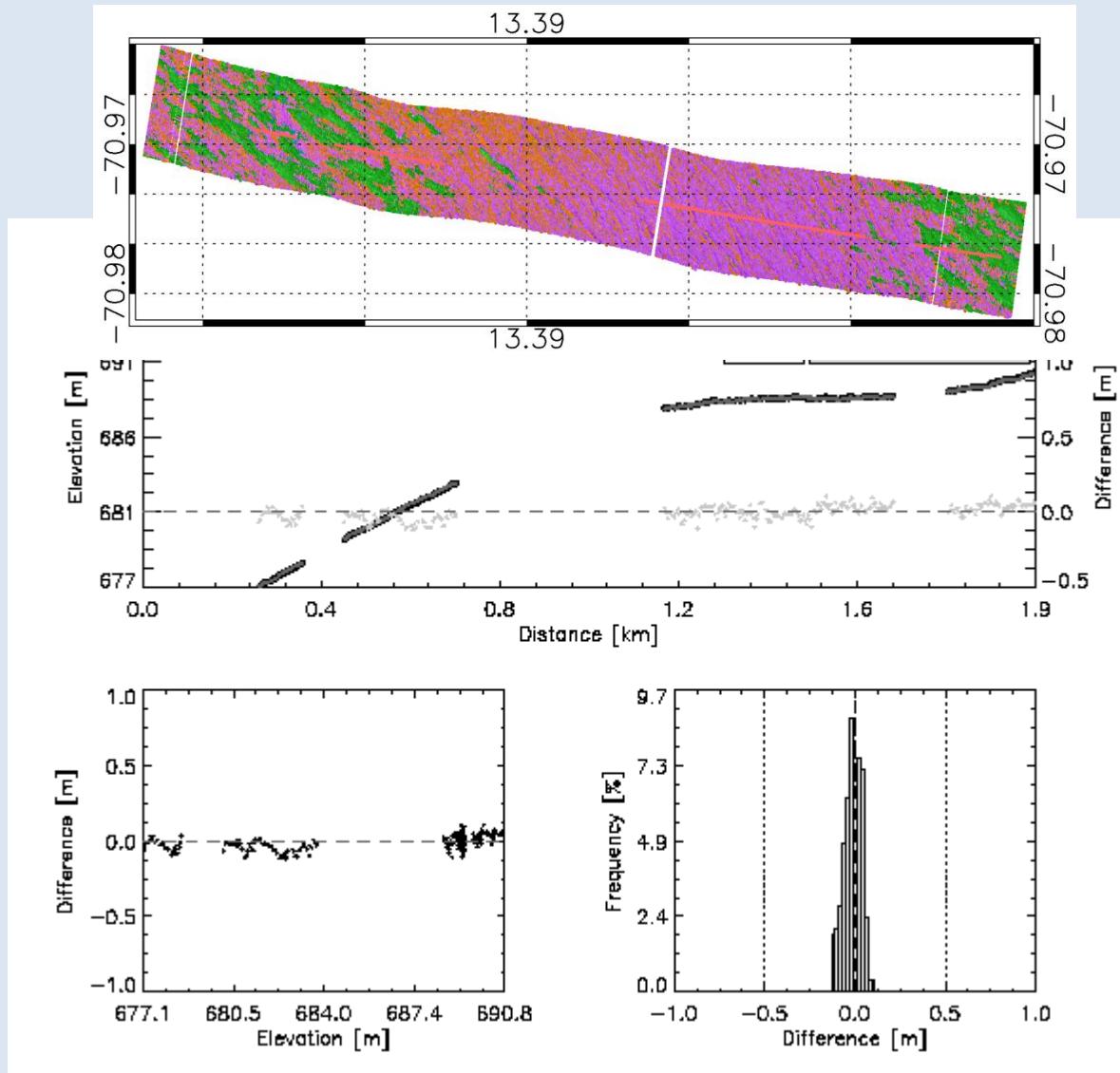
Median GMT CP Error [m]	-0.04	-0.18
Stddev GMT CP Error [m]	0.21	0.25
Median DEM – GPSDifference [m]	-0.06	-0.20
Stddev DEM – GPSDifference [m]	0.09	0.09

# Comparison of ASIRAS with laser DEM



Difference of ASIRAS to ALS DEM in Blue ice (m)

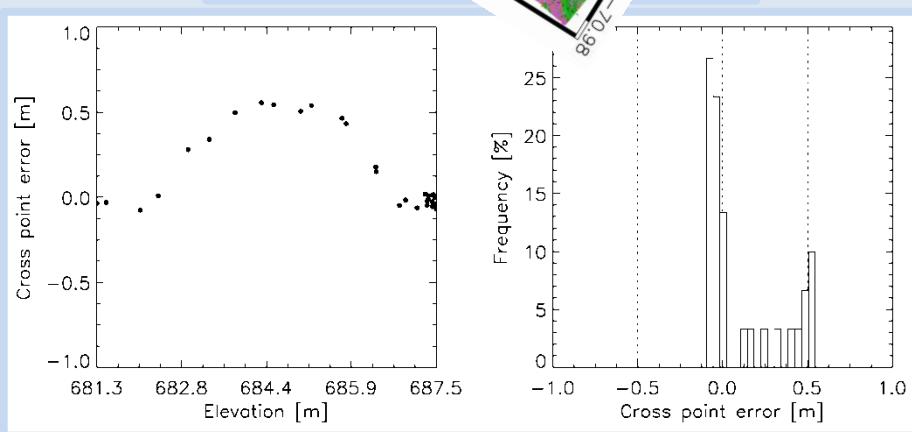
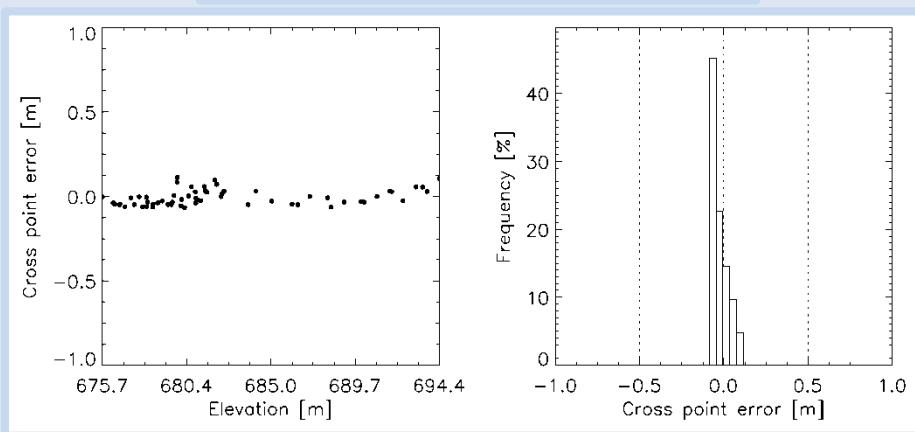
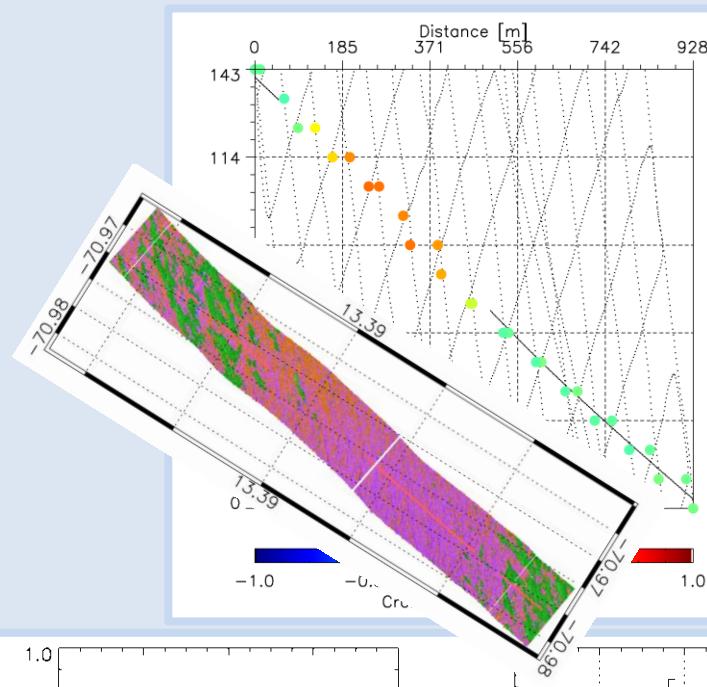
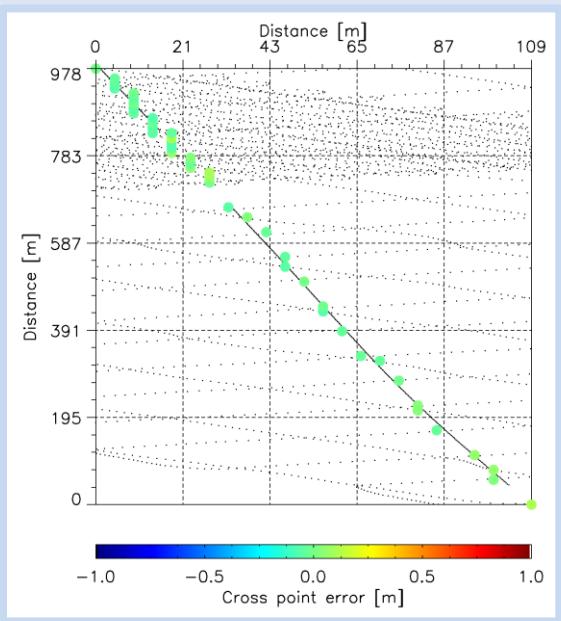
Median	Mean	Stddev	Roughness
0.01	0.02	0.05	0.07



Difference of ASIRAS to ALS DEM in Blue ice partly covered by snow (m)

Median	Mean	Stddev	Roughness
0.00	0.00	0.05	0.09

# Comparison of ASIRAS with GPS



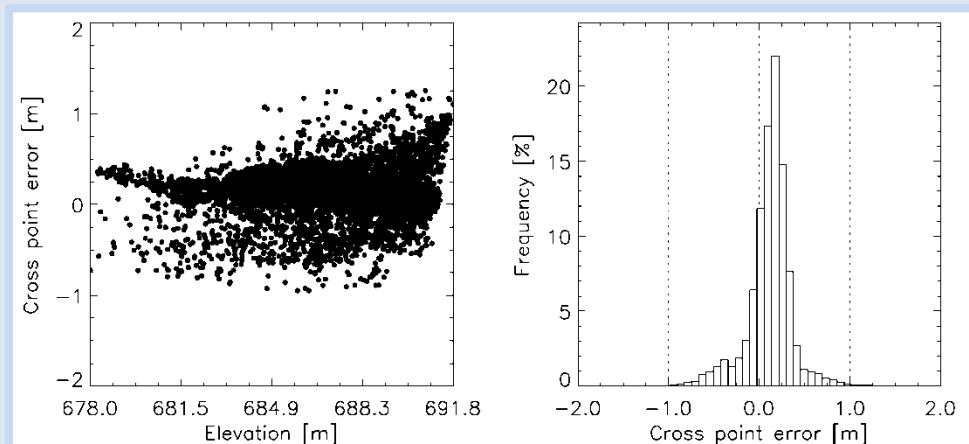
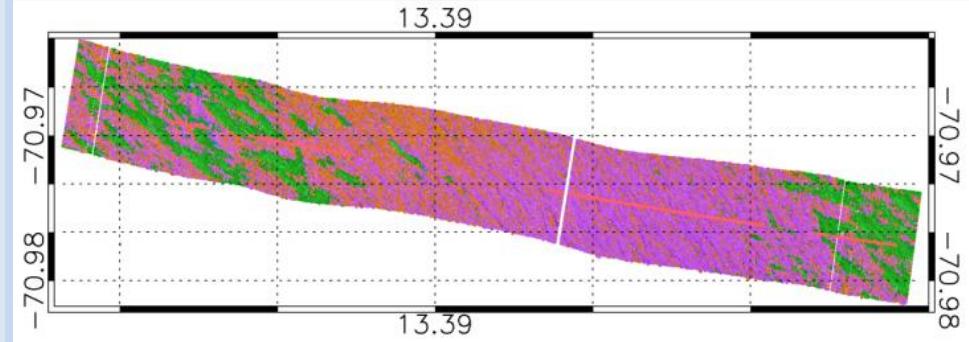
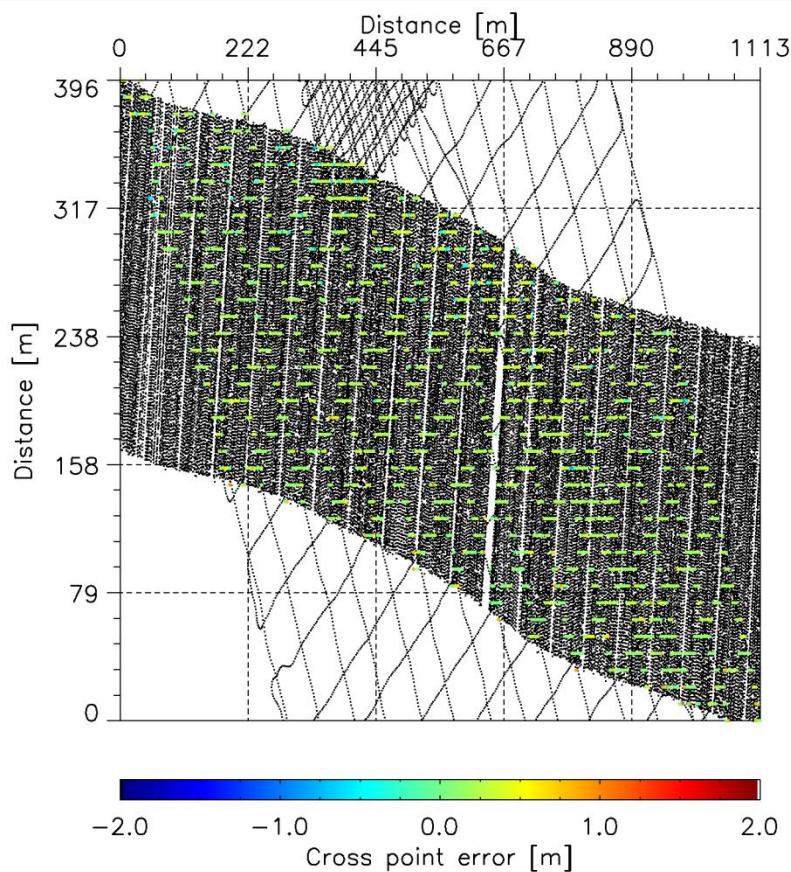
CP error of ASIRAS to GPS (m) – no snow patches

Median	Mean	Stddev
-0.02	-0.05	0.05

CP error of ASIRAS to GPS (m) – snow patches

Median	Mean	Stddev
-0.00	0.13	0.23

# Cross point analysis of ALS and GPS



## Cross Point error of ALS GPS comparison

Median

0.18

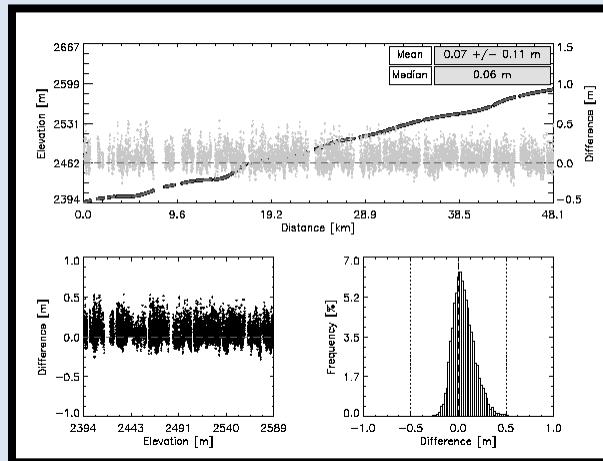
Mean

0.15

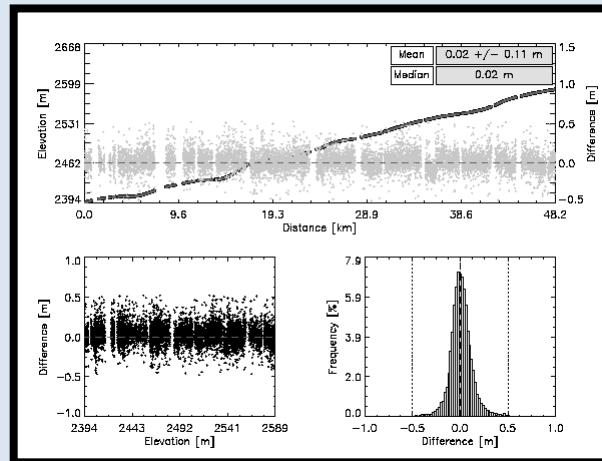
Stddev

0.25

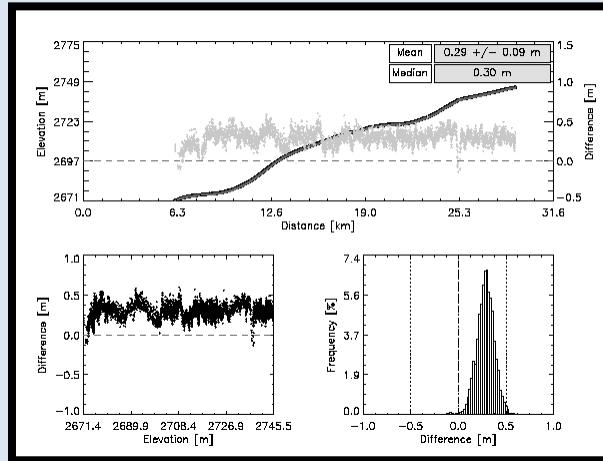
# Comparison of ASIRAS with laser DEM



LAM (300 m)



HAM (1100 m)



Difference of unfocused ASIRAS to ALS DEM in the dry snow zone (m)

Median	Mean	Stddev	Mode
0.06	0.07	0.11	LAM
0.30	0.29	0.09	HAM

Difference of SAR focused ASIRAS to ALS DEM in the dry snow zone (m)

Median	Mean	Stddev	Mode
0.02	0.02	0.11	LAM
0.16	0.16	0.05	HAM

- Runway: static offset dependent on Retracker
- Accuracy of ALS DEM is < 0.10 m
  - Static offsets of up to 0.15 m due to GPS processing
- Accuracy of ASIRAS is < 0.10 m in the dry snow zone and in the Blue ice compared to laser DEM
- Accuracy of ASIRAS is 0.1 to 2.0 m in the percolation and Ablation zone
  - Retracker dependent (TSRA suggested for all surfaces, see Helm et.al. 2006)

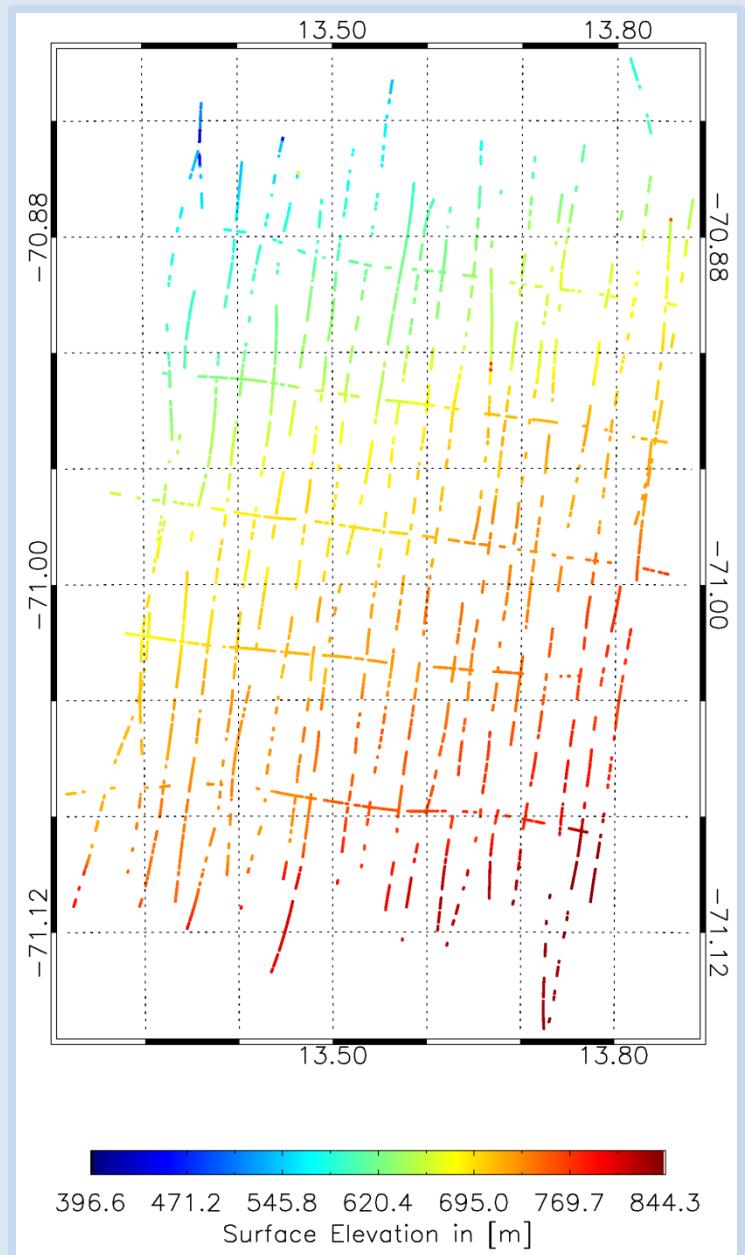
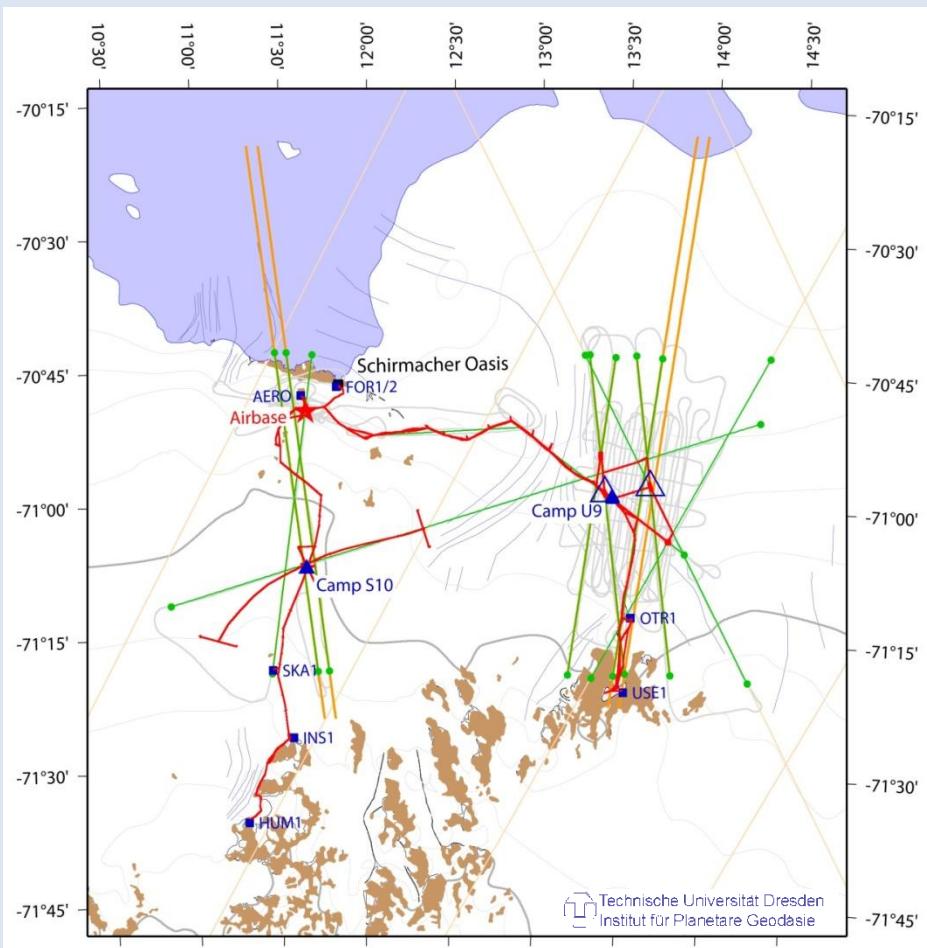
- Small Snow patches in blue ice seem to be transparent for ASIRAS
  - Shape of waveform doesn't change significantly
  - Systematic underestimation of airborne radar altimeter elevation due to preferential backscatter from the blue ice surface
  - Determination of snow thickness critical → ?Snow freebord?
- LRM elevations on the Antarctic plateau reliable, but with offset to SAR elevations
  - Footprint size controls the offset
  - Suggestion: run LRM and SAR Mode in combination with IceSat at Validation site (e.g. Kohnen station, DML Antarctica)
- GPS reference grids are necessary for the Cal/Val of CryoSat
- Blue ice area in combination with accumulation area are perfect validation sites for accuracy and penetration studies

# Cross point analysis of ASIRAS

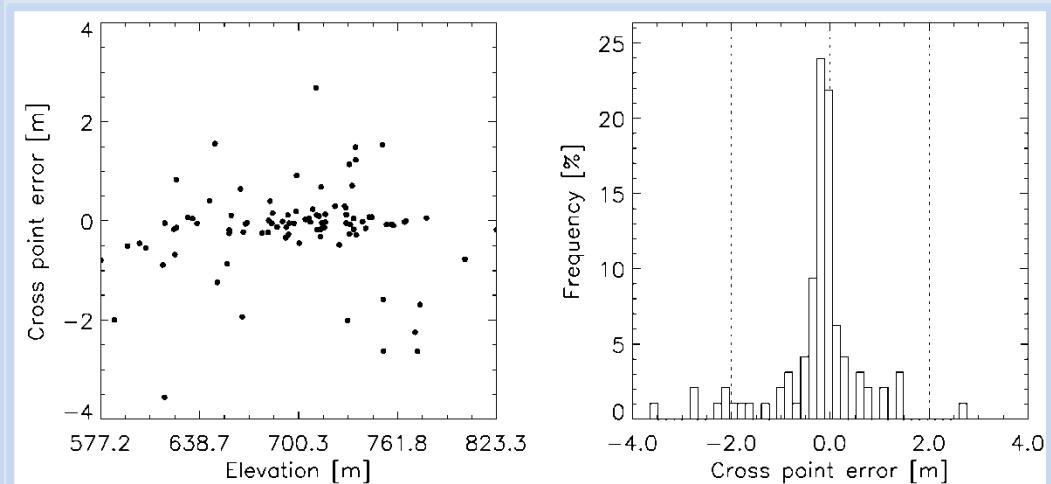
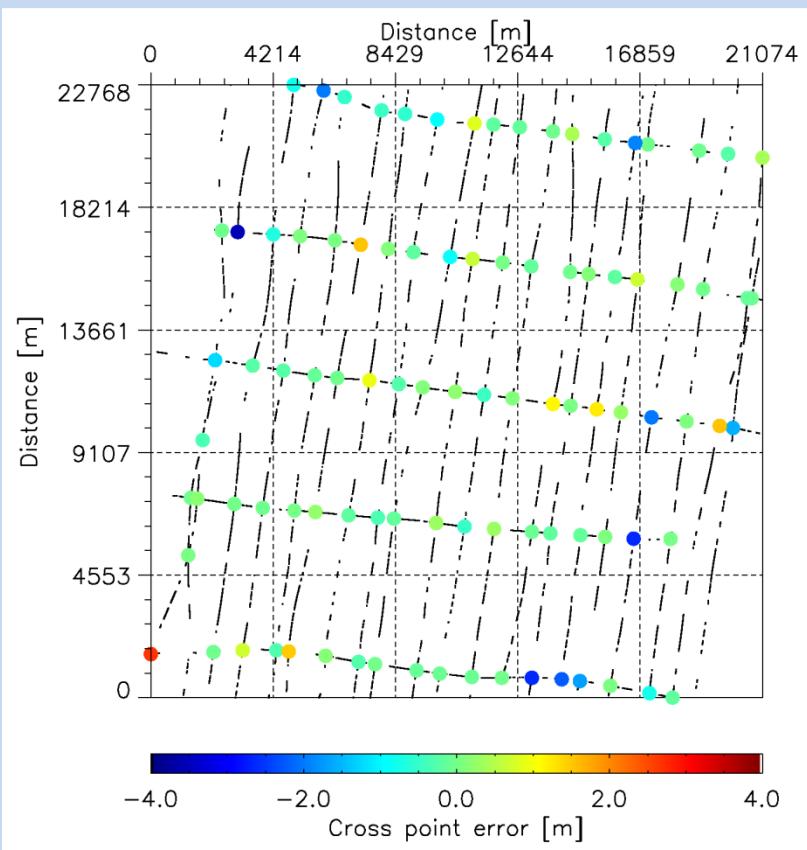
## Grid in Blue ice area in DML

Dimensions: 20 km x 25 km

Line spacing: 1 km x 5 km



# Cross point analysis of ASIRAS



## Cross Point error of ASIRAS grid

Median

-0.05

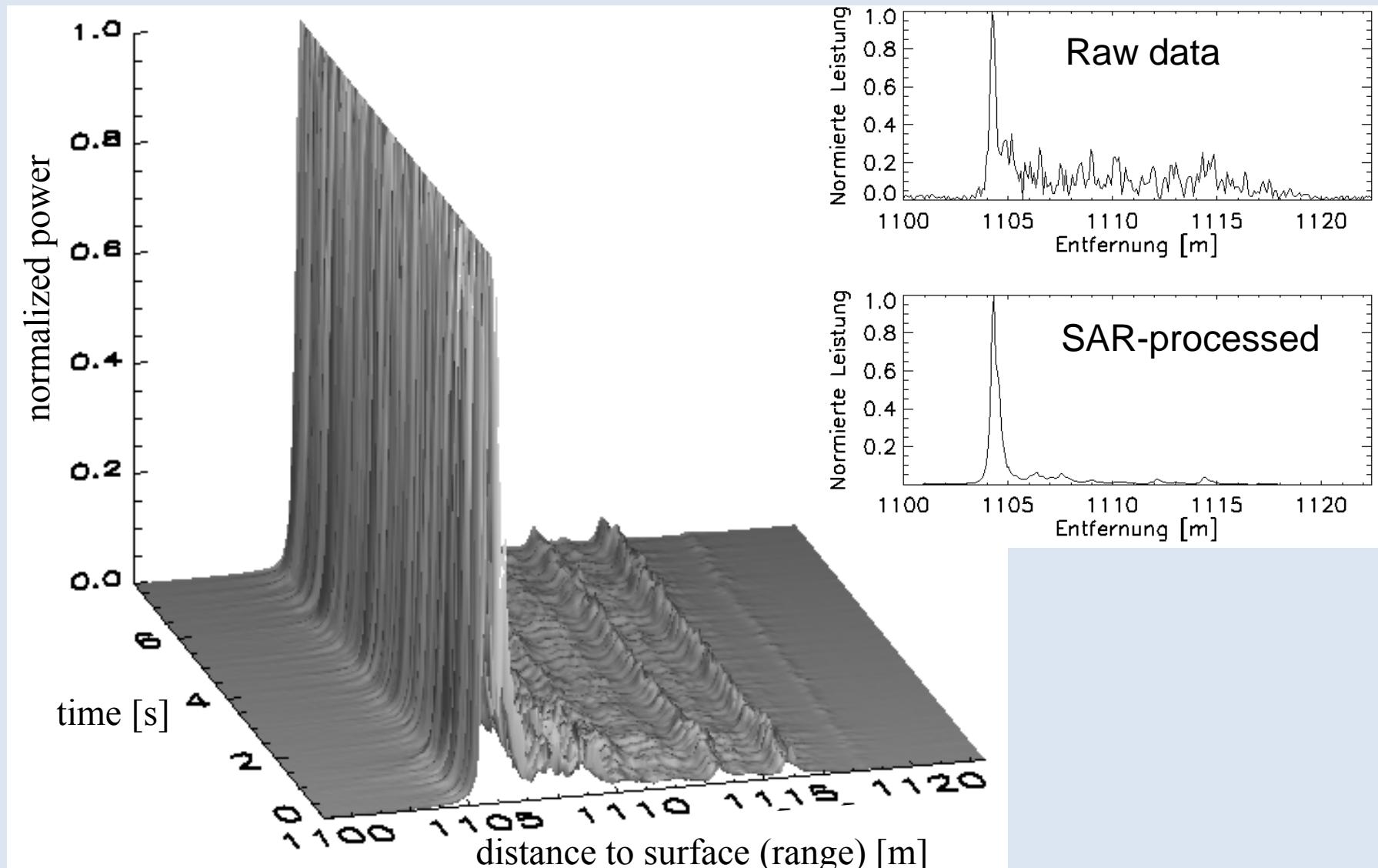
Mean

-0.17

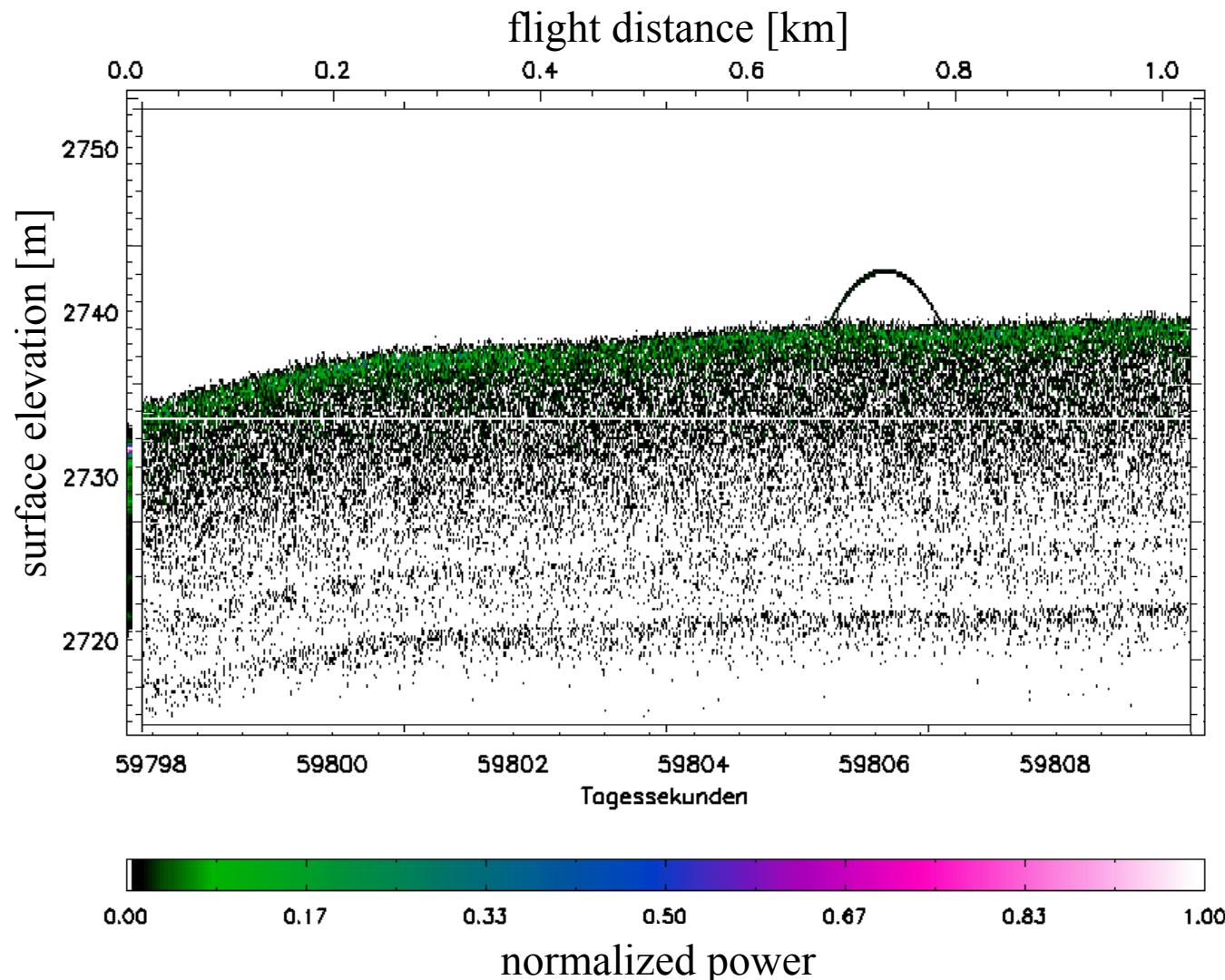
Stddev

0.89

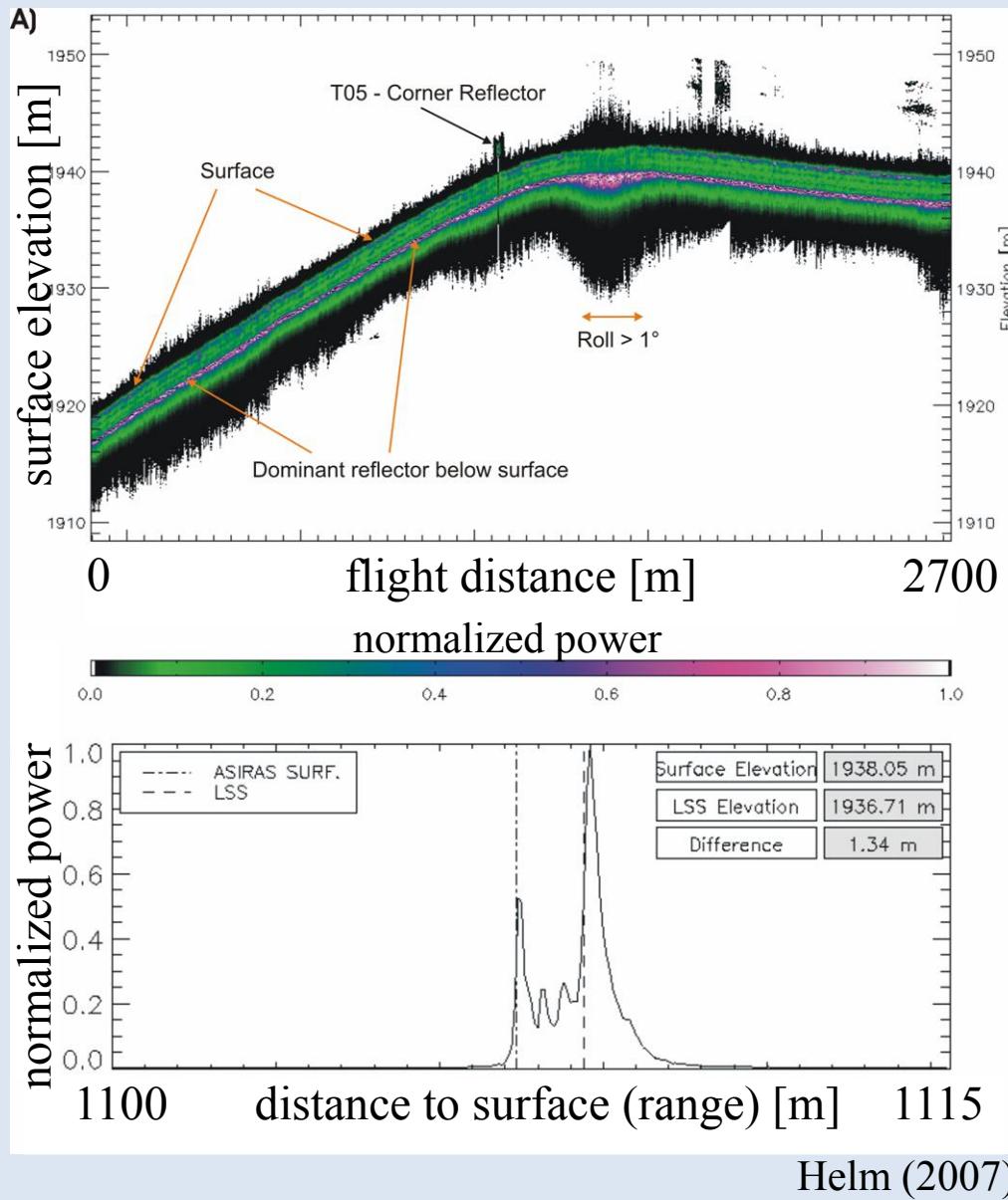
# SAR processed ASIRAS echo



# Internal layering in Greenlands dry snow zone

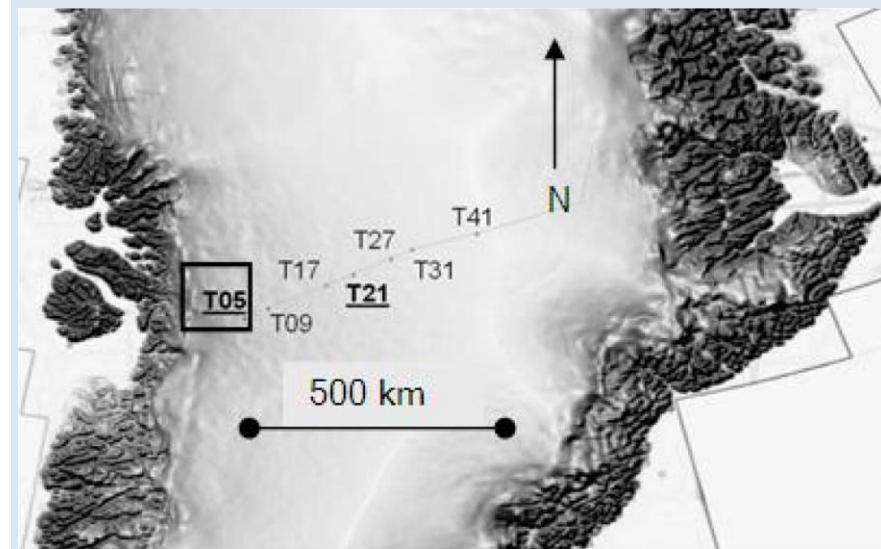


# Determination of winter accumulation



Next to the surface a second very strong reflector is visible

This corresponds to the previous summer horizon  
(Parry, 2006)



differenz yields the winter accumulation  
(Density obtained from snow pit)