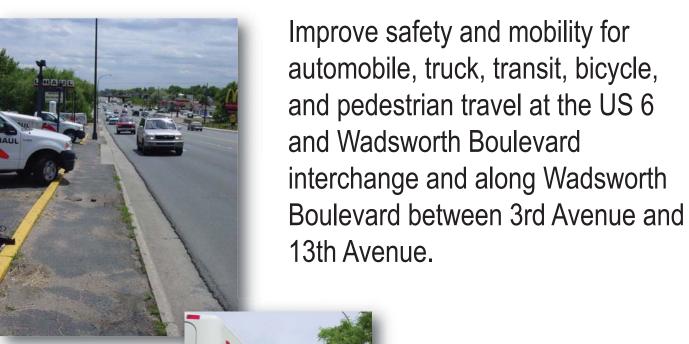


Scoping Summary Report

ADDENITIVE L

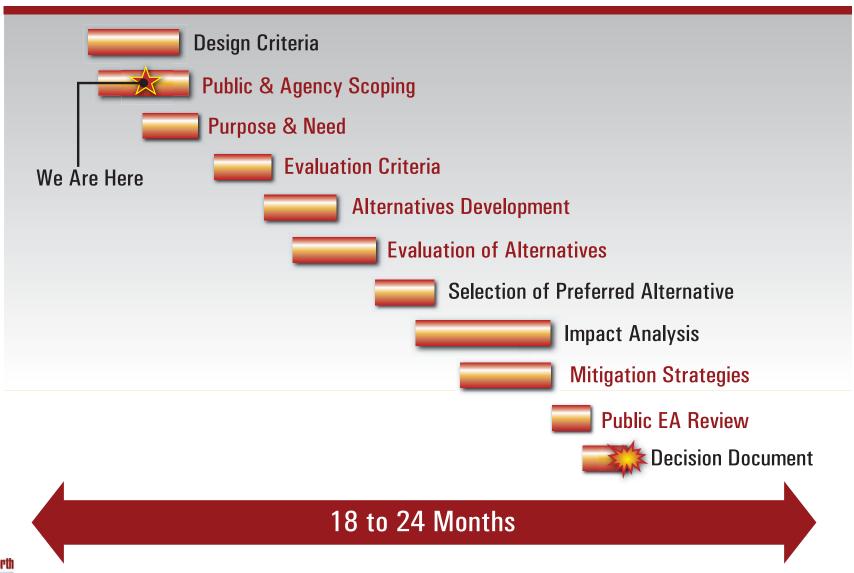
Public Scoping Meeting Presentation and Display Boards

Project Purpose





Key Decision Milestones







Project Issues





Roadway and Bridge Issues
This symbol indicates an area of roadway or structural deficiencies, including such issues as insidequate eventual or horizontal curves, insufficient acceleration or deceleration lanes, intersections that are too closely spaced, and conflicts between travel lanes and shoulders or medians.



Drainage IssuesThis symbol indicates an area that has problems with drainage, flooding, or potential flooding.



Traffic and Access Issues
Traffic and access issues include congestion; inefficient traffic operations; uncontrolled center turn leaves; unrestricted driveway access; and poor mainline, weave, ramp, intersection, and cross street level of service.



Safety Issues
This symbol represents areas with frequent or severe crashes.
Roadway deficiencies contribute to these conditions.



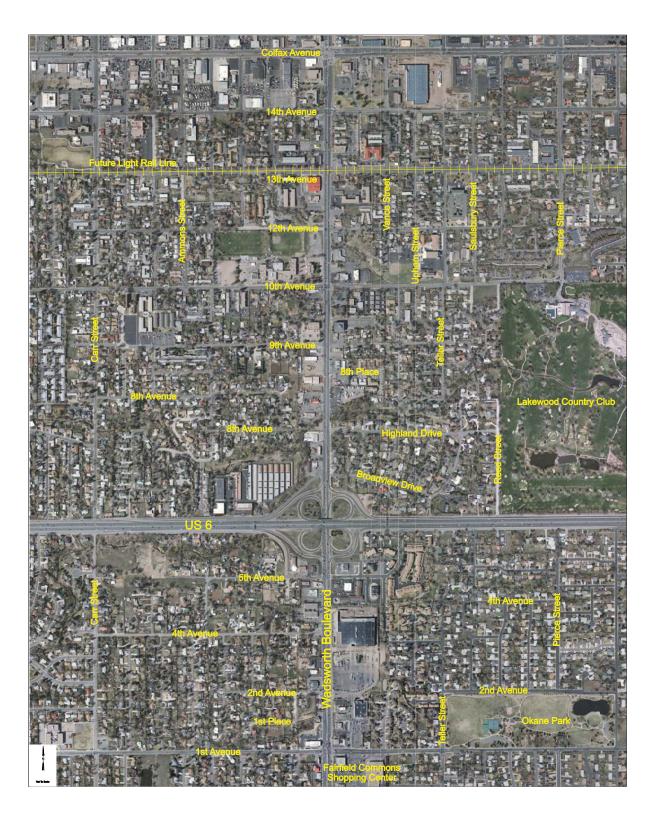
Bicycle/Pedestrian Issues
This symbol is located in areas where pedestrian and bicycle facilities are limited or non-existent. Barriers to pedestrian and bicycle travel also are shown with this symbol.







Vicinity Map







LOS - Levels of Service

LOS is a qualitative measure describing traffic operational conditions. LOS is based on speed and travel time, freedom to maneuver, traffic interruptions, comfort and convenience. In addition to travel volume, roadway LOS is affected by number of access points, lane width, number of lanes and percentage of large vehicles. The conditions characterizing roadway LOS are:



- · Best operating condition considered free-flow
- · Users are unaffected by presence of others



- · Constrained constant flow below speed limits
- Additional attention required by drivers to maintain safe operations
- · Comfort levels of driver decline noticeably



- · Unstable flow near capacity
- LOS E often quickly changes to LOS F because of disturbances in traffic flow



- · Reasonably free-flowing conditions
- · Some influence by others



- · Approaching unstable flow
- · High passing demand, limited passing capacity
- An acceptable condition for arterial and collector roadways in the community

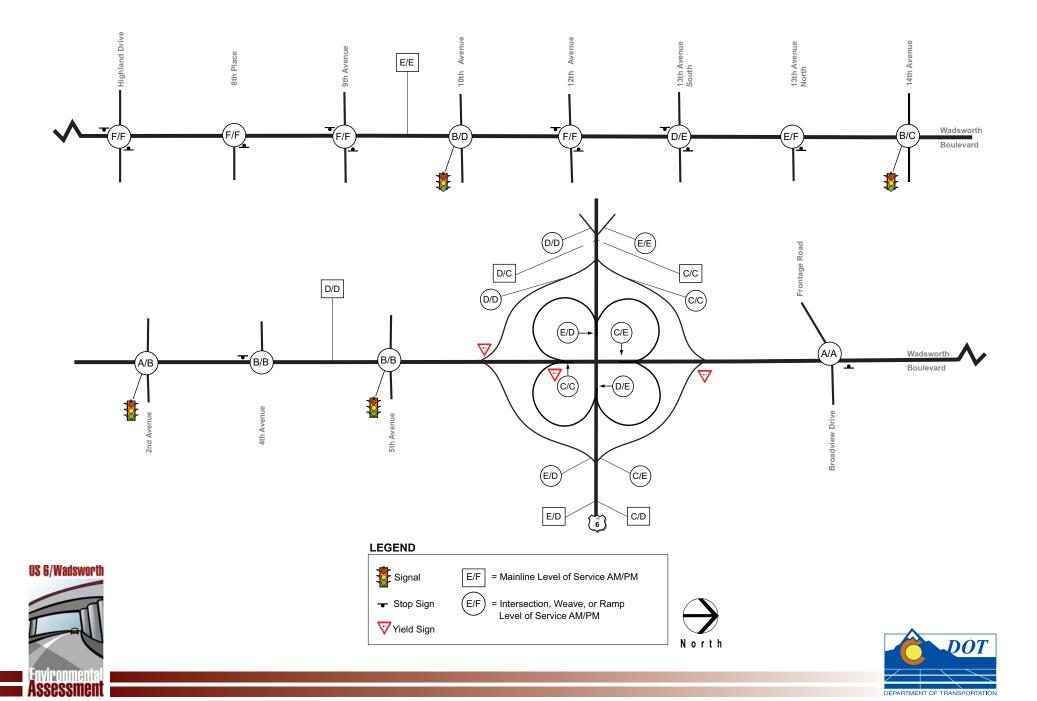


- Worst conditions with heavily congested flow, traffic demand exceeding capacity
- · Poor travel time, low comfort and convenience

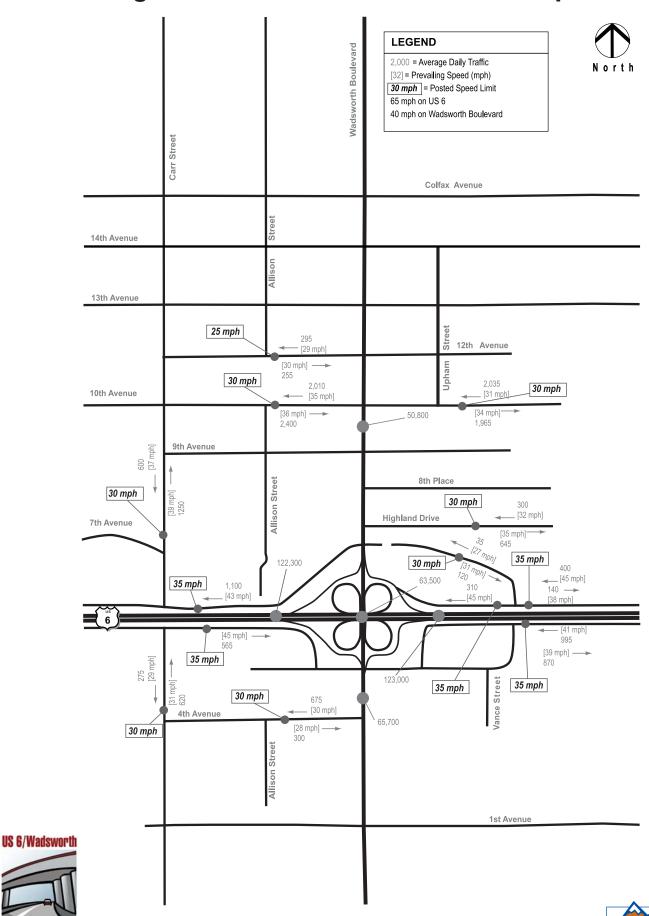




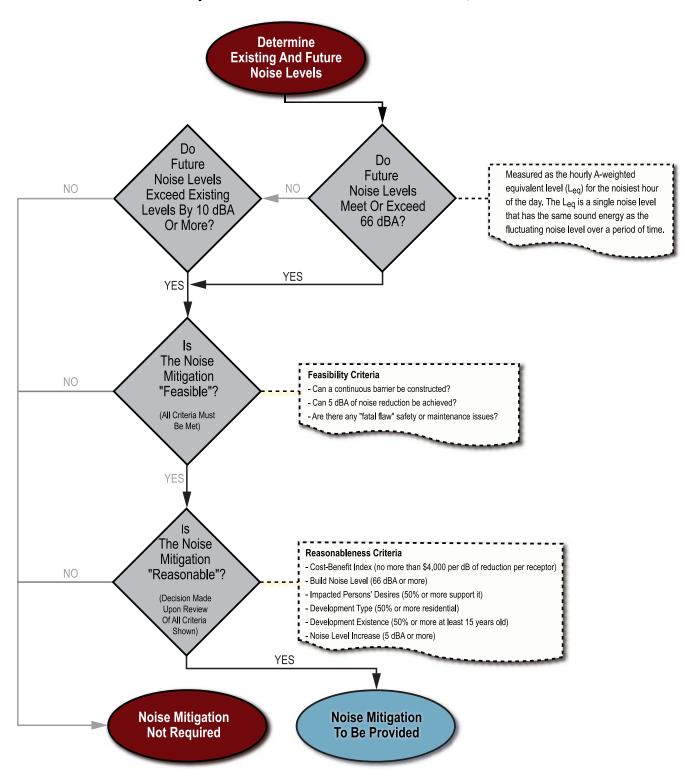
Existing Levels of Service (June 2007)



Neighborhood Traffic Counts and Speeds



CDOT Noise Analysis Procedure Cdot Noise Analysis And Abatement Guidelines - December 1, 2002







Sound Pressure Levels



take-off at 200 feet



snowmobile driver's seat





office meeting



library



space



shuttle launch at 1,500 ft

130

140 dBA

120



music concert near stage

100

<u>110</u>

90

80



pass-by at 25 feet

70

60

<u>50</u>



family living room

40

30

20

10

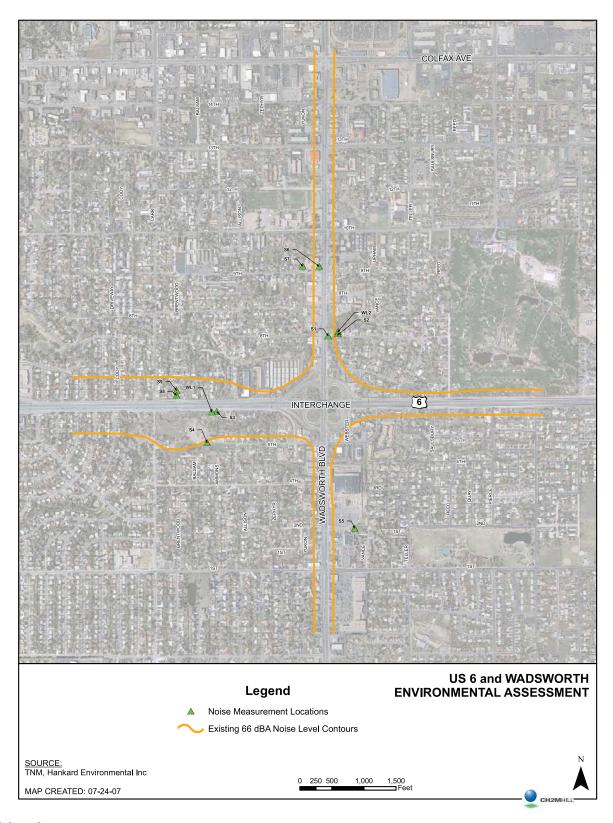
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Existing Noise Contours (June 2007)







Environmental Resource Areas Considered

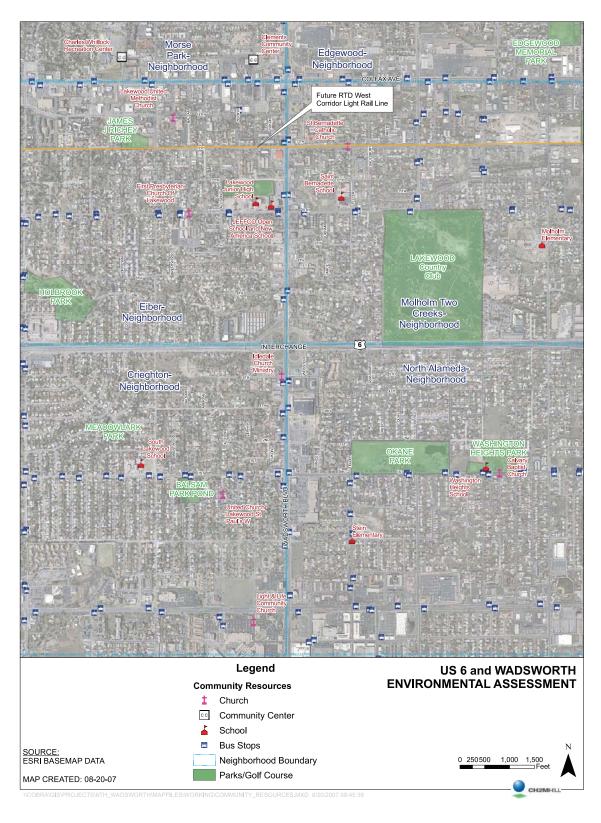
- Air Quality
- Archaeological Resources
- Energy
- Environmental Justice (Low-Income or Minority Populations)
- Farmlands
- Floodplains
- Geology
- Hazardous Materials/Wastes
- Historic Properties
- Land Use
- Noise
- Noxious Weeds
- Paleontological Resources

- Relocation/Right-of-Way
- Pedestrians and Bicyclists
- Recreation
- Section 4(f) Resources
 (Parks, Historic Properties, and Wildlife Refuges)
- Socioeconomics
- Soils
- Threatened or Endangered Species
- Transportation
- Vegetation
- Visual Quality / Aesthetics
- Water Quality/Water Resources
- Wetlands
- Wildlife and Fisheries



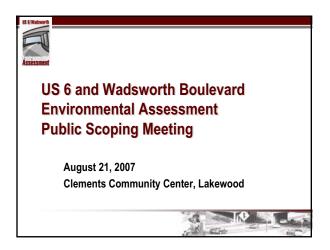


Community Resources

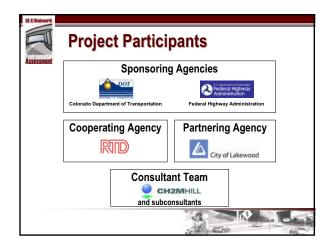




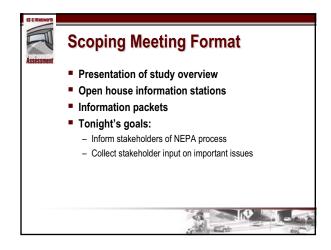


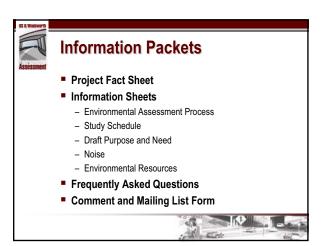


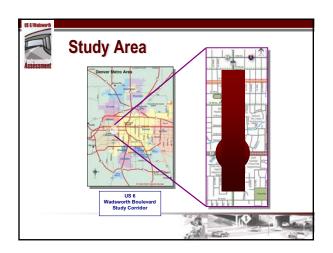




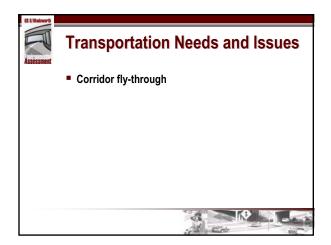


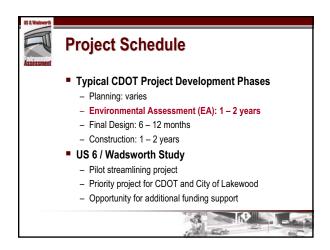


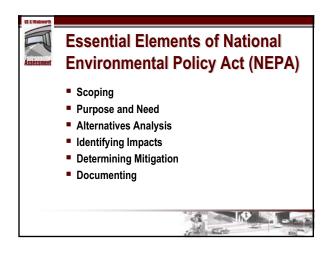
















Scoping

- Early involvement with interested public and affected agencies
- Invite participation
- Determine the scope of the study
- Identify important vs. minor issues





Environmental Resources

- Early data collected to determine presence and context of environmental resources in the study
- Study area is urban, and environmental resources are typical of those found in disturbed, urban areas
 - Human resources are important
 - Natural areas are limited





Resources Analyzed

- Archaeological Resources
- Energy Environmental Justice (Low-Income or Minority Populations)
- Farmlands Floodplains
- Geology
- Hazardous Materials
- **Historic Properties**
- Land Use
- Noise
- Noxious Weeds

Paleontological Resources

- **Pedestrians and Bicyclists**
- Recreation
- Relocation / Right-of-Way
- Section 4(f) Resources (Parks, Historic Properties, and Wildlife Refuges)
- Socioeconomics
- Soils
- Threatened or Endangered Species
- Transportation
- Vegetation





Questions and Comments

- Scoping packets contain comment sheets for you to provide comments on the scope of the EA
- Of particular interest are:
 - Purpose and Need
 - Issues important to you
 - Community groups and resources
 - What are we missing?
- Scoping period extends to August 31, 2007; public involvement will continue throughout study

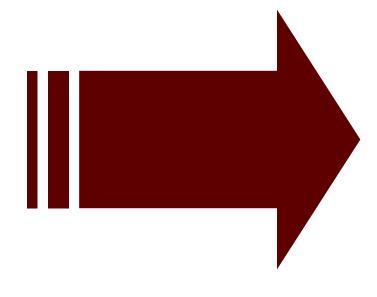
Visit www.US6Wadsworth.com





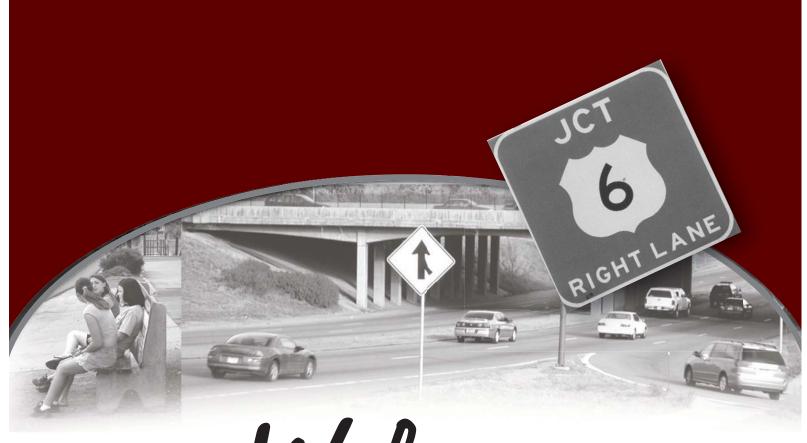
US 6 and Wadsworth Environmental Assessment Public Scoping Meeting

Lakewood Room









Nelcome

to the US 6 and Wadsworth Environmental Assessment Public Scoping Meeting

August 21, 2007 Clements Community Center, Lakewood



