REPLACEMENT BEHAVIORS

New behaviors the student can substitute for problem ones that will still reach the student's desired outcome.

A newly learned behavior is only a replacement behavior if it achieves the SAME outcome the student initially desired.

Outcome Analysis Worksheet

Student's Name:	Date:
Step 1: State the problem in your own words.	
Step 2: Circle the specific student behaviors in Step 1 to behaviors were described, restate the problem with more described.	that were problematic. (if no etail about what actually happened.
Step 3: Select a particular incident when the problem of happening before the problem began. (Summarize antecs situation and any precipitating action or event.)	occurred and described what has sedent conditions by describing the
a. What was going on?	***
b. Who was involved?	
c. When did it occur?	_
d. What was the precipitating action/event?	

Outcome Analysis Worksheet for Single Incident

Student's Name:

Student's Name:	Date:		
 Select an incident that is typical of this student's problem behavior and describe what happened just before it began. a. What was generally going on at the time? 			
b. Who was involved?			
c. When did it occur?	•		
d.What was the precipitating, "trigger" action	n/event?		
2. Follow the behavioral incident to its conclusion. (Describe the actions & words of the student and teacher/other)			
The student (what the student did)	Then the teacher/other(what the teacher or other person did to respond)		
then the student	then the teacher/other		
then the student	then the teacher/other		
then the student	then the teacher/other		
then the student	then the teacher/other		
then the student	then the teacher/other		

- 3. What caused the incident to end?
- 4. What is your the hypothesized outcome(s) achieved by the student in this situation.

Step 4: Follow the incident to its conclusi ends.)	on. (Describe the student/teacher actions until it
The student (what the student did)	then the teacher/other (what the teacher/other did to respond)
then the student	then
<u> </u>	
Step 5: List the hypothesized outcome(s) a the outcome description sheet as a guide.)	chieved by the student in this situation. (Use
Outcome #1:	
Step 6: Repeat Steps 1-5 for at least two mo	ore behavioral incidents. (You may include a
Outcome #2:	
Outcome #3:	
Step 7: Select the priority or predominate o	utcome. Write it below.
Theme:	

Pro-Active Instructional Approach to Behavior: Steps for Implementation

- 1. Observe the student's behavior(s) in context.
- 2. Complete an Outcome Analysis.
- 3. Hypothesize the student's priority outcome/motivation.
- Develop a needs-based program that supports and teaches the student appropriate ways to get needs met.
 - A. Arrange the environment so the student has access to his/her priority outcome/motivation.
 - B. Determine and provide for the awareness, knowledge and skills needed by significant others in the environment.
 - C. Determine replacement behaviors that:
 - allow the student to achieve the priority outcome/motivation
 - are more desirable than the current behaviors and are acceptable to teachers/parents
 - are within the capabilities of the student
 - · are immediately effective
 - are as close to those in a natural environment as possible
 - D. Decide how to teach and support the new behavior(s):
 - Direct instruction/lesson plans
 - Teachable moments/application opportunities

Some Suggestions for Instructional Modifications

Environmenta Informa Forma

Outcome: Power/Control

Reslect questions and demands	With questions: restatements	Involve child in planning and setting up of activities	Highlight control issue and time aspects of trade offs	Decentralize instruction
Negotiation	Self-control	Accepting	Staying out of	Dealing with accusation

Outcome: Protection/Escape/Avoidance

(age)	fort	r help
Strengthen (acknowledge)	Increase praise for effort	Reinforce seeking peer help
Asking questions	Suggesting an activity	Expressing feelings

choice	. <u>:</u>
Increase	2

length	tasks
and	vised
number	supervise
-	highly
O.	ğ

Increase shared tasks

Limit power plays
Arrange space so power interactions can be easily and quickly terminated

Increase opportunity to negotiate task, activity or rewards Increase ways to select, shift, or end activities

Increase number and duration of predictable class activities

Increase opportunities for group activities

Informal

Outcome: Attention

Target several accomplishments,	lasks, to acknowledge/praise	Acknowledge publicly and	privately unique contributions
Asking for help	Asking questions/		cing
Asking	Asking		Introducing

Increase attention on nonperformance events, features, activities and/or talents

Beginning a conversation

Suggesting an activity

Sharing

Increase questioning for opportunities to "shine"

Increase ways to be noticed

Increase ways to contact permission others

Increase times it is OK to yourself contact others informally Increase number and types of activities in classroom

Increase activities that utilize a broad spectrum of talents and skills

for Teaching Replacement Behaviors Instructional Plans

Date:

Student:

Outcome Theme:

What does this student need to learn?

Environmental strategies to help student reach outcome:

Strategies to teach student more acceptable behaviors to reach outcome: Direct Instruction (Set up in advance by you)

Informal/Unscheduled (The "teachable" moment)

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Theme:	

Outcome Analysis Worksheet for Single Incident

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Date:_

Student's Name:

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b. Who was involved?		
c. When did it occur?		
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3. What caused the incident to en	d?	

4. What is your the hypothesized outcome(s) achieved by the

student in this situation.

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