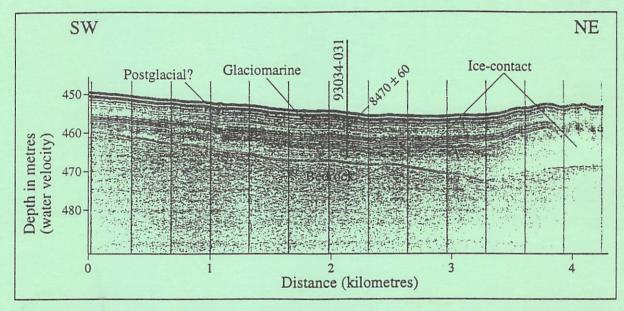
Radiocarbon Date List VIII: Eastern Canadian Arctic, Labrador, Northern Quebec, East Greenland Shelf, Iceland Shelf, and Antarctica

Compiled by W. F. Manley and A. E. Jennings



High-resolution seismic profile of sediments in the Eastern Basin of Hudson Strait.

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RADIOCARBON DATE LIST VIII: EASTERN CANADIAN ARCTIC, LABRADOR, NORTHERN QUEBEC, EAST GREENLAND SHELF, ICELAND SHELF, AND ANTARCTICA

Compiled by William F. Manley and Anne E. Jennings

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

ABSTRACT	viii
PREFACE	ix
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	х
INTRODUCTION	1
Guide to this Date List	4
PART 1: DATES FROM MARINE CORES	
ANTARCTICA	
Ross Sea Shelf	
DF80-057 PC	7
DF80-102 PC	7
DF80-108 PC	8
DF80-101 PC	8
DE00 110 DG	8
TO 144 TO	9
	9
7700 100 7G	10
DF80-189 PC	11
DF87-032 PC	11
Northern Antarctic Peninsula	
DF82-182 PC	12
DF82-187 PC	12
III DON DAY	
HUDSON BAY	
HU90023-091 LCF	13
THE GOVE GERNAME	
HUDSON STRAIT	
Western Basin	
HU85027-068 PC	13
HU90023-074 IKU	13
HU90023-097 LCF	14
HU90023-099 LCF	14
HU90023-101 LCF	15
HU90023-104 LCF	16
HU92028-150 IKU	16
HU93034-018 PC	17
HU93034-022 PC	17
Southwestern Basin	• •
HU85027-065 PC	18
HU90023-079 IKU	18
HU90023-085 LCF	19
HU90023-096 IKU	19
South-Central Hudson Strait	. 17
HU90023-064 LCF	19
THIOCOCO OCCI CE	20
INJORGO OTI I OD	21
TYTOOOOO 105 Y CD	21
111100000 150 DC	21 24
HU92028-152 BC	24

HU92028-153 TWC	24
HU92028-155 PC	24
HU93034-013 PC	25
HU93034-015 PC	25
Eastern Basin	
HU85027-057 PC	26
HU87033-012 LCF	27
HU90023-031 LCF	28
HU90023-042 LCF	28
HU90023-045 LCF	28
HU90023-052 LCF	31
HU90023-112 IKU	31
HU92028-157 G	31
HU93034-002 PC	32
HU93034-004 PC	33
HU93034-006 PC	35
HU93034-029 PC	35
HU93034-031 PC	35
Ungava Bay	55
HU90023-034 LCF	36
HU90023-036 LCF	36
HU93034-036 PC	37
HU93034-038 PC	38
110/3034-0301C	30
SOUTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND SHELF	
Hatton Basin	
HU84035-014 PC	38
HU84035-016 PC	39
HU92028-158 PC	39 39
Frobisher Bay	39
	41
TWT00000 001 TTTT	41
TTT 100000 001 T CT	
HU90023-001 LCF	41
NORTHERN LABRADOR SHELF	
Karlsefni Trough HU77021-067 PC	40
	42
HU87033-015 LCF	43
MODITIEDALL ADD ADOD SE A	
NORTHERN LABRADOR SEA	
HU75009-IV-056 TWC	44
HU75009-IV-056 PC	44
HU75009-IV-057 TWC	47
HU75009-IV-057 PC	47
HU75009-IV-062 PC	48
HU87033-009 LCF	49
IMP 77-1-2 PC	50
IMP 77-3-2 PC	51
IMP 77-5-1 PC	51
HU75009-IV-054 PC	52

BAFFIN BAY	
HU77029-017 PC	53
EASTERN BAFFIN ISLAND FIORDS	
Sunneshine Fiord	
HU82031-SU5 G	53
HU82031-SU5 PC	54
Maktak Fiord	
HU82031-MA2 PC	55
HU82031-MA4 PC	55
EAST GREENLAND FJORDS, SHELF, AND SLOPE	
Kangerdlugssuag Fjord	
BS1191-K6 G	56
BS1191-K7 G	57
BS1191-K8B G	57 57
Kangerdlugssuaq Trough	5,
BS1191-K5 G	58
BS1191-K18B G	58
BS88-6-10A G	59
HU93030-19B BC	59
PO175 / 1-5-1 G	60
East Greenland Slope HU93030-007 TWC	60
HU93030-007 TWC HU93030-007 LCF	60 60
Mikis Fjord	60
BS1191-K10 G	62
BS1191-K11A G	62
BS1191-K12 G	63
Nansen Fjord	
BS1191-K13B G	63
BS1191-K14 G	64
East Greenland Shelf, Other	
BS1191-K15 G	64
ICELAND SHELF	
Southwestern Iceland Shelf	
HU93030-004 G	65
HU93030-31 BC	65
HU93030-006 TWC	66
HU93030-006 LCF	66
Northwestern Iceland Shelf	
A9-92-455 G	67
A9-92-456 G	68
A9-92-457 G	68
PART 2: DATES FROM TERRESTRIAL SITES	
INCAYA DENINGHI A AND INCAYA DAY	
UNGAVA PENINSULA AND UNGAVA BAY Northern Ungava Peninsula	
	60
Rivière Déception valley, Site RD3	69 69
Wales Island	72

Ungava Bay	
Akpatok Island	72
T	
SOUTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND	
Foxe Peninsula	
Mallikjuak Island	73
Meta Incognita Peninsula	,,,
Canon Inlet	73
	74
	78
Anachauqmik	78
Lake Harbour	79
Barrier Inlet	
Balcom Inlet	80
Gray Goose Islands	81
Wight Inlet	82
Bond Inlet	83
Pritzler Harbour	85
Nannuk Harbour	86
East of South Reefs	86
Lower Savage Islands	87
Edgell Island	87
Noble Inlet	88
Palmer Island	91
Potter Island	91
Henderson Inlet	91
Buerger Point	92
	92
York Delta	93
Grinnell Glacier Area	93
Inner Frobisher Bay	93
Tungatsivvik	
Cape Rammelsberg	95
Cape Caldwell	96
Jaynes Inlet	96
Eggleston Bay	97
Newell Sound 4 (KgDl-4)	98
Pugh Island	99
Pike Island	100
Lewis Bay	100
Porter Inlet	101
Outer Frobisher Bay Islands	
Gabriel Island	101
Hall Peninsula	
Brewster Peninsula	102
Hamlen Bay	102
Peter Force Sound	102
	102
McKay Island	103
Kuyait 1 (KfDf-2)	
Kodlunarn Island (KeDe-1)	104
Kamaiyuk 1 (KfDe-5)	106
Willows Island 4 (KeDe-14)	109
Willows Island - Anvil Cove 1 (KeDe-13)	110
Willows Island	110
Beare Sound	111

PART 3: DATES FROM LAKE CORES

QUEBEC AND LABRADOR	
Northern Labrador	
Two Ridge Lake	112
Northeast Quebec	
Palsa Lake	112
SOUTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND	
Brevoort Island	
Water Lake	113
Cumberland Peninsula	
Navyak Lake	114
Tulugak Lake	114
Ukalik Lake	114
Amarok Lake	115
	440
REFERENCES CITED	119
APPENDIX 1A - Abbreviated Date List Indexed by Laboratory Number	125
APPENDIX 1B - Index of Radiocarbon Dates Arranged by Increasing Age	134
APPENDIX 2A - Comprehensive List of Dates Included in this and Previous Date Lists Arranged by Laboratory Number, 1967-1996	137
APPENDIX 2B - Comprehensive Date List Arranged by Radiocarbon Age, 1967-1996	151
APPENDIX 3 - Comparing Apples and Oranges: Understanding How Radiocarbon Laboratories Report Dates Differently	158

ABSTRACT

This Date List contains an annotated listing of 420 radiocarbon dates determined on samples from the Eastern Canadian Arctic, Labrador, Northern Quebec, East Greenland, Iceland, and Antarctica. Nearly two-thirds of the dates are on materials recovered from marine cores from northern Hudson Bay, Hudson Strait, the southern and eastern Baffin Island Shelves, the Labrador Shelf and Sea, Baffin Bay, the East Greenland Fjords, Shelf and Slope, the southwestern and northwestern Iceland Shelves, the Ross Sea Shelf, and offshore the Northern Antarctic Peninsula. Much of the remainder of the dates are on materials obtained from terrestrial geologic and archeological sites near Ungava Bay, on northern Ungava Peninsula, and on southern Baffin Island, including the shores of Meta Incognita Peninsula and Frobisher Bay. One-tenth of the dates are on materials obtained from lake cores taken from northern Labrador, northeast Quebec, and southern Baffin Island. The dates have been used to address a variety of research questions. Their stratigraphic and sample contexts are presented here to document the basis for interpretations. Most of the dates constrain the timing, rate, and interaction of late Quaternary paleoenvironmental fluctuations in sea level, glacier extent, sediment input, and ocean circulation. Others bear on investigations into the limitations and applications of geochronologic methods, or on the pace and timing of cultural evolution in high latitudes. Nearly all of the dates (85%) were obtained by the Accelerator Mass Spectrometry (AMS) method. The majority of the dates (61%) were produced by the National Science Foundation -University of Arizona AMS Facility. The prevalent use of AMS dating reflects the ability to analyze small samples to obtain high-resolution chronologies of environmental change.

PREFACE

This is the latest in a series of radiocarbon date lists that have been published through the Institute of Arctic and Alpine Research. William Manley and Anne Jennings are congratulated for bringing together such a comprehensive document. Normally radiocarbon date lists are produced by individual laboratories or for individual research projects. In contrast, the date lists compiled and published by INSTAAR present the results from several laboratories and research projects that relate to one or more arctic and antarctic regions. Date List VIII demonstrates the significant impact that accelerator mass spectrometry (AMS) ¹⁴C dating is having on Quaternary and Global Change research. This date list highlights the expanding geographic scope of research conducted by INSTAAR researchers and colleagues, presenting more than four hundred radiocarbon dates from marine, lacustrine, and terrestrial settings in Antarctica, Quebec, the Eastern Canadian Arctic, Greenland, and Iceland.

James P. M. Syvitski

APS, Soli

Director, INSTAAR

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INTRODUCTION

This Radiocarbon Date List is the eighth in a series that reports radiocarbon analyses obtained by researchers at the University of Colorado, Institute of Arctic and Alpine Research (INSTAAR) and at other institutions with shared interest in the Arctic and Antarctic. This is the largest Date List yet compiled, with 420 dates acquired over the past four years, nearly twice the number of the previous list (Kaufman and Williams, 1992). Of these dates, 267 are on materials recovered from marine cores, 130 are from terrestrial exposures, and 23 are from lake cores. Nearly all of the results (357) are Accelerator Mass Spectrometry (AMS) dates analyzed at the NSF-University of Arizona AMS facility (72%), the IsoTrace Radiocarbon Laboratory at the University of Toronto (13%), the Center for AMS at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (12%), and through the services of Beta Analytic Inc. (3%). The remaining 63 dates were determined by conventional radiocarbon methods primarily through Beta Analytic Inc. (47%) and the Geological Survey of Canada Radiocarbon Dating Laboratory (20%).

The AMS method has continued to revolutionize radiocarbon dating. AMS dates are routinely measured on samples of foraminifera as small as 2 mg, and AMS technology has enabled high-resolution time-series of environmental conditions, especially in marine and lacustrine settings. For example, some of the dates reported here provide a chronology for repeated, massive dispersal of icebergs across the Labrador Sea during Heinrich events, which affected hemispheric if not global ocean circulation and climate (e.g., core 87033-009 from the Northern Labrador Sea). AMS dating continues to be a boon for land-based studies as well, allowing us to constrain the age of individual molluscs within potentially mixed-age assemblages of glacially transported shells. The ability to date small samples is also put to good use in archeological contexts, for example dating charcoal incorporated within iron artifacts associated with the first European contact during the sixteenth century with inhabitants of southern Baffin Island.

Over one-third of the dates (36%) fall within 8-11 ka (Fig. 1), a time of rapid and dramatic environmental change in the Eastern Canadian Arctic and Labrador Sea. More than half of these dates (57%) are on molluscs, with foraminifera representing an increasing proportion of older dates (from longer sediment records on the continental shelf and slope). Overall, foraminifera are the most frequently dated material, comprising 163 dated samples and 39% of the total. Molluscs constitute the second most commonly dated materials, with 147 samples reported here for 35% of the total. Unlike the last one, this Date List reports no dates on humic acid extractions or peats. Novel materials include bone, charcoal, wood, iron artifacts, and coral.

The composition of this Date List reflects an expansion in geographic focus of INSTAAR researchers and colleagues. For the first time, dates from Antarctica and Iceland are included in an INSTAAR date list. Also, dates from northern Quebec and Labrador are folded into this

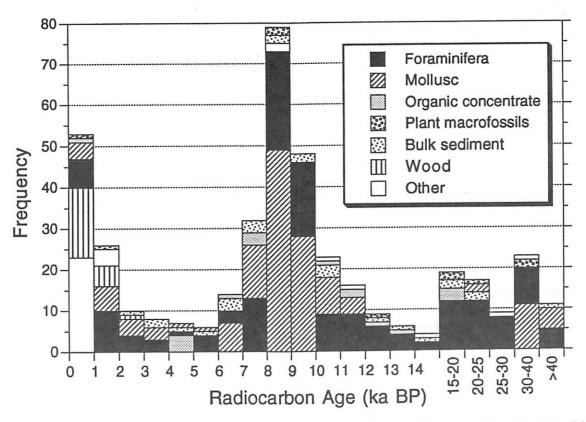


Fig. 1. Frequency distribution of radiocarbon ages and dated material reported in this Date List.

report, rather than constituting separate reports for that region (e.g., Short, 1981; cf. Andrews and Short, 1983; Andrews et al., 1989).

This Date List is also distinguished by temporal scale. The inclusion of dates from archeological sites lends a distinctive, young peak to the age distribution (Fig. 1). The other end of the scale is marked by higher proportions of dates >20 ka, compared to previous date lists, primarily reflecting research into relatively long records of deposition on the shelves and slopes of the Labrador Sea, Antarctica, and Greenland.

As with the previous date list, this document presents two types of radiocarbon ages: "Reported" and "Corrected". Reported ages are those issued by the radiocarbon laboratory. Since the mid-1970's, most labs have followed the approach of Stuiver and Pollach (1977) for reporting "conventional radiocarbon dates". I.e., reported dates should be specifically corrected for δ^{13} C sample fractionation, normalized to a standard δ^{13} C of -25‰, without a marine-reservoir correction, and with sample errors of ± 1 standard deviation, reflecting a confidence level of 68‰. However, a few radiocarbon labs have not adopted this convention (e.g., the GSC). For further details see Appendix 3, "Comparing Apples and Oranges: Understanding How Radiocarbon Laboratories Report Dates Differently."

To recalculate the dates to a common format, and to incorporate the effect of initially "old" marine sources of carbon, we present here "Corrected" dates. In most cases, this is simply the reported age minus the marine reservoir effect. Except where otherwise stated and for dates from the Eastern Canadian Arctic, the Labrador Sea, and Baffin Bay, this effect is assumed to be 450 yr; however, for the eastern Greenland shelf the correction is 550 years, for Iceland it is 440 years, and for Antarctica it is assumed to be 1200 years (cf. Hjort, 1973; Mangerud and Gulliksen, 1975; Gordon and Harkness, 1992; Berkman and Forman, 1996). "Corrected" dates are not listed for non-marine samples, or for those from sites where the effect is poorly resolved (e.g., Antarctica). "Corrected" dates will need to be refined in the future as temporal and spatial patterns in the apparent age of seawater become apparent.

A few dates in the "Reported Date" field have an asterisk preceding them. The asterisk marks dates that had an additional mass correction provided by the NSF-University of Arizona AMS Facility to account for small sample size. In these cases, the date without mass correction is also given in the "sample notes" field. The mass correction for small samples is still being perfected by University of Arizona personnel (G.S. Burr, personal communication, 1996). Dates on small (light weight) samples reported in this, and previous date lists will be mass-corrected when this correction has been perfected, and reported in future publications.

Guide to this Date List

Closely following the format of the previous date list (Kaufman and Williams, 1992), this report is divided into three parts. Part 1 presents radiocarbon dates from marine sediment cores. Part 2 consists of dates from terrestrial exposures, including archeological sites, and Part 3 lists dates from lake sediment cores. Within each Part, dates are arranged by region and area, in generally southwest to northeast order. Within each area, dates are listed by core number (alphabetically), site name (from SW to NE), or lake name (from SW to NE). Location information is presented only once for each core or site, including latitude, longitude, and water depth (for marine cores), site elevation (for terrestrial sites), or lake surface elevation (for lake cores). For terrestrial and lake dates, also listed is the appropriate map sheet and UTMG coordinates (Universe Transverse Mercator Grid, arranged by grid, easting, and northing).

Marine core names contain prefixes and suffixes that describe the core. Many of the marine cores were obtained by the Geological Survey of Canada Atlantic, Bedford Institute of Oceanography, Halifax, Nova Scotia, aboard the *CSS Hudson*. To differentiate these cores from others, we have added the prefix "HU" to their core designations. Suffixes describe the type of core or sampler used: BC, box core; G, gravity core; IKU, grab sample; LCF, large-diameter long coring facility piston core; PC, other types of piston cores; and TWC, trigger-weight core.

For each date, we report the following, if applicable:

• Reported radiocarbon date and analytical uncertainty (in radiocarbon years BP)

- Radiocarbon laboratory number (see Table 1 for explanation of abbreviations)
- · Corrected radiocarbon age
- AAL- and GRL- numbers (laboratory numbers for the Amino Acid and Sedimentology Laboratories at INSTAAR)
- Field identification number provided by the Date List contributor
- Whether the radiocarbon date was measured by Accelerator Mass Spectrometry (AMS) or conventional counting methods
- Collection type for terrestrial samples (e.g., surface collection, excavation, or natural exposure)
- The person or persons who obtained the date for their research and contributed it to the date list for reporting
- Sample depth (depth in core for marine or lake cores; depth below ground surface or from top of exposure for terrestrial sites)
- Type of material dated
- Species, including genus (mixed = assortment of taxa; unknown = unidentifiable)
- Sample weight
- Sample notes, including description of sample preservation and preparation (for foraminifera, unless where otherwise noted, samples were prepared by washing sediment over a 63 μ m sieve with distilled water; foraminifera were then picked from air-dried sand)
- Sample pre-treatment made before submittal to the radiocarbon laboratory
- Stratigraphic relations (geologic context of the sample)
- Comment (an interpretive discussion of the significance of the date, or group of dates, commonly with reference to published articles or to other dates that bear on the interpretation)

Three appendices conclude the report. Appendix 1 is an index to the dates presented here, listed with abbreviated sample description and arranged by radiocarbon-laboratory number in Appendix 1A, and arranged by increasing radiocarbon age in Appendix 1B. Appendix 2 is a comprehensive list of dates that have appeared in this and previous INSTAAR date lists, arranged by laboratory number in Appendix 2A and by increasing age in Appendix 2B. Appendix 3 clarifies the different reporting formats used by various radiocarbon laboratories, and how dates can be additionally corrected to bring them into a uniform, comparable format.

Preparation of this Date List was facilitated by a Filemaker Pro database originally configured by D. Kaufman. The program is customized so that sample information can be used to generate radiocarbon-laboratory submission forms, or for sorting and analysis. The database

contains all of the dates presented in Appendix 2 and in previous INSTAAR date lists. For further information on the program, or to obtain a copy, contact William Manley (INSTAAR).

Table 1. Abbreviations of radiocarbon dating laboratories included in this and previous INSTAAR Date Lists; those included in this Date List are indicated by an asterisk (*).

AA*		NSF-University of Arizona AMS Facility
AECV*		Alberta Environmental Centre, University of Alberta
Beta*	•••••	Beta Analytic Inc.
BGS	•••••	Brock University, Canada
Birm		Birmingham University, U.K.
CAMS*		Center for AMS at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory
DIC		Dicarbon Corp.
GaK		Gakushuin University, Japan
Gif		Gif-sur-Yvette, Centre des Faibles Radioactivities, France
GSC*	•••••	Geological Survey of Canada Radiocarbon Dating Laboratory
GX*	•••••	Geochron Inc.
I	•••••	Isotopes (Teledyne) Inc.
L	•••••	Lamont-Dougherty Geological Observatory
QC*	•••••	Queens College, New York
QL	•••••	Quaternary Isotopes Laboratory, University of Washington
QC* QL Qu S	•••••	Quebec Department of Natural Resources, Canada
Š	•••••	University of Saskatchewan, Canada
SI*	•••••	Smithsonian Institution
TO*	•••••	IsoTrace Radiocarbon Laboratory, University of Toronto
Y	•••••	Yale University

PART 1: DATES FROM MARINE CORES

ANTARCTICA

Ross Sea Shelf

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, A.E. Jennings, K.M. Williams, K. Licht and J. Xiao

Core: DF80-057 PC

Location: McMurdo Sound, just West of Ross Island

Lat: 77° 17'S Long: 165° 49'E Water Depth: 869 m

Date: 3040 ± 70 Lab. No: CAMS-7789 Corrected Age: 1840 ± 70 Depth: 0-2 cm GRL-912-O Material: Decalcified Sediment

Weight: 1.07 mg

Sample Notes: NSRL-1402; The organic concentrate from diatom rich sediments.

Sample Pre-treatment: 6N HCl and water added to bulk sample. Sample allowed to sit for 1

day. Acid centrifuged off and sample washed with water until pH measured 2.

Stratigraphic Relations: Late Holocene age for core top.

Comment: See comment for CAMS-4063.

Date: 7830 ± 60 Lab. No: AA-11876 Corrected Age: 6630 ± 60

Depth: 43 cm GRL-1036-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 5.6 mg Species: Unknown

Sample Notes: Bivalve of unknown genus and species.

Sample Pre-treatment: Shell washed in distilled water and air dried.

Stratigraphic Relations: Pebbly sandy mud interbedded with mud. May represent a sediment

gravity flow.

Comment: Provides a maximum age of deglaciation of this site. The Ross Ice Shelf had

retreated from this site by 6.6 ka. See comment for CAMS-4063.

Core: DF80-102 PC

Location: Drygalsky Trough, western Ross Sea

Lat: 75° 12'S Long: 163° 43'E Water Depth: 1116 m

Date: 4025 ± 55 Lab. No: AA-13244 Corrected Age: 2825 ± 55 Depth: 0-7 cm GRL-924-O Material: Organic Concentrate

Weight: 31.3 mg

Sample Notes: 5.944 grams submitted to INSTAAR Sedimentology Laboratory.

Sample Pre-treatment: Bulk sample air dried and disaggregated to <2000 μ m. Disaggregated sediment dispersed with sodium pyrophosphate and wet-sieved through 125 μ m sieve. > 125 μ m sediment dried. Clay/humus layer recovered from surface of sediment, weighed, and sent for date. Stratigraphic Relations: Core top date.

Comment: Slightly old core top age from the Ross Sea. Many core top ages are ca. 3.5 ka, uncorrected. This correction of 1200 yrs. is the typical correction for calcium carbonate systems

and may be somewhat too young for organic dates. See comment for CAMS-4063.

Date: $12,640 \pm 80$ **Lab. No:** CAMS-12581 **Corrected Age:** $11,440 \pm 80$ **Depth:** 90 cm **GRL-925-O Material:** Decalcified Sediment

Weight: 7006.5 mg

Sample Notes: 7.007 g sample submitted to Tom Stafford Lab for pretreatment and submission to Laurence Livermore Lab.

Sample Pre-treatment: 6N HCl and water added to bulk sample. Sample allowed to sit for 1 day. Acid centrifuged off and sample washed with water until pH measured 2.

Comment: See comment for CAMS-4063.

Core: DF80-108 PC

Location: Drygalsky Trough, western Ross Sea

Lat: 75° 04'S **Long:** 166° 00'E Water Depth: 915 m

Corrected Age: 10.345 ± 95 **Date:** 11.545 ± 95 **Lab. No:** AA-13242 Material: Organic Concentrate **Depth:** 22-26 cm **GRL-**922-O

Weight: 35 mg

Sample Notes: 5.96 grams submitted to INSTAAR Sed Lab, 35 mg concentrated organic

matter sent for dating.

Sample Pre-treatment: Bulk sample air dried and disaggregated to <2000 µm. Disaggregated sediment dispersed with sodium pyrophosphate and wet-sieved through 125 μm sieve. > 125 μm sediment dried. Clay/humus layer recovered from surface of sediment, weighed, and sent for date. Stratigraphic Relations: Sample from diatomaceous mud just above transition from pebbly sandy mud to diatomaceous mud.

Comment: This date gives a maximum age of deglaciation of Drygalski Trough. See comment

for CAMS-4063.

Core: DF80-111 PC

Location: Drygalsky Trough, western Ross Sea

Water Depth: 554 m Lat: 74° 55'S **Long:** 167° 29'E

Lab. No: CAMS-8253 Corrected Age: 3550 ± 70 **Date:** 4750 ± 70 Material: Decalcified Sediment **Depth:** 10-12 cm **GRL-**915-O

Weight: 0.97 mg

Sample Notes: NSRL-1421; 0.97 mg of carbon submitted for dating.

Sample Pre-treatment: 6N HCl and water added to bulk sample. Sample allowed to sit for 1

day. Acid centrifuged off and sample washed with water until pH measured 2.

Stratigraphic Relations: Date closely limiting age of diatom productivity spike in the upper diatomaceous mud.

Comment: Typical age for the deposition of the postglacial diatomaceous mud presently

deposited in Ross Sea. See comment for CAMS-4063.

Core: DF80-112 PC

Location: Drygalsky Trough, western Ross Sea

Water Depth: 713 m Lat: 74° 55'S **Long:** 166° 49'E

Lab. No: CAMS-4061 Corrected Age: 4190 ± 70 **Date:** 5390 ± 70 Material: Decalcified Sediment **Depth:** 5-6.5 cm GRL-937-O

Weight: 0.95 mg

Sample Notes: NSRL-934; 0.95 mg of carbon concentrated from 10.5 g of bulk sediment. Sample Pre-treatment: 6N HCl and water added to bulk sample. Sample allowed to sit for 1

day. Acid centrifuged off and sample washed with water until pH measured 2.

Stratigraphic Relations: Date constrains age of diatom productivity spike. Sample taken from

the spike.

Comment: See comment for CAMS-4063.

Core: DF80-132 PC

Location: East of Drygalsky Ice Tongue, western Ross Sea

Lat: 75° 33'S Long: 166° 08'E Water Depth: 668 m

Date: 8390 ± 80 **Depth:** 45-47 cm

Lab. No: CAMS-8251 Corrected Age: 7190 ± 80 Material: Decalcified Sediment

Weight: 0.96 mg

Sample Notes: NSRL-1420; 0.96 mg carbon concentrated from decalcified bulk sample and

submitted for dating.

Sample Pre-treatment: 6N HCl and water added to bulk sample. Sample allowed to sit for 1

day. Acid centrifuged off and sample washed with water until pH measured 2.

Comment: See comment for CAMS-4063.

Date: $10,730 \pm 80$ **Depth:** 62-65 cm

Lab. No: CAMS-11793 Correct GRL-926-O Materia

Corrected Age: 9530 ± 80

Material: Decalcified Sediment

Weight: 0.82 mg

Sample Notes: NSRL - 1631; 0.82 mg of carbon concentrated from decalcified bulk sample. Sample Pre-treatment: 6N HCl and water added to bulk sample. Sample allowed to sit for 1

day. Acid centrifuged off and sample washed with water until pH measured 2.

Stratigraphic Relations: Closely limiting to the age of the transition from pebbly sandy mud

to diatomaceous mud.

Comment: See comment for CAMS-4063.

Core: DF80-144 PC

Location: Northeast of Coulman Island, western Ross Sea

Lat: 73° 01'S Long: 172° 10'E Water Depth: 457 m

Date: 895 ± 50 **Depth:** 8-11 cm

Lab. No: AA-11877

Corrected Age: modern ± Material: Alcyonarian Coral

Weight: 5.6 mg

Sample Pre-treatment: Sediment washed from coral with distilled water.

GRL-1037-S

Stratigraphic Relations: Just above transition from pebbly sandy mud to diatomaceous mud.

Comment: See comment for CAMS-4063.

Date: 6330 ± 80 **Depth:** 8-11 cm

Lab. No: CAMS-11798

Corrected Age: 5130 ± 80

Weight: 0.2 mg

GRL-927-O

Material: Decalcified Sediment

Sample Notes: Sample submitted to Tom Stafford's Lab for treatment and submission to Laurence Livermore Lab. NSRL -1632. Bulk sample weighing 232.6 mg total and containing 0.2 mg of carbon.

Sample Pre-treatment: 6N HCl and water added to bulk sample. Sample allowed to sit for 1 day. Acid centrifuged off and sample washed with water until pH measured 2.

Stratigraphic Relations: Age of diatom spike just above transition to pebbly sandy mud.

Comment: See comment for CAMS-4063.

Date: $21,255 \pm 200$ **Lab. No:** AA-12899 **Co.**

Corrected Age: $20,055 \pm 200$

Depth: 13-14 cm GRL-1062-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 10.0 mg

Sample Notes: benthic foraminifera

Stratigraphic Relations: Just below transition from pebbly sandy mud to diatomaceous mud.

Comment: See comment for CAMS-4063.

Date: $22,360 \pm 140$ **Lab. No:** CAMS-12582 **Corrected Age:** $21,160 \pm 140$ **Depth:** 21-24 cm **GRL-**928-O **Material:** Decalcified Sediment

Weight: 0.83 mg

Sample Notes: Sample submitted to Tom Staffords lab for pretreatment and for submission to

Laurence Livermore Lab. NSRL - 1633

Sample Pre-treatment: 6N HCl and water added to bulk sample. Sample allowed to sit for 1

day. Acid centrifuged off and sample washed with water until pH measured 2.

Stratigraphic Relations: Ca. 10 cm below transition from pebbly sandy mud to diatomaceous

mud.

Comment: See comment for CAMS-4063.

Core: DF80-177 PC

Location: East of Coulman Island, western Ross Sea

Lat: 73° 41'S **Long:** 171° 49'E **Water Depth:** 529 m

Date: 7470 ± 70 **Lab. No:** CAMS-7790 **Corrected Age:** 6270 ± 70 **Depth:** 0-3 cm **GRL-913-O Material:** Decalcified Sediment

Weight: 0.51 mg

Sample Notes: NSRL-1403; Organic concentrate from diatom rich sediment.

Sample Pre-treatment: 6N HCl and water added to bulk sample. Sample allowed to sit for 1

day. Acid centrifuged off and sample washed with water until pH measured 2.

Stratigraphic Relations: Core top date. Comment: See comment for CAMS-4063.

Date: 24.835 ± 240 **Lab. No:** AA-15699 **Corrected Age:** 23.635 ± 240

Depth: 30 cm **GRL-1128-S Material:** Foraminifera

Weight: 8.4 mg

Sample Notes: 2 benthic foraminiferal species: Globocassidulina biora, G. subglobosa

Comment: See comment for CAMS-4063.

Date: $27,255 \pm 305$ **Lab. No:** AA-11878 **Corrected Age:** $26,055 \pm 305$

Depth: 230-233 cm GRL-1038-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 7.5 mg

Sample Notes: Mixed Forams

Comment: See comment for CAMS-4063.

Date: $30,170 \pm 475$ **Lab. No:** AA-13229 **Corrected Age:** $28,970 \pm 475$

Depth: 270 cm GRL-1064-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 10 mg

Sample Notes: Mixed benthic foraminiferal species: Cassidulinoides parkerianus, Ehrenbergina

glabra, Globocassidulina biora, G. subglobosa

Stratigraphic Relations: Base of core in a biogenic carbonate-rich unit.

Comment: See comment for CAMS-4063.

Core: DF80-189 PC

Location: North of Ross Island, western Ross Sea

Lat: 77° 12'S **Long:** 167° 53'E **Water Depth:** 907 m

Date: 2660 ± 70 Lab. No: CAMS-8252Corrected Age: 1460 ± 70 Depth: 9-10 cmGRL-917-OMaterial: Decalcified Sediment

Weight: 1.01 mg

Sample Notes: NSRL-1421; 1.01 mg of carbon combusted from bulk sample and submitted

for dating.

Sample Pre-treatment: 6N HCl and water added to bulk sample. Sample allowed to sit for 1

day. Acid centrifuged off and sample washed with water until pH measured 2.

Stratigraphic Relations: Date on diatom spike.

Comment: See comment for CAMS-4063.

Date: 7330 ± 65 Lab. No: AA-13243 Corrected Age: 6130 ± 65 Depth: 111-115 cm GRL-923-O Material: Organic Concentrate

Weight: 39.3 mg

Sample Notes: 4.9 gram sediment submitted to INSTAAR Sed. Lab. 39.3 mg organic material

concentrated and sent to Arizona Accelerator Facility.

Sample Pre-treatment: Bulk sample air dried and disaggregated to $<2000 \,\mu\text{m}$. Disaggregated sediment dispersed with sodium pyrophosphate and wet-sieved through 125 μ m sieve. $> 125 \,\mu\text{m}$ sediment dried. Clay/humus layer recovered from surface of sediment, weighed, and sent for date.

Comment: See comment for CAMS-4063.

Core: **DF87-032** PC

Location: East of Coulman Island, western Ross Sea

Lat: 73° 29.1'S **Long:** 170° 23.2'E **Water Depth:** 457 m

Date: 23,390 ± 240
Depth: 18-20 cm
Lab. No: CAMS-4062
GRL-938-O
Corrected Age: 22,190 ± 240
Material: Decalcified Sediment

Weight: 0.43 mg

Sample Notes: NSRL-935; 123.2 mg bulk sediment containing 0.43 mg Carbon

Sample Pre-treatment: 6N HCl and water added to bulk sample. Sample allowed to sit for 1

day. Acid centrifuged off and sample washed with water until pH measured 2.

Stratigraphic Relations: Base of upper mud unit.

Comment: See comment for CAMS-4063.

Date: $27,720 \pm 340$ **Lab. No:** AA-9361 **Corrected Age:** $26,520 \pm 340$

Depth: 80-84.5 cm GRL-989-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 5 mg

Sample Notes: Mixed bivalves, gastropod, 2 scaphopods, foraminifera

Sample Pre-treatment: Biogenic carbonate material washed from sediment over 63 µm sieve

using distilled water.

Stratigraphic Relations: Near contact with underlying ash-rich pebbly sandy mud.

Comment: See comment for CAMS-4063.

Date: $19,400 \pm 310$ Lab. No: CAMS-4063 Corrected Age: $18,200 \pm 310$ Depth: 119-121 cm GRL-939-O Material: Decalcified Sediment

Weight: 0.12 mg

Sample Notes: NSRL-936; 163.7 mg bulk sample combusted. 0.12 mg Carbon dated.

Sample Pre-treatment: 6N HCl and water added to bulk sample. Sample allowed to sit for 1 day. Acid centrifuged off and sample washed with water until pH measured 2.

Stratigraphic Relations: In the middle of a pebbly sandy mud unit. Other dates on this unit are Pleistocene but older. This date is probably erroneously young because of too small a sample. Comment: (AEJ, KJL) The 22 radiocarbon dates from 10 western Ross Sea cores reported in this date list can be divided into three age groups: 20,000 - 30,000 BP, 7000 - 12,000 BP, and <7000 BP (Licht, 1995; Licht et al., 1996). Dates from 20,000 - 30,000 ka B.P. only occur in glacial-marine diamictons in cores from the outer continental shelf (DF80-144, DF80-177, and DF87-32). These dates have been interpreted to show that the Antarctic Ice Sheet did not ground on the outer shelf during the last glacial maximum. Dates in the second group, 7000 - 12,000 BP occur in cores in and near Drygalski Trough, north of the Drygalski Ice Tongue (DF80-102, DF80-108, DF80-111, and DF80-132). These dates constrain deglaciation in the Terra Nova Bay region of the Victoria Land coast; the oldest date in this group is CAMS 12581, $11,440 \pm 90$ BP, on decalcified marine sediments in the upper mud unit of DF80-102. The final group, comprising 10 dates of <7000 BP, occurs in seven cores across the western Ross Sea (DF80-144, DF80-177, DF80-112, DF80-111, DF80-102, DF80-189, DF80-57). Several of these dates coincide with diatom abundance spikes thought to represent peaks in diatom productivity during the Holocene (Williams et al., 1993).

Northern Antarctic Peninsula

Core: DF82-182 PC

Location: Antarctic Peninsula, near James Ross Island

Lat: 63° 51.3'S **Long:** 57 ° 42.8'W **Water Depth:** 405 m

Date: Modern ± Lab. No: AA-7142 Corrected Age:

Depth: 250-256 cm GRL-853-O Material: Organic Concentrate

Weight: 15.28 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: 33.42 grams material submitted to INSTAAR Sed. Lab. 15.28 mg organic

material concentrated and sent for dating.

Sample Pre-treatment: Bulk sample air dried and disaggregated to <2000 μ m. Disaggregated sediment dispersed with sodium pyrophosphate and wet-sieved through 125 μ m sieve. > 125 μ m sediment dried. Clay/humus layer recovered from surface of sediment, weighed, and sent for date. Stratigraphic Relations: Basal date.

Comment: Fraction modern 1.918 I of 0.0070. See comment AA-7144.

Core: DF82-187 PC

Location: Antarctic Peninsula, near James Ross Island

Lat: 64° 2'S **Long:** 57° 47'W **Water Depth:** 265 m

Date: $17,305 \pm 140$ Lab. No: AA-7144 Corrected Age: $16,105 \pm 140$ Depth: 267-273 cm GRL-854-O Material: Organic Concentrate

Weight: 18180 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: 44.6 g submitted to Sedimentology lab. 18.18 g of < 125 μm organic

concentrate submitted for dating.

Sample Pre-treatment: Bulk sample air dried and disaggregated to $<2000 \, \mu m$. Disaggregated sediment dispersed with sodium pyrophosphate and wet-sieved through 125 μm sieve. $<125 \, \mu m$ sediment dried. Clay/humus layer recovered from surface of sediment, weighed, and sent for date.

Stratigraphic Relations: Basal date for core.

Comment: (JTA) this sample and that from DF82-182 were sampled for determination of rock magnetic parameters and paleomagnetic characteristics. The dates are difficult to interpret! There is no obvious reason why a modern date should have been obtained at the base of DF82-182 except that the sample was contaminated in some way. Until more dates from the region are obtained the interpretation of the late glacial maximum date from DF82-187 must remain tentative. although organic dates from other areas of Antarctica (see this date list) appear "reasonable".

HUDSON BAY

Core: HU90023-091 LCF

Location: Northern Hudson Bay, north of Coats Island

Lat: 63° 02.77'N **Long:** 81° 59.30'W Water Depth: 212 m

Date: 8530 ± 60 **Lab. No:** AA-12885 Corrected Age: 8080 ± 60 **Depth:** 40-45 cm **GRL-**1048-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 14 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: 264 C. lobatulus, 63 N. labradorica

Comment: (JTA) Date is similar to dates from the southern end of Hudson Bay indicating that the Laurentide Ice Sheet split in Hudson Bay by about 8 ka (Andrews and Falconer, 1969).

HUDSON STRAIT Western Basin

Core: HU85027-068 PC

Location: Near 90023-101 in the central part of the Western Basin

Lat: 63° 04.5'N **Long:** 74° 18.55'W Water Depth: 435 m

Date: 7900 ± 70 **Lab. No:** TO-751 Corrected Age: 7860 ± 70

Depth: 989-996 cm GRL-Material: Mollusc

Weight: 64 mg **Species:** Portlandia arctica

Contributor(s): G. Vilks, B. MacLean

Sample Notes: Shell.

Comment: (BM) Seismic data indicate that the section at the core site comprises a very thin section of postglacial sediments that overlie glaciomarine sediments, which lie on glacial drift (icecontact sediments). The dated interval (Vilks et al., 1989) is from glaciomarine ice proximal sediments approximately 490 cm below the boundary with overlying glaciomarine ice distal sediments.

Core: HU90023-074 IKU

Location: Between Charles Island and Big Island in the west-central part of the strait

Lat: 62° 44.28'N **Long:** 72° 42.26'W Water Depth: 358 m

Date: 1300 ± 60 **Lab. No:** TO-3667 Corrected Age: 850 ± 60 Depth: GRL-Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 18 mg Species: Buccella tenerrima

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, B. Deonarine

Comment: (BM) Sediments at the site comprise 20 m of acoustically unstratified sediments interpreted to consist of three or more ice contact units. Laterally these locally overlie a lense of partly deformed acoustically stratified sediments. In the vicinity of the sample site the unstratified sediments locally are overlain by a +/- 1 m unstratified surface unit. The IKU sample consisted of coarse sediments (mainly pebbles and small boulders at the seabed, underlain by a very cohesive, sticky clayey sediment). The sample submitted for dating was from the lower of these.

Core: HU90023-097 LCF

Location: Western end of the Western Basin

Lat: 63° 14.96'N **Long:** 75° 32.68'W Water Depth: 427 m

Date: 7940 ± 920 **Lab. No:** TO-3266 Corrected Age: 7490 ± 920

Depth: 340-342 cm Material: Foraminifera GRL-

Weight: 8.2 mg Spe Contributor(s): B. MacLean Species: Mixed

Sample Notes: Benthic foraminifera.

Comment: (BM) The section at the core site comprises approximately 20m of acoustically stratified glaciomarine sediments that overlie some 10 m of apparent ice-contact sediments (MacLean et al., 1991). There appear to be little or no postglacial sediments. Foraminiferal assemblages in the glaciomarine sediments possibly suggest some fluctuations between ice proximal and ice distal environments (A. Silis, GSC internal report).

Core: HU90023-099 LCF

Location: Central part of the Western Basin, north of Charles Island

Lat: 63° 03.98'N **Long:** 74° 33.96′W Water Depth: 386 m

Date: 2180 ± 50 **Lab. No:** AA-12886 Corrected Age: 1730 ± 50 Depth: 0-5 cm **GRL-1049-S** Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 6 mg **Species:** Nonionellina labradorica

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, M. Kerwin

Sample Notes: N. labradorica, 365 specimens. Sample contained many diatoms and fossilized

crinoid stems.

Lab. No: TO-2470 Corrected Age: 8100 ± 160 **Date:** 8550 ± 160

Material: Mollusc **Depth:** 150 cm GRL-

Weight: 30 mg

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, G. Vilks

Sample Notes: Shell fragments.

Corrected Age: 6780 ± 830 **Date:** 7230 ± 830 **Lab. No:** TO-3269

Depth: 316-320 cm Material: Foraminifera GRL-

Weight: 4.7 mg Species: Mixed Contributor(s): B. MacLean, G. Vilks

Sample Notes: Mixed species of benthic foraminifera.

Date: 8270 ± 70 **Lab. No:** AA-12887 Corrected Age: 7820 ± 70

Depth: 320-325 cm **GRL-**1050-S Material: Mollusc Weight: 4.3 mg **Species:** Yoldiella sp.

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: paired valves; sandy; low numbers of forams, some pyritized.

Comment: (AEJ, BM) The Quaternary section at this core site comprises postglacial, glacial marine and ice-contact sediments. At the site of 099, seismic profiles show ca. 1 m of postglacial sediments overlying in excess of 20 m of glacial marine sediments (Kerwin, 1994; MacLean et al., 1991; 1992). We report 4 radiocarbon dates from this 479 cm; two are from the Toronto lab and were reported originally with a 410 year reservoir correction. In the present list we apply a 450 year reservoir correction. TO-2470 on shell fragments is out of stratigraphic order based on comparison with the two underlying dates. The core records the final phase of deglaciation to ca. 1730 yr BP.

Core: HU90023-101 LCF

Location: Just east of HU90023-099 in central part of the Western Basin

Lat: 63° 02.99'N **Long:** 74° 18.24'W Water Depth: 389 m

Lab. No: AA-10655 **Date:** 2655 ± 45 Corrected Age: 2205 ± 45 Depth: 2-5 cm **GRL-**995-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 7.1 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews Sample Notes: Mixed foraminifera.

Date: 8380 ± 510 **Lab. No:** TO-3270 Corrected Age: 7930 ± 510

Depth: 158-160 cm GRL-**Material:** Foraminifera

Weight: 5.8 mg Species: Mixed Contributor(s): B. MacLean, G. Vilks

Sample Notes: Mixed species of benthic foraminifera.

Date: 8740 ± 280 **Lab. No:** TO-3271 Corrected Age: 8290 ± 280

Depth: 318-322 cm GRL-Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 4.0 mg Species: Mic Contributor(s): B. MacLean, G. Vilks Species: Mixed

Sample Notes: Mixed species of benthic foraminifera.

Lab. No: TO-3272 **Date:** 8510 ± 110 Corrected Age: 8060 ± 110

Depth: 360-362 cm GRL-Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 4.8 mg Species: Mixed Contributor(s): B. MacLean, G. Vilks

Sample Notes: Mixed species of benthic foraminifera.

Date: 8260 ± 60 **Lab. No:** AA-12888 Corrected Age: 7810 ± 60

Depth: 366 cm **GRL-**1051-S Material: Mollusc

Species: Portlandia sp.

Weight: 258 mg Species: Portland Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, M. Kerwin

Sample Notes: paired valves

Lab. No: TO-3273 **Date:** 8490 ± 270 Corrected Age: 8040 ± 270

Depth: 558-560 cm GRL-Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 4.0 mg Species: Mixed

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, G. Vilks

Sample Notes: Mixed species of benthic foraminifera.

Date: 8920 ± 65 Lab. No: AA-10656Corrected Age: 8470 ± 65 Depth: 743-745 cmGRL-996-SMaterial: Foraminifera

Weight: 1.4 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, M. Kerwin

Sample Notes: Mixed foraminifera.

Comment: (AEJ, BM) The Quaternary section at the core site comprises postglacial, glaciomarine, and ice-contact sediments (MacLean et al., 1991). A thin (±1 m) veneer of debris flow sediment may be present on the seafloor. This core recovered 7.76 m from a sequence of > 25 m of ice-contact, glacial marine and postglacial sediments in the Western Basin of Hudson Strait (Kerwin, 1994; MacLean et al., 1992). On the basis of sediment analyses and rock magnetic properties, Kerwin (1994) suggested that the upper 140 cm is postglacial and the lower part of the core from 140 to the base is glacial marine, although foraminiferal assemblages have been interpreted to suggest that the postglacial section extends slightly deeper (A. Silas, GSC internal report). Three of the TO dates (-3270, -3271, -3272) on mixed benthic foraminiferal species are slightly too old compared to the younger shell date deeper in the core (AA-12888). The TO-dates were originally reported with a reservoir correction of 410 years. In this list we recast these dates with a 450 year reservoir correction. The lowermost date of 8470 ± 65 BP indicates that deglaciation of the Western Basin of Hudson Strait was in progress by at least 8.5 ka, though the thick sequence of glacial marine sediments beneath the site suggest that it was underway somewhat earlier. Kerwin (1994) calculated a sedimentation rate for the basal unit of the core of 10.5 m/ka, and ca. 17 m of glacial marine sediments underlie the base of the core.

Core: HU90023-104 LCF

Location: Just southeast of HU90023-101 in east-central part of the Western Basin **Lat:** 62° 59.58'N **Long:** 74° 00.04'W **Water Depth:** 410 m

Date: 8170 ± 60 **Lab. No:** AA-12889 **Corrected Age:** 7720 ± 60

Depth: 90-95 cm GRL-1052-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 14.8 mg Species: Portlandia sp.

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, M. Kerwin

Sample Notes: 2 + valves

Date: 8465 ± 90 Lab. No: AA-12890Corrected Age: 8015 ± 90 Depth: 320-325 cmGRL-1053-SMaterial: Foraminifera

Weight: 1.6 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, M. Kerwin

Sample Notes: Mixed Forams

Comment: (JTA) These dates and the magnetic susceptibility records have been used to correlate sediment sequences within the western basin of Hudson Strait (Kerwin, 1994; Andrews et al.,

1995)(see HU90023-099, 101).

Core: HU92028-150 IKU

Location: 26 km north-northwest of the west end of Charles Island

Lat: 62° 56.04'N **Long:** 74° 56.01'W **Water Depth:** 160 m

Date: 1330 ± 70 Lab. No: TO-3669 Corrected Age: 880 ± 70 Depth: Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 8 mg Species: Cibicides lobatulus

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, B. Deonarine

Comment: (BM) Sediments at the core site comprise 11 m of acoustically unstratified sediments considered to be ice-contact sediments, locally overlain by \pm 1m of younger sediments. The 880 age date obtained suggests that the material sampled must be from the uppermost unit.

Core: HU93034-018 PC

Location: About 41 km west of Big Island, from an isolated basin in the center of the strait

Lat: 62° 37.28'N **Long:** 71° 35.68'W **Water Depth:** 338 m

Date: 9125 ± 65 **Lab. No:** AA-13175 **Corrected Age:** 8675 ± 65

Depth: 108 cm GRL-1073-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 11.8 mg Species: Portlandia arctica

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: One of several, angular, fragile fragments; other fragments archived.

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in distilled water (dw), leached 61% with HCl, and washed

in dw.

Comment: (BM) The dated interval is in the uppermost unit.

Date: 8990 ± 80 Lab. No: CAMS-22023 Corrected Age: 8540 ± 80

Depth: 396-399 cm GRL- Material: Mixed

Weight: 1.8 mg Species: Mixed

Contributor(s): B. MacLean

Sample Notes: Foraminifera and ostracods

Date: 27670 ± 440 **Lab. No:** CAMS-22022 **Corrected Age:** 27220 ± 440

Depth: 848-851 cm GRL- Material: Mixed

Weight: 2 mg Species: Mixed

Contributor(s): B. MacLean

Sample Notes: Foraminifera and mollusc fragment

Comment: (BM) The core locality lies 41 km west of Big Island in an apparently isolated occurrence of acoustically stratified sediments that overlie and, in part, appear laterally to be transitional to glacial drift sequences (ice-contact sediments; MacLean et al., 1994). A surface layer some 130 cm thick overlies the acoustically stratified unit. It is considered likely, given the date obtained, that the lowest sample contained reworked material.

Core: HU93034-022 PC

Location: Western part of the Western Basin

Lat: 63° 04.35'N **Long:** 74° 29.82'W **Water Depth:** 410 m

Date: 4070 ± 50 Lab. No: Beta-78138 Corrected Age:

Depth: 710 cm GRL-N/A Material: Mollusc

Weight: Species: Nuculana sp. Contributor(s): C. Schafer and B. MacLean Sample Notes: Paired valves. Also CAMS-17272.

Stratigraphic Relations: From a sequence of postglacial sediments that at the core site are some 19 m in thickness. The sequence displays a basin fill depositional sytle and thins progressively over underlying glaciomarine sediments along the axis of the basin to both the northwest and the southeast.

Comment: (CS) Chronologic data are from "The pre-modern (Little Ice Age) marine environment in Hudson Strait: Characteristics of benthic foraminifera assemblages" by Schafer et al. in prep.

Date: 5090 ± 60 Lab. No: CAMS-18687 Corrected Age:

Depth: 1238-1240 cm GRL- Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 3.8 mg Species: Mixed Contributor(s): C. Schafer and B. MacLean

Sample Notes: NSRL-2377; Nonionellina labradorica, Elphidium excavatum, Cassidulina

reniforme

Stratigraphic Relations: From a sequence of postglacial sediments that at the core site are some 19 m in thickness. The sequence displays a basin fill depositional sytle and thins progressively over underlying glaciomarine sediments along the axis of the basin to both the northwest and the southeast.

Comment: (CS) Chronologic data are from "The pre-modern (Little Ice Age) marine environment in Hudson Strait: Characterristics of benthic foraminifera assemblages" by Schafer et al. in prep.

Southwestern Basin

Core: HU85027-065 PC

Location: Southeastern corner of the Southwestern Basin, about 65 km west of Charles Island

Lat: 62° 35.9'N **Long:** 76° 07.0'W **Water Depth:** 333 m

Date: 6280 ± 50 Lab. No: TO-293 Corrected Age: 6240 ± 50

Depth: 294-299 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc

Weight: 610 mg Species: Cliocardium ciliatum

Contributor(s): G. Vilks, B. MacLean

Sample Notes: Shell.

Comment: (BM) The corer penetrated through postglacial sediments into underlying glaciomarine sediments, which in turn overlie glacial drift (ice-contact sediments). The dated interval (Vilks et al., 1989) is within glaciomarine ice distal sediments, approximately 100 cm below the faunal boundary with overlying postglacial sediments.

Core: HU90023-079 IKU

Location: 13 km north of Deception Bay

Lat: 62° 21.29'N **Long:** 74° 48.19'W **Water Depth:** 115 m

Date: 7840 ± 70 Lab. No: AA-10651 Corrected Age: 7390 ± 70 Depth: Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 7.2 mg Species: Mixed

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, W.F. Manley, B. Deonarine

Comment: (BM) Sediments at the site comprise 20 m of acoustically unstratified sediments interpreted to consist of two or more ice-contact units. The IKU sample consisted of an upper layer of coarse sediments that form the immediate seabed, underlain by a very stiff gray clayey sediment (cf., MacLean et al., 1991). The date is from the lower of these sediment units. This and comparable dates from similar sediments elsewhere in the strait suggest that many offshore areas of the strait have received little sediment since retreat of glacial influences from the region.

Core: HU90023-085 LCF

Location: Southern margin of the Southwestern Basin, ca. 70 km west of Charles Island

Lat: 62° 36.95'N Long: 76° 22.53'W Water Depth: 380 m

Date: 8170 ± 140 **Lab. No:** TO-3265 **Corrected Age:** 7720 ± 140

Depth: 98-100 cm GRL- Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 13.6 mg Species: Mixed Contributor(s): B. MacLean, G. Vilks Sample Notes: Benthic foraminifera.

Comment: (BM) The Quaternary section at the core site comprises postglacial, glaciomarine, and the glacial drift (ice-contact) sediments. The glaciomarine sediments laterally intertongue with glacial drift sediments 11 km west of the core site (MacLean et al., 1992). The dated interval is within the postglacial sediment sequence, 120 cm above the boundary with underlying

glaciomarine ice distal sediments.

Core: HU90023-096 IKU

Location: 38 km southeast of Nottingham Island

Lat: 62° 57.45'N Long: 76° 59.91'W Water Depth: 275 m

Date: 7940 ± 90
Depth:

Lab. No: TO-3666
Corrected Age: 7490 ± 90
Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 9 mg Species: Elphidium excavatum clavata

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, B. Deonarine

Comment: (BM) Sediments at the sample locality comprise acoustically unstratified sediments (considered to be ice-contact sediments) that overlie and are transitional laterally to acoustically stratified glaciomarine sediments. The IKU sample consisted of an upper layer of course sediments that form the immediate seabed, underlain by a very stiff gray clayey sediment. The date is from the lower of these sediment units. This and comparable dates from IKU samples from other Hudson Strait localities indicate that many areas have received little of no sediment since withdrawl of glacial influences from the region.

South-Central Hudson Strait

Core: HU90023-064 LCF

Location: Southern Baie Héricart region, about 10 km northwest of Baie Héricart Lat: 61° 07.5'N Long: 70° 34.6'W Water Depth: 196 m

Stratigraphic Relations: The Quaternary section at the locality comprises postglacial,

glaciomarine, and glacial drift (ice-contact) sediments (MacLean et al., 1991).

Date: 6760 ± 70 **Lab. No:** TO-2459 **Corrected Age:** 6310 ± 70

Depth: 195 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc

Weight: 479 mg Species: Macoma calcarea

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, G. Vilks

Sample Notes: Mollusc valves.

Comment: (BM) The dated interval (Manley et al., 1993) is within the postglacial sediments (G.

Vilks, A. Silis, GSC internal report; Andrews et al., 1991; MacLean et al., 1991).

Date: 6880 ± 70 **Lab. No:** TO-2460 **Corrected Age:** 6430 ± 70

Depth: 225 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc

Weight: 297 mg Species: Clinocardium ciliatum

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, G. Vilks Sample Notes: Mollusc fragments.

Comment: (BM) The dated interval (Manley et al., 1993) is within the postglacial sediments (G.

Vilks, A. Silis, GSC internal report; Andrews et al., 1991).

Date: 7060 ± 70 **Lab. No:** TO-2462 **Corrected Age:** 6610 ± 70

Depth: 250 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc

Weight: 339 mg Species: Macoma calcarea

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, G. Vilks

Sample Notes: Mollusc valves.

Comment: (BM) The dated interval (Manley et al., 1993) is within the postglacial sediments (G.

Vilks, A. Silis, GSC internal report; Andrews et al., 1991).

Date: 8160 ± 150 **Lab.** No: TO-3263 **Corrected Age:** 7710 ± 150

Depth: 460-462 cm GRL- Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 3.7 mg Species: Mixed Contributor(s): B. MacLean, G. Vilks Sample Notes: Benthic foraminifera.

Comment: (BM) The dated interval (Manley et al., 1993) is within and near the base of the

postglacial sediments (G. Vilks, A. Silis, GSC internal report; Andrews et al., 1991).

Core: HU90023-066 LCF

Location: Central Baie Héricart - Wakeham Bay region, about 50 km north-northwest of Baie

Héricart

Lat: 61° 27.82'N **Long:** 70° 51.0'W **Water Depth:** 193 m

Stratigraphic Relations: The Quaternary section at the core site comprises a thin postglacial sequence, underlain by glaciomarine and glacial drift (ice-contact) sediments. The glaciomarine sediments laterally are transitional to, and in part, are overlain by glacial drift (MacLean et al., 1992).

Date: 6960 ± 110 **Lab. No:** TO-3264 **Corrected Age:** 6510 ± 110

Depth: 21-23 cm GRL- Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 7.6 mg Species: Mixed Contributor(s): B. MacLean, B. Deonarine

Sample Notes: Mixed foraminifera.

Comment: (BM) The dated interval is within the postglacial sediments (MacLean et al., 1992; A.

Silis, GSC internal report).

Date: 8350 ± 80 **Lab. No:** TO-2461 **Corrected Age:** 7900 ± 80

Depth: 230 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc

Weight: 93 mg Species: Portlandia arctica

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, B. Deonarine

Sample Notes: Single mollusc valve

Comment: (BM) The dated interval is within the postglacial sediment sequence. The corrected date has been adjusted for a marine reservoir effect of 450 yr, whereas a reservoir correction of 410 yr was applied in the original publication (MacLean et al., 1992).

Date: 8850 ± 90 **Lab. No:** TO-2463 **Corrected Age:** 8400 ± 90

Depth: 728 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc

Weight: 224 mg Species: Portlandia arctica

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, B. Deonarine

Sample Notes: 3 paired valves

Comment: (BM) The dated interval is within the postglacial sediments sequence. The corrected date has been adjusted for a marine reservoir effect of 450 yr, whereas a reservoir correction of 410 yr was applied in the original publication (MacLean et al., 1992).

Date: 8830 ± 80 **Lab. No:** TO-2464 **Corrected Age:** 8380 ± 80

Depth: 743 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc

Weight: 80 mg Species: Portlandia arctica

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, B. Deonarine Sample Notes: Paired mollusc valves.

Comment: (BM) The dated interval is within the glaciomarine sediment sequence. The corrected date has been adjusted for a marine reservoir effect of 450 yr, whereas a reservoir correction of 410 yr was applied in the original publication (MacLean et al., 1992).

Core: HU90023-071 LCF

Location: About 10 km north of Wakeham Bay

Lat: 61° 46.72'N **Long:** 71° 56.65'W **Water Depth:** 110 m

Stratigraphic Relations: The Quaternary section at the core site comprises a thin postglacial sequence, underlain by glaciomarine and glacial drift (ice-contact) sediments (MacLean et al., 1992).

Date: 8570 ± 230 **Lab. No:** TO-2465 **Corrected Age:** 8120 ± 230

Depth: 360-362 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc

Weight: 14 mg Species: Portlandia arctica

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, B. Deonarine

Sample Notes: Mollusc valve.

Comment: (BM) The dated interval (MacLean et al., 1992) is within the glaciomarine ice distal

sediment sequence (A. Silis, GSC internal report).

Date: 8930 ± 80 **Lab. No:** TO-2466 **Corrected Age:** 8480 ± 80

Depth: 408 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc

Weight: 448 mg Species: Portlandia arctica

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, B. Deonarine

Sample Notes: Mollusc valves.

Comment: (BM) The dated interval is within the glaciomarine ice distal sediment sequence (A. Silis, GSC internal report). The corrected date has been adjusted for a marine reservoir effect of 450 yr, whereas a reservoir correction of 410 yr was applied in the original publication (MacLean et al., 1992).

Date: $11,095 \pm 110$ **Lab. No:** AA-10650 **Corrected Age:** $10,645 \pm 110$

Depth: 561-565 cm GRL- Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 3.5 mg Species: Mixed

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, W.F. Manley, B. Deonarine

Sample Notes: Benthic foraminifera.

Comment: (BM) The dated interval is within the glaciomarine sediment sequence (A. Silis, GSC

internal report; MacLean et al., 1992).

Core: HU90023-107 LCF

Location: About 30 km north of Baie Héricart

Lat: 61° 20.67'N **Long:** 70° 37.77'W **Water Depth:** 182 m

Stratigraphic Relations: The Quaternary section at the core site consists predominantly of glaciomarine sediments (ca. 16 m thick), overlain by approximately 3 m of postglacial sediments (MacLean et al., 1992; Manley et al., 1993; Manley, 1995). The glaciomarine sediments laterally interfinger with, and are overlain and underlain by glacial drift (ice-contact sediments) 2.5 km from the core site. Foraminiferal assemblages in the core mainly reflect an ice proximal setting. That environment, with some apparent fluctuations, extended nearly to the top of the glaciomarine sediment, where more ice distal influences gradually appear.

Date: $12,035 \pm 80$ **Lab. No:** AA-11440 **Corrected Age:** $11,585 \pm 80$

Depth: 32-38 cm GRL- Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 3.4 mg Species: Mixed Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, B. MacLean

Sample Notes: Mixed foraminifera from near the core top, approximately at the boundary

between glaciomarine and postglacial sediments.

Sample Pre-treatment: None.

Comment: (BM, WFM) This date creates a significant age inversion relative to dates farther down in the core. Furthermore, the date is inconsistent with paleoenvironmental information from other cores, which indicates that the regional transition from glaciomarine to postglacial conditions occurred at about 8000 yr BP. See also comment for sample AA-10255.

Date: 8450 ± 70 **Lab. No:** TO-2471 **Corrected Age:** 8000 ± 70

Depth: 80-83 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc

Weight: 66 mg Species: Portlandia arctica

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, G. Vilks

Sample Notes: Two mollusc valves and fragments from ice distal sediments toward the top of the glaciomarine sequence.

Comment: (BM) The corrected date has been adjusted for a marine reservoir effect of 450 yrs, whereas a reservoir correction of 410 yr was applied to the original publication (MacLean et al., 1992). See also comment for sample AA-10255.

Date: 9515 ± 70 Lab. No: AA-11441 Corrected Age: 9065 ± 70 Depth: 150-153 cm GRL- Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 6.5 mg Species: Mixed Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, B. MacLean

Sample Notes: Mixed foraminifera from the upper part of the glaciomarine sequence,

tentatively ice distal.

Sample Pre-treatment: None.

Comment: (BM, WFM) The date is "old" relative to dates from underlying intervals. See also comment for sample AA-10255.

Date: 9245 ± 85 Lab. No: AA-11442 Corrected Age: 8795 ± 85 Depth: 208-212 cm GRL- Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 6.3 mg Species: Mixed Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, B. MacLean

Sample Notes: Mixed for aminifer a from the upper part of the glaciomarine sequence.

Sample Pre-treatment: None.

Comment: (BM, WFM) The date is "old" relative to dates from underlying intervals. See also comment for sample AA-10255.

Date: 8800 ± 70 **Lab. No:** TO-2472 **Corrected Age:** 8350 ± 70

Depth: 236 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc

Weight: 124 mg Species: Unknown

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, G. Vilks

Sample Notes: mollusc fragments from the upper part of the glaciomarine sequence, tentatively ice distal.

Comment: (BM) The corrected date has been adjusted for a marine reservoir effect of 450 yr, whereas a reservoir correction or 410 yr was applied in the original publication (MacLean et al., 1992). See also comment for sample AA-10255.

Date: 9750 ± 70 Lab. No: AA-11443 Corrected Age: 9300 ± 70 Depth: 261-263 cm GRL- Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 3.3 mg Species: Mixed Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, B. MacLean

Sample Notes: Mixed foraminifera from the upper part of the glaciomarine sequence.

Sample Pre-treatment: None.

Comment: (BM, WFM) The date is "old" relative to dates from underlying intervals. See also comment for sample AA-10255.

Date: 9410 ± 70 Lab. No: AA-11444 Corrected Age: 8960 ± 70 Depth: 310-319 cm GRL- Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 3.3 mg Species: Mixed Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, B. MacLean

Sample Notes: Mixed foraminifera from the glaciomarine sequence.

Sample Pre-treatment: None.

Comment: (BM, WFM) The date is "old" relative to dates from underlying intervals. See also

comment for sample AA-10255.

Date: $10,170 \pm 70$ Lab. No: AA-11445 Corrected Age: 9720 ± 70 Depth: 406-412 cm GRL- Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 3.4 mg Species: Mixed Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, B. MacLean

Sample Notes: Mixed foraminifera from the glaciomarine sequence.

Comment: (BM, WFM) The date is "old" relative to dates from underlying intervals. See also comment for sample AA-10255.

Date: 9400 ± 190 Lab. No: TO-3274 Corrected Age: 8950 ± 190 Depth: 497-499 cm GRL- Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 5.8 mg Species: Mixed Contributor(s): B. MacLean, G. Vilks

Sample Notes: Benthic foraminifera from approximately one third of the way down the glaciomarine sequence at the site.

Comment: (BM) The corrected date has been adjusted for a marine reservoir effect of 450 yr, whereas a reservoir correction or 410 yr was applied to the original publication (MacLean et al., 1992). See also comment for sample AA-10255.

Date: $10,780 \pm 140$ **Lab. No:** AA-10255 **Corrected Age:** $10,330 \pm 140$

Depth: 533-539 cm GRL-1027-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 3.2 mg Species: Mixed Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, B. MacLean

Sample Notes: Mixed foraminifera from approximately one-third of the way down in the glaciomarine sequence at the site.

Comment: (WFM, BM) Three previously published dates (MacLean et al., 1992; Manley et al., 1993) and seven new dates from core 90-107 provide fuel for debate. The dates display five age inversions with depth. The inversions are associated with mixed foraminifera, whereas the two mollusc dates are the youngest of the ten, and are internally consistent. These results are evidence for reworking of foraminifera in ice-proximal glaciomarine environments (Manley, 1995). Apparently, microfossils from older sediment were reworked by ice-contact or ice-proximal

processes into sediment at the core site, and were subsequently sampled for radiocarbon dating. Two questions remain unsettled. First, how old are the reworked forams? The anomalous dates might be on an age assemblage of ca. 60% contemporaneous (ca. 8.5 ka) foraminifera mixed with ca. 40% >30 ka foraminifera. Alternatively, the anomalous dates might be entirely on reworked foraminifera, without any contemporaneous input. The distinction is critical for determining the timing of open-water conditions in Hudson Strait. Second, how old is the base of the core? Taking the bottom two dates at face value, and extrapolating a net deposition rate, the base of the core at 720 cm is estimated at 17 ka. Alternatively, if the bottom date was on entirely reworked foraminifera, the base of the core is estimated at ca. 9.0 ka. Furthermore, with high sedimentation rates and minor reworking of >30 ka foraminifera, the base of the core might be as young as ca. 8.5 ka. Similarly, our estimates for the base of the glaciomarine sediment section at the site, 9 m below the base of the core and apparently undisturbed by glacial advance, range from ca. 9 ka to ca. 50 ka. These issues have prompted a reevaluation of strategies for selecting samples and foraminiferal species for radiocarbon dating (Jennings et al., 1995).

Core: HU92028-152 BC

Location: Within about 0.1 km of HU90023-107

Lat: 61° 20.58'N **Long:** 70° 37.60'W **Water Depth:** 185 m

Date: 540 ± 60 Lab. No: TO-3665 Corrected Age: 90 ± 60 Depth: 0-5 cm GRL- Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 16.9 mg Species: Nonionellina labradorica

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, B. Deonarine

Comment: (BM) A thin (approx. 3 m) section of postglacial sediments overlies a thick sequence of glaciomarine sediments in the area (MacLean et al., 1992; Manley et al., 1993). The date provides an age for the uppermost (0-5 cm interval) of present day seafloor sediments in this area.

Core: HU92028-153 TWC

Location: Within about 0.1 km of HU90023-107

Lat: 61° 20.64'N **Long:** 70° 37.73'W **Water Depth:** 184 m

Date: 970 ± 70 Lab. No: TO-3664 Corrected Age: 520 ± 70 Depth: 0-5 cm GRL- Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 13.1 mg Species: Nonionellina labradorica

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, B. Deonarine

Comment: (BM) A thin (approx. 3m) section of postglacial sediments overlies a thick sequence of glaciomarine sediments in this area (MacLean et al., 1992; Manley et al., 1993). The date is from the top 5 cm interval of the trigger weight core. The uppermost part of the sediment section commonly is lost (blown away) during the coring process, hence the difference between this date and that from the undisturbed box core sample from 92028-152.

Core: HU92028-155 PC

Location: About 4 km north of HU90023-064

Weight: 2.9 mg

Lat: 61° 09.50'N **Long:** 70° 34.20'W **Water Depth:** 196 m

Species: Mixed

Date: $11,170 \pm 100$ **Lab. No:** AA-10256 **Corrected Age:** $10,720 \pm 100$

Depth: 920-925 cm GRL-1028-S Material: Foraminifera

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Mixed foraminifera picked by Bahn Deonarine at the Bedford Institute of

Oceanography. Submitted by B. MacLean, B. Deonarine, and W.F. Manley.

Comment: (BM) The Quaternary section at the core site comprises postglacial, glaciomarine, and ice-contact sediments (Manley et al., 1993). The dated interval is within the glaciomarine sequence identified from foraminiferal assemblages (A. Silis, GSC internal report).

Core: HU93034-013 PC

Location: Central Baie Héricart-Wakeham Bay region, about 6 km northeast of HU90023-066

Lat: 61° 30.01'N **Long:** 70° 43.41'W **Water Depth:** 201 m

Date: 8915 ± 65 **Lab. No:** AA-13174 **Corrected Age:** 8465 ± 65

Depth: 238 cm GRL-1072-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 15.1 mg Species: Portlandia arctica

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Single valve from pristine, well preserved, fragile, articulated, paired valve;

other valve has been archived; before washing contained periostracum.

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in distilled water (dw), leached 72% with HCl, and washed

in dw.

Stratigraphic Relations: The dated interval appears to be from the upper part of the glaciomarine section (B. Deonarine, personal communication, 1994).

Date: 14370 ± 180 **Lab. No:** CAMS-19996 **Corrected Age:** 13920 ± 180

Depth: 456-459 cm GRL- Material: Mixed

Weight: 1.6 mg Species: Mixed

Contributor(s): B. MacLean

Sample Notes: Foraminifera and mollusc shell material

Stratigraphic Relations: From the boundary between glaciomarine proximal and distal

sediments.

Date: 33320 ± 1810 **Lab. No:** CAMS-19255 **Corrected Age:** 32870 ± 1810

Depth: 658-669 cm GRL- Material: Mixed

Weight: 2 mg Species: Mixed

Contributor(s): B. MacLean

Sample Notes: Mixed foraminifera and mollusc material

Comment: (BM) The section at the core site comprises approximately 17 m of acoustically stratified sediments, which are wholly or predominantly glaciomarine (MacLean et al., 1994). These beds laterally are transitional to glacial drift (ice-contact sediments) and were partly overridden by a late glacial ice readvance (MacLean et al., 1992). Seismic data indicate that the section at the 93034-013 site is somewhat condensed relative to that previously cored at 90023-066, 5.5 km to the southwest, hence the choice of the 93034-013 core site to sample lower in the section. Given its radiocarbon age, it is considered likely that the lowest sample contained material reworked from sediments deposited during an earlier period when Hudson Strait was open.

Core: HU93034-015 PC

Location: Offshore Burgoyne Bay

Lat: 61° 17.96'N Long: 71° 03.80'W Water Depth: 200 m

Date: 1180 ± 50 Lab. No: Beta-72892 Corrected Age: Material: Mollusc

Weight: 281 mg **Species:** Nucula ternuis

Contributor(s): C. Schafer et al.

Sample Notes: Paired valves. Also CAMS-13688.

Date: 1700 ± 60

Lab. No: Beta-72891

Corrected Age: Material: Mollusc

Depth: 305 cm

GRL-

Weight: 750 mg

Species: Macoma calcarea

Contributor(s): C. Schafer et al. Sample Notes: Paired valves. Also CAMS-13687.

Date: 2060 ± 40

Lab. No: Beta-72890

Corrected Age:

Depth: 560 cm

GRL-

Material: Mollusc

Weight: 2070 mg

Species: Macoma calcarea

Contributor(s): C. Schafer et al.

Sample Notes: Paired valves. Also CAMS-13686.

Date: 3340 ± 60

Lab. No: Beta-78140

Corrected Age:

Depth: 1300 cm

GRL-

Material: Mollusc

Weight: Species: Contributor(s): C. Schafer et al.

Sample Notes: Paired valves. Also CAMS-17274.

Stratigraphic Relations: From a 30-m-thick sequence of postglacial sediments that overlie and laterally onlap glaciomarine and ice-contact sediments in the Burgoyne Bay region of south central Hudson Strait.

Comment: (CS) Chronologic data are from "The pre-modern (Little Ice Age) marine environment in Hudson Strait: Characteristics of benthic foraminifera assemblages" by Schafer et al. in prep.

Eastern Basin

Core: HU85027-057 PC

Location: Northern flank of the central part of the Eastern Basin, about 20 km northwest of

HU90023-045

Lat: 61° 04.26'N

Long: 66° 25.6'W

Water Depth: 790 m

Stratigraphic Relations: The piston corer penetrated through late and early postglacial sediments, and into underlying glaciomarine ice distal sediments (Vilks et al., 1989; MacLean et al., 1992).

Date: 5930 ± 70

Lab. No: TO-1870

Corrected Age: 5480 ± 70

Depth: 242-246 cm

GRL-

Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 19 mg Species: Mixed Contributor(s): G. Vilks, B. MacLean Sample Notes: Mixed foraminifera.

Comment: (BM) The dated interval (MacLean et al., 1992) approximately dates the change to the cold, less saline waters of the present day from early postglacial, more saline conditions associated with entry of Labrador Sea waters into eastern Hudson Strait (Vilks et al., 1989).

Date: 8470 ± 90

Lab. No: TO-1871

Corrected Age: 8020 ± 90 Material: Foraminifera

Depth: 742-747 cm

GRL-

Species: Mixed

Weight: 10 mg Contributor(s): G. Vilks, B. MacLean Sample Notes: Mixed foraminifera.

Comment: (BM) The dated interval is from very near the base of early postglacial sediments, approximately 35 cm above the faunal boundary with underlying glaciomarine ice distal sediments at this locality (see Vilks et al., 1989).

Date: 7880 ± 70 **Lab. No:** TO-748 **Corrected Age:** 7840 ± 70

Depth: 782-788 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc

Weight: 51 mg Species: Portlandia arctica

Contributor(s): G. Vilks, B. MacLean

Comment: (BM) The dated interval (Vilks et al., 1989) is at the faunal boundary between

glaciomarine ice distal sediments and overlying early postglacial sediments.

Date: 7730 ± 70 **Lab. No:** TO-749 **Corrected Age:** 7690 ± 70

Depth: 814-822 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc

Weight: 260 mg Species: Portlandia arctica

Contributor(s): G. Vilks, B. MacLean Sample Notes: Paired shell valves.

Comment: (BM) The dated interval (Vilks et al., 1989) lies approximately 36 cm below the faunal boundary between glaciomarine ice distal and overlying early postglacial sediments.

Date: 8060 ± 70 **Lab. No:** TO-750 **Corrected Age:** 8020 ± 70

Depth: 862-870 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc

Weight: 41 mg Species: Portlandia arctica

Contributor(s): G. Vilks, B. MacLean

Sample Notes: Mollusc shells.

Comment: (BM) The dated interval (Vilks et al., 1989) is within the upper part of the

glaciomarine ice distal sediments approximately 86 cm below the faunal boundary with overlying

early postglacial sediments.

Date: 8360 ± 70 **Lab. No:** TO-1860 **Corrected Age:** 7910 ± 70

Depth: 1072-1078 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc

Weight: mg Species: Unknown

Contributor(s): G. Vilks, B. MacLean

Sample Notes: Mollusc valve.

Comment: (BM) The dated interval is within the glaciomarine ice distal sediments approximately 295 cm below the faunal boundary with overlying early postglacial sediments (see Vilks et al., 1989). This date is slightly younger than the 8060 date from the 862-870 interval, 210 cm higher in the section.

Core: HU87033-012 LCF

Location: Central part of the Eastern Basin, northwest of HU90023-045

Lat: 61° 03.45'N Long: 66° 26.04'W Water Depth: 772 m

Date: 8460 ± 95 Lab. No: AA-11590 Corrected Age: 8010 ± 95 Depth: 1454-1456 cm GRL-1016-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 2.0 mg Species: Fursenkoina fusiformis

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: mainly the above species

Comment: (JTA) The magnetic susceptibility record from this long core has been used to correlate between this site and other sites in Eastern Basin (Andrews et al., 1995) notably

HU90023-45.

Core: HU90023-031 LCF

Location: Low on the northern flank of easternmost part of the Eastern Basin, south of

Resolution Island

Lat: 60° 57.1'N **Long:** 65° 26.7'W **Water Depth:** 872 m

Date: 8640 ± 105 **Lab. No:** AA-14210 **Corrected Age:** 8190 ± 105 **Depth:** 5-7 cm **GRL-**1098-S **Material:** Foraminifera

Weight: 4.0 mg Species: Mixed Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings, M.W. Kerwin

Sample Notes: mixed benthic species

Date: 9955 ± 75 Lab. No: AA-11448 Corrected Age: 9505 ± 75 Depth: 700-725 cm GRL-1007-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 4.0 mg Species: Mixed Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, M.W. Kerwin

Sample Notes: Mixed foraminiferal species; all specimens picked for date.

Comment: (AEJ, BM) This 7.27 m core from the Eastern Basin of Hudson Strait recovered the uppermost portion of a 35 meter thick section of acoustically stratified sediments interpreted to be glacial marine. The site has less than 0.5 m of postglacial sediments; these were not recovered in the core (Kerwin, 1994).

Core: HU90023-042 LCF

Location: Western part of the Eastern Basin, about 75 km SW of Resolution Island **Lat:** 60° 57.01'N **Long:** 66° 36.95'W **Water Depth:** 761 m

Date: 9040 ± 85 Lab. No: AA-10253 Corrected Age: 8590 ± 85 Depth: 517-525 cm GRL-1024-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 3.8 mg Species: Elphidium excavatum clavatum

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, B. MacLean, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Benthic foraminifera picked by Bahn Deonarine at the Bedford Institute of

Oceanography.

Comment: (JTA, BM, WFM) From previously undated core 90-42 (total length 881 cm). As apparent from Huntec seismic stratigraphy, the sample is from acoustically well stratified glaciomarine sediments (Unit 3) under a thin veneer of postglacial sediment and over acoustically unstratified drift (till?) and Paleozoic bedrock. The glaciomarine sediments are about 14 m thick at the site. The magnetic susceptibility log also suggests a glaciomarine origin for the sampled horizon. The sample depth lies at the upper limit of large fluctuations in MS values, and at the apparent lower limit of foram abundances sufficient for radiocarbon dating. The dated interval is close in timing to the Noble Inlet glacial event although the site lies upglacier of the "type deposits" on SE Baffin Island. Magnetic susceptibility from this core allows regional correlation into other cores from Eastern basin (Andrews et al., 1995).

Core: HU90023-045 LCF

Location: Central part of the Eastern Basin, about 60 km SW of Resolution Island Lat: 60° 56.80'N Long: 66° 08.28'W Water Depth: 845 m

Date: 2215 ± 55 Lab. No: AA-8961 Corrected Age: 1765 ± 55 Depth: 2-4 cm GRL-975-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 4.0 mg Species: Nonionellina labradorica

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Comment: See Comment CAMS 17146.

Date: 7835 ± 90 Lab. No: AA-13228 Corrected Age: 7835 ± 90 Depth: 90 cm **GRL-**1063-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 5.8 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings

Comment: See Comment CAMS 17146.

Date: 7675 ± 115 **Lab. No:** AA-8962 Corrected Age: 7225 ± 115 **Depth:** 198-200 cm **GRL-**976-S Material: Foraminifera

Species: Nonionellina labradorica

Weight: 7.9 mg Speci Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Comment: See Comment CAMS 17146.

Date: 7600 ± 60 **Lab. No:** AA-8963 Corrected Age: 7115 ± 60 **Depth:** 398-399 cm **GRL-**977-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 5.4 mg Species: Mixed

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Comment: See Comment CAMS 17146.

Date: 7785 ± 140 **Lab. No:** AA-17379 Corrected Age: 7335 ± 140 **Depth:** 480-483 cm Material: Foraminifera **GRL-**1156-S

Species: Elphidium excavatum

Weight: 3.5 mg Specie Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: 683 Elphidium excavatum clavata. * Mass corrected age; reported age was 7,595±70.

Stratigraphic Relations: Two species of foraminifera with different environmental preferences were dated from the same sample to isolate a component of reworked foraminifera. The dated level is within a stratigraphically inverted interval on the basis of previous dates. The sample was chosen because it represents an abundance peak within the previously identified inverted interval.

Comment: See Comment CAMS 17146. The two dates from the same level; compare with AA-17380, overlap at two sigma, suggesting two things. The inverted interval is narrower than shown by earlier dates in the core; and these species with differing environmental preferences did not live at grossly different times in the strait.

Date: 8155 ± 130 **Lab. No:** AA-17380 Corrected Age: 7705 ± 130 **Depth:** 480-483 cm **GRL-**1157-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 2.1 mg Species: Cassidulina teretis

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: *Mass corrected age; reported age was 7815 ± 80 .

Stratigraphic Relations: Two species of foraminifera with different environmental preferences were dated from the same sample to isolate a component of reworked foraminifera. The dated level is within a stratigraphically inverted interval on the basis of previous dates. The sample was chosen because it represents an abundance peak within the previously identified inverted interval.

Comment: See Comment CAMS 17146. The two dates from the same level; compare with AA-17379, overlap at two sigma, suggesting two things. The inverted interval is narrower than shown by earlier dates in the core; and these species with differing environmental preferences did not live at grossly different times in the strait.

Date: 12.115 ± 260 **Lab. No:** AA-11880 Corrected Age: $11,665 \pm 260$

Depth: 630-633 cm **GRL-**1040-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 3.0 mg Species: Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews Sample Notes: Mixed Forams

Stratigraphic Relations: This date on mixed foraminiferal species is more than 3,000 radiocarbon years too old for its stratigraphic position, suggesting that it was obtained from some

component of reworked material.

Comment: See Comment CAMS 17146.

Date: 9730 ± 70 Lab. No: AA-8964Corrected Age: 9280 ± 70 Depth: 695-705 cmGRL-978-SMaterial: Foraminifera

Weight: 4.0 mg Species: Mixed

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Sample included 700 - 705 cm in addition to 695 - 698 interval.

Stratigraphic Relations: This date on mixed foraminiferal species was obtained from a low foraminiferal abundance zone (Jennings et al., 1995). Along with AA-11880, 60 cm below, it contains some component of reworked foraminifera, resulting in a stratigraphic reversal of approximately 1300 radiocarbon years.

Comment: See Comment CAMS 17146.

Date: 8490 ± 200 **Lab. No:** AA-11879 **Corrected Age:** 8040 ± 200

Depth: 777-779 cm GRL-1039-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 3.0 mg Species: Portlandia sp.

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews Sample Notes: Paired Bivalve

Comment: See Comment CAMS 17146.

Date: 8805 ± 60 **Lab. No:** AA-12884 **Corrected Age:** 8355 ± 60

Depth: 1165-1175 cm GRL-1047-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 34 mg Species: Portlandia sp.

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: Core Catcher. Paired valves. Comment: See Comment CAMS 17146.

Date: 8640 ± 500 Lab. No: CAMS-17146 Corrected Age: 8190 ± 500 Depth: 1165-1175 cm GRL-1138-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: ca. 1 mg Species: Fursenkoina fusiformis

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: 1107 specimens. Paired comparison with shell date at base of core with single species foram date to see if foram date would be older.

Stratigraphic Relations: AA12884, a date on Portlandia from the same level gave an age of 8355±60 corrected. The age difference of 165 years between this date and this date on single foram species suggests that the forams and the shell were coeval and that the foraminifera were not reworked.

Comment: (AEJ & BM) The Quaternary section at the core site comprises 6.6 m of postglacial sediments that overlie thick (55 m) glacial marine sediments that in turn lie on ice-contact sediments. This core spans the interval from the end of the Noble Inlet Advance through the deglaciation. The base of the postglacial section is marked by a low MS interval with two age inversions: AA-8964 and AA-11880, suggesting introduction of older sediments to the site during deposition of the low MS interval. Other dates in the core and seismic and MS correlations to other cores suggest that the low MS interval and the onset of postglacial conditions occurs ca. 8 ka (Kerwin, 1994). Stratigraphy and paleoenvironmental interpretations are provided by Andrews et al., in press; Kerwin (1994); MacLean et al., 1992 and Manley et al., 1993.

Core: HU90023-052 LCF

Location: Northwestern flank of the Eastern Basin, about 80 km south of Bond Inlet **Lat:** 61° 19.48'N **Long:** 67° 36.21'W Water Depth: 402 m

Date: 9075 ± 75 **Lab. No:** AA-10254 Corrected Age: 8625 ± 75 **Depth:** 175-178 cm **GRL-**1025-S Material: Foraminifera

Species: Elphidium excavatum clavatum

Weight: 5.8 mg Species: Elphidium excavatum of Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, B. MacLean, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Benthic foraminifera picked by Bahn Deonarine at Bedford Institute of

Oceanography.

Comment: (JTA, BM, WFM) From previously undated core 90-52 (total length 275 cm). As apparent from Huntec seismic stratigraphy, the sample is from acoustically well stratified glaciomarine sediments (Unit 3) under about 1 m of postglacial sediments and overlying acoustically unstratified drift (till?) and Paleozoic bedrock. The glaciomarine sediments and unstratified drift are each about 5 m thick at the site. The sampled depth lies at the apparent lower limit of foram abundances sufficient for radiocarbon dating, within sediments identified as glacial marine ice proximal on the basis of foraminiferal assemblages (A. Silis, GSC internal report). High resolution seismic data indicate that the core site lies 10 km down slope from what is interpreted to be an ice-sheet grounding line at 364 m present water depth. The date is similar to that from HU90023-042 from the northern flank of Eastern basin and is the same, within the \pm of the errors, to dates from the Noble Inlet event (Stravers et al., 1992; Manley, 1995).

Core: HU90023-112 IKU

Location: Northern flank of the Eastern Basin

Lat: 61° 32.07'N **Long:** 67° 28.04'W Water Depth: 265 m

Date: 8110 ± 360 **Lab. No:** TO-3668 Corrected Age: 7660 ± 360

Depth: GRL-Material: Foraminifera

Species: Elphidium excavatum clavata Weight: 7 mg

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, B. Deonarine

Comment: (BM) Sediments at the sample locality comprise approximately 5m of acoustically unstratified sediments (considered to be ice-contact sediments) that lie on Paleozoic bedrock. The IKU sample consisted of 3-4 cm of brown muddy, sandy, gravelly sediments that form the immediate seabed, underlain by a very dark brown to black, very cohesive clayey sediment. The date is from the lower of these sediment units. This and comparable dates from IKU samples from other Hudson Strait localities indicate that many areas have received little of no sediment since withdrawl of glacial influences from the region.

Core: HU92028-157 G

Location: Within 500 m of HU90023-045 in central part of the Eastern Basin Lat: 60° 56.86'N **Long:** 66° 07.86'W Water Depth: 860 m

Date: 875 ± 50 **Lab. No:** AA-11449 Corrected Age: 425 ± 50 **Depth:** 0-2 cm **GRL-**1008-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 5.0 mg Speci Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews **Species:** Nonionellina labradorica

Date: 7785 ± 75 **Lab. No:** AA-10257 Corrected Age: 7335 ± 75 Depth: 485-490 cm GRL-1026-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 13.3 mg Species: Cibicides lobatulus Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, B. MacLean, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Benthic foraminifera picked by Bahn Deonarine at the Bedford Institute of

Oceanography.

Comment: (JTA, BM, WFM) From previously undated core 92-157 (total length 501 cm). The sample is from the thick sediments in the central part of the eastern basin, close to core 90-045. Seismic records suggest that the section comprises 6.6 m of postglacial sediments over ca. 55 m of glaciomarine sediments, over ice-contact sediments. However, magnetic susceptibility records and dates from core 90-45 suggest that the core may have sampled the uppermost section of glaciomarine sediments. Foraminiferal assemblages indicate that the dated interval is from sediments considered to be early postglacial by Vilks et al. (1989). The pattern of low magnetic susceptibility (MS) at the base of the core followed by a very low MS event indicate that these sediments correlate with the low MS interval in HU90023-045 (Andrews et al., 1995). The date confirms this correlation. The young age from the topmost sediments of this core show that relatively little sediment was lost during coring (i.e. date of ca 400 yrs BP).

Core: HU93034-002 PC

Location: Central part of the eastern basin, about 19 km east of HU90023-045 **Lat:** 60° 56.78'N **Long:** 65° 41.98'W **Water Depth:** 822 m

Date: 3970 ± 60 Lab. No: CAMS-25670 Corrected Age: 3520 ± 60 Depth: 3-5 cm GRL-1228-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 5.8 mg Species: Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: 3 species of benthic foraminifera: 58 Buccella tererrima, 239 Cibicices

lobatulus, and 131 Melonis zaandamae.

Stratigraphic Relations: From postglacial sediments very close to core top.

Comment: See Comment CAMS-25758.

Date: 9505 ± 80 **Lab. No:** AA-13172 **Corrected Age:** 9055 ± 80

Depth: 144 cm GRL-1070-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 17.9 mg Species: Nuculana pernula

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings, W. F. Manley, Brian MacLean

Sample Notes: Single, fragile, well-preserved valve.

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in distilled water (dw), leached 79% with HCl, and washed

in dw.

Stratigraphic Relations: From acoustically stratified, glaciomarine sediment (Unit 3 of

MacLean et al., 1992).

Comment: See Comment CAMS-25758.

Date: $*10,270 \pm 285$ Lab. No: AA-17391 Corrected Age: 9820 ± 285

Depth: 135-145 cm GRL-1170-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 1.9 mg Species: Cibicides lobatulus

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: 80 specimens; * indicates mass-corrected age. Reported age with no mass

correction is 9400 ± 100 , reservoir corrected = 8950 ± 100 .

Stratigraphic Relations: From acoustically stratified, glaciomarine sediment (Unit 3 of MacLean et al., 1992). This date was obtained for comparison with shell date (AA-13172) from same high magnetic susceptibility interval, as a test to determine whether the foram and shell dates from such intervals might converge. The mass-uncorrected age was exactly the same as the shell date, but with the mass-correction, the dates do not quite overlap at 2 sigma.

Comment: See Comment CAMS-25758...

Date: 8640 ± 70 **Lab. No:** CAMS-25758 Corrected Age: 8190 ± 70

Depth: 344-360 cm **GRL-**1171-S Material: Mixed

Weight: 2.5 mg Species: Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: Foraminifera, molluscs, and ostracods from the lowest foraminiferal abundance

peak in the core.

Stratigraphic Relations: From acoustically stratified, glaciomarine sediment (Unit 3 of

MacLean et al., 1992).

Comment: (AEJ & BM) Sediments at the core site are interpreted from high resolution seismic data to represent the basal part of the glacial marine section in the floor of the Eastern Basin. These sediments are deeply buried in general, but are accessible at this locality. This 7 m core from the northeastern margin of the Eastern Basin penetrated all but ca. 1 m of the glacial-marine sediment overlying till. AA- 17391 on foraminifera and AA-13172 on a mollusc valve come from a magnetic susceptibility peak in the upper high MS interval which appeared to correlate with an MS peak in 92028-158 (Jennings et al., 1995). CAMS-25758, the date from the earliest foraminiferal peak in the core, obtained from two meters deeper in the core, indicated that the MS peak is derived from reworked sediments deposited near the end of the glacial-marine interval, and that the glacialmarine section is actually much younger. However, other dates from Eastern Basin cores suggest that the 8.2 ka date is too young by ca. 0.4 ka. We are testing this idea with additional dating from a slightly deeper sample in 93034-002.

Core: HU93034-004 PC

Location: Northern flank of Eastern Basin, about 30 km north-northwest of HU90023-045

Lat: 61° 13.45'N **Long:** 66° 25.39'W Water Depth: 526 m

Date: 820 ± 80 **Lab. No:** CAMS-25759 Corrected Age: 370 ± 80 Material: Foraminifera Depth: top **GRL-**1229-S

Weight: 2.3 mg Species: Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: Two species benthic foraminifera: Buccella tenerrima and Angulogerina

angulosa

Stratigraphic Relations: Dated interval is within postglacial sediments on basis of seismic

profiles and foraminiferal data.

Comment: See Comment CAMS-17401.

Date: 8030 ± 60 **Lab. No:** CAMS-25762 Corrected Age: 7580 ± 60 Depth: 20 cm **GRL-**1230-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 6.4 mg **Species:** Neogloboauadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings **Sample Notes:** 643 N. pachyderma.

Stratigraphic Relations: Dated interval is within postglacial sediments on basis of seismic

profiles and foraminiferal data.

Comment: See Comment CAMS-17401.

Date: 8395 ± 70 **Lab. No:** AA-13055 Corrected Age: 7945 ± 70

Material: Mollusc Depth: 79 cm **GRL-**1067-S

Weight: 27.8 mg Species: Macoma calcarea

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings, W. F. Manley

Sample Notes: A large, paired, articulated valve. One valve was archived. The valves are thin.

fragile, and well-preserved, with portions of the periostracum preserved.

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in dw, leached 80%, and washed in dw.

Stratigraphic Relations: The section at this core site comprises 9 meters of acoustically stratified glacial marine sediments that are underlain by 3 to 4 meters of ice-contact sediments, and overlain by approximately 1 meter of possible postglacial sediments (MacLean et al., 1994). Upslope, the glacial marine sediments are transitional to ice-contact sediments at about 380 meters present water depth.

Comment: See Comment CAMS-17401.

Date: 9430 ± 50 **Lab. No:** CAMS-25764 Corrected Age: 8980 ± 50

Depth: 260-262.5 cm **GRL-**1231-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 7.1 mg Species: Nuculana sp

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: Paired valves with periostracum. Too small for acid leach. Sample Pre-treatment: Mollusc found in sample taken for dating foraminifera.

Stratigraphic Relations: Dated mollusc from near the top of the glacial-marine sediments.

Comment: See Comment CAMS-17401.

Date: 9060 ± 60 **Lab. No:** CAMS-25761 Corrected Age: 8610 ± 60 **Depth:** 600-620 cm **GRL-**1232-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 5.3 mg Species: Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: Two species of typical ice-proximal benthic foraminifera picked from earliest peak in benthic foraminiferal abundance. 1431 Elphidium excavatum clavata and 630 Cassidulina reniforme.

Stratigraphic Relations: Dated sample from glacial marine sediments at the earliest small peak in benthic foraminiferal abundance.

Comment: See Comment CAMS-17401.

Date: 10,500 ± 110 **Depth:** 738-762 cm **Lab. No:** CAMS-17401 Corrected Age: $10,050 \pm 110$

GRL-1143-S **Material:** Mixed

Weight: ca. 1 mg Species: Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: "Atlantic" species, Cassidulina teretis, and other non ice-proximal species including Pyrgo williamsoni, but no Elphidium excavatum or C. reniforme. Protoconchs of molluscs of various sp., mainly paired valves and a few ostracods. Had to go through 10 samples to get enough material for a date!

Stratigraphic Relations: Base of core is in glacial-marine sediments about 1 m above basal till in the Eastern Basin. This date was submitted to constrain the timing of ice retreat from the shelf. Comment: (AEJ & BM) The section at this core site comprises 9 meters of acoustically stratified glacial marine sediments that are underlain by 3 to 4 meters of ice-contact sediments, and overlain by approximately 1 meter of postglacial sediments. Upslope, the glacial marine sediments are transitional to ice-contact sediments at about 380 meters present water depth. This ca. 8 m core collected glacial marine and thin postglacial sediments overlying till. The core did not penetrate as close to the till as 93034-002, but sedimentological and foraminiferal analyses suggest that it terminates in ice-proximal sediments. The mollusc that provided the upper mollusc date (AA-13055) in -004 was in growth position, and may have burrowed a short distance into slightly older sediments below the glacial-marine - postglacial boundary; other dates in the core and in Hudson Strait suggest that AA-13055 provides a reasonable timing for the onset of postglacial conditions in the Eastern Basin. The date near the base of the core (CAMS-17401) was derived from a broad interval with a low faunal content. Based on the much younger date on the earliest benthic foraminiferal peak (CAMS-25761) we suggest that the 10,050 BP date is on reworked material.

Core: HU93034-006 PC

Location: North of the Eastern Basin, in an isolated basin about 45 km southeast of Pritzler

Harbour

Lat: 61° 46.45'N **Long:** 66° 51.74'W **Water Depth:** 223 m

Date: 9025 ± 90 **Lab. No:** AA-13173 **Corrected Age:** 8575 ± 90

Depth: 380 cm GRL-1071-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 7.1 mg Species: Portlandia arctica Contributor(s): B. MacLean, W.F. Manley, A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: Single valve from pristine, well preserved, fragile, articulated, paired valve;

other valve has been archived; before washing contained periostracum.

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in distilled water (dw), leached 35% with HCl, and washed

in dw.

Comment: (BM) The core locality is in a small submarine valley on the north side of Hudson Strait 25 km offshore Meta Incognita Peninsula. The section at the core site comprises approximately 2 m of acoustically relatively transparent sediments that overlie approximately 3 m of acoustically stratified sediments, which appear to be transitional to ice-contact sediments present on both the north and south sides of the valley. The dated interval is from the acoustically stratified beds, which are inferred to be glaciomarine.

Core: HU93034-029 PC

Location: Northwestern flank of the Eastern Basin

Lat: 61° 15.04'N **Long:** 67° 32.95'W **Water Depth:** 430 m

Date: 11070 ± 60 . **Lab. No:** CAMS-18689 **Corrected Age:** 10620 ± 60

Depth: 280-285 cm GRL- Material: Mixed

Weight: 1.9 mg Species: Mixed

Contributor(s): B. MacLean

Sample Notes: Foraminifera and mollusc fragments

Comment: (BM) The dated material is from the upper 1.5 m of a 6 m glaciomarine sediment sequence on the lower part of the northern flank of Eastern Basin in Hudson Strait. Underlying glaciomarine sediments laterally are transitional to ice-contact sediments approximately 1 km upslope. This date appears to be a little old relative to other dates from this sequence.

Core: HU93034-031 PC

Location: The western flank of the Eastern Basin

Lat: 61° 08.25'N **Long:** 68° 01.73'W **Water Depth:** 454 m

Date: 8920 ± 60 Lab. No: CAMS-18688 Corrected Age: 8470 ± 60

Depth: 397-400 cm GRL- Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 3.5 mg Species: Elphidium excavatum

Contributor(s): B. MacLean Sample Notes: NSRL-2376

Ungava Bay

Core: HU90023-034 LCF

Location: Eastern Ungava Bay, about 115 km east-southeast of Akpatok Island Lat: 59° 59.41'N Long: 65° 44.03'W Water Depth: 112 m

Date: 8240 ± 150 **Lab. No:** CAMS-10359 **Corrected Age:** 7790 ± 150

Depth: 70-75 cm GRL-1046-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 1.0 mg Species: Mixed Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: Mixed foraminiferal species, mainly benthic. C. reniforme, E. excavatum

clavata, F. fusiformis and 8 more species.

Comment: (JTA, BM) The section at the core site comprises three acoustic stratigraphic units: glacial drift (ice-contact sediments) at the base, overlain by acoustically weakly stratified sediments (interpreted by G. Vilks and A. Silis from foraminiferal assemblages to represent mainly glacial marine environmental conditions), overlain by a thin postglacial sequence at the top of the section (MacLean et al., 1991). The dated interval is from the upper part of the glacial marine sequence. It indicates that ice had retreated onto the Ungava platform by at least 7.8 ka, however, analysis of the sediments from HU90023-045 in the Eastern Basin (to the north) suggests that Ungava Bay was still supplying glacially derived sediment into Eastern Basin after retreat of ice westward along Hudson Strait (Andrews et al., 1995).

Core: HU90023-036 LCF

Location: Eastern Ungava Bay, about 10 km west of HU90023-034

Lat: 59° 57.8'N **Long:** 65° 53.89'W **Water Depth:** 332 m

Stratigraphic Relations: Prograding postglacial sediments locally overlie glaciomarine sediments adjacent to the central platform in the marginal channel in eastern Ungava Bay (MacLean

et al., 1991; G. Vilks, unpub.; Andrews et al., in press).

Date: 6630 ± 70 **Lab. No:** TO-2456 **Corrected Age:** 6180 ± 70

Depth: 241 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc

Weight: 306 mg Species: Macoma calcarea

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, G. Vilks

Sample Notes: Mollusc valves.

Date: 6850 ± 70 **Lab. No:** TO-2457 **Corrected Age:** 6400 ± 70

Depth: 372 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc

Weight: 363 mg Species: Macoma calcarea

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, G. Vilks

Sample Notes: Mollusc valves.

Date: 7260 ± 70 **Lab. No:** TO-2458 **Corrected Age:** 6810 ± 70

Depth: 828-829 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc

Weight: 304 mg Species: Macoma calcarea

Contributor(s): B. MacLean, G. Vilks Sample Notes: Mollusc fragments.

Comment: (BM) The three dated interval are from the postglacial prograded sediment sequence

(MacLean et al., 1991).

Core: HU93034-036 PC

Location: Southern Ungava Bay

Lat: 59° 32.03'N Long: 67° 13.20'W Water Depth: 297 m

Date: 890 ± 80 Lab. No: Beta-75312 Corrected Age: Material: Mollusc

Weight: Species: Macoma sp.

Contributor(s): C. Schafer et al.

Sample Notes: Single valve indicated on core description. Also CAMS-15664.

Stratigraphic Relations: From a sequence of postglacial sediments twenty or more meters

thick that overlies inferred glaciomarine sediments in southern Ungava Bay.

Comment: (CS) Chronologic data are from "The pre-modern (Little Ice Age) marine

environment in Hudson Strait: Characterristics of benthic foraminifera assemblages" by Schafer et

al. in prep.

Date: 1280 ± 60 Lab. No: Beta- Corrected Age: Material: Mollusc

Weight: Species: Colus sp.

Contributor(s): C. Schafer et al.

Sample Notes: Paired.

Stratigraphic Relations: From a sequence of postglacial sediments twenty or more meters

thick that overlies inferred glaciomarine sediments in southern Ungava Bay.

Comment: (CS) Chronologic data are from "The pre-modern (Little Ice Age) marine

environment in Hudson Strait: Characterristics of benthic foraminifera assemblages" by Schafer et al. in prep.

Date: 1380 ± 90 Lab. No: Beta-75311 Corrected Age: Material: Mollusc

Weight: Species: Clinocardium sp.

Contributor(s): C. Schafer et al. Sample Notes: Also CAMS-15663.

Stratigraphic Relations: From a sequence of postglacial sediments twenty or more meters

thick that overlies inferred glaciomarine sediments in southern Ungava Bay.

Comment: (CS) Chronologic data are from "The pre-modern (Little Ice Age) marine

environment in Hudson Strait: Characterristics of benthic foraminifera assemblages" by Schafer et

al. in prep.

Date: 2850 ± 60 Lab. No: Beta-78141 Corrected Age: Material: Mollusc

Weight: Species: Contributor(s): C. Schafer et al.

Sample Notes: Bivalve fragments (x-ray shows paired valves). Also CAMS-17275.

Stratigraphic Relations: From a sequence of postglacial sediments twenty or more meters

thick that overlies inferred glaciomarine sediments in southern Ungava Bay.

Comment: (CS) Chronologic data are from "The pre-modern (Little Ice Age) marine

environment in Hudson Strait: Characterristics of benthic foraminifera assemblages" by Schafer et

al. in prep.

Date: 3140 ± 60 Lab. No: Beta-78139 Corrected Age: Material: Mollusc

Weight: Species: Hydrobia sp.

Contributor(s): C. Schafer et al.

Sample Notes: Gastropod. Also CAMS-17273.

Stratigraphic Relations: From a sequence of postglacial sediments twenty or more meters

thick that overlies inferred glaciomarine sediments in southern Ungava Bay.

Comment: (CS) Chronologic data are from "The pre-modern (Little Ice Age) marine

environment in Hudson Strait: Characterristics of benthic foraminifera assemblages" by Schafer et al. in prep.

Core: HU93034-038 PC

Location: Southeast Ungava Bay

Lat: 59° 38.17'N **Long:** 66° 13.07'W **Water Depth:** 376 m

Date: 8670 ± 60 **Lab. No:** CAMS-18690 **Corrected Age:** 8220 ± 60

Depth: 940 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc Weight: 19 mg Species:

Weight: 19 mg Spec Contributor(s): B. MacLean Sample Notes: NSRL-2374

Comment: (BM) The dated sample is from approximately 3.5 m below the top of a 9-m-thick

glaciomarine sequence.

SOUTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND SHELF Hatton Basin

Core: HU84035-014 PC

Location: South-central Hatton Basin

Lat: 60° 59.2'N **Long:** 62° 27.3'W **Water Depth:** 605 m

Date: 8785 ± 60 **Lab. No:** AA-10652 **Corrected Age:** 8335 ± 60

Depth: 82 cm GRL-992-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 12.6 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Scaphopod shells identified by N. Weiner. Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in distilled water.

Date: $10,790 \pm 70$ **Lab. No:** AA-10653 **Corrected Age:** $10,340 \pm 70$

Depth: 514-517 cm GRL-993-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 3.7 mg Species: Mixed

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Comment: (AEJ, JTA) This core was collected from ice-berg scoured glacial marine sediments of acoustic unit 2b in eastern Hatton Basin (Praeg et al., 1986; Evans, 1990). A date of 8905±70 yr BP (AA-4255) at 80 cm was reported in Kaufman and Williams (1992) and Evans (1990). Two additional dates are reported here. The MS record of this core and the distribution of dates are very similar to those of 92028-158 PC, which is also from the Hatton Basin (Jennings et al., 1995). The date of 10.34 ka near the base of the core is on a relatively low foraminiferal abundance zone dominated by *Elphidium excavatum*. Similar dates ca. 10.3 ka from 92028-158 have been shown to be too old by ca. 0.7 ka (see below). Core site and geotechnical properties are outlined in Silva et al. (1985) and Josenhans et al. (1986).

Core: HU84035-016 PC

Location: Western edge of Hatton Basin

Lat: 60° 59.8'N **Long:** 63° 11.4′W Water Depth: 603 m

Date: 8450 ± 70 **Lab. No:** AA-11882 Corrected Age: 8000 ± 70

Depth: 12-15 cm **GRL-**1042-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 240 mg Speci Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews Species: Dentalium sp.

Comment: (AEJ) The acoustic stratigraphy, litho- and biostratigraphy of this core from the westernmost margin of Hatton Basin were described by Evans (1990). This 5.2 m core collected sediments of acoustic facies 1a, which was considered to be till by (Praeg et al., 1986), but which Evans (1990) suggests is ice-loaded but undisturbed glacial-marine sediments at this site. The age of 8 ka at the top of this core is similar to other core top ages from Hatton Basin (Kaufman and Williams. 1992; Andrews et al., 1994).

Core: HU92028-158 PC

Location: Southwestern Hatton Basin, about 26 km west of HU84035-014 **Lat:** 61° 0.00'N **Long:** 62° 55.57'W Water Depth: 622 m

Date: 4110 ± 80 **Lab. No:** CAMS-25763 Corrected Age: 3660 ± 80 Depth: top **GRL-1172-S** Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 2.2 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: 305 sinistral specimens. Stratigraphic Relations: Core top age.

Comment: Foraminiferal data and the date confirm presence of thin (ca. 20 cm) postglacial

sediments in the core. See comment AA-15698.

Date: $*9145 \pm 75$ **Lab. No:** AA-17392 Corrected Age: 8695 ± 75 **Depth:** 75-80 cm **GRL-**1172-S Material: Foraminifera

Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma Weight: 7.2 mg

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: 800 Specimens. * Mass-corrected age; mass uncorrected age was 9400 ± 100 .

Comment: See comment AA-15698.

Date: 9440 ± 110 **Lab. No:** CAMS-18449 Corrected Age: 8990 ± 110 **GRL-**1150-S Material: Foraminifera **Depth:** 175-179 cm

Weight: **Species:** Cassidulina teretis Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings, J.T. Andrews, D. Barber

Comment: See comment AA-15698.

Date: $*10.225 \pm 100$ **Lab. No:** AA-17393 Corrected Age: 9775 ± 100 **Depth:** 425-430 cm **GRL-**1173-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 3.4 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: 600 Specimens; * Mass corrected age; mass-uncorrected age was 10,105 ±

100.

Comment: See comment AA-15698.

Lab. No: AA-10258 **Date:** $10,695 \pm 85$ Corrected Age: $10,245 \pm 85$

Material: Mollusc Depth: 480 cm **GRL-**1029-S

Weight: 4.2 mg Species: Portlandia(?) Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: One of several small, angular, apparently not reworked mollusc shell

fragments. The fragments might all be from the same individual, but one was selected for dating to eliminate a possibly mixed assemblage of ages. Fragment is of a taxodont mollusc, probably *Portlandia arctica*.

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in distilled water.

Stratigraphic Relations: From undated core 92-158 (total length 1140 cm). The sample is from acoustically well stratified sediment, and correlates to a level 330 cm below a date of 8.9 ka in core 84-14, based on magnetic susceptibility measurements.

Comment: See comment AA-15698.

Date: $10,800 \pm 130$ **Lab. No:** AA-12029 **Corrected Age:** $10,350 \pm 130$

Depth: 750-755 cm GRL-1044-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 2.5 mg Species: Elphidium excavatum

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews Comment: See comment AA-15698.

Date: 3085 ± 70 Lab. No: AA-11583 Corrected Age: 2635 ± 70 Depth: 770-780 cm GRL-1009-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 1.5 mg Species: Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Mixed forams, benthics and planktics

Comment: (AEJ) This date makes absolutely no sense relative to any of the other dates in the core. We think that it is a mistake in reporting from the AMS laboratory and do not consider it to be valid. See comment AA-15698.

Date: $10,070 \pm 95$ Lab. No: AA-15698 Corrected Age: 9620 ± 95 Depth: 900-905 cm GRL-1127-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 4.3 mg Species: Nonionellina labradorica

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings Sample Notes: 268 Specimens

Comment: (AEJ) The core sampled 11 m of the ca. 25 m of glacial-marine sediments in the western part of the Hatton Basin. The two more reliable ages from glacial-marine sediments in this core (AA-15698 and CAMS- 18449) are on "Atlantic" foraminiferal species from abundance peaks associated with peaks in whole-core magnetic susceptibility (Jennings et al., 1995). Because AA-15698 is 0.6 to 0.7 ka younger than AA-10258 and AA-12029 on Portlandia shells and Elphidium excavatum clavata, respectively, it shows either that the older dates are on reworked materials, or that there are significant reservoir-age differences with depth in the core. The "Atlantic" fauna generally occurs in relatively high foraminiferal abundance zones associated with a reduced influx of glacial sediments (i.e. MS peaks). The upper "Atlantic" date, CAMS-18449 (=8990 BP) appeared to correlate with the date of 9055 (AA-13172) on a similar magnetic susceptibility peak in 93034-002 from the Eastern Basin of Hudson Strait. Subsequent dating has shown that in 93034-002 these materials are reworked. However, the presence of similar aged materials in the two basins suggests that the basins were free of glacial ice at this time. The lowermost date (AA-15698) indicates that at least the upper 11 m of the glacial-marine section in western Hatton Basin was deposited after ca. 9.6 ka, which corresponds to the end of the Gold Cove Advance (Kaufman et al., 1993).

Frobisher Bay

Core: HU82034-068 PC

Location: Mouth of Frobisher Bay, about 15 km northeast of Potter Island

Lat: 62° 13.3'N Long: 65° 40.2'W Water Depth: 311 m

Date: 7830 ± 120 **Lab.** No: AA-4918 **Corrected Age:** 7380 ± 120

Depth: 9-10.5 cm GRL-915-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 12.2 mg Species: Cibicides lobatulus

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Comment: (JTA) For discussion see Andrews and Stravers (1993) and Kaufman and Williams

(1992).

Core: HU90023-001 TWC

Location: Deep central trough of Frobisher Bay, about 15 km southwest of Chase Island

Lat: 62° 52.57'N Long: 67° 07.46'W Water Depth: 538 m

Date: 1745 ± 160 **Lab. No:** AA-11432 **Corrected Age:** 1295 ± 160

Depth: 102 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc

Weight: 47.2 mg Species: Nuculana sp.

Contributor(s): M. Duvall

Sample Notes: Paired valve from well up in the postglacial sediments. Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated, mechanical cleaning, 40% acid leach

Comment: (MD) Late Holocene age for the top of the core. See Duvall (1993) and comments

below.

Core: HU90023-001 LCF

Location: Deep central trough of Frobisher Bay, about 15 km southwest of Chase Island

Lat: 62° 52.57'N Long: 67° 07.46'W Water Depth: 538 m

Date: 6220 ± 130 **Lab. No:** AA-11433 **Corrected Age:** 5770 ± 130

Depth: 400-405 cm GRL-1021-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 6.3 mg Species: Nonionellina labradorica

Contributor(s): M. Duvall

Sample Notes: Forams and diatoms.

Comment: (MD) Provides an age for the onset of postglacial sedimentation in Frobisher Bay.

See Duvall (1993).

Date: 7795 ± 165 Lab. No: AA-11434 Corrected Age: 7345 ± 165 Depth: 640-645 cm GRL-1020-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 4.3 mg Species: Mixed

Contributor(s): M. Duvall

Sample Notes: Mixed forams. Also has a lot of diatoms

Comment: (MD) Dates the beginning of a short glacial pulse probably associated with local ice

expansion on Meta Incognita Peninsula. See Duvall (1993).

Date: 8305 ± 170 **Lab. No:** AA-11435 **Corrected Age:** 7855 ± 170 **Depth:** 920-923 cm **GRL-**1019-S **Material:** Foraminifera

Weight: 5.6 mg Species: Mixed

Contributor(s): M. Duvall

Sample Notes: Mixed forams. Also has a lot of diatoms

Comment: (MD) Just below a short section of more ice distal sediment seen from preliminary foram study, this date provides a minimum age for end of the Noble Inlet advance in Frobisher

Bay. See Duvall (1993).

Date: 8750 ± 165 **Lab. No:** AA-11436 **Corrected Age:** 8300 ± 165

Depth: 1020-1025 cm **GRL-**1018-S **Material:** Foraminifera

Weight: 7.3 mg Species: Mixed

Contributor(s): M. Duvall

Sample Notes: Mixed forams. Low foram abundance.

Comment: (MD) Dates the Cockburn advance in Frobisher Bay. See Duvall (1993).

Date: 8715 ± 165 **Lab. No:** AA-11437 **Corrected Age:** 8265 ± 165 **Depth:** 1200-1205 cm **GRL-**1017-S **Material:** Foraminifera

Depth: 1200-1205 cm **GRL-**1017-S **Species:** Mixed

Contributor(s): M. Duvall Sample Notes: Mixed forams.

Comment: (MD) Dates the Cockburn Advance in Frobisher Bay. See Duvall (1993).

Date: 8865 ± 165 **Lab. No:** AA-11438 **Corrected Age:** 8415 ± 165

Depth: 1380-1385 cm GRL-1023-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 7.2 mg Species: Portlandia sp.

Contributor(s): M. Duvall

Sample Notes: Well preserved, paired valve. Not found together, but appears to fit.

Sample Pre-treatment: sonicated plus 30% acid leach

Comment: (MD) Just predates the Cockburn advance in Frobisher Bay. Considered a reliable

basal date for core 90-023-001. See Duvall (1993).

Date: 9305 ± 85 **Lab. No:** AA-17265 **Corrected Age:** 8855 ± 85

Depth: 1380-1385 cm GRL- Material: Mollusc

Weight: 13.4 mg Species: Portlandia sp.

Contributor(s): M. Duvall

Sample Notes: Non-reworked paired valve. Well preserved with teeth and periostracum still

intact.

Sample Pre-treatment: 33% HCl leach.

Comment: (MD, WFM) Suggests that base of the core is slightly older than previously believed, i.e., nearly as old as the onset of the Cockburn substage. Given the error on the other date from this interval, this determination is probably more reliable, and correlates more closely with the Noble Inlet advance (Duvall, 1993; Manley, 1995).

NORTHERN LABRADOR SHELF

Karlsefni Trough

Core: HU77021-067 PC

Location: Karlsefni Trough

Lat: 58° 48.9'N **Long:** 61° 57.28'W **Water Depth:** 199 m

Date: 2480 ± 110 **Lab. No:** AA-11870 **Corrected Age:** 2030 ± 110

Depth: 9-13 cm GRL-1030-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 10.3 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Mixed forams. This sample replaces GRL-997-S, same core, depth 5-8 cm. No

specifics about species submitted. **Stratigraphic Relations:** Core top.

Comment: (JTA) This and HU75-62 (??check?) are described in Veldhuyzen (1981). The age at this depth indicates a slow upper Holocene rate of sediment accumulation although some sediment

was probably lost during the coring operation.

Core: HU87033-015 LCF

Location: Labrador shelf off of Saglek Fjord

Lat: 58° 45.83'N Long: 62° 15.39'W Water Depth: 188 m

Date: 2070 ± 65 **Lab. No:** AA-14205 **Corrected Age:** 1620 ± 65

Depth: 26 cm GRL-1093-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 22.6 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, A.E. Jennings, F. Hall

Sample Notes: Bivalve fragments of unknown genus and species.

Date: 8940 ± 70 **Lab. No:** AA-13241 **Corrected Age:** 8490 ± 70

Depth: 88 cm GRL-1085-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 11.16 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, A.E. Jennings, F. Hall

Sample Notes: broken bivalves of unknown genus and species.

Date: 8605 ± 85 **Lab. No:** AA-14206 **Corrected Age:** 8155 ± 85

Depth: 194 cm GRL-1094-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 23.9 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, A.E. Jennings, F. Hall

Sample Notes: Bivalve fragments of unknown genus and species.

Sample Pre-treatment: Washed with distilled water over 63 µm sieve and air dried. Fragments

picked from sand with brush.

Date: 8650 ± 85 **Lab. No:** AA-14207 **Corrected Age:** 8200 ± 85

Depth: 444 cm GRL-1095-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 34.6 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, A.E. Jennings, F. Hall

Sample Notes: Bivalve fragments of unknown genus and species.

Sample Pre-treatment: Washed with distilled water over 63 µm sieve and air dried. Fragments

picked from sand with brush.

Date: 32.820 ± 530 **Lab. No:** AA-15696 **Corrected Age:** $32,370 \pm 530$

Depth: 600 cm **GRL-1125-S Material:** Mollusc

Weight: 47 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, A.E. Jennings, F. Hall

Sample Notes: Unidentifiable bivalve fragment

Date: $27,465 \pm 360$ **Lab. No:** AA-15697 **Corrected Age:** $27,015 \pm 360$

Depth: 800 cm GRL-1126-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 3.6 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, A.E. Jennings, F. Hall

Sample Notes: Mixed benthic species. Mainly E. excavatum clavata, I. helenae, and C. reniforme.

Date: $>42,000 \pm$ Lab. No: AA-11881 Corrected Age:

Depth: 1032-1037 cm GRL-1041-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 1.8 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, A.E. Jennings, F. Hall

Sample Notes: Mixed Foraminifera

Comment: (JTA) This giant piston core was recovered from a basin on the northern Labrador shelf. Work is in progress on the rock magnetic properties and stratigraphy (F. Hall, Univ. of Delaware). The date at 444 cm (AA-14207; 8.2 ka) marks the transition from high to low magnetic susceptibility (MS) values. The basal date of > 42 ka on mixed species of benthic foraminifera was taken from another low MS interval. Rates of sediment accumulation were rapid between 444 and 88 cm and reworking of sediments is indicated by dating reversals. Additional samples from < 1000 cm and >400 cm are being prepared for radiocarbon dating. The dates of ca. 8 ka are in keeping with other dates obtained from cores in Karlsefni Trough (Veldhuyzen, 1981), on the northern Labrador shelf.

NORTHERN LABRADOR SEA

Core: HU75009-IV-056 TWC

Location: About 330 km east of Hudson Strait

Lat: 61° 26.9'N **Long:** 58° 33.5'W **Water Depth:** 2434 m

Date: 8575 ± 75 Lab. No: AA-15689 Corrected Age: 8125 ± 75 Depth: 21-23 cm GRL-1118-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 9.0 mg **Species:** Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews
Sample Notes: 1000 individuals

Stratigraphic Relations: At the base of a detrital carbonate layer.

Comment: The location of this date near the base of a carbonate-rich layer and the core top provide sufficient reason to suggest the date is re-worked and hence too old. See AA-9067 for complete write up.

Date: 6615 ± 115 Lab. No: AA-13352 Corrected Age: 6165 ± 115 Depth: 60 cm GRL-1086-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 8.4 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Weight: 8.4 mg Speci Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: 1120 specimens. Replacement for GRL 1057-S which was lost by TAMS.

Stratigraphic Relations: Within a DC event.

Comment: Sample is within a DC event. If this DC event is correlative to the upper event in the PC then detrital carbonate of this event was being delivered to this site beginning ca 8.6 ka (AA-11586) and was still going on at 7.5 ka (AA-12893) and at 6.1 ka. This DC event must be different than the Pleistocene events in the region since apparently there are foraminifera available for dating throughout the event. See AA-9067 for complete write up.

Core: HU75009-IV-056 PC

Location: About 330 km east of Hudson Strait

Lat: 61° 26.9'N Long: 58° 33.5'W Water Depth: 2434 m

Date: 7985 ± 85 Lab. No: AA-12893 Corrected Age: 7535 ± 85 Depth: 15 cm GRL-1056-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 8 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews Sample Notes: 1000 specimens.

Stratigraphic Relations: Sample from within a DC event at the core top.

Comment: Holocene core top and delivery of detrital carbonate. Onset of delivery of detrital carbonate at ca 8.6 ka at 30 cm (AA-11586). This date would suggest that the associated carbonate event is different from the other Pleistocene carbonate events because of the presence of foraminifera and the great length of time over which the event occurs. See AA-9067 for complete

write up.

Date: 9085 ± 85 Lab. No: AA-11586Corrected Age: 8635 ± 85 Depth: 30 cmGRL-1012-SMaterial: Foraminifera

Weight: 12.8 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Unknown number of specimens

Stratigraphic Relations: Sample from the base of a DC event.

Comment: Suggests a younger DC event than previously anticipated. Additionally, this date is

associated with small dolomite % peak. See AA-9067 for a complete write up.

Date: $11,390 \pm 100$ **Lab. No:** AA-11587 **Corrected Age:** $10,940 \pm 100$

Depth: 70 cm GRL-1013-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 12.0 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: unknown number of specimens

Stratigraphic Relations: From the base of a significant dolomite rise which is interpreted as

DC-0.

Comment: This date helps to define the location and probable existence of DC-0. See AA-9067

for complete write up.

Date: $11,750 \pm 105$ **Lab. No:** AA-15690 **Corrected Age:** $11,300 \pm 105$

Depth: 79-81 cm GRL-1119-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 8.2 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews Sample Notes: 1000 individuals

Stratigraphic Relations: 10 cm above the proposed termination of DC-1 and a bottom date for

the suggested location of DC-0.

Comment: Date was supposed to bracket the falling limb of DC-1 but the sample depth is too far away from DC-1 termination depth. Instead, the age is a good indicator of DC-0 initiation in the Labrador Sea. See AA-9067 for a complete write up.

Date: $17,670 \pm 140$ **Lab. No:** AA-11588 **Corrected Age:** $17,220 \pm 140$

Depth: 140 cm GRL-1014-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 16.2 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Number of specimens unknown

Stratigraphic Relations: In between DC-2 and DC-1 in hemipelagic sediment.

Comment: Suggests that these DC events are indeed DC-1 and DC-2, the equivalents of H-1 and H-2 in the North Atlantic. Age is probably too young for a good event termination age. See AA-9067 for complete write up.

Date: $18,270 \pm 140$ **Lab. No:** AA-15691 **Corrected Age:** $17,820 \pm 140$

Depth: 151-154 cm GRL-1120-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 12.3 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews Sample Notes: 1000 individuals

Stratigraphic Relations: From the top of a carbonate layer.

Comment: Dates the termination of DC-2 deposition in the Labrador Sea. See AA-9067 for

complete write up.

Date: $21,970 \pm 195$ **Lab. No:** AA-15692 **Corrected Age:** $21,520 \pm 195$

Depth: 196-199 cm GRL-1121-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 15.5 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews Sample Notes: 1200 individuals

Stratigraphic Relations: From the bottom of a carbonate layer.

Comment: This date helps to define the beginning of DC-2 deposition in the Labrador Sea. See

AA-9067 for complete write up.

Date: $23,880 \pm 240$ **Lab.** No: AA-11589 **Corrected Age:** $23,430 \pm 240$

Depth: 235-238 cm GRL-1015-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 13.4 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Unknown number of specimens Stratigraphic Relations: Directly above DC-3.

Comment: Date came out younger than expected; the date at the base of DC-3 (AA-9067) was 33165±600. Whether or not this date represents the real age for the termination of DC-3 is not understood. See AA-9067 for complete write up.

Date: $37,935 \pm 1020$ **Lab. No:** AA-15693 **Corrected Age:** $37,485 \pm 1020$

Depth: 350 cm GRL-1122-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 8.8 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews Sample Notes: 828 individuals

Stratigraphic Relations: Base of carbonate layer.

Comment: I suggest that this date is too old for the core location. The presence of a thick (@50cm) sand layer is evidence that the date represents a reworked sample. Therefore I do not believe this date is good for bracketing DC-3. See AA-9067 for complete write up.

Date: $33,615 \pm 600$ **Lab. No:** AA-9067 **Corrected Age:** $33,165 \pm 600$

Depth: 374-376 cm GRL-986-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 6.8 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews Sample Notes: 605 specimens

Stratigraphic Relations: Near the base of a carbonate layer. This date may be from the rising limb of DC-3; but the sample depth is 20-25 cm below the proposed carbonate layer boundary. Comment: (MEK) Core -056 contains DC-1, DC-2, DC-3 and DC-0 (Andrews and Tedesco, 1992; Andrews et al., 1995). Two additional carbonate layers, which may be detrital carbonate events, occur in the upper part of the section. The lower of these two events dates ca. 8-6 ka, but the age of the upper event is poorly constrained (Kirby, in prep). DC-1 and DC-2 are equivalent to Heinrich Events 1 and 2 (Andrews and Tedesco, 1992) but it remains unclear which of the Hevents is correlative to DC-3 (Kirby, in prep., Jennings et al., in press). Jennings et al., (in press) and Kirby (in prep) hypothesized that DC-3 is equivalent to H-4.

Core: HU75009-IV-057 TWC

Location: About 310 km southeast of Cumberland Sound

Lat: 63° 00.09'N Long: 58° 10.79'W Water Depth: 999 m

Date: $16,800 \pm 135$ **Lab. No:** AA-14685 **Corrected Age:** $16,350 \pm 135$

Depth: 55 cm GRL-1113-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 1.66 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews Sample Notes: 200 specimens

Stratigraphic Relations: near the base of the TWC

Date: $18,865 \pm 175$ **Lab. No:** AA-14216 **Corrected Age:** $18,415 \pm 175$

Depth: 55 cm GRL-1104-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 3.95 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: 400 foraminifera to test effect on age of sample weight. Sample from the same

level as GRL 1105-S.

Stratigraphic Relations: near the base of TWC

Date: $18,475 \pm 145$ **Lab. No:** AA-14217 **Corrected Age:** $18,025 \pm 145$

Depth: 55 cm GRL-1105-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 5.77 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: 700 foraminifera to test effect on age of sample weight.

Stratigraphic Relations: near the base of the TWC

Date: $19,565 \pm 160$ **Lab. No:** AA-14204 **Corrected Age:** $19,115 \pm 160$

Depth: 55 cm GRL-1092-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 8.13 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews
Sample Notes: 1400 specimens

Stratigraphic Relations: near the base of the TWC.

Date: $19,215 \pm 150$ **Lab. No:** AA-15708 **Corrected Age:** $18,765 \pm 150$

Depth: 55 cm GRL-1137-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 12.44 mg **Species:** Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, M. Kirby

Sample Notes: 1200 sinistral pachys. Test for age determination vs. sample weight in old

samples. See GRL 1092-S, 1104-S, 1105-S, 1113-S. Stratigraphic Relations: near the base of the TWC

Comment: (MEK) Five samples from the same level (55 cm) in this TWC were submitted to test the effect of sample weight on the 14-C age. The samples are: AA-14685; 1.66 mg; 16350 ± 135 ; AA-14216; 3.95 mg; $18,415 \pm 175$; AA-14217; 5.77 mg; $18,025 \pm 145$; AA-14204; 8.13 mg; $19,115 \pm 160$; AA-15708; and 12.44 mg; 18,765+/-150. Based on these results, there is a relationship between sample age and the sample weight. For samples around 20 ka, a minimum weight of 4 mg of calcium carbonate should be submitted. A sample that is too light in weight will yield an age which is too young. See Donahue et al. (1990), Kirby (in prep.).

Core: HU75009-IV-057 PC

Location: About 310 km southeast of Cumberland Sound

Lat: 63° 00.09'N **Long:** 58° 10.97'W **Water Depth:** 999 m

Date: $33,170 \pm 590$ **Lab. No:** AA-9062 **Corrected Age:** $32,720 \pm 590$

Depth: 6-10 cm GRL-981-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 12.8 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews Sample Notes: 1400 specimens Stratigraphic Relations: Top of PC.

Comment: Either sediment in core is mixed up or the upper 30 ka of the Labrador Sea record is

missing at this site.

Date: >47,240 ± Lab. No: AA-9063 Corrected Age:

Depth: 98-100 cm GRL-982-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 13.9 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews Sample Notes: 1400 specimens

Stratigraphic Relations: Located near the middle of the core.

Comment: All of the dates in the PC are either close to or beyond the limit of radiocarbon dating. There are indications from the core photographs that this core is disturbed. See AA-9064 for a complete write up.

Date: $46,700 \pm 3000$ **Lab. No:** AA-9064 **Corrected Age:** $46,250 \pm 3000$

Depth: 197-200 cm GRL-983-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 13.3 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews
Sample Notes: 1100 specimens

Stratigraphic Relations: Near the base of the PC.

Comment: (MEK) The three dates in this piston core are all near the limit of the radiocarbon dating method. Either the sediments were deposited >30 ka or the top ca. 30 ka of the record is partly missing (see AA-9062, 6-10 cm in PC = ca. 33 ka). A date of @18.9 ka exists at 55 cm in the TWC, suggesting that the TWC sits stratigraphically above the PC. The stratigraphy and sedimentology of this core are discussed in Kirby (in prep).

Core: HU75009-IV-062 PC

Location: About 300 km southeast of Cumberland Sound

Lat: 62° 23.7'N Long: 59° 18.1'W Water Depth: 1510 m

Date: $20,840 \pm 180$ **Lab. No:** AA-10568 **Corrected Age:** $20,390 \pm 180$

Depth: 145 cm GRL-1002-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 6.8 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Weight: 6.8 mg Speci Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Number of specimens unknown

Comment: (JTA) The two dates are reversed and the weight of the submitted samples is probably not an explanation. However, the core was in poor shape and it is possible that materials were misplaced in storage. See AA-13231 in this date list.

Date: $13,055 \pm 120$ **Lab.** No: AA-13231 **Corrected Age:** $12,605 \pm 120$

Depth: 298-300 cm GRL-1075-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 6.8 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Number of specimens not documented.

Comment: This date is reversed from the other date in this core, AA-10568; 145 cm; 20.4 ka.

Maybe sediment disturbed or core upside down.

Core: HU87033-009 LCF

Location: About 290 km southeast of Cumberland Sound

Lat: 62° 30.99'N **Long:** 59° 26.82'W **Water Depth:** 1437 m

Date: $11,555 \pm 130$ **Lab. No:** AA-15659 **Corrected Age:** $11,105 \pm 130$

Depth: 450-452 cm GRL-1115-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 1.5 mg Species: Elphidium excavatum

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: 162 E. excavatum clavata and 9 E. excavatum excavatum.

Stratigraphic Relations: Sample from dark gray hemipelagic mud above DC-1. Depth chosen

on basis on peak in numbers per gram of shelf dwelling benthic foraminifera.

Comment: See comment AA-10569.

Date: $14,980 \pm 90$ **Lab. No:** AA-9364 **Corrected Age:** $14,530 \pm 90$

Depth: 500-501 cm GRL-990-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 3.8 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): K. Tedesco

Sample Notes: unknown number of sinistral specimens

Comment: This date is from the same level as AA-8034. The two dates are statistically identical. They were taken on the rising limb of DC-1 and therefore provide excellent constraint on the initiation of this DC event which is equivalent to H-1 in the North Atlantic. See also comment for AA-10569.

Date: $21,070 \pm 220$ **Lab. No:** AA-13230 **Corrected Age:** $20,620 \pm 220$

Depth: 710-712 cm GRL-1074-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 4.0 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): K. Tedesco

Sample Notes: Unknown number of specimens

Stratigraphic Relations: Base of DC-2. Sample from the rising limb of carbonate peak.

Actually within the very onset of the event.

Comment: Sample comes from planktic foram peak associated with the DC event. The age is considered to be very reliable and not reworked. Suggests that DC-2 began very close to 20.6 ka. See also comment for AA-10569.

Date: $34,010 \pm 675$ **Lab. No:** AA-10569 **Corrected Age:** $33,560 \pm 675$

Depth: 970-977 cm GRL-991-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 2.1 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Two samples combined to provide enough material for a date. 154 N.

pachyderma, 30 benthic specimens of which 14 were shelf dwellers.

Stratigraphic Relations: Interval above DC-3 to provide date for end of this carbonate event. Comment: (AEJ) Seven dates from this core were reported previously in Kaufman and Williams (1992). The four new dates in this list have been used by Andrews et al. (1994) and Jennings et al. (in press). AA-15659 is a date on an abundance peak of the shelf dweller Elphidium excavatum. The date is interpreted to suggest that Cumberland Sound ice advanced to or near to the shelf edge during the Younger Dryas. The upper 4.5 m of 87033-009 are sediments derived from Cumberland Sound ice advance and continued reworking of that material downslope after ice retreat into the sound. DC-0 in 009 as previously described by Andrews and Tedesco (1992) is a sediment gravity flow of Cumberland Sound derived sediment. AA-9364 is from the same level as AA-8034 (Kaufman and Williams, 1992). The two dates are statistically identical. They were taken on the rising limb of DC-1 and therefore provide excellent constraint on the initiation of this DC event which is equivalent to H-1 in the North Atlantic. AA-13230 comes from planktic foram peak on the rising limb of DC-2. This date suggests that DC-2 began very close to 20.6 ka. AA-10569

comes from a planktic peak on the falling limb of DC-3. The planktic specimens should be reliable for dating however the addition of a few shelf benthics contaminate the date and could make it slightly too old, depending on the age of the reworked material. This date on DC-3 compares pretty well with the date at base of DC-3 in 75009-IV-056 East of Hudson Strait, and it indicates that DC-3 is correlative with either H-3 or H-4 in the North Atlantic.

Core: IMP 77-1-2 PC

Location: About 240 km southeast of Cumberland Sound

Lat: 63° 28.2'N **Long:** 59° 06.5′W Water Depth: 880 m

Date: $11,080 \pm 95$ **Lab. No:** AA-14202 Corrected Age: $10,630 \pm 95$

Depth: 145 cm **GRL-1090-S** Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 3.7 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, A.E. Jennings Sample Notes: Mixed planktic and benthic species

Date: 12.970 ± 90 **Lab. No:** AA-13233 Corrected Age: $12,520 \pm 90$

Depth: 247-253 cm Material: Foraminifera **GRL-**1077-S

Species: Nonionellina labradorica Weight: 11.1 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: 312 specimens

Corrected Age: $13,830 \pm 205$ **Date:** 14.280 ± 205 **Lab. No:** AA-9355

Depth: 350-352 cm **GRL-987-S** Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 6.3 mg **Species:** Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, A.E. Jennings

Date: 16.575 ± 140 **Lab. No:** AA-13234 Corrected Age: $16,125 \pm 140$

Depth: 448-458 cm **GRL-**1078-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 11.1 mg **Species:** Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: 760 specimens

Date: $24,365 \pm 355$ **Lab. No:** AA-13235 Corrected Age: $23,825 \pm 355$

Depth: 795 cm **GRL-**1079-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 15.8 mg **Species:** Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: 1300 specimens

Date: $29,055 \pm 350$ **Lab. No:** AA-10658 Corrected Age: $28,605 \pm 350$

Depth: 826-829 cm GRL-998-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 5.7 mg Species: Neogloboque Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, A.E. Jennings **Species:** Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Sample Notes: 603 sinistral, 6 dextral. Identified by S. Senn and N. Weiner.

Comment: (AEJ, JTA) Dates from this 9.76 m core are in stratigraphic order. Detailed paleoceanographic information and facies analysis of this core were presented by Aksu and Mudie (1985), however the chronology was revised by Andrews et al. (1994) with use of two of the six radiocarbon dates presented in this date list. Facies analysis suggests that detrital carbonate events from the Hudson Strait (e.g. Andrews and Tedesco, 1992) and glacial erosion products from a Cumberland Sound ice stream (Jennings et al., in press) both are present in the core. The dates were obtained to secure a chronology of glacier fluctuations from these two ice streams. Three of the samples of N. pachyderma that were dated were originally separated by A.E. Aksu, and had

been given to A.R. Nelson for amino acid analysis. The samples were in storage at INSTAAR and Nelson and Aksu kindly allowed us to use them for dating.

Core: IMP 77-3-2 PC

Location: About 260 km southeast of Cumberland Sound

Lat: 63° 03'N Long: 59° 07'W Water Depth: 915 m

Date: $36,020 \pm 805$ **Lab. No:** AA-14218 **Corrected Age:** $35,570 \pm 805$

Depth: 105 cm GRL-1106-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 5.0 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Date: $28,050 \pm 335$ **Lab. No:** AA-15694 **Corrected Age:** $27,600 \pm 335$

Depth: 137-140 cm GRL-1123-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 12.8 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: 1100 sinistral individuals

Date: $41,800 \pm 1700$ **Lab. No:** AA-14219 **Corrected Age:** $41,350 \pm 1700$

Depth: 305 cm GRL-1107-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 5.5 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Date: $36,370 \pm 820$ **Lab. No:** AA-15695 **Corrected Age:** $35,920 \pm 820$

Depth: 787-790 cm GRL-1124-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 4.7 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: 578 sinistral individuals

Date: $36,870 \pm 970$ **Lab. No:** AA-14220 **Corrected Age:** $36,420 \pm 970$

Depth: 847 cm GRL-1108-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 2.6 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Comment: (AEJ, JTA) The five radiocarbon dates on this 10.67 m core beyond the reliable range of radiocarbon dating. Lithofacies analysis by Aksu and Mudie (1985) shows thick intervals of "Facies A", yellowish brown carbonate rich sediments which we suspect have a Hudson Strait source like similar detrital carbonate events in the NW Labrador Sea (e.g. Andrews and Tedesco, 1992), as well as "Facies C", black, kaolinite and smectite-rich muds which previous work would suggest have a source in Cumberland Sound (Jennings et al., in press). The old dates suggest that this core records much older DC events than have previously been studied in the NW Labrador Sea. Four of the samples of *N. pachyderma* that were dated were originally separated by A.E. Aksu, and had been given to A.R. Nelson for amino acid analysis. The samples were in storage at INSTAAR and Nelson and Aksu kindly allowed us to use them for dating.

Core: IMP 77-5-1 PC

Location: About 210 km southeast of Cumberland Sound

Lat: 62° 44.52'N **Long:** 60° 53.8'W **Water Depth:** 750 m

Date: $23,890 \pm 260$ **Lab. No:** AA-9356 **Corrected Age:** $23,440 \pm 260$

Depth: 350-352 cm **GRL-988-S Material:** Foraminifera

Weight: 5.4 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: 400 sinistral, 3 dextral

Comment: (AEJ, JTA) Multiple paleoceanographic proxies from this 10.62 m piston core were presented by Aksu and Mudie (1985). The chronology of the core was based upon comparison with marine isotope stratigraphy because their research was conducted prior to AMS radiocarbon dating of small carbonate samples. Based on AA-9356, Andrews et al. (1994) revised the chronology of this core, from extension to marine isotope stage 9 to stage 2. Dates from several other cores described by Aksu and Mudie (1985) from the continental slope off of Cumberland Sound also are presented in this date list.

Core: HU75009-IV-054 PC

Location: About 460 km northeast of Cumberland Sound

Lat: 63° 46'N Long: 55° 09.78'W Water Depth: 1169 m

Date: $21,210 \pm 190$ **Lab. No:** AA-14203 **Corrected Age:** $20,760 \pm 190$

Depth: 50-52 cm **GRL-1090-S Material:** Foraminifera

Weight: 12.2 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews Sample Notes: 1200 specimens

Stratigraphic Relations: Within or at top boundary of DC event.

Comment: (JTA) The date constrains the termination of a proposed DC-event, pre-DC-2. See

AA-13232 for complete write up.

Date: $22,210 \pm 255$ **Lab. No:** AA-8965 **Corrected Age:** $21,760 \pm 255$

Depth: 98-100 cm GRL-979-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 2.5 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Mixed benthic and planktic species: 184 N. pachyderma, 30 I. norcrossi, 25 M. zaandamae, 18 N. labradorica, 7 F. fusiformis, 4 B. elegantissima, 3 V. loeblichi, 2 E. excavata clavata, 1 C. teretis.

Stratigraphic Relations: Base of Detrital Carbonate (DC) event 2. Provides timing of initiation of event.

Comment: (JTA) Since DC-2 occurs so close to the top of this core there is a good probability that this long core will provide a record of the earlier DC events. See AA-13232 for complete write up.

Date: 30.175 ± 405 **Lab. No:** AA-8966 **Corrected Age:** 29.725 ± 405

Depth: 197-200 cm **GRL-980-S Material:** Foraminifera

Weight: 11.5 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews Sample Notes: 999 specimens

Stratigraphic Relations: Close to or at upper boundary of DC-3?

Comment: (JTA) I suggest that this date defines the termination of DC-3. See AA-13232 for

complete write up.

Date: >49,230 **Lab. No:** AA-13232

Depth: 400-405 cm **GRL-1076-S Material:** Foraminifera

Weight: 24 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews
Sample Notes: 2000 specimens

Stratigraphic Relations: Sample from hemipelagic silty clay between DC-3? and DC-5? based

on the core description.

Comment: (MEK) The unique location of core -054, near the mouth of the Davis Strait and south of Baffin Bay, provide an interesting opportunity to study the sedimentary sources, processes, and depositional environments associated with the DC-events north of the Hudson Strait. Core description, carbonate determination, and mass magnetic susceptibility combined show four detrital carbonate events: DC-2, DC-3, and DC-4. DC-2 and DC-3 are correlative with DC-2 and DC-3 in HU87033-009 and HU75009-IV-056 (Kirby, in prep.). However, DC-4 has not been sampled in other cores from the Labrador Sea. The date of >49.2 ka at 402.5 cm falls between DC-3 and DC-4. An estimated average sedimentation rate of 11.5 cm/ka for the whole core provides an extrapolated basal date of ca. 85 ka, making core -054 a promising prospect for complete glacial age coverage in the region.

BAFFIN BAY

Core: HU77029-017 PC

Location: About 130 km east of Cape Dyer

Lat: 66° 54.09'N **Long:** 58° 17.71'W

Long: 58° 17.71'W Water Depth: 935 m

Date: $17,990 \pm 110$

Lab. No: CAMS-17400

Corrected Age: $17,540 \pm 110$

Depth: 900 cm

GRL-1142-S

Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 7.2 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: 700 sinistral pachys

Sample Pre-treatment: Sample stored by Alan Nelson. Had been prepared by Aksu and given

to Alan for amino acid analysis.

Comment: (JTA) This core is located just north of Davis Strait and is described in detail by Aksu (1985). The date is much younger than expected. Aksu noted an upper carbonate unit in this core—this would appear to date from about 10-11 ka based on a date in Aksu (1985) and a new date we have obtained.

EASTERN BAFFIN ISLAND FIORDS Sunneshine Fiord

Core: HU82031-SU5 G

Location: Central Sunneshine Fiord, eastern Cumberland Peninsula

Lat: 66° 33.4'N

Long: 61° 42.6'W

Water Depth: 146 m

Date: 2840 ± 60

Lab. No: CAMS-13511

Corrected Age: 2390 ± 60

Depth: 148-150 cm

GRL-1088-S

Material: Mollusc

Weight: 1.5 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews
Sample Notes: Bivalve fragment

Comment: See comment for AA-13052.

Core: HU82031-SU5 PC

Location: Central Sunneshine Fiord, eastern Cumberland Peninsula

Lat: 66° 33.4'N **Long:** 61° 42.6'W **Water Depth:** 155 m

Date: 6120 ± 80 Lab. No: CAMS-11814 Corrected Age: 5670 ± 80

Depth: 165 cm **GRL-1068-S Material:** Mollusc

Weight: Species: Macoma sp.

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: NSRL-1661; weight not recorded.

Date: 9710 ± 60 Lab. No: CAMS-11815 Corrected Age: 9260 ± 60

Depth: 331 cm GRL-1069-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: Species: Macoma sp.

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: NSRL-1662; weight not recorded.

Date: $10,430 \pm 80$ **Lab. No:** AA-13053 **Corrected Age:** 9980 ± 80

Depth: 445 cm GRL-1065-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 14.8 mg Species: Portlandia sp.

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Fragile, well-preserved, disarticulated but paired valve of Portlandia sp.,

possibly P. intermedia.

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in distilled water, leached 45% with HCl and washed in dw. **Stratigraphic Relations:** From bioturbated silt, below a date of 9,000 +/- 360 (AA-0412) and a above date of 10,050 +/- 450 (AA-0264). 1 m of sediment was bypassed; thus, the depth for this sample relative to the sediment-water interface is 545 cm.

Date: $10,805 \pm 80$ **Lab. No:** AA-13054 **Corrected Age:** $10,355 \pm 80$

Depth: 618 cm GRL-1066-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 25.9 mg Species: Portlandia arctica

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Single, fragile, thin-walled, well-preserved angular fragment of the central to outer portion of a valve, subsampled from a collection of several, angular fragile fragments of *P. arctica*, comprising at least three individuals.

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in dw, leached 53% with HCl, and washed in dw. Stratigraphic Relations: From silty sand near the base of the 8 m long core. This level is being redated to confirm a previously established C-14 age (10,050+/- 450; AA-0264) and to reduce the uncertainty in the chronology by obtaining a date with a smaller error. The top 1 m of sediment was bypassed by the core; the true depth for this sample is thus 718 cm.

Date: $11,060 \pm 70$ Lab. No: CAMS-17398 Corrected Age: $10,610 \pm 70$ Depth: 635-645 cm GRL-1139-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 7.6 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Benthic species, mainly Elphidium excavatum forma clavata and Islandiella

norcrossi

Date: $12,125 \pm 90$ **Lab. No:** AA-13052 **Corrected Age:** $11,675 \pm 90$

Depth: 752-760 cm GRL-1045-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 5.9 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Mixture of benthic foraminiferal species.

Comment: (JTA) The sequence of dates from this core extend those which were reported earlier in Andrews et al. (1985). Downcore analysis of pollen, carbonate content, and foraminifera show that relatively "non glacial" conditions were replaced very abruptly at about 11 to 10.6 ka by more "ice proximal" ones (Andrews et al., in press). It is unclear whether this change was related to a local advance of ice or a regional change in paleoceanography. Given the abrupt change in carbonate content it appears more likely that the changes reflect regional paleoenvironmental oscillations.

Maktak Fiord

Core: HU82031-MA2 PC

Location: Inner Maktak Fiord

Lat: 67° 19.7'N **Long:** 64° 33.6'W **Water Depth:** 257 m

Date: 7015 ± 65 Lab. No: AA-10117 Corrected Age: 5270 ± GRL-905-O Material: Organic Concentrate

Weight: 140 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Pre-treatment: Bulk sample air dried and disaggregated to <2000 μ m. Disaggregated sediment dispersed with sodium pyrophosphate and wet-sieved through 125 μ m sieve. < 125 μ m sediment dried. Clay/humus layer recovered from surface of sediment, weighed, and sent for date.

Date: 11,235 ± 95 Lab. No: AA-10118 Corrected Age: 8010 ± Material: Organic Concentrate

Weight: 80 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Pre-treatment: Bulk sample air dried and disaggregated to <2000 μ m. Disaggregated sediment dispersed with sodium pyrophosphate and wet-sieved through 125 μ m sieve. < 125 μ m sediment dried. Clay/humus layer recovered from surface of sediment, weighed, and sent for date.

Date: 17,575 ± 185 Lab. No: AA-10119 Corrected Age: 12,130 ± Corrected Age: 12,130 ± Material: Organic Concentrate

Weight: 70 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Pre-treatment: Bulk sample air dried and disaggregated to <2000 μ m. Disaggregated sediment dispersed with sodium pyrophosphate and wet-sieved through 125 μ m sieve. < 125 μ m sediment dried. Clay/humus layer recovered from surface of sediment, weighed, and sent for date. Comment: (JTA) These samples were processed in order to provide dates on the sediment sequence within Maktak Fiord (see also the comments on HU82031-MA4). Previous work showed that organic dates from marine sediments in this region are frequently too old (Andrews et al., 1985; Andrews, 1990). In order to provide more reliable age estimates these dates should be corrected using the regression established by Andrews et al. (1985) -- these dates are shown above as "corrected ages". Discussion of these dates and those from a companion core (MA4) are detailed in Syvitski and Andrews (1994).

Core: HU82031-MA4 PC

Location: Outer Maktak Fiord

Lat: 67° 18.9'N Long: 64° 17.0'W Water Depth: 333 m

Date: 7220 ± 65 Lab. No: AA-10120 Corrected Age: $5400 \pm$

Depth: 130 cm

GRL-908-O

Material: Organic Concentrate

Weight: 140 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Pre-treatment: Bulk sample air dried and disaggregated to <2000 µm. Disaggregated sediment dispersed with sodium pyrophosphate and wet-sieved through 125 µm sieve. < 125 µm sediment dried. Clay/humus layer recovered from surface of sediment, weighed, and sent for date.

Date: 13.470 ± 105

Lab. No: AA-10121 **GRL-**909-O

Corrected Age: 9460 ± Material: Organic Concentrate

Depth: 260 cm Weight: 70 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Pre-treatment: Bulk sample air dried and disaggregated to <2000 µm. Disaggregated sediment dispersed with sodium pyrophosphate and wet-sieved through 125 μ m sieve. < 125 μ m sediment dried. Clay/humus layer recovered from surface of sediment, weighed, and sent for date.

Date: 17.855 ± 145

Lab. No: AA-10122

GRL-910-O

Corrected Age: $12.310 \pm$ Material: Organic Concentrate

Depth: 970 cm Weight: 60 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Pre-treatment: Bulk sample air dried and disaggregated to <2000 µm. Disaggregated sediment dispersed with sodium pyrophosphate and wet-sieved through 125 μ m sieve. < 125 μ m sediment dried. Clay/humus layer recovered from surface of sediment, weighed, and sent for date. **Comment:** (JTA) These samples were processed in order to provide dates on the sediment sequence within Maktak Fiord (see also the comments on HU\$2031-MA2). Previous work showed that organic dates from marine sediments in this region are frequently too old (Andrews et al., 1985; Andrews, 1990). In order to provide more reliable age estimates these dates should be corrected using the regression established by Andrews et al. (1985) -- these dates are shown above as the "Corrected Ages". Discussion of these dates and those from a companion core (MA4) are detailed in Syvitski and Andrews (1994).

EAST GREENLAND FJORDS, SHELF, AND SLOPE Kangerdlugssuag Fjord

Core: BS1191-K6 G

Location: Inner Kangerdlugssuaq Fjord near juncture with Courtauld Fjord

Lat: 68° 24.59'N

Long: 32° 18.83'W

Water Depth: 738 m

Date: 4110 ± 65

Lab. No: AA-9362

Corrected Age: ±

Depth: 2-7 cm

GRL-870-O

Material: Organic Concentrate

Weight: 0.9 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Pre-treatment: Air dried sample disaggregated through <2000 µm sieve. Sediment dispersed with sodium pyrophosphate and wet sieved at 125 µm. Dried clay humus layer

recovered for dating

Date: 6940 ± 75

Lab. No: AA-9363

Corrected Age: ±

Depth: 64-69 cm

GRL-871-O

Material: Organic Concentrate

Weight: 1.8 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, N. Rynes

Sample Pre-treatment: Air dried sample disaggregated through <2000 μ m sieve. Sediment dispersed with sodium pyrophosphate and wet sieved at 125 μ m. Dried clay humus layer recovered for dating.

Comment: (JTA) K6 was the innermost site cored during the 1991 research cruise into Kangerdlugssuaq Fjord. Few foraminifera were found in the sediments, hence we decided to try to obtain dates from the acid-insoluble organic fraction of the sediment (Kihl, 1975). The core was raised from a part of the fjord within the Precambrian shield rocks of East Greenland (Brooks, 1979). However, the two dates indicate that there is a source of "old" carbon somewhere! This source might be at the fjord head or material may be advected in from the south. If we take the near surface date (4110 ± 65 ; AA-9362) to be modern and subtract this reported age from the age at 64-69 cm (6940 ± 75 ; AA-9363) we obtain an age estimate of 2830. This age would indicate a much slower rate of accumulation that measured at K8 on foraminifera. Though this discrepancy may be real, it also may be the result of unequal mixing of old and young organic matter with depth in the core, or it could be the result of sediment disturbance in the natural environment which is evident in this core.

Core: BS1191-K7 G

Location: Central Kangerdlugssuaq Fjord near juncture with Watkins Fjord Lat: 68° 15.7'N Long: 30° 05.83'W Water Depth: 862 m

Date: 1310 ± 60 Lab. No: AA-10603 Corrected Age: 760 ± 60 Depth: 260-265 cm GRL-1003-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 2 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, N. Rynes Sample Notes: mixed forams, mainly benthics

Comment: (JTA) This core is close to the junction with Watkins Fjord. It is farther up fjord than BS1191-K8 (see this date list). The estimated rate of sediment accumulation of 3.4 m/ka is in

keeping with its more ice proximal position (Andrews et al., 1994).

Core: BS1191-K8B G

Location: Mouth of Kangerdlugssuaq Fjord inside threshold

Lat: 68° 07.99'N Long: 31° 51.71'W Water Depth: 872 m

Date: 1155 ± 56 Lab. No: AA-11871Corrected Age: 605 ± 55 Depth: 105-110 cmGRL-1031-SMaterial: Foraminifera

Weight: 1.0 mg Species: Mixed Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, N. Rynes

Date: 1390 ± 55 Lab. No: AA-11872 Corrected Age: 840 ± 55 Depth: 224-228 cm GRL-1032-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 4.6 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, N. Rynes

Comment: (JTA) This fjord receives about 15 km³ of ice discharge per year from a major outlet of the Greenland Ice sheet (Andrews et al., 1994; Dwyer, 1993). The two dates indicate that the rate of sediment accumulation is 3 m/ka, rather less than predicted based on sediment balance considerations.

Kangerdlugssuaq Trough

Core: BS1191-K5 G

Location: Middle Kangerdlugssuaq Trough

Lat: 67° 24.59'N Long: 31° 03.98'W Water Depth: 622 m

Date: 1000 ± 60 Lab. No: AA-9065Corrected Age: 450 ± 60 Depth: 1.5-3.5 cmGRL-984-SMaterial: Foraminifera

Weight: 4.8 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: 2 small clams and mixed forams

Weight: 6.8 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: 572 N. pachy., 362 mixed benthics

Comment: This date list presents two additional dates from this core on the middle East Greenland shelf. A basal date from the core cutter at \geq 250 cm of 8825 \pm 70 (reservoir corrected) (AA-8333) from this core was reported in the previous date list (Kaufman and Williams, 1992). The two additional dates indicate that the rate of sediment accumulation over the last 5000 years has

been around 14 cm/ka.

Core: BS1191-K18B G

Location: Outer Kangerdlugssuaq Trough

Lat: 65° 57.77'N Long: 30° 38.00'W Water Depth: 470 m

Date: 1680 ± 50 Lab. No: AA-12892 Corrected Age: 1130 ± 50 Depth: 4-5.5 cm GRL-1055-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 3.4 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews
Sample Notes: Mixed forams

Comment: Replacement for attempted core top sample AA-11873 which did not produce a date.

See AA-11875 for comments.

Date: 5215 ± 75 Lab. No: AA-14211 Corrected Age: 4665 ± 75 Depth: 37 cm GRL-1099-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 4.2 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: 700 individuals, many broken and full of silt.

Comment: One of 6 levels dated in this core. See AA-11875 for comments.

Date: 9290 ± 80 Lab. No: AA-11874Corrected Age: 8740 ± 80 Depth: 62 cmGRL-1034-SMaterial: Foraminifera

Weight: 3 mg Species: Nonionellina labradorica

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Comment: One of 5 dates in this datelist on this core. See AA-11875 for comments.

Date: 9240 ± 90 Lab. No: AA-14212 Corrected Age: 8690 ± 90 Depth: 77 cm GRL-1100-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 3.5 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Mixed benthic species.

Comment: One of five dates from this core in this date list. See AA-11875 for comments.

Date: 12.325 ± 80

Lab. No: AA-11875

Corrected Age: 11.775 ± 80

Depth: 97-98 cm

GRL-1035-S

Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 5.7 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews Sample Notes: Mixed Forams

Comment: (JTA, TC) Three AMS 14-C dates were reported by Jennings in Kaufman and Williams (1992); all 3 of these samples came from core catcher sediments at ≥150 cm depth. The 5 additional samples (plus one very close to the core top which was not successful; AA-11873) add considerable detail to the chronology of sedimentation in this part of the Kangerdlugssuaq Trough. Sedimentation was relatively rapid between the core bottom and the 11.8 ka date at 98 cm. However, in the next 2 ka only 20 cm of sediment accumulated on the floor of the trough. The date near the core top of 1.2 ka (4-5.5 cm; AA-12892) indicates that this gravity core did not bypass much if any of the surface sediment.

Core: BS88-6-10A G

Location: Outer Kangerdlugssuaq Trough

Lat: 66° 12.5′N

Long: 30° 39.5′W

Water Depth: 496 m

Date: $12,210 \pm 110$

Lab. No: AA-14208

Corrected Age: 11.660 ± 110

Depth: 49-51 cm

GRL-1096-S

Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 5.2 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Mixed benthic and planktic specimens

Date: $13,050 \pm 140$

Lab. No: AA-14209

Corrected Age: $12,500 \pm 140$

Depth: 88-90 cm

GRL-1097-S

Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 4.6 mg
Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: 2 species of benthic foraminifera: 415 Elphidium excavatum clavata and 75

Nonionellina labradorica

Comment: (JTA, TC) In a previous radiocarbon date list (Kaufman and Williams, 1992) we reported three AMS 14-C dates from this site. They have been discussed in three publications (Andrews et al., 1994; Williams, 1993; Mienert et al., 1992). The additional two dates (AA-14208 and AA-14209) which we obtained in 1994 were submitted to gain a better understanding of the chronology between 22 and ca. 103 cm core depth. These two new dates, together with the previous dates, indicate that sedimentation was relatively rapid between ca. 13 to 11.6 ka, but sediment accumulation was slow thereafter. Sediments deposited during the Younger Dryas chronozone (10 - 11 ka) must lie in the interval > 22 and < 40 cm.

Core: HU93030-19B BC

Location: Middle Kangerdlugssuaq Trough

Lat: 67° 08.73'N **Long:** 30° 49.34'W

Water Depth: 713 m

Date: Modern ±

Lab. No: AA-14214

Corrected Age: ±

Depth: 55-56 cm

GRL-1102-S

Material: Mollusc

Weight: 3.5 mg

Species: Thracia sp.

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, A.E. Jennings

Comment: (JTA, AEJ) This box core was raised from the mid section of the Kangerdlugssuaq Trough. This date is a basal date from subcore B, taken for foraminiferal analysis. The post bomb date (is it a basal date?) is surprisingly young given the average dates from gravity core tops throughout the trough of around 1 ka (Williams et al., subm).

Core: PO175 / 1-5-1 G

Location: Middle Kangerdlugssuaq Trough

Lat: 66° 46'N **Long:** 30° 50'W **Water Depth:** 501 m

Date: $13,100 \pm 110$ **Lab. No:** AA-15687 **Corrected Age:** $12,550 \pm 110$

Depth: 29-30 cm GRL-1116-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 4.6 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Mixed benthic and planktic foraminifera. Mainly N. pachyderma and C. teretis

Date: $11,995 \pm 145$ **Lab. No:** AA-15688 **Corrected Age:** $11,445 \pm 145$

Depth: 59-60 cm **GRL-**1117-S **Material:** Foraminifera

Weight: 4.0 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Mixed benthic and planktic foraminifera. Mainly N. pachyderma and C. teretis Comment: (AEJ, JTA) Four dates from this core were reported in the previous date list (Kaufman and Williams, 1993). This core has the longest chronology in the Kangerdlugssuaq Trough, extending to 14, 295 ± 190 . The core site comprises glacial marine and Holocene sediments overlieing a unit interpreted to be glacial till. The sediments in the core do not appear to be ice proximal, suggesting that glacial ice retreat from the shelf occured well before 14,295 BP (Stein, in prep.). The two new dates reported in this date list introduce an age reversal; they do not overlap at two sigma. Stable istotope analyses on planktic foraminifera are underway.

East Greenland Slope

Core: HU93030-007 TWC

Location: South of Kangerdlugssuaq Trough

Lat: 65° 01.39'N **Long:** 30° 14.81'W **Water Depth:** 1802 m

Date: $15,270 \pm 120$ **Lab. No:** AA-13238 **Corrected Age:** $14,720 \pm 120$

Depth: 5-10 cm **GRL-1082-S Material:** Foraminifera

Weight: 16 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews
Sample Notes: 802 specimens

Comment: See comment for AA-12898.

Core: HU93030-007 LCF

Location: South of Kangerdlugssuag Trough

Lat: 65° 01.39'N **Long:** 30° 14.81'W **Water Depth:** 1802 m

Date: $17,165 \pm 140$ **Lab. No:** AA-15704 **Corrected Age:** $16,615 \pm 140$

Depth: 90 cm GRL-1133-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 7.0 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, T. Cooper Sample Notes: 800 sinistral N. pachyderma.

Date: $19,635 \pm 150$ **Lab.** No: AA-13239 **Corrected Age:** $19,085 \pm 150$

Depth: 149-152 cm GRL-1083-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 6.7 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews Sample Notes: 749 specimens

Date: $22,110 \pm 230$ **Lab. No:** AA-15705 **Corrected Age:** $21,560 \pm 230$

Depth: 215 cm GRL-1134-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 9.1 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, T. Cooper Sample Notes: 800 sinistral N. pachyderma.

Date: $22,225 \pm 245$ **Lab. No:** AA-15706 **Corrected Age:** $21,675 \pm 245$

Depth: 284 cm **GRL-1135-S Material:** Foraminifera

Weight: 8.3 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, T. Cooper Sample Notes: 1100 sinistral N. pachyderma.

Date: $25,330 \pm 310$ **Lab. No:** AA-14215 **Corrected Age:** $24,780 \pm 310$

Depth: 340-342 cm GRL-1103-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Comment: Replacement for GRL 1084-S which was lost at ASU.

Date: $27,130 \pm 335$ **Lab. No:** AA-15707 **Corrected Age:** $26,580 \pm 335$

Depth: 375 cm GRL-1136-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 8.6 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, T. Cooper Sample Notes: 800 sinistral N. pachyderma.

Date: 28.005 ± 350 **Lab. No:** AA-12898 **Corrected Age:** 27.455 ± 350

Depth: 445-448 cm GRL-1061-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 8.6 mg **Species:** Neogloboguadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): T. Cooper

Comment: (TC, JTA) The core site lies on the western flank of Denmark Strait, in a position to record changes in sediment provenance and water mass history associated with the history of glaciation on the East Greenland shelf (Funder, 1989). Dates from the top and base of this core indicate that it lies within marine isotope stage 2, extending from 14.7 to 27.5 ka. The core contains several distinct units in terms of color and magnetic susceptibility. Foraminiferal abundances, composition, and isotope stratigraphy were studied (Cooper, 1995). There are 8 radiocarbon dates on the planktic foraminifera *Neogloboquadrina pachyderma* from this core. There is only one dating reversal; AA-15706 at 284 cm dates at 26,680 whereas AA-14215 at 340-342 cm dates at 24,780. These two dates do not overlap at 2 sigma. The core contains two distinct brown layers with an increased coarse fraction relative to the surrounding sediments. These layers correspond in timing to Heinrich layers 2 and 3.

Mikis Fjord

Core: BS1191-K10 G

Location: Inner Mikis Fjord

Lat: 68° 09.51'N Long: 31° 23.7'W Water Depth: 122 m

Date: $10,530 \pm 135$ Lab. No: AA-8959 Corrected Age:

Depth: 0-10 cm GRL-865-O Material: Organic Concentrate

Weight: 86980 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, T. Cooper Sample Notes: sample weight =86.98 g

Sample Pre-treatment: Air dried sample disaggregated through <2000 µm sieve. Sediment

dispersed with sodium pyrophosphate and wet sieved at 125 µm. Dried clay humus layer

recovered for dating

Date: $12,220 \pm 130$ Lab. No: AA-8960 Corrected Age:

Depth: 194-199 cm **GRL-866-O Material:** Organic Concentrate

Weight: 125150 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: sample weight = 125.15 g.

Sample Pre-treatment: Air dried sample disaggregated through <2000 μm sieve. Sediment

dispersed with sodium pyrophosphate and wet sieved at 125 µm. Dried clay humus layer

recovered for dating

Comment: (JTA, TC) There were very few foraminifera in this core so we resorted to dating acid-insoluble organic matter (Kihl, 1975). However, the two date from this core (AA-8959 and AA-8960) are much older than would be expected and the difference in age between the surface (0-10 cm) and near the base of the core (194-199 cm) was only ca. 1700 yrs (Cooper, 1992). The results may indicate that sedimentation rates are large or that the mixing of old carbon with contemporaneous carbon is variable. The source for the "old" carbon may be the early Tertiary rocks that crop out within the drainage basin of Mikis Fjord (Brooks and Nielson, 1983).

Core: BS1191-K11A G

Location: Outer Mikis Fjord

Lat: 68° 06.94'N **Long:** 31° 25.9'W **Water Depth:** 244 m

Date: 1465 ± 55 **Lab. No:** AA-11585 **Corrected Age:** 915 ± 55 **Depth:** 14-16 cm **GRL-**1011-S **Material:** Foraminifera

Weight: 4 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Mixed benthic species and N. pachyderma

Date: 9975 ± 100 **Lab. No:** AA-11584 **Corrected Age:** 9425 ± 100 **Depth:** 83-84 cm **GRL-**1010-S **Material:** Foraminifera

Weight: 3.0 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, N. Rynes

Sample Notes: Mixed forams, benthics and planktonics

Comment: (JTA) In the previous date list (Kaufman and Williams, 1992) a reservoir corrected date of 8885 ± 50 (AA-8327) was reported from the base (67 cm) of a companion core. The date from the base of K11B is somewhat older, in keeping with its slightly deeper stratigraphic depth. The reservoir corrected date from 14-16 cm of only 915 ± 55 (AA-11585) suggests that recent rates of sediment accumulation have increased but are still significantly slower than those recorded

in the larger fjords to the south and north, i.e. Kangerdlugssuaq and Nansen fjords, respectively (Andrews et al., 1994; Jennings and Weiner, 1996).

Core: BS1191-K12 G

Location: Outermost Mikis Fjord

Lat: 68° 06.69'N **Long:** 31° 25.54'W **Water Depth:** 244 m

Date: 4040 ± 105 Lab. No: AA-9022 Corrected Age:

Depth: 0.5-5.5 cm GRL-868-O Material: Organic Concentrate

Weight: 92320 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: sample weight = 92.32 g

Sample Pre-treatment: Air dried sample disaggregated through $<2000 \mu m$ sieve. Sediment dispersed with sodium pyrophosphate and wet sieved at 125 μm . Dried clay humus layer

recovered for dating

Date: 4060 ± 105 Lab. No: AA-9024 Corrected Age:

Depth: 106.5-111.5 cm GRL-869-O Material: Organic Concentrate

Weight: 12942 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: sample weight 129.42 g

Sample Pre-treatment: Air dried sample disaggregated through <2000 μm sieve. Sediment

dispersed with sodium pyrophosphate and wet sieved at 125 µm. Dried clay humus layer

recovered for dating

Comment: (JTA) this core was taken close to cores BS1191-K11A and B (see this date list). There were too few foraminifera to provide any radiocarbon dates (Cooper, 1992). The acid-insoluble organic matter was extracted for dating these two samples at 0.5 to 5.5 cm and 106.5 to 111.5 cm) using the method of (Kihl, 1975). Despite being about 1 m apart in depth the two reported dates are identical. The age of 4040 ± 105 obtained from the surface sample suggests the presence of old carbon (see also BS1191-K6 and K10, this date list). The results from this core and from K6 and K10 indicate the futility of trying to obtain reliable age estimates from the organic fraction of cores in this sector of the east Greenland margin.

Nansen Fjord

Core: BS1191-K13B G

Location: Central Nansen Fjord

Lat: 68° 18.65'N **Long:** 29° 47.19'W **Water Depth:** 307 m

Date: 815 ± 55 Lab. No: AA-10566 Corrected Age: 265 ± 55

Depth: 157-158 cm GRL-1000-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 2.5 mg

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: unidentified Gastropod

Sample Pre-treatment: Sediment washed with distilled water on 63 µm sieve. Sand fraction

air dried. Gastropod picked from sand with brush.

Comment: (AEJ) Gastropod younger than foraminifer date at same level; AA-10565.

Correlation with BS1191-K14 suggests that this date is too young. Gastropod displaced during

coring and/or shipping.

Date: 1450 ± 60 **Lab. No:** AA-10565 Corrected Age: 900 ± 60

Depth: 158-162 cm **GRL-**999-S Material: Mixed

Weight: 2.5 mg

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: Mixed Benthic forams, mainly Cassidulina teretis and ostracod valves. Stratigraphic Relations: Basal date from stratified diamicton with thin mud layers in high

foram abundance zone dominated by Cassidulina teretis.

Comment: (AEJ) The basal date on this core substantiates the correlation with BS1191-K14 based on lithofacies and foraminifera (Jennings and Weiner, 1996). These two cores from Nansen Fjord yielded a high-resolution record of climatic change over the last millennium, providing evidence for an interval warmer than present during a Medieval Warm Period, and a climatic decline during a subsequent Little Ice Age.

Core: BS1191-K14 G

Location: Outer Nansen Fjord, at fjord mouth

Lat: 68° 11.49'N **Long:** 29° 35.74'W Water Depth: 459 m

Date: 855 ± 60 **Lab. No:** AA-12891 Corrected Age: 305 ± 60 **Depth:** 49-51 cm **GRL-**1054-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 2.3 mg

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: Mixed benthic species, mainly C. teretis

Stratigraphic Relations: Top of stratified diamicton with thin mud layers recording onset of

cold conditions.

Date: 1440 ± 70 Corrected Age: 855 ± 70 **Lab. No:** AA-10567 **Depth:** 114-117 cm Material: Foraminifera **GRL-**1001-S

Weight: 3.5 mg

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: Benthic foraminifera, mainly Cassidulina teretis, and 4 ostracod valves. Comment: (AEJ) A basal date on this core calibrated to AD 730 was reported in Kaufman and Williams (1992). The two dates reported in this date list are from lithofacies boundaries and are used by Jennings and Weiner (subm) to obtain a chronology of climatic changes in east Greenland associated with a Medieval Warm Period and a so-called Little Ice Age.

East Greenland Shelf, Other

Core: BS1191-K15 G

Location: Inner shelf in a trough off Nansen Fjord

Lat: 68° 06.0'N **Long:** 29° 27.16'W Water Depth: 445 m

Date: 85 ± 45 **Lab. No:** AA-11446 Corrected Age:

Depth: 6-9 cm **GRL-**1005-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 4.1 mg
Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Mixed benthic species and N. pachyderma Comment: Modern, post bomb. See Comment AA-11447.

Date: 8510 ± 90 Lab. No: AA-11684 Corrected Age:

Depth: 6-9 cm **GRL-**911-O Material: Foraminifera Weight: 150 mg Species: Rhabdamina sp.

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Agglutinated forams as a test to see if these are possible to date.

Comment: Organic matter in agglutinated foraminifera came out much older than surface date on

calcareous foraminifera of post bomb age. See Comment AA-11447.

Date: 8580 ± 70 Lab. No: AA-11447Corrected Age: 8030 ± 70 Depth: 162-164 cmGRL-1006-SMaterial: Foraminifera

Weight: 2.3 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: Mixed benthic species and N. pachyderma

Comment: (AEJ) This 165 cm gravity core appears to contain a complete record of the last 8 ka. Calcareous foraminifera were corroded throughout and are rare in the upper pebbly mud lithofacies (0-60.5 cm). Calcareous foraminifera are more abundant in the underlying vaguely stratified mud lithofacies containing only scattered pebbles (60.5 to base). The age of the lithofacies boundary in not yet known.

ICELAND SHELF

Southwestern Iceland Shelf

Core: HU93030-004 G

Location: Jökuldjup, Faxafloí

Lat: 64° 17.99'N **Long:** 24° 14.09'W **Water Depth:** 254 m

Date: 7395 ± 70 Lab. No: AA-13236 Corrected Age: 6955 ± 70 Depth: 232.5-235 cm GRL-1080-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 12.3 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: 800 specimens Comment: See Comment AA-12896.

Core: HU93030-31 BC

Location: Jökuldjup, Faxafloí

Lat: 64° 18.00'N **Long:** 24° 13.90'W **Water Depth:** 250 m

Date: 880 ± 70 **Lab. No:** AA-14213 **Corrected Age:** 440 ± 70 **Depth:** 50-51 cm **GRL-**1101-S **Material:** Foraminifera

Weight: 5.0 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: 3 species of benthic foraminifera: 630 Hyalinea balthica; 122 Melonis

zaandamae; 28 Uvigerina peregrina

Stratigraphic Relations: Date from base of box core to tie chronology with trigger weight

core 93030-006 TWC from the same site.

Comment: This date reveals ca. a 200 year gap between the base of the box core and the top of the TWC. See Comment AA-12896.

Core: HU93030-006 TWC

Location: Jökuldjup, Faxafloí

Lat: 64° 17.06'N **Long:** 24° 12.42'W **Water Depth:** 247 m

Date: 1055 ± 65 Lab. No: AA-13353Corrected Age: 615 ± 65 Depth: 0-3 cmGRL-1087-SMaterial: Foraminifera

Weight: 5.6 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, S. Hagen

Sample Notes: 117 Anglulogerina; 168 Hyalinea balthica; 20 Pullenia bulloides; 41 Uvigerina

peregrina; 63 Melonis zandaamae

Stratigraphic Relations: Date from top of TWC to obtain date of surface sediment.

Comment: Based on age, may need to date top of Lehigh core to get age of very top of section.

See Comment AA-12896.

Date: 3740 ± 60 Lab. No: CAMS-17399 Corrected Age: 3300 ± 60 Depth: 65 cm GRL-1140-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 3.56 mg Species: Neogloboquadrina pachyderma

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: 800 dextral N. pachyderma.

Comment: See Comment AA-12896.

Date: 5300 ± 60 **Lab. No:** AA-13237 **Corrected Age:** 4860 ± 60

Depth: 98 cm GRL-1081-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: mg Species: Astarte sp. Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, S. Hagen Sample Notes: 1 valve of a paired shell.

Sample Pre-treatment: Shell washed from enclosing sediment on 63 µm sieve with distilled

water and air dried.

Stratigraphic Relations: Dating a possible high productivity zone in mid Holocene based on

numbers of planktic foraminifera per gram.

Comment: See Comment AA-12896.

Date: 9565 ± 80 Lab. No: AA-15700Corrected Age: 9125 ± 80 Depth: 183 cmGRL-1129-SMaterial: Foraminifera

Weight: 8 mg Species: Melonis zaandamae

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, S. Hagen

Sample Notes: 310 individuals from core catcher

Comment: See Comment AA-12896.

Core: HU93030-006 LCF

Location: Jökuldjup, Faxafloí

Lat: 64° 17.06'N **Long:** 24° 12.42'W **Water Depth:** 247 m

Date: 9825 ± 95 Lab. No: AA-15701 Corrected Age: 9385 ± 95 Depth: 110-112 cm GRL-1130-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: mg Species: Melonis zaandamae

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, S. Hagen

Sample Notes: 210 Melonis

Comment: See Comment AA-12896.

Date: 10.310 ± 90 **Lab. No:** AA-15702 **Corrected Age:** 9870 ± 90

Depth: 163-165 cm GRL-1131-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 5.5 mg Species: Melonis zaandamae

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, A.E. Jennings

Sample Notes: 210 Melonis

Comment: See Comment AA-12896.

Date: $10,335 \pm 95$ Lab. No: AA-15703 Corrected Age: 9895 ± 95 Depth: 222-223 cm GRL-1132-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 2.9 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Andrews, S. Hagen Sample Notes: Benthic foraminifera. Comment: See Comment AA-12896.

Date: $11,535 \pm 85$ **Lab. No:** AA-12897 **Corrected Age:** $11,095 \pm 85$

Depth: 625 cm GRL-1060-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 4.6 mg Species: Elphidium excavatum

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings, J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: 740 specimens Comment: See Comment AA-12896.

Date: $13,105 \pm 85$ **Lab. No:** AA-12896 **Corrected Age:** $12,665 \pm 85$

Depth: core catcher GRL-1059-S Material: Foraminifera

Weight: 4.23 mg Species: Nonionellina labradorica

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings, J.T. Andrews

Sample Notes: LCF, core catcher Stratigraphic Relations: Basal date.

Comment: (AEJ, SH) This 13.16 m LCF core and associated TWC, Lehigh core and Box core were collected from the Iceland Shelf in 1993 during a CSS Hudson cruise led by James P.M. Syvitski and John T. Andrews (see Asprey et al. 1994, compilers). The lower dates suggest rapid latest Pleistocene to early Holocene sedimentation rates of several meters/ka. The sedimentation rates slow to ca 20 cm/ka after ca. 9 ka. Although several different types of cores were taken from the same site on the Iceland Shelf in order to collect a complete sediment section, careful stratigraphical analysis has shown that there is an estimated gap of 35 cm between the base of the TWC and the beginning of the undisturbed section of the LCF (Hagen, 1995).

Northwestern Iceland Shelf

Core: A9-92-455 G

Location: Shelf trough off of Isafjordjup, northwestern Iceland

Lat: 66° 32.9'N **Long:** 23° 47.27'W **Water Depth:** 182 m

Date: 1280 ± 45 **Lab. No:** AA-14681 **Corrected Age:** 840 ± 45

Depth: 24.5 cm GRL-1109-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 12 mg Species: Thysira sp. Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings, G. Helgadottir

Sample Notes: Articulated shell.

Sample Pre-treatment: cleaned; 46% leach in 2N HCl

Stratigraphic Relations: Upper unit in Isafjordjup shelf trough sequence: olive black soft,

silty sand.

Comment: See Comment AA-14683.

Core: A9-92-456 G

Location: Shelf trough off of Isafjordjup, northwestern Iceland

Lat: 66° 25.1'N **Long:** 23° 37.06'W **Water Depth:** 183 m

Date: $10,510 \pm 80$ **Lab. No:** AA-14682 **Corrected Age:** $10,070 \pm 80$

Depth: 41-42 cm GRL-1110-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 13.8 mg Species: Yoldiella sp. Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings, G. Helgadottir

Sample Notes: Unpaired? bivalve

Sample Pre-treatment: 58% leach in 2N HCl

Stratigraphic Relations: Near top of black silty clay unit that underlies the uppermost olive

black soft silty sand. Unit has high MS and terrigenous material.

Comment: See Comment AA-14683.

Date: $10,750 \pm 70$ **Lab. No:** AA-14683 **Corrected Age:** $10,310 \pm 70$

Depth: 115-116 cm GRL-1111-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 32.9 mg Species: Yoldia sp. Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings, G. Helgadottir Sample Pre-treatment: 71% leach in 2N HCl

Stratigraphic Relations: In black terrigenous rich mud with high MS that underlies upper

black sand unit with abundant foraminifera.

Comment: (AEJ) Three gravity cores from the shelf trough off of Isafjord are being jointly studied with Gudrun Helgadottir at the Iceland Marine Institute. The cores show two lithologic units. The upper unit, olive black silty sand, and shell hash is organic rich and bears abundant pteropods, molluscs, and foraminifera. This unit was dated in both A9-92-455 and -457 (AA-14681 and AA-14684, respectively). Both dates are less than 3 ka. The lower unit was recovered only in A9-92-456, a 160 cm core. It is terrigenous, black silty clay with thin sand layers. Two dates ca. 10 ka were obtained from this unit: AA-14682 and AA-14683. These dates suggest that sedimentation was rapid, ca. 3 m/ka, during emplacement of the unit.

Core: A9-92-457 G

Location: Shelf trough off of Isafjordjup, northwestern Iceland

Lat: 66° 25.0'N **Long:** 23° 36.70'W **Water Depth:** 178 m

Date: 3105 ± 50 **Lab. No:** AA-14684 **Corrected Age:** 2665 ± 50

Depth: 25 cm GRL-1112-S Material: Mollusc

Weight: 19.5 mg Species: Dentalium sp.

Contributor(s): A.E. Jennings, G. Helgadottir

Sample Notes: Scaphopod

Sample Pre-treatment: 82% leach 2N HCl

Comment: See Comment AA-14683.

PART 2: DATES FROM TERRESTRIAL SITES

UNGAVA PENINSULA AND UNGAVA BAY Northern Ungava Peninsula

Cap Briard

Location: Between Baie de Déception and Cap de Nouvelle-France

Lat: 62° 18.5'N **Long:** 74° 00.7'W **Elevation:** 108 m **Map Sheet:** 35J/8

Date: 9215 ± 80 **Lab No:** AA-7561 **Corrected Age:** 8765 ± 80

Field ID: CB-9 Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 0 cm

AAL-6601A AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Portlandia arctica Weight: 6.8 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Gray, D.S. Kaufman, G.H. Miller Sample Notes: Well preserved whole valve with periostracum Sample Pre-treatment: 55% HCl leach after mechanical grinding

Stratigraphic Relations: Collected from glaciomarine silty clay beds in 2-m-high river-bank exposure, with shells in biocenotic position. Local postglacial marine limit associated with a fluvioglacial outwash delta is situated at 142 m, about 34 m higher than sample site. A previous date of 8.8 ka (TO-1274) is available for the site.

Comment: (JTG) This date from a single valve confirms, rather precisely, a previous date of 8.8 ka (TO-1274), obtained from a multi-valve 283 mg sample from the site. It confirms additional evidence from the Rivière Déception valley and from Cap de Nouvelle-France concerning the opening of the western basin of Hudson Strait to marine waters prior to 8.8 ka. The proximity of the site to a proglacial delta and the unique presence of *Portlandia arctica spp.* indicates, however, the close proximity of the Ungava based ice sheet, whose front lay immediately to the south. This date was reported in Gray et al. (1993).

Rivière Déception valley, Site RD3

Location: Mid-Rivière Déception valley, 15 km east of Baie de Déception, Northern Ungava

Lat: 62° 7.2'N **Long:** 74° 16.5'W **Elevation:** 60 m **Map Sheet:** 35 J/1

Date: 8875 ± 110 **Lab No:** AA-8394 **Corrected Age:** 8425 ± 110

Field ID: RD-3-1B Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 0 cm

AAL-6602C AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Portlandia arctica Weight: 9.7 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Gray, D.S. Kaufman, G.H. Miller

Sample Notes: 1 articulated valve, more whitish appearance than others in collection, also larger

with torn parisotrocum

Sample Pre-treatment: Acid leached 50% by weight

Stratigraphic Relations: Sample RD-3-1B is from a thin shell bed composed of *Portlandia* arctica and Yoldiella fraterna spp. in fine sands, 0.5 m above a transition to an 8-m-thick unit of slightly laminated silty clays of glaciomarine origin, overlying 6 m of till at the base of the section. The sample unit is overlain by 40 m of non-fossiliferous stratified sands, with a final in situ marine mollusc layer near the top surface of the deposit, dated at 7.0 ka (Beta-13860).

Comment: See below.

Date: 8995 ± 120 **Lab No:** AA-8395 **Corrected Age:** 8545 ± 120

Field ID: RD-3-1B Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 0 cm

AAL-6602D AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Portlandia arctica Weight: 10.8 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Gray, D.S. Kaufman, G.H. Miller

Sample Notes: 1 articulated valve, more whitish appearance than others in collection, also larger

with torn parisotrocum

Sample Pre-treatment: Acid leached 33% by weight

Stratigraphic Relations: See stratigraphic relations for AA-8394.

Comment: See comment for AA-17262.

Date: 9325 ± 100 **Lab No:** AA-8393 **Corrected Age:** 8875 ± 100

Field ID: RD-3-1B Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 0 cm

AAL-6602B AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Portlandia arctica Weight: 4.8 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Gray, D.S. Kaufman, G.H. Miller

Sample Notes: 1 paired, articulated set of attached valves, perfectly preserved. Yellowish and

translucent.

Sample Pre-treatment: Acid leached 21% by weight

Stratigraphic Relations: See stratigraphic relations for AA-8394.

Comment: See below.

Date: $11,125 \pm 100$ **Lab No:** AA-7562 **Corrected Age:** $10,675 \pm 100$

Field ID: RD-3-1B Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 0 cm

AAL-6602A AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Portlandia arctica Weight: 5.8 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Gray, D.S. Kaufman, G.H. Miller

Sample Notes: Well preserved whole valve with periostracum Sample Pre-treatment: 53% HCl leach after mechanical grinding Stratigraphic Relations: See stratigraphic relations for AA-8394.

Comment: (JTG) This is one of two dates older than 10.7 ka obtained from the site. It suggests a very early opening of the western basin of Hudson Strait to marine influences - as early as 10.7 ka (Gray et al., 1993). This would likely have been prior to the Gold Cove advance in eastern

Hudson Strait. See also comment below.

Date: $11,410 \pm 130$ **Lab No:** AA-17263 **Corrected Age:** $10,960 \pm 130$

Field ID: RD3-92-2B Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Portlandia arctica Weight: 9.6 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Gray, G.H. Miller, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: small (4 mm x 7 mm), very fragile, articulated, paired valve

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in DW; leached 38% with HCl; washed in DW.

Stratigraphic Relations: Sample RD3-92-2B is from a thin shell bed correlative with sample

RD-3-1B. See stratigraphic relations for AA-8394.

Comment: (JTG) This is the oldest date obtained from the site. It suggests a very early opening of the western basin of Hudson Strait to marine influences - as early as 11 ka (Gray et al., 1993). This would likely have been prior to the Gold Cove advance in eastern Hudson Strait. See also

comment below.

Date: 8715 ± 65 **Lab No:** AA-14686 **Corrected Age:** 8265 ± 65

Field ID: RD3-92-1L Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Portlandia arctica Weight: 4.0 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Gray, G.H. Miller, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: small, single, fragile, well-preserved, whole valve; retains fine surface ornamentation

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated and washed in distilled water. No HCl leach. Stratigraphic Relations: Sample RD3-92-1L is from level RD3-92-1L in faintly laminated silts, characterised by frequent but isolated and fragile bivalves of *Portlandia arctica*, situated about 2.5 m below the RD-3-1B shell bed which was in fine sands, which is overlain in turn by about 40 m of non-shell bearing layered sands, with a final marine shell layer near the top of the section dated at 7.0 ka (Beta-13860). Abundant foraminifera are associated with the RD3-92-1L level, which overlies almost 6 m of non-shell bearing clayey silts, barren of forams, and overlying in turn 6 m of till.

Comment: See below.

Date: 8785 ± 80 **Lab No:** AA-17260 **Corrected Age:** 8335 ± 80

Field ID: RD3-92-1LA Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Portlandia arctica Weight: 4.4 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Gray, G.H. Miller, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: small (4 mm x 6 mm), intact, single, very fragile, well preserved valve with

pearly luster, surface ornamentation (teeth), and periostracum

Sample Pre-treatment: sonicated in DW; leached 15% with HCl; washed in DW.

Stratigraphic Relations: From level RD3-92-1L. See stratigraphic relations for AA-14686.

Comment: See below.

Date: 9045 ± 80 **Lab No:** AA-17261 **Corrected Age:** 8595 ± 80

Field ID: RD3-92-1LB Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Portlandia arctica Weight: 4.4 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Gray, G.H. Miller, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: small (4 mm x 7 mm), single, very fragile, well preserved valve with pearly luster, surface ornamentation (teeth), and periostracum; very slightly abraded around edges Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in DW; leached 14% with HCl; washed in DW. Stratigraphic Relations: From level RD3-92-1L. See stratigraphic relations for AA-14686.

Comment: See below.

Date: 9885 ± 170 **Lab No:** AA-17262 **Corrected Age:** 9435 ± 170

Field ID: RD3-92-1LP Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: periostracum Species: Portlandia arctica Weight: 0.69 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Gray, G.H. Miller, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: nearly intact periostracum from large single valve (8 mm x 12 mm); very thin

and fragile

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in DW; leached with 2N HCl; washed in DW.

Stratigraphic Relations: From level RD3-92-1L. See stratigraphic relations for AA-14686. Comment: (JTG) It is interesting to note that this date of 9.4 ka is significantly older than three carbonate shell dates from the same level (which gave dates of 8.3, 8.3 and 8.6 ka; AA-17260, AA-14686, and AA-17261).

The interpretation of the sequence of events at the site is presently very difficult on account of the range of nine dates recently obtained from the University of Arizona accelerator facility (from 8.3-11.0 ka) for single or paired valves in the shell bed, and in a slightly lower silty clay layer. It is difficult to explain such a wide range of dates, if one assumes that the shells were all in a biocenotic population. One possible explanation is that a group of six younger dates between 8.3 and 8.9 ka (AA-14686, AA-17260, AA-8394, AA-8395, AA-17261, and AA-8393) represent the marine conditions prevailing at the end of a quiet deep water estuarine phase, characterised by the

slow deposition of silty clays, and at the beginning of a rapid phase of proglacial sub-aqueous deposition of sands. Three older dates between 9.4 ka and 11.0 ka (AA-17262, AA-7562, and AA-17263) may be indicative of transport of molluscs in soft muds by turbidity currents and subsequent re-deposition in higher stratigraphic positions. In any case the 8-m-thick layer of faintly laminated silty clays at the base of the sequence, below the shell beds, suggests the existence of a relatively long time interval prior to the deposition of the sub-aqueous sand plume, subsequent to 8.3 ka.

Wales Island

Location: SE Wales Island

Lat: 61° 52'N **Long:** 72° 04'W **Elevation:** 208 m **Map Sheet:** 35H/16

Date: $38,700 \pm 1200$ **Lab No:** AA-10232 **Corrected Age:** $38,250 \pm 1200$

Field ID: WI-1 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AAL-6791B AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Hiatella arctica Weight: 23.0 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Gray, D.S. Kaufman, G.H. Miller

Sample Notes: single shell fragment

Stratigraphic Relations: One of many shells from Wales Island and Maiden Island, screened with aminos (AAL-6790 to AAL-6794). Shell fragments and one whole valve of *Hiatella arctica* were taken from frost boils in a diamicton in a slight col between two low summits on a plateau situated at circa 210 m, about 60 m above the postglacial marine limit. Previous ages of 37 ka (UQ-967) and 31 ka (Beta-19857) from the site, and a date of 25 ka (Beta-19016) from a similar elevation on Maiden Island in the vicinity, suggest that marine conditions may have prevailed during the last interstadial in this sector of Hudson Strait. However, the amino acid D/L ratios obtained suggest the presence of multiple age populations at the site. What is particularly significant at the site is the close relationship of shell fragments to the 200 m elevation; a careful search in 1992 showed a total absence of shell fragments between the postglacial till washing limit at 150 m and the zone of abundant shell fragments around 200 m.

Comment: (JTG) The date of 38.7 ka is finite, but in this range could very well be related to a last interglacial rather than interstadial event. This interpretation is supported both by the majority of amino acid D/L values and by foraminiferal analyses of the enclosing sediments which according to Vilks (pers. comm.) reveal reworked fragments of species similar to Pliocene/Early Pleistocene assemblages reported by Feyling-Hanssen (1985) from Baffin Island.

Ungava Bay

Akpatok Island

Location: Just above the limit of postglacial sequence of raised beaches, within 1 m of

postglacial marine limit.

 Lat: 60° 34.4'N
 Long: 68° 10.1'W

 Elevation: 76 m
 Map Sheet: 25B & C

Date: 8560 ± 70 **Lab No:** AA-14687 **Corrected Age:** 8110 ± 70

Field ID: AKP 92-72C Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Macoma calcarea Weight: 21.5 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Gray, G.H. Miller, W.F. Manley Sample Notes: Small, single, slightly chalky, whole valve

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanical grinding, 73% leach with HCl, then washed in distilled water.

Stratigraphic Relations: From frost boil of silt-rich diamicton at or just below the postglacial marine limit. A sequence of raised beaches lies just below the sample site. A higher sequence of probable older marine terraces extends from 80-100 m in elevation. Thus, the shell sample may be contemporaneous with beach deposition and open water shortly after deglaciation. Other dates from this site are: 11.9 ka (TO-1736) and 8.6 ka (TO-3764), the first on many small unidentified mollusc fragments, the second on two identifiable valves of *Portlandia arctica spp*.

Comment: (JTG) The age of 8.1 ka can be closely tied to final deglaciation of northernmost Akpatok Island. It confirms a previous date of 8.2 ka (TO-1737) obtained from *Macoma spp*. molluscs in a swale between high level postglacial beach ridges on NE Akpatok Island (Gray et al., 1993). The two previously dated *Portlandia spp*, fragments in the vicinity of AA-14687 are from a

Akpatok Island. It confirms a previous date of 8.2 ka (TO-1737) obtained from *Macoma spp*. molluscs in a swale between high level postglacial beach ridges on NE Akpatok Island (Gray et al., 1993). The two previously dated *Portlandia spp*. fragments in the vicinity of AA-14687 are from a 1-m-thick calcareous diamicton, thought to be slightly reworked by northward moving ice. Their age of 8.6 ka appears to indicate an interval of overriding of glaciomarine silts just above the postglacial marine limit, between 8.6 and 8.1 ka. However no evidence exists at other dated sites further south on Akpatok Island for withdrawl of the Ungava Bay ice beyond the northern tip of Akpatok Island until final deglaciation subsequent to 8.1 ka.

SOUTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND

Foxe Peninsula

Mallikjuak Island

Location: Occupation floor, Thule House 7

Lat: 64° 14'N Long: 76° 35'W UTMG: VG 232 238

Elevation: 23 m Map Sheet: 36 C,D Foxe Peninsula

Date: 330 ± 50 **Lab No:** AECV-1707C

Field ID: LbFn-7-RC7-1 Type: Excavation Depth: -1.60 to -1.70 m DBD m

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Bone Species: Rangifer tarandus Weight: 181.1 g

Contributor(s): D.R. Stenton

Comment: (DRS) This is the only radiocarbon date obtained thus far for this Thule culture winter site located on Mallikjuak Island. The date is consistent with the artifact types recovered, which indicate an occupation during the late Thule period, between the 15th and 17th centuries AD.

Meta Incognita Peninsula

Canon Inlet

Location: 4.0 km E of eastern tip of Glencoe Island

Lat: 63° 04.5'N Long: 71° 21.0'W UTMG: CV 810 962

Elevation: 63 m **Map Sheet:** 25M - Markham Bay

Date: 8130 ± 65 **Lab No:** AA-12610 **Corrected Age:** 7680 ± 65

Field ID: WM93-63A Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Portlandia arctica(?) Weight: 5.4 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: A single, unpaired valve. A paleotaxodont, this specimen might be Portlandia lenticula. It is small, very fragile, and retains pearly luster and delicate surface ornamentation.

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in distilled water, with 10% acid leach.

Stratigraphic Relations: From frost boils of gray silty diamicton containing calcareous matrix

and limestone clasts. The deposit is interpreted as glaciomarine sediment.

Comment: (WFM) This date is the first radiocarbon date ever reported from 300 km of coastline between Big Island and Foxe Peninsula (Manley, 1995a; Manley, in press). It indicates that this area, close to the eastern limit of Markham Bay, deglaciated fairly early, during or shortly after the period of rapid collapse of the Laurentide Ice Sheet through Hudson Strait into Hudson Bay. It is identical to a date by Laymon (1988) from Foxe Peninsula, substantiating widespread margin retreat at the time, although this date refers to retreat of southwestward-flowing ice from a divide over western Meta Incognita Peninsula. Because it is on Portlandia arctica, a species that favors ice-proximal glaciomarine environments, it is probably a closely constraining minimum age on deglaciation.

Big Island

UTMG: DV 300 480

Location: Near the head of Bosanguet Harbour

Lat: 62° 40'N **Long:** 70° 28'W

Elevation: -3.6 m Map Sheet: 25L - Big Island

Date: 6655 ± 65 **Lab No:** AA-7898 Corrected Age: 6205 ± 65

Field ID: WM91-58B **Type:** Surface Collection **Depth:** 5-15 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS **AAL**-6687A

Weight: 56.1 mg Material: Mollusc **Species:** Mya truncata

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, D.S. Kaufman

Sample Notes: well preserved, angular hinge fragment

Sample Pre-treatment: mechanical cleaning and 60% HCl leaching

Stratigraphic Relations: Excavated from very compact, calcareous diamicton containing

abundant limestone clasts; interpreted as glaciomarine sediment eroding from tidal flat.

Comment: See below.

Location: At the edge of tidal flat at the head of Bosanquet Harbour

UTMG: DV 304 493 **Long:** 70° 27'W Lat: 62° 41'N

Map Sheet: 25L - Big Island Elevation: -11 m

Date: 7810 ± 70 **Lab No:** AA-7900 Corrected Age: 7360 ± 70

Field ID: WM91-60 **Type:** Surface Collection Depth: 10 cm

AAL-6689B AMS or Conv. AMS Material: Mollusc **Species:** *Mya truncata* Weight: 44.5 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, D.S. Kaufman

Sample Notes: Well preserved, robust hinge fragment

Sample Pre-treatment: mechanical cleaning and 60% HCl leaching

Stratigraphic Relations: Excavated from very compact, calcareous diamicton containing

abundant limestone clasts; interpreted as glaciomarine sediment eroding from tidal flat.

Comment: See below.

Location: 7.0 km WSW of head of Bosanquet Hr, east-central Big Island; 40 km SW of Lake

Harbour

Lat: 62° 37.2'N **Long:** 70° 29.3′W **UTMG:** DV 237 439

Elevation: 45 m Map Sheet: 25L - Big Island **Date:** 7540 ± 130 **Lab No:** GSC-5677 **Corrected Age:** 7500 ± 65

Field ID: WM93-35 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Mollusc Species: Mya truncata Weight: 9.15 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: A single, well preserved, robust valve.

Sample Pre-treatment: Cleaned with distilled water, not leached with HCl.

Stratigraphic Relations: Found on frost boils of gray, silty, calcareous drift, interpreted as

glaciomarine sediment, below the marine limit (95 m aht).

Comment: See below.

Location: 2.2 km S of head of Bosanquet Harbour, NE Big Island; 35 km SW of Lake Harbour.

Lat: 62° 37.8'N Long: 70° 22.4'W UTMG: DV 298 451

Elevation: 49 m Map Sheet: 25L - Big Island

Date: 7710 ± 190 **Lab No:** GSC-5699 **Corrected Age:** 7670 ± 95

Field ID: WM93-45 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Mollusc Species: mixed Weight: 5.39 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Two robust, well-preserved, single valves: one is a whole Hiatella arctica valve;

the other is a large fragment of a Mya truncata valve

Sample Pre-treatment: Shells cleaned with distilled water; 10% HCl leach at GSC lab Stratigraphic Relations: Found on frost boils of gray, silty, calcareous drift, interpreted as

glaciomarine sediment, below the marine limit (98 m aht).

Comment: See below.

Location: 7.5 km NE of mouth of Ashe Inlet, at confluence of two streams

Lat: 62° 36.0'N Long: 70° 30.1'W UTMG: DV 229 424

Elevation: 58 m Map Sheet: 25L - Big Island

Date: 8175 ± 95 **Lab No:** AA-12607 **Corrected Age:** 7725 ± 95

Field ID: WM93-40B Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 3.5 m

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Portlandia arctica(?) Weight: 9.5 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Paired, articulated valve. A paleotaxodont, this specimen might be *Portlandia* lenticula. It is small, very fragile, and retains pearly luster and delicate surface ornamentation.

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in distilled water, with 13% acid leach.

Stratigraphic Relations: From a massive, clay-rich, calcareous diamicton with few clasts of

striated limestone, below the marine limit (98 m aht); interpreted as glaciomarine sediment

Comment: See below.

Location: 2.6 km SSW of head of Bosanquet Hr, northeastern Big Island; 36 km SW of Lake

Harbour

Lat: 62° 37.8'N Long: 70° 23.7'W UTMG: DV 287 452

Elevation: 34 m **Map Sheet:** 25L - Big Island

Date: 8245 ± 75 **Lab No:** AA-13050 **Corrected Age:** 7795 ± 75

Field ID: WM93-21B Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Hiatella arctica Weight: 49.6 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Portion of a single, robust, well-preserved valve.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned, leached 74% with HCl, and washed in distilled

water.

Stratigraphic Relations: Found on frost boils of gray, silty, calcareous drift, interpreted as

glaciomarine sediment, below the marine limit (92 m aht).

Comment: See below.

Location: 5.0 km NE of Reeves Harbour, Big Island.

Lat: 62° 33.5'N **Long:** 70° 16.4'W

Elevation: 55 m **Map Sheet:** 25L - Big Island

Date: 8555 ± 95 **Lab No:** AA-12609 **Corrected Age:** 8105 ± 95

UTMG: DV 344 371

UTMG: DV 293 473

Field ID: WM93-49A Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Portlandia arctica(?) Weight: 5.8 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: A single, unpaired valve. A paleotaxodont, this specimen might be *Portlandia* lenticula. It is small, very fragile, and retains pearly luster and delicate surface ornamentation.

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in distilled water, with 21% acid leach.

Stratigraphic Relations: From frost boils of gray silty diamicton containing calcareous matrix and limestone clasts, below the marine limit (115 m aht). The deposit is interpreted as

glaciomarine sediment.

Comment: (WFM) Seven new dates from glaciomarine sediment on Big Island provide constraints on the timing of deglaciation and deposition from a nearby marine-based ice margin (Manley, 1995a, in press). The oldest, AA-12609, indicates that the area became free of southward flowing ice by 8.1 ka. The youngest, AA-7898, may have been on a shell that burrowed into older sediment. The others, ranging 7.8-7.4 ka, indicate that a calving marine margin existed nearby, delivering clasts of erratic Paleozoic carbonates, for several centuries after local deglaciation. Two of the dates are on *Portlandia sp.*, a genus that favors ice-proximal conditions. The calving margin may have marked retreat of northward-flowing ice during the Noble Inlet advance or retreat of a southeastward-flowing Hudson Strait ice stream. The dates augment the single radiocarbon date previously obtained from Big Island (7940±110; corrected; GSC-425; Blake, 1966), and generally support a relative sea-level curve constructed for nearby Lake Harbour (Clark, 1985; Manley, 1995). Two of the molluscs, collected from tidal flats, must have lived in water depths of 20-50 m, showing that molluscs without stratigraphic ties to strandlines provide only a minimum estimate for the height of a contemporaneous sea level.

Location: Just inland from the head of Bosanquet Harbour

Lat: 62° 38'N **Long:** 70° 29'W

Elevation: 14 m Map Sheet: 25L - Big Island

Date: $34,790 \pm 710$ **Lab No:** AA-7899 **Corrected Age:** $34,340 \pm 710$

Field ID: WM91-59 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AAL-6688A AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Hiatella(?) arctica Weight: 37.1 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, D.S. Kaufman

Sample Notes: Angular fragments; good ornamentation; not hinges; probably Hiatella

Sample Pre-treatment: mechanical cleaning and 60% HCl leaching

Stratigraphic Relations: From surface of terrace with extensive frost-boils exposing calcareous, silty diamicton with abundant limestone clasts, below the marine limit (101 m aht), interpreted as glaciomarine sediment.

Comment: (WFM) Like many other dates older than 30 ka from the Hudson Strait coast of Baffin Island (Manley, 1995; in press), this date is at the reliable limit of radiocarbon dating for marine bivalves, and the shell might be significantly older than 34 ka. See comment for AA-7901 (Barrier Inlet).

Location: 6.5 km NNE of head of Ashe Inlet

Lat: 62° 36.0'N Long: 70° 32.3'W UTMG: DV 204 425

Elevation: 114 m Map Sheet: 25L - Big Island

Date: $37,760 \pm 1050$ **Lab No:** AA-12606 **Corrected Age:** $37,310 \pm 1050$

Field ID: WM93-38B Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AAL-7113A AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Mya truncata Weight: 24.2 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: robust fragment, slightly chalky on outer surface

Sample Pre-treatment: mechanically cleaned; acid leach of 54%; washed in distilled water. Stratigraphic Relations: From frost boils in gray, silty diamicton in area of thick drift (till) on ridge top, above marine limit (98 m aht), SSW of prominent valley. Nearby striations indicate

southward flow into Hudson Strait. Taken ca. 150 west of WM93-38A.

Comment: See below.

Location: 6.5 km NNE of head of Ashe Inlet

Lat: 62° 36.0'N Long: 70° 32.2'W UTMG: DV 207 425

Elevation: 114 m Map Sheet: 25L - Big Island

Date: $43,750 \pm 2100$ **Lab No:** AA-12605 **Corrected Age:** $43,300 \pm 2100$

Field ID: WM93-38A Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AAL-7108A AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Hiatella arctica(?) Weight: 43.2 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Species ID based only on amino acid composition. Thick, well preserved fragment without hinge; fragment retained pearly luster on inner side and surface ornamentation (ridges) on outer side.

Sample Pre-treatment: mechanically cleaned; acid leach of 56%; washed in distilled water. Stratigraphic Relations: From frost boils in gray, silty diamicton in area of thick drift (till) on ridge top, above marine limit (98 m aht), SSW of prominent valley. Nearby striations indicate southward flow into Hudson Strait. Taken ca. 150 east of WM93-38B.

Comment: (WFM) These two dates, on molluscs reworked into till, provide maximum ages for the southward flow documented nearby from striation measurments (cf., Manley et al., 1994; Manley, 1995; in press). They come from the only known site west of Barrier Inlet along the Hudson Strait coast of Baffin Island with molluscs above the marine limit. They indicate that southward flow began some time after ca. 40 ka. However, these dates are at the reliable limit of radiocarbon dating for marine bivalves, and the shells could be much older. Presumably they were reworked from the valley to the north, which today holds extensive deposits of glaciomarine sediment, including one sample dated >30 ka (AA-7899). Quite possibly the mid-Wisconsin or older shells were picked up and deposited during the Cockburn substage, 9-8 ka.

Anachaugmik

Location: 1.9 km NE of the mouth of Bruce Harbour; 13 km SW of Lake Harbour. **Lat:** 62° 46.4'N **Long:** 70° 06.1′W **UTMG:** DV 438 593

Elevation: 39 m Map Sheet: 25L - Big Island

Date: 7380 ± 200 Corrected Age: 7340 ± 100 **Lab No:** GSC-5688

Field ID: WM93-17 **Type:** Surface Collection **Depth:** 0 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Mollusc **Species:** *Hiatella arctica* **Weight:** 4.00 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Single, robust, well preserved valve.

Sample Pre-treatment: Shell cleaned with distilled water. Shell has not been leached with

HCl.

Stratigraphic Relations: Found on frost boils of gray, silty, calcareous drift, interpreted as

glaciomarine sediment, below the marine limit (98 m aht).

Comment: (WFM) Reported age is the AGE (corr.) value from the GSC, 13C corrected, normalized to $\partial 13C=0\%$, with ± 2 sigma. Date helps to confirm regional deglaciation by 8.1 ka, with local deglaciation perhaps centuries later, and timing of deposition from a limestone-bearing marine margin along the margins of Hudson Strait (northern Ungava Bay?) from 8 to 7 ka (Manley, 1995a; Manley, in press).

Lake Harbour

Location: 0.9 km east of Lake Harbour

Long: 69° 50'W **UTMG:** DV 566 687 Lat: 62° 47'N

Map Sheet: 25K - Lake Harbour Elevation: 57 m

Lab No: AA-7892 Corrected Age: 7545 ± 65 **Date:** 7995 ± 65

Field ID: WM91-07 **Type:** Surface Collection **Depth:** 0 cm

AAL-6681A AMS or Conv: AMS

Species: Mya truncata Weight: 16.8 mg Material: Mollusc

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, D.S. Kaufman

Sample Notes: 1 whole valve; well preserved, angular, but chalky. Sample Pre-treatment: mechanical cleaning and 60% HCl leaching

Stratigraphic Relations: Collected from the surface of a dried pond below the marine limit.

Depression contained cryoturbated, carbonate-rich glacial-marine drift.

Comment: See below.

Location: 1.1 km east-southeast of Lake Harbour

Lat: 62° 47'N **UTMG:** DV 566 683 **Long:** 69° 50′W

Elevation: 73 m **Map Sheet:** 25K - Lake Harbour

Corrected Age: 7910 ± 60 **Date:** 8360 ± 60 **Lab No:** AA-7893

Field ID: WM91-08B **Type:** Surface Collection **Depth:** 0 cm **AAL-6682A** AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc **Species:** *Mya truncata* Weight: 25.1 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, D.S. Kaufman

Sample Notes: Worn hinge fragment

Sample Pre-treatment: mechanical cleaning and 60% HCl leaching

Stratigraphic Relations: Collected from the surface of a dried pond below the marine limit.

Depression contained cryoturbated, carbonate-rich glacial-marine drift.

Comment: See below.

Location: In Soper Valley, 14.0 km NNE of Lake Harbour, 1.1 km W of the Soper River, 3.8

km due N of Flemming Hill

Lat: 62° 58.1'N

Long: 69° 47.3'W

UTMG: DV 597 820

Elevation: 35 m

Map Sheet: 25K - Lake Harbour

Date: 8445 ± 55 **Field ID:** WM92-23

Lab No: AA-10251 Type: Surface Collection Corrected Age: 7995 ± 55

Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc

Species: Hiatella arctica

Weight: 21.3 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: A large, thin, fragile valve from the collection; chalky surface with minor

borings on surface

Sample Pre-treatment: mechanically cleaned, 60% leach, then washed in distilled water and

stored in argon.

Stratigraphic Relations: From frost boils of silty clay with occasional clasts, including one clast of erratic Paleozoic limestone. Deposit, interpreted as glaciomarine sediment emanating mainly from a calving margin in the valley, forms a low-relief irregular surface within small drainage. Collected below local marine limit (102 m aht).

Comment: See below.

Location: 33 km ESE of Lake Harbour on "Lost and Found peninsula".

Lat: 62° 37'N

Long: 69° 30'W

UTMG: DV 763 428

Elevation: 0.3 m

Map Sheet: 25K - Lake Harbour

Date: >43,700 \pm

Lab No: AA-7897

Field ID: WM91-51

Material: Mollusc

Type: Surface Collection

Depth: 0 cm

AAL-6686A

AMS or Conv: AMS

Species: Mya (?) truncata

Weight: 15.7 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, D.S. Kaufman

Sample Notes: Well preserved angular fragments, not from hinge area, possibly Mya.

Sample Pre-treatment: mechanical cleaning and 60% HCl leaching

Stratigraphic Relations: From the surface of a small (6x2 m) pod of limey clay at 0.3 m aht. Comment: (WFM) The Lake Harbour dates expand upon previous studies (Blake, 1966; Clark, 1985) to document the timing of deglaciation and history of relative sea-level change in the region (Manley, 1995a; Manley, in press). The dates confirm a >7.9 ka age for local deglaciation and establishment of the marine limit, and define sustained Holocene emergence. The date of 8.0 ka from the lowermost reaches of the Soper Valley suggests that the mouth of the valley, as a fiord, became deglaciated at about the same time as the nearby open coast. The shell yielding a non-finite date from glaciomarine sediment southeast of Lake Harbour may have been reworked from older deposits. See comment for AA-7901 (Barrier Inlet).

Barrier Inlet

Location: Collected from tidal flat at head of hook-shaped inlet, 9 km W of Barrier Inlet

Lat: 62° 23'N

Long: 69° 01'W

UTMG: DV 995 170

Elevation: -4 m

Map Sheet: 25K - Lake Harbour

Date: >43.900 ±

Lab No: AA-7901

Field ID: WM91-64A

Type: Surface Collection

Depth: 0 cm

AAL-6690A AMS or Conv: AMS Material: Mollusc Species: Hiatella arctica

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, D.S. Kaufman Sample Notes: well preserved, single, whole valve

Sample Pre-treatment: mechanical cleaning and 60% HCl leaching

Stratigraphic Relations: From the surface of very compact glaciomarine mud, containing

Weight: 28.2 mg

abundant Paleozoic carbonate clasts, eroding from tidal flat

Comment: (WFM) Like many other dates older than 30 ka from the Hudson Strait coast of Baffin Island (Manley, 1995; in press), this date is at the reliable limit of radiocarbon dating for marine bivalves, and the shell might be significantly older than 44 ka. As with the other sites, this deposit might be 1) undisturbed mid-Wisconsin or older glaciomarine sediment, 2) late Wisconsin glaciomarine sediment with shells reworked from older sediment and transported to the site via iceberg rafting, or 3) late Wisconsin glaciomarine sediment with shells reworked from older sediment, deposited nearby in till, and reworked below the marine limit by nearshore processes during emergence. The older dates caution that glaciomarine deposits in the region may contain mixed-age assemblages of molluscs. Furthermore, a lack of dates in the 8.3-30 ka range suggests that the last major period of open water in northern Hudson Strait occurred during or before the mid-Wisconsin. A similar date, 30,160±750 (GSC-414; corrected; Blake, 1966), came from a site nearby at 64-72 m aht, apparently below the local marine limit of 72 m aht, and probably also on glaciomarine sediment.

Balcom Inlet

Location: 6.7 km ESE of eastern mouth of Balcom Inlet at head of smaller inlet Lat: 62° 17.7'N Long: 68° 35.5'W UTMG: EV 21 07

Elevation: 12 m **Map Sheet:** 25K - Lake Harbour

Date: 7690 ± 90 Lab No: GSC-5526 Corrected Age: 7650 ± 45

Field ID: WM92-37B Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 m

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Mollusc Species: Mya truncata Weight: 19.67 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: whole and fragmented valves; also includes about 20% *Hiatella arctica*; other taxa in collection but not in submitted sample include *Portlandia arctica*, Serripes groenlandicus, Chlamys islandicus, and brachiopods.

Sample Pre-treatment: fragments were washed in warm water, selectively ground with mechanical grinder to remove uncommon surface discolorations (lichen?), and rinsed in distilled water

Stratigraphic Relations: From drift in frost boils, interpreted as glaciomarine sediment. The drift forms a constructional terrace (12 m aht) below the local marine limit (43 m aht). A massive silty clay, the drift has a calcareous matrix but lacks Paleozoic carbonate erratics.

Comment: See below.

Location: 6.7 km ESE of eastern mouth of Balcom Inlet at head of smaller inlet **Lat:** 62° 17.7'N **Long:** 68° 35.5'W **UTMG:** EV 21 07

Elevation: 19 m **Map Sheet:** 25K - Lake Harbour

Date: 8760 ± 65 **Lab No:** AA-10645 **Corrected Age:** 8310 ± 65

Field ID: WM92-37A Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Portlandia arctica Weight: 20.3 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Well preserved, fragile valve with "teeth" along hinge and pearly luster on inner side.

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in distilled water; 60% leach.

Stratigraphic Relations: From drift in frost boils, interpreted as glaciomarine sediment. The drift forms a constructional terrace (12 to 19 m aht) below the local marine limit (43 m aht). A massive silty clay, the drift has a calcareous matrix but lacks Paleozoic carbonate erratics. Comment: (WFM) These two dates come from the same constructional glaciomarine terrace. WM92-37A, from the highest part of the terrace, is the oldest postglacial date now available from Cape Dorset to Nannuk Harbour, and establishes the timing of deglaciation and formation of the marine limit in the Balcom Inlet area at or just before 8.3 ka. Given that this area was apparently scoured by the Noble Inlet advance (cf., Manley, 1993; 1995), the date indicates that the margin of northward flowing ice from the Ungava Bay region had retreated to an offshore position in Hudson Strait by 8.3 ka. WM92-37B, from the lower margin of the terrace, indicates that a marine-based ice-margin existed along the margins of the strait, delivering calcareous sediment to the area, until ca. 7.7 ka or later.

Location: 3.5 km NE of eastern mouth of Balcom Inlet, 8.6 km E of Inuit Islet Lat: 62° 19.5'N Long: 68° 39.5'W UTMG: EV 18 11

Elevation: 56 m Map Sheet: 25K - Lake Harbour

Date: $30,790 \pm 450$ **Lab No:** AA-10252 **Corrected Age:** $30,340 \pm 450$

Field ID: WM92-65 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: unknown Weight: 9.8 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: one of several very small, very thin, fragile shell fragments; retains fine surface ornamentation (fine ridges) and pearly luster

Sample Pre-treatment: washed & sonicated in dist. water, 50% HCl leach, then washed in dist. water, & stored in argon.

Stratigraphic Relations: From frost boils of silty clay; this deposit, interpreted as glaciomarine sediment, lacks clasts of Paleozoic limestone and forms an irregular valley fill in a small, steep drainage; sample collected below the local marine limit (67 m aht)

Comment: (WFM) Like many other dates older than 30 ka from the Hudson Strait coast of Baffin Island (Manley, 1995; in press), this date is at the reliable limit of radiocarbon dating for marine bivalves, and the shell might be significantly older than 30 ka. See comment for AA-7901 (Barrier Inlet). Note that this shell fragment was thin, displayed pearly luster, and retained fine surface ornamentation, suggesting it had not been reworked from older deposits, and might be in situ.

Gray Goose Islands

Location: 11.6 km WNW of mouth of Wight Inlet, at summit of prominent N-S trending ridge.

Lat: 62° 15.5'N Long: 68° 23.0'W UTMG: EV 31 03

Elevation: 74 m **Map Sheet:** 25K - Lake Harbour

Date: $39,145 \pm 1180$ **Lab No:** AA-11452 **Corrected Age:** $38,695 \pm 1180$

Field ID: WM92-57 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AAL-6954A AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: unknown Weight: 76.3 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Single, small fragment.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned: 60% acid leach; washed in distilled water and

stored in argon.

Stratigraphic Relations: From frost boils in gray, silty diamicton (till) above the marine limit (65 m). The diamicton contains clasts of erratic Paleozoic limestone and mollusc shells from the floor of Hudson Strait, both indicative of northward flow of an advance across Hudson Strait. However, striations at the site record only southward flow, which is presumably younger than the northward flow.

Comment: (WFM) Collected above the marine limit in till, this sample must predate the northward flow of the Noble Inlet advance documented in the region (Miller et al., 1988; Manley, 1995). However, as with several other shells from the north coast of Hudson Strait, this date is at the reliable limit of radiocarbon dating. The sampled shell could be mid-Wisconsin or older. Thus, this date cannot constrain a maximum age for the advance.

Wight Inlet

Location: 2.5 km NNW of mouth of Wight Inlet

Lat: 62° 14.0'N **Long:** 68° 14.0'W **UTMG:** EV 40 01

Elevation: 16 m Map Sheet: 25K - Lake Harbour

Date: 8045 ± 60 **Lab No:** AA-10649 Corrected Age: 7595 ± 60

Field ID: WM92-59B **Type:** Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Weight: 39.3 mg Material: Mollusc **Species:** *Mya truncata*

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Fragment from single large, whole, well-preserved valve of M.t.. The shell retains surface ornamentation.

Sample Pre-treatment: Washed in distilled water; mechanically cleaned; 80% leach. Stratigraphic Relations: From frost boils in silty glaciomarine sediment on gentle slope in lower part of a small drainage. Slope is prolific with shells, including *Pectin*, barnacles, brachiopods, Astarte, Macoma, and Hiatella. The glaciomarine sediments contain few clasts of erratic Paleozoic limestone.

Comment: (WFM) This date provides a minimum age for deglaciation of 7.6 ka and supports other dates from the region indicating deglaciation at about 8.1 to 8.3 ka (Manley, 1995a). It also provides an age for a relative sea level position at or above 16 m.

Location: 1.5 km NNW of mouth of Wight Inlet; summit of first prominent ridge on west side

of inlet.

Lat: 62° 14.0'N **Long:** 68° 13.5′W **UTMG:** EV 41 00

Map Sheet: 25K - Lake Harbour Elevation: 83 m

Corrected Age: $34,830 \pm 760$ **Date:** $35,280 \pm 760$ **Lab No:** AA-11451

Type: Surface Collection **Depth:** 0 cm **Field ID:** WM92-54

AMS or Conv. AMS **AAL-6953A**

Material: Mollusc **Species:** *Hiatella arctica* Weight: 29.1 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Single valve with slight yellowish discoloration through shell.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned; 60% acid leach; washed in distilled water and

stored in argon.

Stratigraphic Relations: From frost boils in gray, silty diamicton (till) above the marine limit (56 m). The diamicton contains clasts of erratic Paleozoic limestone and glacially transported mollusc shells from the floor of Hudson Strait. Like the striations measured at the site, the erratic clasts and shells indicate northward flow of an advance across Hudson Strait onto southern Baffin Island.

Comment: See below.

Location: 7.0 km WNW of mouth of Wight Inlet, on hill just north of prominent cliff.

Lat: 62° 14.5'N

Long: 68° 19.5'W

UTMG: EV 35 01

Elevation: 65 m **Map Sheet:** 25K - Lake Harbour

Date: $40,760 \pm 1450$ **Lab No:** AA-11453 **Corrected Age:** $40,310 \pm 1450$

Field ID: WM92-58 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AAL-6955E AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Mya truncata Weight: 24.2 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Single valve with slight yellowish discoloration through shell.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned; 60% acid leach; washed in distilled water and

stored in argon.

Stratigraphic Relations: From frost boils in gray, silty diamicton (till) above the marine limit (60 m). The diamicton contains clasts of erratic Paleozoic limestone and valves of marine bivalves from the floor of Hudson Strait; the erratic clasts and shells are indicative of northward flow of an advance across Hudson Strait. However, striations at the site record both northward and southward flow, with southward flow presumably younger than the northward flow.

Comment: (WFM) Collected above the marine limit in till, these two samples must predate the northward flow of the Noble Inlet advance documented in the region (Miller et al., 1988; Manley, 1995). However, as with several other shells from the north coast of Hudson Strait, these dates are at the reliable limit of radiocarbon dating. The sampled shells could be mid-Wisconsin or older. Thus, the dates cannot constrain a maximum age for the advance.

Bond Inlet

Location: 3.0 km WNW of mouth of Bond Inlet, ca. 100 m W of boulder barricade damming

lagoon.

Lat: 62° 12.3'N Long: 67° 50.8'W UTMG: EU 61 97

Elevation: 11 m Map Sheet: 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: 8525 ± 60 **Lab No:** AA-10648 **Corrected Age:** 8075 ± 60

Field ID: WM92-51 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Portlandia arctica Weight: 12.5 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Large, thin, very fragile, well preserved fragment comprising about one half of a single valve. Although the fragment lacks the hinge area, surface ornamentation and shape identify it as P.a..

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in distilled water; 14% leach.

Stratigraphic Relations: From frost boils of gray silty clay on broad constructional

glaciomarine terrace, below local marine limit of 46 m aht.

Comment: (WFM) Together with one other date (7315±105; corrected; AA-2625; Kaufman and Williams, 1992), this sample indicates that the Bond Inlet area became deglaciated at or shortly before 8.1 ka (Manley, 1995). On a species that favors ice-proximal environments, this date is probably a closely limiting minimum age for deglaciation and formation of the marine limit. Nearby, striations and limestone erratics indicate the area was last scoured by northward flow across Hudson Strait, probably the Noble Inlet advance (cf., Miller et al., 1988; Manley, 1993).

Thus, the dates indicate that by 8.1 ka the margin of northward-flowing ice had retreated to an offshore position in Hudson Strait.

Location: 4.0 km SE of the mouth of Bond Inlet

Lat: 62° 10.0'N **Long:** 67° 44.4′W **UTMG:** EU 66 93

Elevation: 47 m Map Sheet: 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: $34,710 \pm 690$ **Lab No:** AA-10646 Corrected Age: $34,260 \pm 690$

Field ID: WM92-41A **Type:** Surface Collection **Depth:** 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc **Species:** unknown Weight: 25.5 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Thin, 1.0-cm-wide, fragile fragment with fine surface ornamentation.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned, 60% acid leach, washed in distilled water and

stored in argon.

Stratigraphic Relations: From frost boils of gray silt with common clasts of Paleozoic limestone, interpreted as glaciomarine sediment. Sample taken from uppermost limit of deposit,

just below the marine limit, which was measured nearby at 48 m aht.

Comment: (WFM) Like many other dates older than 30 ka from the Hudson Strait coast of Baffin Island (Manley, 1995; in press), this date is at the reliable limit of radiocarbon dating for marine bivalves, and the shell might be significantly older than 34 ka. See comment for AA-7901 (Barrier Inlet). This sample illustrates that fragility and fine surface ornamentation do not guarantee that a shell is Holocene in age. These characteristics, however, suggest that the shell is from an undisturbed mid-Wisconsin or older deposit. Kaufman and Williams (1992) reported a similar date (38,550±1800; corrected; AA-2224) from nearby glaciomarine sediment.

Location: 4.4 km WNW of mouth of Bond Inlet

Lat: 62° 12.5′N **Long:** 67° 52.5′W **UTMG:** EU 59 97

Elevation: 71 m Map Sheet: 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: $31,065 \pm 455$ **Lab No:** AA-11450 Corrected Age: $30,615 \pm 455$

Field ID: WM92-53B **Type:** Surface Collection **Depth:** 0 cm

AAL-6952D AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc **Species:** Mya truncata Weight: 34.0 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Single valve with slight yellowish discoloration through shell.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned; 60% acid leach; washed in distilled water and

stored in argon.

Stratigraphic Relations: From frost boils in gray, silty diamicton (till) containing Paleozoic

carbonate clasts, above the marine limit (44 m).

Comment: See below.

Location: Summit of island 1 km W of Saddleback Island, 9.0 km SW of mouth of Bond Inlet.

Lat: 62° 09.3'N **Long:** 67° 56.8'W **UTMG:** EU 55 92

Elevation: 57 m Map Sheet: 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: 24.035 ± 240 **Lab No:** AA-10647 Corrected Age: $23,585 \pm 240$

Field ID: WM92-42 **Type:** Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AAL-6951D AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc **Species:** *Hiatella arctica* Weight: 37.3 mg Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Portion of a large (ca. 1.5-cm-wide), thick, moderately abraded fragment with patches of fine surface ornamentation; outer surface slightly chalky; from same fragment as AA-12608.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned, acid leach of 80%, then washed in distilled water.

Stratigraphic Relations: From frost boils of gray, silty diamicton (till) containing clasts of Paleozoic carbonate, above the marine limit (50 m aht).

Date: $34,820 \pm 730$

Lab No: AA-12608

Corrected Age: $34,370 \pm 730$

Field ID: WM92-42

Type: Surface Collection AMS or Conv. AMS

Depth: 0 cm

AAL-6951D Material: Mollusc

Species: Hiatella arctica

Weight: 15.8 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Portion of a large (ca. 1.5-cm-wide), thick, moderately abraded fragment with patches of fine surface ornamentation; outer surface slightly chalky; from same fragment as AA-10647.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned, acid leach of 44%, then washed in distilled water.

Stratigraphic Relations: From frost boils of gray, silty diamicton (till) containing clasts of Paleozoic carbonate, above the marine limit (50 m aht).

Comment: (WFM) Three new dates on molluscs from till in the Bond Inlet area help little to constrain the onset of the last glacial event to scour the area. Collected above the marine limit in till, the shells must predate the last advance across the region. Nearby striations and erratic limestone clasts suggest that this was the Noble Inlet advance (cf., Miller et al., 1988; Manley, 1995). However, the dates are near the reliable limit of radiocarbon dating, and the shells could be mid-Wisconsin or older, and thus do not closely constrain a late Wisconsin or Cockburn-age event. One of the shells (AA-10647) provided the only date on marine shell from Baffin Island within the range of 30-12 ka, seemingly indicating a previously undocumented late Wisconsin period of open water in Hudson Strait. However, because this result was suspect for its uniqueness, another portion of the same mollusc fragment was submitted; the result, AA-12608, implies that AA-10647 was inaccurate.

Pritzler Harbour

Location: NE head of Pritzler Harbour at mouth of outflow of small lake

Lat: 62° 08'N

Long: 67° 22'W

UTMG: EU 848 925

Elevation: -3 m

Map Sheet: 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: 8325 ± 60

Lab No: AA-17258

Corrected Age: 7875 ± 60

Field ID: M86-BS45

Type: Surface Collection

Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc

Species: Hiatella arctica

Weight: 11.5 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, G.H. Miller

Sample Notes: hinge fragment of a small single valve; slightly abraded; medium to thick walled Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically ground; sonicated in DW; leached 82% with HCl; washed in DW.

Stratigraphic Relations: Excavated from drift 3 m below high tide; *Portlandia arctica* common in sediment. Drift is over consolidated, compact, impermeable. AA-2349, $8,050 \pm 90$ yr BP collected 0.5 m higher in section; AA-6299, 7915 ± 75 collected 1.5 m higher in section. AA-6301 (9010 \pm 95) from same stratigraphic level (Kaufman and Williams, 1992). (All dates corrected). This fragment taken from sediment sample (GRL-4911).

Comment: (WFM, GHM) Anomalously young for chronology previously established for the site by three dates. The shell was taken from an archived sample bag of shells screened from a sediment sample. The sediment sample was taken from the same, lowest horizon previously sampled and dated. Perhaps shells from other sediment samples at the site were mistakenly included also, or perhaps the sediment sample included shell float from higher in the section.

Nannuk Harbour

Location: Ca. 2.5 km N of head of Nannuk Harbour

Lat: 61° 56.5'N Long: 66° 18.8'W UTMG: FU 41 70

Elevation: 120-140 m **Map Sheet:** 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: 100 ± 40 **Lab No:** AA-17256

Field ID: M81-BSh49 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AAL-7266A AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: unknown Weight: 11.1 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, G.H. Miller

Sample Notes: small, slightly abraded fragment retaining slight pearly luster and surface

ornamentation (growth ridges); less abraded than others in collection; portion of fragment archived.

Sample Pre-treatment: Leached 59% in HCl; washed in DW.

Stratigraphic Relations: From calcareous, limestone-rich till well above local marine limit (33 m aht). D/L ratio of 0.021 indicates the fragment is one of the youngest shell fragments reworked into till in the region.

Comment: (WFM, GHM) Anomalously young date that is not consistent with the sample

context.

Location: Near the head of Nannuk Harbour.

Lat: 61° 55.3'N **Long:** 66° 19.4'W **UTMG:** FU 377 700

Elevation: 180 m **Map Sheet:** 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: $>37.000 \pm$ **Lab No:** GX-8942

Field ID: M81-BSh56 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Mollusc Species: Hiatella arctica

Contributor(s): G.H. Miller, W.F. Manley Sample Notes: Small sample of shell fragments.

Stratigraphic Relations: Large, robust fragments of H.a. from limestone-rich till west of

Nannuk Harbour.

Comment: (WFM, GHM) This date was first reported in Miller (1985). From till well above the local marine limit of 33 m aht, these fragments should predate the northward flow of the Noble Inlet advance (Miller et al., 1988; Manley, 1995a). However, the fragments could be mid-

Wisconsin or older, and do not constrain the onset of the advance. See also comment for AA-7901

(Barrier Inlet).

East of South Reefs

Location: 6 km ENE of South Reefs, 16 km SSW of mouth of Noble Inlet.

UTMG: FU 507 632

Elevation: 19 m **Map Sheet:** 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: $38,620 \pm 1110$ **Lab No:** AA-14027 Corrected Age: $38,170 \pm 1110$

Field ID: M81-BSh44 **Type:** Terrestrial Exposure **Depth:** 17 m

AMS or Conv: AMS **AAL-7378A**

Material: Mollusc Species: unknown Weight: 20.4 mg

Contributor(s): G. H. Miller, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Small, tabular, slightly abraded, slightly rounded fragment with minor surface

ornamentation preserved.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned, leached 80% with HCl, and washed with

distilled water.

Stratigraphic Relations: From pebbly gravel in central portion of upper face of an ice-contact delta; shells seem transported, and probably predate the ice-marginal position at the delta. Geomorphic and stratigraphic relations suggest that ice lay to the south. Total D/L is 0.032. Comment: (WFM, GHM) This sample provides a maximum age for the ice-contact delta, which seemed to delineate a recessional ice-marginal position, established by ice flowing northward across Hudson Strait, during the closing stages of the Noble Inlet advance (Manley, 1995a). However, the dated shell, like others from the region, records a mid-Wisconsin or older period of open-water in Hudson Strait, and does not constrain the age of the delta. We interpret that it was reworked from older sediment into a Cockburn-age (9-8 ka) feature.

Lower Savage Islands

Location: 12.0 km due south of northern tip of Lower Savage Islands; along channel separating

western from central islands in group

Long: 65° 47.6'W **Lat:** 61° 46.9'N **UTMG:** LD 527 528

Elevation: 3.0 m Map Sheet: 25H - Resolution Island

Date: $24,780 \pm 230$ **Lab No:** AA-15132 Corrected Age: $24,330 \pm 230$

Field ID: M81-BSh58 **Type:** Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc **Species:** unknown Weight: 7.3 mg

Contributor(s): G.H. Miller, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Small (0.3 x 0.3 cm) shell fragment with surface ornamentation (growth ridges)

moderately well preserved.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically ground, leached 42% with HCl, and washed in distilled

Stratigraphic Relations: From surface of limestone-bearing till overlying striated bedrock;

nearby marine limit is at or below modern mht.

Comment: (WFM) Probably a minimum age, this date does not help to costrain the onset of the Noble Inlet advance, and like many other dates on shells from till deposited by the advance, indicates that mid-Wisconsin or older deposits were reworked by the advance (Manley, 1995a).

Edgell Island

Location: At head of small inlet on SW coast of Edgell Island.

Lat: 61° 46.5'N **Long:** 65° 00'W

Elevation: 20 m Map Sheet: Resolution Island

Lab No: AA-16405 **Date:** 9480 ± 80 Corrected Age: 9030 ± 80

Field ID: EDG 94-1E **Type:** Surface Collection **Depth:** 0 cm

AAL-7554E AMS or Conv: AMS

Species: Mya truncata? Weight: 19.5 mg Material: Mollusc

Contributor(s): J.T. Gray, G.H. Miller, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: thick, slightly chalky fragment of M.t.?

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically ground, leached 80% with HCl, and washed in distilled

water.

Date: 9600 ± 140 **Lab No:** AA-16404 Corrected Age: 9150 ± 140

Field ID: EDG 94-1E **Type:** Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS **AAL-**7554B

Material: Mollusc Species: Mya truncata Weight: 22.7 mg

Contributor(s): J.T. Gray, G.H. Miller, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: well preserved but slightly chalky hinge fragment

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically ground, leached 69% with HCl, and washed in distilled

Stratigraphic Relations: On the surface of a silty frost boil, at the transition between a former baymouth bar and a thinly till-covered slope. Well defined washing limit representing postglacial marine limit is at 21 m ahwm (only 1 m higher than sample site). As large tidal range is circa 6 m, shells may have been moved up the tidal mudflats by wave and ice-action from an initial position at or below the low tide zone. Other fragments present at the site include *Hiatella arctica* and *Balanus*

Comment: (JTG) Two Mya fragments were in fact dated after being subjected to amino acid D/L analyses (AAL-7554B and AAL-7554E). The two dates from Edgell Island -- AA-16404 and AA-16405 -- indicate the establishment of open water marine conditions in northern Hudson Strait near the entrance to Frobisher Bay towards 9.0-9.1 ka. The edge of the Hudson Strait ice sheet had to be situated some distance to the south of Edgell Island, in order to permit the establishment of suitable marine conditions propitious to the variety of shell species (Mya, Hiatella and Balanus), and foraminifera found at the site. The dates constrain the retreat of Laurentide ice, after the Gold Cove advance onto southern Hall Peninsula. They do not provide evidence for the subsequent Noble Inlet re-advance northwards to the vicinity of Edgell Island and SW Resolution Island.

Noble Inlet

Location: 1.8 km W of Palmer Island, at head of "Finger inlet", east of Noble Inlet.

UTMG: FU 55 86

Elevation: 10 m Map Sheet: 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: 8780 ± 230 Corrected Age: 8330 ± 230 **Lab No:** GX-13022 Field ID: M86-BS5 Type: Terrestrial Exposure **Depth:** 4 m

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Mollusc Species: Hiatella arctica

Contributor(s): G.H. Miller, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Paired valves.

Stratigraphic Relations: Paired valves of H.a. collected from laminated fine marine sands

overlying till in a small inlet off Kendall Strait. Nearby marine limit is ca. 50 m aht.

Comment: (WFM, GHM) This date, first published in Miller et al. (1988) but not in any previous INSTAAR Date List, provides the oldest date on retreat from the Noble Inlet advance, and provides a minimum age for complete deglaciation of Kendall Strait (Manley, 1995a). The date also constrains the timing of a relative sea level at 14 m aht.

Location: "Gravelly Cut & Fill delta" at head of small inlet 7 km south of mouth of Noble Inlet.

UTMG: FU 560 730

Elevation: 19 m Map Sheet: 25J - Grinnell Glacier **Date:** 8905 ± 65 **Lab No:** AA-14028 **Corrected Age:** 8455 ± 65

Field ID: M81-BSh61 Type: Excavation Depth: 0-10 m

AAL-7379D AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Hiatella arctica? Weight: 15.6 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, G.H. Miller Sample Notes: Small, relatively fresh fragment.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned, leached 64% with HCl, and washed with

distilled water.

Stratigraphic Relations: From gravelly sand and cobble gravel (with limestone) of wave-cut face of ice-marginal delta recording sea level at 24 m aht. Delta is inset with a smaller, lower delta that records regression below 0 m aht, then transgression to 9 m, then regression to 0 m. Total D/L of 0.021.

Comment: (WFM, GHM) This delta was formed when ice lay within ca. 2 km to the south or west, diverting meltwater and sediment into a valley close to southeastern tip of Meta Incognita Peninsula (Miller and Stravers, 1987; Miller et al., 1988; Manley, 1995a). We interpret that the dated shell was coeval with deposition of the delta, and that northward-flowing ice of the Noble Inlet advance or a subsequent, residual ice mass remained in this area until this time.

Location: Hill 1.5 km N of Noble Inlet "Cut & Fill delta", on peninsula jutting into upper Noble

Inlet.

UTMG: FU 492 885

Elevation: 72 m **Map Sheet:** 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: 9065 ± 80 **Lab No:** AA-14024 **Corrected Age:** 8615 ± 80

Field ID: M81-BSh30 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AAL-7375A AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Mya truncata Weight: 24.6 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, G.H. Miller

Sample Notes: Large fragment with surface ornamentation.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned, leached 87% with HCl, and washed with

distilled water.

Stratigraphic Relations: From frost boils of silty till above marine limit (42 m aht) near the ice-contact, "Cut & Fill delta". Total D/L ratio is 0.022.

Comment: (WFM, GHM) Provides maximum age for onset of last advance to cover Noble Inlet (Manley, 1995a). It's age in relation to other dates suggests that the Noble Inlet advance was double pulsed, and that this was a younger and very brief pulse that held its maximum margin in and near Noble Inlet proper, whereas another, earlier pulse made it to the Kendall Strait delta or farther NE. Cf., Miller and Stravers (1987) and Miller et al. (1988).

Location: Eastern side of upper Noble Inlet, opposite "Cut & Fill delta" delta.

UTMG: FU 505 880

Elevation: -2 m Map Sheet: 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: 9090 ± 95 **Lab No:** AA-14026 **Corrected Age:** 8640 ± 95

Field ID: M81-BSh41 Type: Excavation Depth: 2 m

AAL-7377D AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Hiatella arctica Weight: 21.0 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, G.H. Miller

Sample Notes: Whole, well-preserved, single valve.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned, leached 87% with HCl, and washed with

distilled water.

Stratigraphic Relations: From distal glaciomarine sediment (stone-free silty clay) below ice-proximal glaciomarine sediment, exposed in tidal section. Total D/L is 0.025.

Comment: (WFM, GHM) Provides age of onset of second pulse(?) of Noble Inlet advance (Manley, 1995a). From same collection and same age as GSC-3951 (8600±50; corrected), confirming age of deposition. Cf., Miller and Stravers (1987) and Miller et al. (1988).

Location: From wave-cut exposure of "Cut & Fill delta", at SE corner of peninsula jutting into

inner Noble Inlet.

Lat: 62° 05.3'N

Long: 66° 08.4'W

UTMG: FU 491 886

Elevation: 16 m

Map Sheet: 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: 9130 ± 65

Lab No: AA-17255

Corrected Age: 8680 ± 65

Field ID: M81-BSh34

Type: Terrestrial Exposure AMS or Conv: AMS

Depth: 0 cm

AAL-7735A Material: Mollusc

Species: Macoma calcarea

Weight: 13.6 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, G.H. Miller

Sample Notes: well preserved, fairly fragile, medium-sized (8 mm x 13 mm) hinge fragment from ca. 50% of a single valve; retains surface ornamentation (hinge "teeth") and pearly luster;

other portions of fragment archived.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically ground; leached 77% with HCl; washed in DW. Stratigraphic Relations: From calcareous, limestone-bearing, ice-contact glaciomarine sediment exposed in the Noble Inlet "Cut & Fill" delta; deposit includes paired $Macoma\ calcarea$. Sediment consists of a silty diamicton with sandy interbeds. Another date from this collection is 8,540 \pm 75 (GSC-3469, corrected). Shells from a correlative deposit were dated 8770 \pm 45 (GSC-4607, corrected). Although the submitted sample is a single valve, we believe it is coeval with the deposit.

Comment: (WFM) Fits in nicely, and clarifies the timing of Noble Inlet advance at the type locality. Perhaps the 8810 date included one or more older, reworked shells (Manley, 1995a). The new date suggests this, and falls between with the pre-advance date from overridden glaciomarine sediments at the site (8920 \pm 80, AA-14025, corrected) and the post-advance date from the inset delta (8200 \pm 45, GSC-3404, corrected). Cf., Miller and Stravers (1987) and Miller et al. (1988).

Location: From wave-cut exposure of "Cut & Fill delta", at SE corner of peninsula jutting into

inner Noble Inlet.

Lat: 62° 05.3'N

Long: 66° 08.4'W

UTMG: FU 491 886

Elevation: -2 m

Map Sheet: 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: 9370 ± 80

Lab No: AA-14025

Corrected Age: 8920 ± 80

Field ID: M81-BSh35

Type: Terrestrial Exposure

Depth: 0 cm

AAL-7376A

AMS or Conv. AMS

Weight: 7.2 mg

Material: Mollusc

Species: unknown

Contributor(s): G.H. Miller, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Small, very thin, very fragile shell fragment.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned, leached 37% with HCl, and washed with

distilled water.

Stratigraphic Relations: From distal glaciomarine, clean silty sand and laminated mud below

till on tidal exposure. Total D/L ratio is 0.022.

Comment: (WFM, GHM) This sample provides a date for ice-distal glaciomarine sediment subsequently overridden during the Noble Inlet advance (Miller and Stravers, 1987; Miller et al., 1988; Manley, 1995a). Thus it provides a closely limiting, maximum age for the onset of the

advance, and is in general agreement with the previously estimated chronology of advance and retreat of 8.9 to 8.4 ka.

Palmer Island

UTMG: LD 44 88

Location: 5.5 km NE of mouth of Noble Inlet

Lat: 62° 05.5'N **Long:** 65° 59.1'W

Elevation: 38 m Map Sheet: 25I - Loks Land

Date: 9650 ± 70 **Lab No:** AA-17257 **Corrected Age:** 9200 ± 70

Field ID: M81-BSh68 Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: unknown Weight: 11.7 mg

Contributor(s): G.H. Miller, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: small (5 mm x 4 mm) abraded fragment with surface ornamentation (ridges) and

slight pearly luster; less abraded than others in collection

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in DW; leached 61% with HCl; washed in DW.

Stratigraphic Relations: From upper beds of gravelly sand in ice-contact delta just below local marine limit (43 m aht), northwestern part of Palmer Island. The fragment is apparently not in

situ, and has probably been reworked and redeposited.

Comment: (WFM) This date supports the chronology of the Noble Inlet advance (Manley, 1995a). On a shell fragment apparently reworked into an ice-contact delta, this sample should predate an ice margin in Kendall Strait, when northward flowing ice abutted against Palmer Island.

Potter Island

Location: Central portion of southeastern Potter Island, 12 km NE of mouth of Noble Inlet

UTMG: LD 505 880

Elevation: 65 m Map Sheet: 25I - Loks Land

Date: 8950 ± 65 **Lab No:** AA-14029 **Corrected Age:** 8500 ± 65

Field ID: M81-BSh75 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AAL-7380B AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Mya truncata Weight: 21.5 mg

Contributor(s): G.H. Miller, W.F. Manley Sample Notes: Small fragment with hinge.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned, leached 64% with HCl, and washed with

distilled water.

Stratigraphic Relations: From frost boils of silty, limestone-rich till above marine limit (43 m

aht). Total D/L is 0.029.

Comment: (WFM, GHM) From same collection as AA-2223 (8640±90, corrected), this shell – reworked into till above the marine limit – must predate an advance of grounded ice across the Noble Inlet area. Limestone erratics, a calcareous till matrix, and striations of ca. 030° at this site indicate that this was northeastward flow of the Noble Inlet advance (cf., Miller and Stravers, 1987; Miller et al., 1988; Manley, 1995a). This date is the youngest of the maximum ages on the advance, and is perhaps associated with a second pulse across Potter Island.

Henderson Inlet

Location: South shore of central Henderson Inlet, ca. 2 km W of its mouth

Lat: 62° 14.2'N **Long:** 66° 07.1'W **UTMG:** FV 498 033

Elevation: -2 m **Map Sheet:** 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: 9735 ± 295 **Lab No:** GX-8670 **Corrected Age:** 9285 ± 295

Field ID: M81-BSh76 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AAL-2434 AMS or Conv: Conv Material: Mollusc Species: Hiatella arctica

Contributor(s): G.H. Miller, W.F. Manley Sample Pre-treatment: Mostly whole valves.

Stratigraphic Relations: From silty diamicton, interpreted as ice-distal glaciomarine sediment,

eroding in tidal flat.

Comment: (WFM, GHM) Provides a close(?) minimum age for local deglaciation. Reported in

Stravers (1986), Miller and Stravers (1987), and Miller et al. (1988).

Buerger Point

Location: 6.5 km NE of head of Henderson Inlet, 5.2 km SSE of Buerger Pt., in drowned

cirque.

Lat: 62° 18.4'N Long: 66° 10.6'W UTMG: FV 47 11

Elevation: -3 m Map Sheet: 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: 9420 ± 135 **Lab No:** GX-13021 **Corrected Age:** 8970 ± 135

Field ID: M86-BS2 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Mollusc Species: Hiatella arctica

Contributor(s): G.H. Miller, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: whole valves

Stratigraphic Relations: From diamicton exposed on eroding tidal flat. The deposit, interpreted as ice-proximal glaciomarine sediment, contains a matrix of pebbly silty sand with abundant, erratic limestone clasts.

Comment: (WFM, GHM) This date, not previously published, provides a constraint on ice-proximal glaciomarine deposition from a nearby, limestone-bearing, calving marine margin. Most likely this margin, in or near Henderson Inlet, marked the extent of northward flow during the Noble Inlet advance (Miller et al., 1988; Manley, 1995a).

York Delta

Location: From exposure opposite spit, right-lateral, distal margin of York Delta, southern York

Sound

UTMG: FV 300 230

Elevation: 4 m **Map Sheet:** 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: 8795 ± 95 **Lab No:** AA-14030 **Corrected Age:** 8345 ± 95

Type: Excavation

AAL-7381A AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Balanus balanus Weight: 22.5 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, D. Muller

Sample Notes: Orangish brown barnacle plate with surface ornamentation. Also GRL-775-S. Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned, leached 73% with HCl, and washed with

distilled water.

Stratigraphic Relations: From till below proximal glaciomarine silt and sand, which underlies the gravel of the York Delta. Date from the glaciomarine sediment is 8780 ± 110 (SI-4368, corrected). Total D/L is 0.026.

Comment: (WFM, GHM) This shell fragment was taken from the archived samples of Dave Muller to better date the deposition of the York Delta. We had expected that the fragment, sampled from till at the base of the exposure, must have been reworked into the till, and thus would provide a maximum age for the till and the delta. However, this sample creates a stratigraphic inversion and conflicts with several other dates from the York Delta (cf., Miller and Stravers, 1987; Manley, 1995a). It therefore seems anomalous, and perhaps had been collected as float reworked from higher in the section.

Grinnell Glacier Area

Corrected Age: 8695 ± 235

UTMG: EA 156 702

Location: 6.5 km SE of Wynne-Edwards Bay, at the head of "Midnight harbour".

UTMG: FV 275 326

Elevation: 6-14 m **Map Sheet:** 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: 8735 ± 235 **Lab No:** QC-714

AMS or Conv: Conv Material: Mollusc

Contributor(s): J.A. Stravers, G.H. Miller, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Whole valves

Stratigraphic Relations: From deltaic sands tied to a former sea level at 19 m aht.

Comment: (WFM, GHM) Listed in Stravers (1986), this date indicates that this site was not glaciated during the Cockburn Substage. It also provides an age for relative sea level 19 m aht. To the best of our knowledge, QC dates were not 13C-corrected. Thus, we have corrected the date accordingly above by adding 410 yr, then subtracting 450 yr for the marine reservoir effect.

Location: From or near "Midnight harbour", ca. 7 km SE of Wynne-Edwards Bay.

Lat: °'N

Long: ° 'W

Elevation: 6 m

Map Sheet: 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: 9320 ± 80 **Lab No:** SI-5171 **Corrected Age:** 9280 ± 80

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Mollusc Species: Mixed Contributor(s): J.A. Stravers, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: In situ valves and wave abraded fragments of Hiatella arctica, Mya truncata, and

Balanus. Sample GRL-809-S.

Stratigraphic Relations: From tidal flat muds.

Comment: (WFM) Reported in Stravers (1986), this date provides a close(?) minimum for deglaciation. Except under unusual circumstances, SI- dates were not 13C-corrected (Stuckenrath, pers. com.). Accordingly, we have added 410 yr for the 13C correction, and have subtracted 450 yr for the marine reservoir effect.

Inner Frobisher Bay

Tungatsivvik

Location: Occupation floor, Thule House 5

Lat: 63° 45.7'N Long: 68° 41'W

Elevation: 6 m Map Sheet:

Date: 550 ± 60 **Lab No:** AECV-1348C

Field ID: KkDo-3-RC5-1 Type: Excavation Depth: 1.10 m DBD m

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Bone Species: Rangifer tarandus Weight: 164.6 g

Contributor(s): D.R. Stenton

Comment: See below.

Location: Occupation floor, Thule House 11

Lat: 63° 45.7'N Long: 68° 41'W UTMG: EA 156 702

Elevation: 16 m Map Sheet:

Date: 740 ± 70 **Lab No:** AECV-1349C

Field ID: KkDo-3-RC11-1 Type: Excavation

Depth: 1.30 m DBD m

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Bone Species: Rangifer tarandus Weight: 170.1 g

Contributor(s): D.R. Stenton

Comment: See below.

Date: 740 ± 80 **Lab No:** AECV-1350C

Field ID: KkDo-3-RC11-2 Type: Excavation

Depth: 1.30 m DBD m

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood Species: Unknown Weight: 21.6 g

Contributor(s): D.R. Stenton

Comment: See below.

Location: Occupation floor, Thule House 16

Lat: 63° 45.7'N Long: 68° 41'W UTMG: EA 156 702

Elevation: 8 m Map Sheet:

Date: 490 ± 70 **Lab No:** AECV-1351C

Field ID: KkDo-3-RC16-1 Type: Excavation

Depth: 1.40 m DBD m

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Bone Species: Rangifer tarandus Weight: 184.0 g

Contributor(s): D.R. Stenton

Comment: See below.

Location: Occupation floor, Thule House 6

Lat: 63° 45.7'N Long: 68° 41'W UTMG: EA 156 702

Elevation: 10 m Map Sheet:

Date: 880 ± 50 **Lab No:** AECV-1708C

Field ID: KkDo-3-RC6-1 Type: Excavation Depth: 1.30-1.40 m DBD m

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Bone Species: Rangifer tarandus Weight: 181.7 g

Contributor(s): D.R. Stenton

Comment: (DRS) The series of five radiometric dates from KkDo-3 form the basis of the site's Thule chronology, and confirm that the site was occupied during all phases of the Thule era (circa AD 1000 - 1700). The earliest components produced dates from the Classic Thule period (12th and 13th centuries AD), and yielded diagnostic artifacts similar to those found at the Classic

Crystal II site near Iqaluit. The radiocarbon estimates and artifactual evidence are also in agreement for later occupations (i.e., during the Developed and Late Thule periods). The virtually identical results obtained from wood and bone samples in House 16 is unusual; different types of organic materials from Thule houses often produce significantly different results.

Cape Rammelsberg

Location: 2.5 km SW of tip of Cape Rammelsberg, on isthmus connecting a small peninsula to

Meta Incognita Peninsula.

Lat: 63° 24.9'N Long: 68° 26.2'W UTMG: EA 282 317

Elevation: 4 m **Map Sheet:** 25N - Frobisher

Date: 9100 ± 80 **Lab No:** AA-16403 **Corrected Age:** 8650 ± 80

Field ID: WM94-49B Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Portlandia arctica Weight: 17.4 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: large (1.4 cm) single, well preserved valve with periostracum, "teeth", and

pearly luster.

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in distilled water, leached 82% with HCl, and washed in

DW.

Stratigraphic Relations: From the base of an exposure of calcareous, massive mud with

uncommon clasts and no Paleozoic erratics. Interpreted as glaciomarine sediment.

Comment: (WFM) Indicates that ice lay northwest of the site at ca. 8.7 ka (Manley, 1995b; Manley and Moore, 1995). Given that the date is on a mollusc that favors ice-proximal conditions, it suggests that ice was less than ca. 20 km northwest of the cape at that time. This date is in agreement with recent dates on paired molluscs from the cape itself (see below).

Location: 1.6 km NW of very tip of Cape Rammelsberg, in short valley above small NE facing

cove.

Lat: 63° 26.2'N Long: 68° 25.4'W UTMG: EA 288 341

Elevation: 28 m **Map Sheet:** 25N - Frobisher

Date: 9335 ± 75 **Lab No:** AA-15131 **Corrected Age:** 8885 ± 75

Field ID: WM94-47A Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 14 m

AAL-7746A AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Macoma calcarea Weight: 21.5 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: very delicate, thin valve from medium-sized (1.7 x 1.2 cm) paired valve with

periostracum; matching valve archived.

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated with distilled water, leached 65% with HCl, and washed in

distilled water.

Stratigraphic Relations: Upper section of exposures, from 24 to 42 m aht below a frost-boil covered terrace at 47 m, consists of horizontally bedded and interbedded sand and silt; lower section is of horizontally bedded sand and gravel, from 1 to 38 m aht, at very head of cove; sample found on eroding face of upper section in laminated mud interbedded with horizontally stratified fine sand; entire sequence interpreted as ice-proximal glaciomarine sediment, becoming more distal up section, when ice was at or near Cape Rammelsberg.

Comment: See below.

Date: 9355 ± 75 **Lab No:** AA-17861 **Corrected Age:** 8905 ± 75

Field ID: WM94-47A Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 14 m

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Macoma calcarea Weight: 15.1 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: very delicate, thin, single, medium-sized (1.7 x 1.2 cm) valve from paired valve

with periostracum; matching valve archived. Redate on separate mollusc.

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated with distilled water, leached 85% with HCl, and washed in

distilled water.

Comment: (WFM) A surprising result, these two dates indicate that the Frobisher Bay moraine system, at least on the south side of the bay, is older than previously envisioned (Manley, 1995b; Manley and Moore, 1995). The fragile paired valves are from ice-proximal sediments deposited when the margin of southeast-flowing ice lay on the northern edge of the cape. These dates indicate that maximum extent of an advance by Foxe/Amadjuak ice down Frobisher Bay during the early Cockburn period was coeval with the northward Labradorean pulse of the Noble Inlet advance, implicating a regional climatic trigger for both. The second sample, on a separate paired mollusc, confirms the age of the deposit as indicated by the first sample.

Cape Caldwell

Location: 2.7 km NNW of Cape Caldwell, near head of inlet formed between the Cape and the

mainland.

Lat: 63° 21.7'N **Long:** 68° 22.3'W **UTMG:** EA 315 258

Elevation: 18 m Map Sheet: 25N - Frobisher

Date: 8325 ± 75 **Lab No:** AA-15130 **Corrected Age:** 7875 ± 75

Field ID: WM94-40B Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 3 m

AAL-7745A AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Portlandia sp. Weight: 16.0 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: fragile, well-preserved valve from large paired valve with periostracum;

matching valve archived.

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated with distilled water, leached 83% with HCl, and washed in

distilled water.

Stratigraphic Relations: From 3-m-high exposure of olive-gray, silty, calcareous, glaciomarine diamicton forming a terrace connecting Cape Caldwell with the mainland; top of terrace is at 21 m, with good exposure 16-19 m, and intermittent exposures and slumps down to 6

m aht. Nearby marine limit is 122 m.

Comment: (WFM) This date indicates that the Cape Caldwell area was deglaciated before 7.9 ka, in itself not very surprising. What is surprising is that the date is on *Portlandia arctica*, and indicates that calcareous glaciomarine sedimentation continued this late even though AA-15310 indicates that Cape Rammelsberg, just up bay, was free of ice a millenium before (Manley, 1995b; Manley and Moore, 1995). Although we found no limestone clasts at this site, the calcareous matrix suggests that the source for the glaciomarine sediment was not MIP ice but the margin of Foxe/Amadjuak ice in innermost Frobisher Bay.

Jaynes Inlet

Location: 3.9 km SW of N head of Jaynes Inlet, in broad, NE-trending, U-shaped valley.

Lat: 63° 15.4'N Long: 68° 19.6'W UTMG: EA 338 141

Elevation: 30 m **Map Sheet:** 25N - Frobisher

Date: 8055 ± 70 **Lab No:** AA-15129 **Corrected Age:** 7605 ± 70

Field ID: WM94-38B Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 18 m

AAL-7744A AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Hiatella arctica Weight: 19.2 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: portion of a large (2.0 x 3.9 cm), robust valve from a paired valve; matching valve archived; slight orange discoloration but not chalky.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned, leached 76% with HCl, and washed with

distilled water.

Stratigraphic Relations: From exposure of moderately dipping planar beds of gravelly sand at eastern tip of delta. Delta surface is at 48 m, with base of stream exposure at 26 m aht. Delta beds dip ca. N40E, toward mouth of valley, at a dip of ca. 12 degrees; several paired valves, held together by fine sand and silica(?) cement, were excavated; orientation of the delta itself, plus the dip of the beds, suggest a source of ice on Meta Incognita Peninsula, not Frobisher Bay, for the meltwater that formed the delta; a steep escarpment on the N side of the delta suggests it was ice-contact, formed as a lobe of ice from the SW terminated in the valley; nearby marine limit is 119 m aht.

Comment: (WFM) This date, on shells from a glaciofluvial/deltaic deposit left by Meta Incognita ice in the "Jayne's valley", is slightly younger than the nearby glaciomarine sediment of AA-15128. The date appears to indicate that residual Meta Incognita ice existed in the area centuries after down-the-bay flow left behind the Eggleston Bay ice-contact delta (Manley, 1995b; Manley and Moore, 1995).

Location: 3.8 km SW of N head of Jaynes Inlet, in broad, NE-trending, U-shaped valley.

Lat: 63° 15.4'N **Long:** 68° 19.5'W **UTMG:** EA 339 142

Elevation: 38 m Map Sheet: 25N - Frobisher

Date: 8160 ± 70 **Lab No:** AA-15128 **Corrected Age:** 7710 ± 70

Field ID: WM94-37 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Portlandia sp. Weight: 5.1 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: single, whole, very fragile, small (0.5 x 0.3 cm), well preserved valve. Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in distilled water, leached 12% with HCl, and washed in distilled water.

Stratigraphic Relations: From frost boils of olive gray, non-calcareous, silty clay glaciomarine sediment lacking Paleozoic erratics, ca. 150 m NE of WM94-38; this glaciomarine sediment is soliflucting down and around scattered remnants of (glaciofluvial or deltaic?) sand and gravel; nearby marine limit is 119 m aht.

Comment: (WFM) This date indicates that local Meta Incognita ice existed in the headwaters of this drainage, producing glaciomarine sediment of local origin, after Foxe/Amadjuak ice had retreated to innermost Frobisher Bay (Manley, 1995b; Manley and Moore, 1995).

Eggleston Bay

Location: 0.7 km N of head of Eggleston Bay

Lat: 63° 13.0'N **Long:** 68° 13.3'W **UTMG:** EA 39 10

Elevation: 64 m Map Sheet: 25N - Frobisher

Date: 9030 ± 75 **Lab No:** AA-15126 **Corrected Age:** 8580 ± 75

Field ID: WM94-32 Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 0 cm

AAL-7743A AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Hiatella arctica Weight: 25.3 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: portion of a single, whole, robust valve; inner layers hard and apparently unaltered.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned, leached 59% with HCl, and washed in distilled water.

Stratigraphic Relations: Collected as float from sandy flat and 1-m-high exposure of horizontally stratified sand, at N end of massive ice-contact delta. The exposure was formed by wave erosion into the top of the ice-contact delta during very high levels of the lake that is now ca. 100 m to N. Uppermost beds of delta at this exposure apparently deposited after retreat of ice from grounding lines, ca. 200 m to the south, along the crest of the main delta. The Eggleston Bay ice-contact delta is beyond the classically defined limits of the Frobisher Bay Moraine System.

Comment: (WFM) This date provides a minimum age for the margin of Foxe/Amadjuak ice responsible for the Eggleston Bay ice-contact delta. It agrees with Lind's (corrected) date, from nearby, of 8.7 ka, and shows that this ice-marginal position occurred early (or before) the beginning of the Cockburn Substage (Manley, 1995b; Manley and Moore, 1995).

Location: 1.2 km NNW of head of Eggleston Bay, ca. 50 m W of large lake.

Lat: 63° 13.2'N Long: 68° 13.9'W UTMG: EA 39 10

Elevation: 66 m **Map Sheet:** 25N - Frobisher

Date: 8860 ± 110 **Lab No:** GSC-5895 **Corrected Age:** 8820 ± 55

Field ID: WM94-33 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Mollusc Species: Hiatella arctica Weight: 15.7 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Twenty partial or complete, single, well-preserved valves.

Sample Pre-treatment: Washed in distilled water, leached 5% with HCl, and washed in

distilled water.

Stratigraphic Relations: From surface of frost boils exposing calcareous, olive gray silty clay with ca. 10% clasts but no Paleozoic limestone. The shells should date a period of glaciomarine sedimentation shortly(?) after retreat from the nearby Eggleston Bay ice-contact delta (ca. 1 km S of site). Local marine limit is 129 m aht.

Comment: (WFM) This date indicates that ice lay at the Eggleston Bay delta prior to 8.8 ka (earlier than previously believed) and that the dated shell from the surface of the delta substantially postdates its formation when sea level subsequently fell. This date also provides a minimum age for deglaciation of this part of Frobisher Bay (Manley, 1995b; Manley and Moore, 1995). Together with the new dates from Cape Rammelsberg and the Channel Islands, this sample indicates that Foxe/Amadjuak ice extended to the Eggleston Bay area during the earliest phase of, or shortly before, the Cockburn Substage.

Newell Sound 4 (KgDl-4)

Location: Northeast of Newell Sound 1, just inside entrance of Newell Sound, south side

Lat: 63° 06'N **Long:** 67° 52'W **UTMG:** 19V 569 980

Elevation: m Map Sheet: 250 - Ward Inlet

Date: 800 ± 70 **Lab No:** Beta-61068

Field ID: 1992-18 Type: Excavation Depth: 10 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood Species: pine Weight: 10 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker Stratigraphic Relations: From house floor.

Comment: (DL) House 1, Dorset period (Fitzhugh, 1993).

Date: 1130 ± 50 Lab No: Beta-61609 Corrected Age: 780 ± 50

Field ID: 1992-21 Type: Excavation Depth: 10 cm

AMS or Conv:

Material: sea mammal fat

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker Stratigraphic Relations: From hearth stone.

Comment: (DL) House 1, Dorset period (Fitzhugh, 1993). Corrected for a marine reservoir

effect of 350 yr.

Pugh Island

Location: 4.0 km ESE of N tip of Pugh Island, in valley leading down to bay on NW side of

island.

Lat: 63° 15.4'N Long: 68° 10.6'W UTMG: EA 413 143

Elevation: 11 m **Map Sheet:** 25N - Frobisher

Date: 9220 ± 75 **Lab No:** AA-15127 **Corrected Age:** 8770 ± 75

Field ID: WM94-35B Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Portlandia sp. Weight: 18.0 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Single, whole, fragile, large (1.1x 0.7 cm) valve.

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in distilled water, leached 48% with HCl, and washed in

distilled water.

Stratigraphic Relations: From 1.5-m-high stream exposure into soliflucting terrace of gray, calcareous, silty glaciomarine sediment. This is the same collection site dated twice before: 9835±130 (QC-903; corrected; Colvill, 1982) and 8550±50 (GSC-3666; corrected; Lind, 1983; Andrews et al., 1989). This sample submitted to obtain an age on a single individual, avoiding the potential of obtaining an average age for a mixed age assemblage. The nearby marine limit is 114 m aht.

Comment: (WFM) This date is closer to the age of the Eggleston Bay dates than to the dates on southern Pugh and Pike Islands, and therefore seems to represent deposition from Cockburn down-the-bay flow, rather than the pre-Cockburn(?) advance by Foxe and/or MIP ice (Manley, 1995b; Manley and Moore, 1995). From the same site as corrected dates 9.8 ka (assuming the QC dates were not 13C corrected as reported) and 8.6 ka, it corroborates Lind's date but refutes Colvill's date. If Colvill's dated collection contained reworked shells, it would explain the anomaly but would be the only indication thus far of significantly older shells in inner Frobisher Bay. More likely Colvill's date suffers from analytical or other error.

Location: 1.8 km N of S tip of Pugh Island, across broad valley east of prominent ridge.

Lat: 63° 12.4'N **Long:** 68° 03.7'W **UTMG:** EA 475 085

Elevation: 52 m **Map Sheet:** 25N - Frobisher

Date: 9465 ± 100 **Lab No:** AA-15125 **Corrected Age:** 9015 ± 100

Field ID: WM94-28 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Portlandia sp. Weight: 3.7 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: whole, single, very fragile, well preserved valve with delicate surface

ornamentation ("hinge teeth") and pearly luster; small (0.5 x 0.4 cm)

Sample Pre-treatment: Sonicated in distilled water, leached 34% with HCl, and washed in

distilled water.

Stratigraphic Relations: From frost-boils of olive-gray, granular, silty glaciomarine sediment lacking Paleozoic erratics; the nearby marine limit is 121 m aht.

Comment: (WFM) This date, as with AA-15124, indicates that the Channel Islands of Frobisher Bay became deglaciated before (shortly before?) 9.0 ka (Manley, 1995b; Manley and Moore, 1995). It suggests that the Foxe Dome and/or ice from Meta Incognita Peninsula advanced very early during, or shortly before, the Cockburn substage.

Pike Island

Location: 5.8 km NW of SE tip of Pike Island, in low valley leading from small lake to the east

side of the island.

Lat: 63° 13.4'N **Long:** 67° 57.2'W **UTMG:** EA 525 110

Elevation: 17 m **Map Sheet:** 250 - Ward Inlet

Date: 9460 ± 75 **Lab No:** AA-15124 **Corrected Age:** 9010 ± 75

Field ID: WM94-22 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AAL-7742A AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Macoma calcarea Weight: 15.3 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: portion of a hinge fragment; other parts of fragment archived.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned, leached 46% with HCl, and washed in distilled

water.

Stratigraphic Relations: From frost-boils of olive-gray, vesicular, silty glaciomarine sediment

lacking Paleozoic erratics; the nearby marine limit is 123 m aht.

Comment: (WFM) This date, as with AA-15125, indicates that the Channel Islands of Frobisher Bay became deglaciated before (shortly before?) 9.0 ka (Manley, 1995b; Manley and Moore, 1995). It suggests that the Foxe Dome and/or ice from Meta Incognita Peninsula advanced very early during, or shortly before, the Cockburn substage.

Lewis Bay

Location: 0.1 km N of extreme head of Lewis Bay, west bank of river

Lat: 63° 38.5'N Long: 68° 06.5'W UTMG: EA 442 574

Elevation: 16 m **Map Sheet:** 25N - Frobisher

Date: 8350 ± 70 **Lab No:** AA-15123 **Corrected Age:** 7900 ± 70

Field ID: WM94-02B Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 18 m

AAL-7741A AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Macoma calcarea Weight: 19.0 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Portion of a valve from a paired valve; matching valve archived; delicate, thin,

but large (3.0 x 1.8 cm); slightly chalky but cleaned to hard inner layer.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned, leached 81% with HCl, and washed in distilled

water.

Stratigraphic Relations: Found as float on surface of eroding exposure cut by river into delta 34 m aht; from gray, silty clay, glaciomarine diamicton below horizontally stratified and massive sand; the delta is clearly ice-marginal, formed by meltwater streaming from outermost segment of the Frobisher Bay moraine, 3 km to northwest. Another date, GX-8159 (8000±190, corrected, Squires, 1984), exists from shells collected from a sand unit across the river, at 38 m (just below a delta surface of 42 m aht). This sample submitted to reduce the uncertainty, and to provide an age for onset of deposition.

Comment: (WFM) This date demonstrates that the outermost Frobisher Bay moraine on the northeast side of the bay was being constructed at 7.9 ka, about the same time indicated by Squire's (corrected) date of 8.0 ka (Manley, 1995b; Manley and Moore, 1995). Apparently Foxe/Amadjuak ice maintained a margin near Lewis Bay for a millenium after the outermost Frobisher Bay Moraine was being formed on the opposite side of the bay at Cape Rammelsberg.

Porter Inlet

Location: 1.2 km NW of N tip of Jenvey Island, at head of small, NW bay in Porter Inlet close

to large lake.

Lat: 63° 36.6'N

Long: 68° 10.4′W

UTMG: EA 410 537

Elevation: 1 m

Map Sheet: 25N - Frobisher

Date: 7080 ± 120 Field ID: WM94-05B

Material: Mollusc

Lab No: GSC-5903 **Type:** Terrestrial Exposure

Corrected Age: 7040 ± 60 Depth: 13 m

AMS or Conv. Conv.

Species: Mya truncata

Weight: 9.0 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Several fragments, comprising at least six valves, excavated as fragments and

single valves from face of exposure.

Sample Pre-treatment: Washed in distilled water. No acid leach at INSTAAR.

Stratigraphic Relations: From interbeds of laminated and massive sandy mud, at base of wave-cut exposure into ice-contact delta; surface of delta, not necessarily tied to a former sea level. grades from 18 m aht at grounding-line moraine to 14 m aht at distal edge overlooking the exposure. The interbeds were found within horizontally bedded sand (0.5-13 m) overlying at least 2 m of laminated and massive sandy mud. Local marine limit is 96 m aht. We interpret the sediments as ice-proximal glaciomarine, deposited when ice lay at the proximal side of the delta. Comment: (WFM) Provides a surprisingly late age for existence of Foxe/Amadjuak ice close to the outer limits of the Frobisher Bay Moraine System on the northeast side of the bay (Manley, 1995b; Manley and Moore, 1995).

Outer Frobisher Bay Islands

Gabriel Island

Location: Found on Northern Gabriel Island on the second high point south on the island. The sample is take from above ML.

UTMG: FV 259 775

Elevation: 100 m

Map Sheet: 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: $10,750 \pm 65$

Lab No: AA-10245

Field ID: DK91-23

Corrected Age: $10,300 \pm 65$ **Type:** Surface Collection

Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc

Species: Mya truncata **Weight:** 965.9 mg

Contributor(s): M.L. Duvall, D.S. Kaufman

Sample Notes: Mya Fragment. Robost and not too crummy looking before it was cleaned up. Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanical cleaning followed by a 30% acid leach

Stratigraphic Relations: Surface collection found in frost boil.

Comment: (MLD) Provides a maximum age for the onset of the Gold Cove advance on Gabriel

Island (Duvall, 1993).

Hall Peninsula

Brewster Peninsula

Location: On a bench above marine limit on Brewster point at the wind camp

UTMG: FV 41 87

Elevation: 94 m **Map Sheet:** 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: $11,285 \pm 65$ **Field ID:** MD91-20

Type: Surface Collection **Depth:** 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Hiatella arctica Weight: 398.0 mg

Contributor(s): M.L. Duvall

Sample Notes: Well preserved whole valve found in frost boiled sediments just above marine

limit.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanical scraping and 60% leach in HCl

Comment: (MLD) Provides a maximum age for the Gold Cove advance on Brewster Peninsula

(Duvall, 1993).

Hamlen Bay

Location: E shore of outer Hamlen Bay near mouth; wave-cut bank on N side of isthmus at

Hamlen Bay Cove

Lat: 63° 05'N Long: 66° 29'W UTMG: FV 285 975

Elevation: 7 m Map Sheet: 250 - Ward Inlet

Date: 10.180 ± 90 **Lab No:** AA-17264 **Corrected Age:** 9730 ± 90

Field ID: DK90-35B Type: Terrestrial Exposure Depth: 2 m

AAL-6423C AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Hiatella arctica Weight: 19.3 mg

Contributor(s): D.S. Kaufman, W.F. Manley

Sample Notes: Fragment from intact single valve; remaining fragments archived. Total D/L of

 $0.02\overline{2}$.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned; leached 80% with HCl; washed in DW. Stratigraphic Relations: From bouldery, compact, diamicton (basal till?) with striated limestone clasts overlying sorted medium and fine sand. Bedding of underlying sand is wavy with relief of 3-5 m over a distance of 30 m. Convolution suggests overriding by glacier ice, supporting basal till diagnosis. Rich molluscan fauna, including pectin, Macoma, Balanus, and Mya found as float at and below this level. Another valve from this collection was dated 9350 \pm 75 yr BP (AA-6311, corrected; Kaufman and Williams, 1992).

Comment: (WFM) Given the stratigraphy and sedimentology of the site, the dates suggest that an advance occurred here after 9.3 ka -- centuries after the Gold Cove advance (9.9-9.6 ka). If the dates are accurate, the advance might have been from the west -- relating to the eastward flow, younger than the Gold Cove advance, that Duvall (1993) hypothesized came from or across Meta Incognita Peninsula.

Peter Force Sound

Location: On the point just north of McKay Island in Peter Force Sound. At the base of the cliff

there is a shelly deposit of carbonate drift. Below ML.

UTMG: FV 598 873

Elevation: 30 m **Map Sheet:** 25J - Grinnell Glacier

Date: 9605 ± 60 **Lab No:** AA-10249 **Corrected Age:** 9155 ± 60

Field ID: MD92sh-19 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Mya truncata Weight: 390.7 mg

Contributor(s): M.L. Duvall

Sample Notes: Shell fragment of a Mya. The peice is a well preserved hinge fragment.

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanical scraping and 60% leach in HCl.

Comment: (MLD) Provides an age for the post Gold Cove deglaciation of Frobisher Bay

(Duvall, 1993).

McKay Island

Location: On the North side of McKay Island associated with north flowing striae

UTMG: FV 52 86

Elevation: 140 m **Map Sheet:** 25I - Loks Land

Date: $10,245 \pm 70$ **Lab No:** AA-10248 **Corrected Age:** 9795 ± 70

Field ID: MD92sh-17 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Mya truncata Weight: 326.1 mg

Contributor(s): M.L. Duvall

Sample Notes: Another robust *Mya* hinge fragment. Well preserved. **Sample Pre-treatment:** Mechanical scraping and 60% leach in HCl.

Comment: (MLD) Provides a minimum age for the retreat of Gold Cove ice from the Peter Force

Sound area (Duvall, 1993).

Kuyait 1 (KfDf-2)

Location: On mainland eight miles north of Countess of Warwick Sound.

Lat: 62° 52'N Long: 65° 45'W UTMG: 20V493 593 753

Elevation: m Map Sheet: 25I - Loks Land

Date: 240 ± 80 **Lab No:** Beta-53642

Field ID: 1991-134 Type: Excavation Depth: 30 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood Species: coniferous sp. Weight: 14 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Comment: (DL) House 3, Inuit house of post-Frobisher time period (Fitzhugh and Olin, 1993;

Alsford, 1993).

Date: 60 ± 80 **Lab No:** Beta-53643

Field ID: 1991-135 Type: Excavation Depth: 40 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood Species: coniferous sp. Weight: 13 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker Stratigraphic Relations: From lowest layer of midden.

Comment: (DL) House 3, Inuit house from post-Frobisher period (Fitzhugh and Olin, 1993;

Alsford, 1993).

Date: 110 ± 50 **Lab No:** Beta-52994

Field ID: 1991-97 Type: Excavation Depth: 40 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: wood twigs Species: heather Weight: 8 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker Stratigraphic Relations: From living floor of house.

Comment: (DL) House 8, Inuit house from post-Frobisher time period (Fitzhugh and Olin,

1993; Alsford, 1993).

Date: 240 ± 70 **Lab No:** Beta-71713

Field ID: 1992-199/200/201 **Type:** Excavation

Depth: 30 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood Species: crowberry, willow Weight: 8 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Stratigraphic Relations: From pavement in entrance passage of house.

Comment: (DL) House 5, Inuit house from post-Frobisher time period (Fitzhugh and Olin,

1993; Alsford, 1993).

Kodlunarn Island (KeDe-1)

Location: Countess of Warwick Sound

Lat: 62° 49'N **Long:** 65° 26 'W

Long: 65° 26 'W **UTMG:** 20V 697 376

Elevation: m

Map Sheet: 25I - Loks Land

Date: 500 ± 35 **Lab No:** SI-5523

Field ID: 81-19A+B Type: Excavation Depth: 20 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Charcoal Species: oak, beech, and birch Weight: 5.1 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Comment: (DL) Site of Martin Frobisher's base camp (Fitzhugh and Olin, 1993). Structure 3,

test pit 1.

Date: 290 ± 85 **Lab No:** SI-5525

Field ID: 81-71 Type: Excavation Depth: 20 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood Species: oak Weight: 24.5 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Comment: (DL) Borden designation: KeDe-1, site of Martin Frobisher's base camp (Fitzhugh

and Olin, 1993). Ships Trench, test pit 1.

Date: 20 ± 65 **Lab No:** SI-5521

Field ID: 81-61 Type: Excavation Depth: 20 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Charcoal Species: oak and beech Weight: 6.4 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Comment: (DL) Site of Martin Frobisher's base camp (Fitzhugh and Olin, 1993). Structure 1.

Date: 65 ± 60 **Lab No:** SI-5522

Field ID: 81-22 Type: Excavation Depth: 20 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Charcoal Species: beech Weight: 5.6 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laevendecker

Comment: (DL) Site of Martin Frobisher's base camp (Fitzhugh and Olin, 1993). Structure 2.

Date: 355 ± 45 **Lab No:** SI-5527

Field ID: 81-68B Type: Excavation Depth: 20 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Charcoal Species: oak Weight: 10.0 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Comment: (DL) Site of Martin Frobisher's base camp (Fitzhugh and Olin, 1993). Ships Trench,

test pit 1.

Date: 415 ± 50 **Lab No:** SI-5528

Field ID: 81-76 Type: Excavation Depth: 20 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood Species: unidentified Weight: 51.1 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Comment: (DL) Site of Martin Frobisher's base camp (Fitzhugh and Olin, 1993). Ships Trench,

test pit 2.

Date: 320 ± 90 **Lab No:** Beta-42659

Field ID: 1981-22 Type: Excavation Depth: 20 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Charcoal Species: oak Weight: 2.8 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Comment: (DL) Site of Martin Frobisher's base camp (Fitzhugh and Olin, 1993). Structure 2.

test pit 1.

Date: 510 ± 80 **Lab No:** Beta-42660

Field ID: 1981-49 Type: Excavation Depth: 20 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Charcoal Species: oak Weight: 3.0 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Comment: (DL) Site of Martin Frobisher's base camp (Fitzhugh and Olin, 1993). Structure 1,

test pit 1.

Date: 550 ± 60 **Lab No:** TO-712-2

Field ID: Frob V2-1 Type: Excavation Depth: 20 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS Material: Bloomery Iron

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Sample Notes: From within iron bloom

Comment: (DL) AMS date from within iron bloom. Site is Martin Frobisher's base camp

(Fitzhugh and Olin, 1993). Ships Trench, test pit 1, Bloom 2.

Date: 500 ± 60 **Lab No:** TO-712-3a

Field ID: Frob H1-2 Type: Excavation Depth: 20 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS Material: Bloomery Iron

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Sample Notes: From within iron bloom

Comment: (DL) AMS date. Site is Martin Frobisher's base camp (Fitzhugh and Olin, 1993).

Ships Trench, test pit 1, bloom 2.

Date: 679 ± 133 **Lab No:** Brookhaven

Field ID: Smithsonian Bloom

Type: Surface Collection

AMS or Conv: Conv Material: Bloomery Iron Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Comment: (DL) Proportional counter method (Fitzhugh and Olin, 1993). This bloom was collected by C.F.Hall in 1861 at Kodlunarn Island and donated to the Smithsonian Institution.

Date: 792 ± 107 **Lab No:** Brookhaven

Field ID: Smithsonian Bloom

Type: Surface Collection

AMS or Conv: Conv Material: Bloomery Iron

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Comment: (DL) Proportional counter method (Fitzhugh and Olin, 1993). This bloom was collected by C.F.Hall in 1861 at Kodlunarn Island, and donated to the Smithsonian Institution.

Date: 628 ± 150 **Lab No:**

Field ID: 1981-83 Type: Excavation Depth: 20 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Charcoal Species: coniferous sp. Weight: 55 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Sample Notes: Charcoal removed from external surface of bloom.

Comment: (DL) Proportional counter method (Fitzhugh and Olin, 1993). The site is Martin

Frobisher's base camp. South of Ships Trench, test pit 1, bloom 1.

Date: 1340 ± 70

Field ID: Frob V2-1b

Lab No: TO-712

Type: Excavation

AMS or Conv: AMS Material: Bloomery Iron

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker Sample Notes: From outer portion of bloom.

Comment: (DL) AMS date (Fitzhugh and Olin, 1993). Site is Martin Frobisher's base camp.

Ships Trench, test pit 1, bloom 2.

Date: 970 ± 60 **Lab No:** TO-347

Field ID: Frob V2-2/7 Type: Excavation Depth: 20 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Charcoal Species: birch/alder Weight: 16.5 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Comment: (DL) AMS date (Fitzhugh and Olin, 1993). Charcoal from the interior of bloom 2,

Ships Trench, test pit 1. Site is Martin Frobisher's base camp.

Date: 210 ± 60 **Lab No:** TO-2609

Field ID: 1981-24 Type: Excavation Depth: 20 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Charcoal Species: oak Weight: 200 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Comment: (DL) AMS date (Fitzhugh and Olin, 1993). The site is Martin Frobisher's base

camp, Structure 7, test pit 1.

Kamaiyuk 1 (KfDe-5)

Location: Southwest entrance to Napoleon Bay, Countess of Warwick Sound

Lat: 62° 50'N Long: 65° 22'W UTMG: 20V 793 693

Elevation: m **Map Sheet:** 25I - Loks Land

Date: 380 ± 80 **Lab No:** Beta-52276

Field ID: 1991-63 Type: Excavation Depth: 30 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Charcoal Species: spruce Weight: 4.6 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker Stratigraphic Relations: From living floor of house.

Comment: (DL) House 1, Inuit house from time period of the Frobisher Voyages (Fitzhugh and

Olin, 1993; Alsford, 1993).

Date: 600 ± 60 **Lab No:** Beta-71712

Field ID: 1992-44 Type: Excavation Depth: 30 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood Species: coniferous sp. Weight: 17 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laevendecker

Stratigraphic Relations: From lower level entrance passage of house.

Comment: (DL) House 1, Inuit house from time period of Frobisher Voyages (Fitzhugh and

Olin, 1993; Alsford, 1993).

Date: 390 ± 70 **Lab No:** Beta-52274

Field ID: 1991-53 Type: Excavation Depth: 30 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood twigs Species: crowberry Weight: 8 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker Stratigraphic Relations: From house floor.

Comment: (DL) House 2, Inuit house from time period of Frobisher voyages (Fitzhugh and

Olin, 1993; Alsford, 1993).

Date: 230 ± 60 **Lab No:** Beta-52273

Field ID: 1991-46 Type: Excavation Depth: 30 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood Species: spruce Weight: 10 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Stratigraphic Relations: From floor, south lobe of house.

Comment: (DL) House 2, Inuit house of time period of Frobisher Voyages (Fitzhugh and Olin,

1993; Alsford, 1993).

Date: 450 ± 60 **Lab No:** Beta-52272

Field ID: 1991-19/20 Type: Excavation Depth: 10 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood twigs Species: birch Weight: 6 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Stratigraphic Relations: From upper pavement of House platform.

Comment: (DL) House 2, Inuit house of time period of the Frobisher Voyages (Fitzhugh and

Olin, 1993; Alsford, 1993).

Date: 270 ± 60 **Lab No:** Beta-52275

Field ID: 1991-54 Type: Excavation Depth: 20 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood twigs Species: crowberry Weight: 7.5 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker Stratigraphic Relations: From floor of test pit 1.

Comment: (DL) House 3, Inuit house of time period of the Frobisher Voyages (Fitzhugh and

Olin, 1993; Alsford, 1993).

Date: 300 ± 70 **Lab No:** Beta-63444

Field ID: 1992-84 Type: Excavation Depth: 20 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood twigs Species: crowberry, willow Weight: 22 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Stratigraphic Relations: From sleeping platform of house.

Comment: (DL) House 3, Inuit house of time period of the Frobisher Voyages (Fitzhugh and

Olin, 1993; Alsford, 1993).

Date: 70 ± 50 **Lab No:** Beta-63443

Field ID: 1992-59 Type: Excavation Depth: 30 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood Species: poplar Weight: 80 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker Stratigraphic Relations: From house floor

Comment: (DL) House 3, Inuit house from time period of the Frobisher Voyages (Fitzhugh and

Olin, 1993; Alsford, 1993).

Date: 170 ± 90 **Lab No:** Beta-63445

Field ID: 1992-102 Type: Excavation Depth: 30 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood Species: oak Weight: 3.5 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Stratigraphic Relations: From floor pavement of House.

Comment: (DL) House 3, Inuit house of the time period of the Frobisher Voyages (Fitzhugh and

Olin, 1993; Alsford, 1993).

Date: 510 ± 50 **Lab No:** Beta-63446

Field ID: 1992-124 Type: Excavation Depth: 30

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Charcoal (soil) Species: arctic heather Weight: 1000 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Stratigraphic Relations: From cache box underneath sleeping platform of the house.

Comment: (DL) House 3, Inuit house from the time period of the Frobisher Voyages (Fitzhugh

and Olin, 1993; Alsford, 1993).

Date: 260 ± 70 **Lab No:** Beta-71831

Field ID: 1992-164 Type: Excavation Depth: 30 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood Species: oak Weight: 12 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker Stratigraphic Relations: From floor of house.

Comment: (DL) House 4, Inuit house from the time of the Frobisher Voyages (Fitzhugh and

Olin, 1993; Alsford, 1993).

Date: 670 ± 150 **Lab No:** Beta-52074

Field ID: 1991-1 Type: Excavation Depth: 30 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Charcoal Species: willow Weight: 1 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laevendecker

Stratigraphic Relations: From top of cultural layer in test pit.

Comment: (DL) Test pit in Dorset Midden area.

Willows Island 4 (KeDe-14)

Location: Countess of Warwick Sound

Lat: 62° 46'N Long: 65° 28'W UTMG: 20V 740 635

Elevation: m Map Sheet: 25I - Loks Land

Date: 2110 ± 90 **Lab No:** Beta-61070

Field ID: 1992-12 Type: Excavation Depth: 20 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood Species: spruce Weight: 10 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Comment: (DL) Unit 1, Dorset period, midden (Fitzhugh, 1993).

Date: 1800 ± 70 **Lab No:** Beta-61071

Field ID: 1992-1 Type: Excavation Depth: 20 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood twigs Species: crowberry Weight: 8.3 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laevendecker

Comment: (DL) Test pit 3, Dorset period, midden (Fitzhugh, 1993).

Date: 1490 ± 60 **Lab No:** Beta-61072

Field ID: 1992-7b Type: Excavation Depth: 20 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: moss Species: sphagnum Weight: 1000 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Comment: (DL) Test pit 16, Dorset period, midden (Fitzhugh, 1993).

Date: 1500 ± 90 **Lab No:** Beta-70916

Field ID: 1993-1 Type: Excavation Depth: 10 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Charcoal Species: willow, crowberry Weight: 1.8 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker

Sample Notes: extended counting time

Comment: (DL) Test pit 3 area, upper level. Dorset period, midden (Fitzhugh, 1993).

Date: 1800 ± 60 **Lab No:** Beta-70917

Field ID: 1993-8 Type: Excavation Depth: 30 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood twigs Species: crowberry, willow Weight: 40 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker Stratigraphic Relations: Upper lower level.

Comment: (DL) Test pit area 3, Dorset period, Midden (Fitzhugh, 1993).

Date: 1970 ± 70 **Lab No:** Beta-70918

Field ID: 1993-10 Type: Excavation Depth: 40 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood twigs Species: crowberry, willow Weight: 36 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker Stratigraphic Relations: Lower lower level

Comment: (DL) Test pit 3 area, Dorset period, midden (Fitzhugh, 1993).

Date: 1710 ± 80 **Lab No:** Beta-70919

Field ID: 1993-12 Type: Excavation Depth: 20 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood Species: willow, crowberry Weight: 9 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker Stratigraphic Relations: From upper level.

Comment: (DL) Test pit 16 area trench, Dorset period, midden (Fitzhugh, 1993).

Date: 1470 ± 50 **Lab No:** Beta-70920

Field ID: 1993-15/16/17 Type: Excavation Depth: 30 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Wood twigs Species: willow, crowberry, blueberry Weight: 37 g

Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker Stratigraphic Relations: From lower level.

Comment: (DL) Test pit 16 area trench, Dorset period, midden (Fitzhugh, 1993).

Willows Island - Anvil Cove 1 (KeDe-13)

Location: East side of Willows Island, Countess of Warwick Sound

Lat: 62° 46'N Long: 65° 28'W UTMG: 20V 740 635

Elevation: m Map Sheet: 25I - Loks Land

Date: 470 ± 60 Lab No: Beta-61073 Corrected Age: 120 ± 60

Type: Surface Collection AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Bone collagen Species: walrus mandible Contributor(s): W.F. Fitzhugh, D. Laeyendecker Sample Notes: Infested with fibrous material (moss).

Comment: (DL) 25-m-long nestled alignment of walrus mandibles (Fitzhugh and Olin, 1993, p.

114). Corrected for a marine reservoir effect of 350 yr.

Willows Island

Location: From beach at hill crest, north end of Willows Island

Lat: 62° 48.0'N Long: 65° 28.8'W UTMG: LE 733 645

Elevation: 59 m **Map Sheet:** 25I - Loks Land

Date: $10,470 \pm 120$ **Lab No:** AA-13051 **Corrected Age:** $10,020 \pm 120$

Field ID: WF93-01 Type: Surface Collection Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Mollusc Species: Mya truncata Weight: 95.2 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, G.H. Miller, W. Fitzhugh

Sample Notes: Large, robust, single valve

Sample Pre-treatment: Mechanically cleaned, leached 90% with HCl, and washed in distilled

water.

Stratigraphic Relations: Shell taken from surface of raised beach below marine limit (72 m

aht). Beach deposit contained clasts of erratic Paleozoic limestone.

Comment: (WFM, GHM) This date suggests that the shell was reworked from till on the island, rather than being coeval with the raised beach on which it was found. If it had postdated deglaciation, we expect it would have dated <9.6 ka. Instead, the date falls within the range of 10.5 to 9.9 ka that is widely reproduced for shells in till in the region, representing a period of open water in outer Frobisher Bay before the Gold Cove advance (cf., Miller and Kaufman, 1990; Kaufman et al., 1993). Three dates on Willows Island shells above the marine limit lie similarly within this range, 10.2-10.1 ka (AA-5840, AA-5841, and AA-6308; Kaufman and Williams, 1992).

Beare Sound, Loks Land

Location: Small cove on S side of Beare Sound, where the channel projects SE into W Loks

Land

Lat: 62° 30'N

Long: 64° 50'W

UTMG: ME 725 295

Elevation: 36 m

Map Sheet: 25I - Loks Land

Date: $11,255 \pm 75$ **Field ID:** DK91-34

Lab No: AA-17254 Type: Surface Collection Corrected Age: $10,805 \pm 75$

Depth: 0 cm

AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Mollusc

Species: Portlandia sp.

Weight: 10.2 mg

Contributor(s): W.F. Manley, G.H. Miller, D.S. Kaufman

Sample Notes: well preserved, fragile, hinge fragment (4 mm x 7 mm) of about 60% of a single

valve retaining surface ornamentation (teeth)

Sample Pre-treatment: sonicated in DW; leached 50% with HCl; washed in DW.

Stratigraphic Relations: From frost boils in silty carbonate-rich drift below marine limit. Other dates from same deposit: $40,500 \pm 2100$ (AA-7557); >38,900 (AA-7558); $11,235 \pm 90$ (AA-7559); $11,140 \pm 180$ (AA-6300); $10,625 \pm 85$ (AA-8389); $10,110 \pm 75$ (AA-8388); 9510 ± 1600 (ASS) (ASS) (ASS) (ASS) (ASS) (ASS) (ASS)

160 (GSC-5299; all dates corrected). Same site as M89-BS41.

Comment: (WFM, GHM) This date adds to a collection of radiocarbon ages on ice-proximal(?) glaciomarine sediment on western Loks Land that provides evidence for a pre-Gold Cove advance of northward(?) flowing ice onto southeastern Baffin Island (the Beare Sound advance of Kaufman et al., 1992; see also Kaufman and Williams, 1992). This date confirms that the site contains a mixed-age assemblage of molluscs. We are confident that glaciomarine sediment was delivered to this area ca. 11.2-10.6 ka. However, we cannot at this time relate the dates to an ice-marginal configuration or provenance. Most likely the dates relate to an expansion of ice in Hudson Strait leading to DC-0 (detrital carbonate event 0) as recorded in the nearby Resolution Basin, coeval with the Younger Dryas (Andrews et al., 1995).

PART 3: DATES FROM LAKE CORES

LABRADOR AND QUEBEC

Northern Labrador

Two Ridge Lake

Location: ca. 40 km nw of Hebron Fiord; core in 10 m of water off west shore.

Lat: 58° 16'N **Lake Elevation:** 603 m **Long:** 63° 57'W Map Sheet: 14L

Date: 7880 ± 90

Field ID: TB-4A

Lab No: AA-9290 **GRL-**872-O

Depth: 126-128.5 cm

AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Bulk Sediment

Weight: 2.5 mg

Contributor(s): S.K. Short, H. Nichols

Sample Notes: Pretreated in INSTAAR Sedimentology Laboratory (Kihl, 1975); 0.05%

organic carbon from <125 micron fraction of sandy clay

Date: 6755 ± 90

Lab No: AA-9291

Field ID: TB-4B

GRL-872-O

Depth: 126-128.5 cm

AMS or Conv: AMS Weight: 1.2 mg

Material: Bulk Sediment

Contributor(s): S.K. Short, H. Nichols

Sample Notes: Pretreated in INSTAAR Sedimentology Laboratory (Kihl, 1975); 0.05%

organic carbon from >125 micron fraction of sandy clay

Comment: (SKS) Previously two dates from 3-13 cm and 108-128.5 cm were attempted but both proved too small (i.e. inorganic) to date by conventional methods. The result here on two different size fractions on low-organic, basal sediments confirms problems we have had in the past on the <125 micron fraction, especially in low organic sediments typical of the early deglacial period. The <125 micron fraction consistently dates older than the >125 micron fraction, indicating that it is susceptible to contamination by the older carbon.

Northeast Quebec

Palsa Lake

Location: ca. 50 km southeast of Ungava Bay; drains into R. Barnoin

Lat: 58° 28'N

Long: 65° 10'W

Lake Elevation: 143 m

Map Sheet: 24I

Date: 7575 ± 125

Lab No: AA-9289&9497

Field ID: PL-7B & PL-8 **Depth:** 334-338 cm

GRL-873-O & 884-O AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Bulk Sediment

Weight: 2.3 mg

Contributor(s): S.K. Short, H. Nichols

Sample Notes: Pretreated in INSTAAR Sedimentology Laboratory (Kihl, 1975); 0.25%

organic carbon from >125 micron fraction of silty clay

Date: 16.380 ± 165

Lab No: AA-9288

Field ID: PL-7A

GRL-873-O

Depth: 336-338 cm
Material: Bulk Sediment

Weight: 9.6 mg

Contributor(s): S.K. Short, H. Nichols

Sample Notes: Pretreated in INSTAAR Sedimentology Laboratory (Kihl, 1975); 0.21%

organic carbon from <125 micron fraction of silty clay

Comment: (SKS) Original basal date of $16,800 \pm 2300$ BP (GX-6387) (338-348 cm) was suspect because of problems with the conventional dates on bulk sediments with low organic content. The organic content of that sample was <0.5%. The date on the <125 micron fraction of 16,380 confirms contamination of the basal sediments (<125 micron fraction) with old carbon. We believe the 7575 BP date more accurately dates the basal sediments of this site as that date fits the deglacial history and postglacial emergence data (Gray et al., 1993).

SOUTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND

Brevoort Island

Water Lake

Location: Close to input at northern end of lake in 11 m of water.

Lat: 63° 19'N **Long:** 64° 10'W

Lake Elevation: 162 m Map Sheet: 25P - Beekman Pen

Date: 10.435 ± 95 **Lab No:** AA-7009

Field ID: BR1-37.5

Depth: 36-39 cm **AMS or Conv:** AMS

Material: Bulk Sediment

Contributor(s): Mark Abbott, Raoul Miller

Sample Notes: Humic acid

Sample Pre-treatment: Extraction performed by Mark Abbott; see Abbott (1991).

Date: $14,115 \pm 110$ **Lab No:** AA-7010

Field ID: BR1-53

Depth: 51-55 cm **AMS or Conv:** AMS

Material: Bulk Sediment

Contributor(s): Mark Abbott, Raoul Miller

Sample Notes: Humic acid

Sample Pre-treatment: Extraction performed by Mark Abbott; see Abbott (1991).

Date: 13.195 ± 125 **Lab No:** AA-7011

Field ID: BR1-65

Depth: 63-67 cm **AMS or Conv:** AMS

Material: Bulk Sediment

Contributor(s): Mark Abbott, Raoul Miller

Sample Notes: Humic acid

Sample Pre-treatment: Extraction performed by Mark Abbott; see Abbott (1991). Comment: Causes problems in age control when analyzed with AA-7010 because there is stratigraphic reversal of dates. However this does show that the lake was in existence by approximately 14,000 years BP and therefore that ice had left the area by this time. There is considerable disturbance in the upper part of the core due to human activities on the island, but the lower section of the core, below 30-35 cm, appears to be intact and pristine. See Miller (1992) for further discussion.

Cumberland Peninsula

Navyak Lake

Location: North shore Pangnirtung Fiord above Duval Moraine; core from central basin (50 m

water depth)

Lat: 66° 16'N

Long: 65° 42'W

UTMG: LJ 78 52

Lake Elevation: 743 m

Map Sheet: 26-I Pangnirtung

Date: 9500 ± 150

Lab No: BGS-1472

Field ID: NKI-1

Depth: 28-36 cm

AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Gyttja

Weight: 35 g

Contributor(s): A.P. Wolfe

Sample Notes: Highly organic gyttja, macrofossils abundant, well preserved, sample dried at

105 degrees C, not leached. From Gilbert Percussion core.

Stratigraphic Relations: Basal gyttja directly overlying inorganic silty sediments.

Comment: See comment for TO-3243.

Tulugak Lake

Location: North shore Pangnirtung Fiord above Duval Moraine; core from central basin (14 m

water depth)

Lat: 66° 17'N

Long: 65° 43'W

Lab No: GSC-5483

UTMG: LJ 77 53

Lake Elevation: 754 m

Map Sheet: 26-I Pangnirtung

Date: 8870 ± 100

Field ID: TGK-1

Nonth: 275 455 cm

Depth: 37.5-45.5 cm

cm AMS or Conv. Conv

Material: Gyttja Weight: 28.5 g

Contributor(s): A.P. Wolfe

Sample Notes: Highly organic gyttja, with *in situ* horizons of the moss Warnstorfia exannulata (Dripanocladus exannulatus sensu lato); well preserved; dried at 105 degrees C, not leached. From Gilbert Percussion core.

Stratigraphic Relations: Basal gyttja directly overlying inorganic sediments.

Comment: See comment for TO-3243.

Date: 36120 ± 340

Lab No: TO-3242

Field ID: TGK-1

Depth: 90-91 cm

AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Plant Macrofossils Species: Warnstorfic

Species: Warnstorfia exannulata Weight: 250 mg

Contributor(s): A.P. Wolfe

Sample Notes: A clump of moss, possibly an admixture of taxa; well preserved; hand-picked

fragments, air-dried not leached. From Gilbert Percussion core.

Stratigraphic Relations: Within the inorganic silts (pre-Holocene), 45 cm beneath the

transition between gyttja and silt.

Comment: See comment for TO-3243.

Ukalik Lake

Location: North shore Pangnirtung Fiord above Duval Moraine; core from central basin (12 m water depth)

Lat: 66° 16'N Long: 65° 45'W UTMG: LJ 76 52

Lake Elevation: 545 m Map Sheet: 26-I Pangnirtung

Date: 3220 ± 110 **Lab No:** GSC-5496

Field ID: UKL-1

Depth: 22-28.5 cm AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Gyttja/silt Weight: 30 g

Contributor(s): A.P. Wolfe

Sample Notes: Silty gyttja containing infrequent macrofossils, dried at 105 degrees C, not

leached. From Gilbert Percussion core.

Stratigraphic Relations: Approximately one third of the Holocene sequence (95 cm total) overlies this sample, which was submitted to constrain Holocene sediment accumulation rates.

Comment: See comment for TO-3243.

Date: 6980 ± 110 **Lab No:** GSC-5492

Field ID: UKL-1

Depth: 66-73 cm AMS or Conv. Conv

Material: Gyttja Weight: 27.5 g

Contributor(s): A.P. Wolfe

Sample Notes: Gyttja containing frequent dispersed bryophyte macrofossils; dried at 105

degrees C, not leached. From Gilbert Percussion core.

Stratigraphic Relations: Approximately two thirds of the Holocene sequence overlies this

sample, also used to constrain Holocene sediment accumulation rates.

Comment: See comment for TO-3243.

Date: 9370 ± 90 **Lab No:** GSC-5486

Field ID: UKL-1

Depth: 89-95.5 cm AMS or Conv: Conv

Material: Gyttja Weight: 26 g

Contributor(s): A.P. Wolfe

Sample Notes: Highly organic gyttja containing abundant in situ horizons of Warnstorfia exannulata. Well preserved, sample dried at 105 degrees C, not leached. From Gilbert Percussion core

Stratigraphic Relations: Basal gyttja directly overlying silty sediments.

Comment: See comment for TO-3243.

Date: 37990 ± 410 **Lab No:** TO-3241

Field ID: UKL-1

Depth: 102-103 cm AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Plant Macrofossils Species: Warnstorfia exannulata(?) Weight: 320 mg

Contributor(s): A.P. Wolfe

Sample Notes: A clump of moss, possibly an admixture of taxa; well preserved; hand-picked

fragments, air-dried not leached. From Gilbert Percussion core.

Stratigraphic Relations: 7 cm beneath the transition from inorganic to organic sediments

Comment: See comment for TO-3243.

Amarok Lake

Location: North shore Pangnirtung Fiord above Duval Moraine; core from central basin (14 m

water depth)

Lat: 66° 17'N Long: 65° 45'W UTMG: LJ 76 55

Lake Elevation: 848 m Map Sheet: 26-I Pangnirtung

Date: modern ± Lab No: CAMS-11335

Field ID: AKL-1

Depth: 11-12 cm AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Plant Macrofossils Species: Warnstorfia exannulata Weight: 3 mg

Contributor(s): A.P. Wolfe

Sample Notes: Sparse samples picked from silty gyttja, dried at 70 degrees C, not leached.

From Gilbert Percussion core.

Stratigraphic Relations: Within late Holocene silty gyttja

Comment: See comment for TO-3243.

Date: 8380 ± 60 **Lab No:** CAMS-11125

Field ID: AKL-1

Depth: 29.5-30.5 cm AMS or Conv. AMS

Material: Plant Macrofossils Species: Warnstorfia exannulata Weight: 6 mg

Contributor(s): A.P. Wolfe

Sample Notes: Hand pitched moss fragments from an in situ horizon. Dried at 70 degrees C,

not leached. From Gilbert Percussion core.

Stratigraphic Relations: From the youngest of three moss horizons occurring in this core.

Comment: See comment for TO-3243.

Date: 8890 ± 70 **Lab No:** CAMS-11122

Field ID: AKL-1

Depth: 37.0-37.5 cm **AMS or Conv:** AMS

Material: Plant Macrofossils Species: Warnstorfia exannulata Weight: 10 mg

Contributor(s): A.P. Wolfe

Sample Notes: Hand picked bryophytes from an in situ horizon. Dried at 70 degrees C, not

leached. From Gilbert Percussion core.

Stratigraphic Relations: Second youngest of three moss horizons in the highly organic gyttja

section of this core.

Comment: See comment for TO-3243.

Date: 10500 ± 110 **Lab No:** GSC-5478

Field ID: AKL-1

Depth: 37-45 cm
Material: Gyttja

AMS or Conv: Conv
Weight: 26.5 g

Contributor(s): A.P. Wolfe

Sample Notes: Highly organic gyttja containing two horizons of *in situ* moss (*Warnstorfia exannulata*), well preserved; dried at 105 degrees C, not leached. From Gilbert Percussion core.

Stratigraphic Relations: Basal gyttja directly overlying inorganic silty sediments.

Comment: See comment for TO-3243.

Date: 12860 ± 90 **Lab No:** CAMS-11121

Field ID: AKL-1

Depth: 43.5-44.5 cm **AMS or Conv:** AMS

Material: Plant Macrofossils Species: Warnstorfia exannulata Weight: 9 mg

Contributor(s): A.P. Wolfe

Sample Notes: Hand picked bryophytes from an in situ horizon. Dried at 70 degrees C, not

leached. From Gilbert Percussion core.

Stratigraphic Relations: Oldest of the three moss horizons in this core. Very close to (i.e.

within 1 cm) of the contact between gyttia and underlying silty sediments.

Comment: See comment for TO-3243.

Date: 17330 ± 1200 **Lab No:** CAMS-12256

Field ID: AKL-1

Depth: 68-69 cm **AMS or Conv:** AMS

Material: Plant Macrofossils Species: Warnstorfia exannulata Weight: 4 mg

Contributor(s): A.P. Wolfe

Sample Notes: dispersed moss fragments, well preserved; Dried at 70 degrees C, not leached.

From Gilbert Percussion core.

Stratigraphic Relations: 24 cm beneath the transition from gyttja to inorganic sediments.

Comment: See comment for TO-3243.

Date: >38000 ±

Lab No: GSC-5497

Field ID: AKL-1

Depth: 110-117 cm **AMS or Conv:** Conv

Material: Gyttja Weight: 32 g

Contributor(s): A.P. Wolfe

Sample Notes: compacted silty gyttja containing admixed macrofossils, dried at 105 degrees C,

not leached. From Gilbert Percussion core.

Stratigraphic Relations: The basal 7 cm of the core.

Comment: See comment for TO-3243.

Date: 18730 ± 90

Lab No: CAMS-11340

Field ID: AKL-1

Depth: 111-113 cm AMS or Conv: AMS

Material: Plant Macrofossils Species: Warnstorfia exannulata Weight: 8 mg

Contributor(s): A.P. Wolfe

Sample Notes: from a small clump of moss, unlikely in situ, but well preserved; dried at 70

degrees C, not leached. From Gilbert Percussion core. **Stratigraphic Relations:** 4 cm from the base of the core.

Comment: See comment for TO-3243.

Date: 20110 ± 340

Lab No: TO-3243

Field ID: AKL-1

Depth: 112-113 cm AMS or Conv: AMS Material: Plant Macrofossils Weight: 120 mg

Contributor(s): A.P. Wolfe

Sample Notes: Hand picked moss fragments, dispersed in the 112-113 cm interval; Not in situ,

but well preserved. not leached. From Gilbert Percussion core. **Stratigraphic Relations:** 4 cm from the base of the core.

Comment: (APW) These sixteen dates represent the chronological infrastructure for paleolimnological studies of four lakes on the highly weathered pre-Foxe terrain north of Pangnirtung, initiated in 1990 (Wolfe 1994a; 1994b). The recovery of pre-Holocene lake sediments, a major goal of this investigation, has been successful at each of the sites, but only Amarok lake seems to preserve a continuous record. Dates of 36-37 ka BP (TO-3241, TO-3242) from silty sediments in Ukalik and Tulugak lakes are interpreted as indicating either redeposition of older mosses, or depositional hiatuses. The base of Amarok Lake is more securely dated (TO-3243; CAMS 11340), but a bulk date from the same interval is non-finite, indicating supplies of carbon with old 14C signatures related to extremely slow organic matter decomposition rates. Another anomalous date is CAMS-11335, which is modern and is interpreted as a coring artifact from a section of core with no in situ macrofossils. Although the accuracy of bulk dates is questionable especially in an environment with very low sediment accumulation rates, the basal gyttja dates (BGS-1472; GSC-5486; GSC-5483; GSC-5478; see also CAMS-11121) suggest that the abrupt transition from inorganic to organic sediments may be asynchronous between lakes, being oldest at the highest site, Amarok Lake. Although the bulk dates from Holocene sediments at Ukalik Lake (GSC-5496; GSC-5492; GSC-5486) indicate a nearly linear depth-age relationship, the AMS results from in situ moss horizons in Amarok Lake (CAMS-11121; CAMS-11122;

than that deposited after ca. 9 ka BP.
CAMS-11125) suggest considerably lower sediment accumulation rates for the initial basal gyttja

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Appendix 1A. Abbreviated date list, indexed by laboratory number.

Lab No	o. Reported	Corrected	Area	Site	Material
AA - 49	$7,830 \pm 120$	7,380	Frobisher Bay	HU82034-068 PC	Foraminifera
AA - 700	$10,435 \pm 95$		Brevoort Island	Water Lake	Bulk Sediment
AA - 70	10 14,115 ± 110		Brevoort Island	Water Lake	Bulk Sediment
AA - 70	11 $13,195 \pm 125$		Brevoort Island	Water Lake	Bulk Sediment
AA - 714	42 Modern		Northern Antarctic Pen.	DF82-182	Organic Conc.
AA - 714	14 17,305 ± 140	16,105	Northern Antarctic Pen.	DF82-187	Organic Conc.
AA - 750	$9,215 \pm 80$	8,765	Northern Ungava Pen.	Cap Briard	Mollusc
AA - 750	$11,125 \pm 100$	10,675	Northern Ungava Pen.	R. Déception valley	Mollusc
AA - 789	$7,995 \pm 65$	7,545	Meta Incognita Pen.	Lake Harbour	Mollusc
AA - 789	$8,360 \pm 60$	7,910	Meta Incognita Pen.	Lake Harbour	Mollusc
AA - 789	97 >43,700		Meta Incognita Pen.	Lake Harbour	Mollusc
AA - 789	98 $6,655 \pm 65$	6,205	Meta Incognita Pen.	Big Island	Mollusc
AA - 78	99 34,790 ± 710	34,340	Meta Incognita Pen.	Big Island	Mollusc
AA - 79	$7,810 \pm 70$	7,360	Meta Incognita Pen.	Big Island	Mollusc
AA - 79	•		Meta Incognita Pen.	Barrier Inlet	Mollusc
AA - 83	·	8,875	Northern Ungava Pen.	R. Déception valley	Mollusc
AA - 83			Northern Ungava Pen.	R. Déception valley	Mollusc
AA - 83	•	•	Northern Ungava Pen.	R. Déception valley	Mollusc
AA - 89	·	·	Mikis Fjord	BS1191-K10	Organic Conc.
AA - 89	·		Mikis Fjord	BS1191-K10	Organic Conc.
AA - 89	•	1,765	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU90023-045 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 89	· ·	· ·	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU90023-045 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 89		7,115	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU90023-045 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 89		9,280	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU90023-045 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 89	•		N. Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-054	Foraminifera
AA - 89	•		N. Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-054	Foraminifera
AA - 90	•		Mikis Fjord	BS1191-K12	Organic Conc.
AA - 90	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Mikis Fjord	BS1191-K12	Organic Conc.
AA - 90			NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-057	Foraminifera
AA - 90	•		NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-057	Foraminifera
AA - 90	•	00 46,250	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-057	Foraminifera
AA - 90	•	450	Kangerdlugssuaq Trough	BS1191-K5	Foraminifera
AA - 90	•		Kangerdlugssuaq Trough		Foraminifera
AA - 90			NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-056	Foraminifera
AA - 92		•	Northeast Quebec	Palsa Lake	Bulk Sediment
AA - 92			Northeast Quebec	Palsa Lake	Bulk Sediment
AA - 92	•		Northern Labrador	Two Ridge Lake	Bulk Sediment
AA - 92	•		Northern Labrador	Two Ridge Lake	Bulk Sediment
AA - 93	•		NW Labrador Sea Slope	IMP 77-1-2	Foraminifera
AA - 93	•		NW Labrador Sea Slope	IMP 77-5-1	Foraminifera
AA - 93			Ross Sea Shelf	DF87-032	Foraminifera
AA - 93	·		Kangerdlugssuaq Fjord	BS1191-K6	Organic Conc.
AA - 93			Kangerdlugssuaq Fjord	BS1191-K6	Organic Conc.
AA - 93	·		NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU87033-009	Foraminifera
AA - 10			Maktak Fjord	HU82031-MA2	Organic Conc.
			Maktak Fjord	HU82031-MA2	Organic Conc.
AA - 11					
AA - 10 AA - 10			Maktak Fjord	HU82031-MA2	Organic Conc.

Lab No.	Reported	Corrected	Area	Site	Material
AA - 10121	$13,470 \pm 105$	9,460	Maktak Fjord	HU82031-MA4	Organic Conc.
AA - 10122	$17,855 \pm 145$	12,310	Maktak Fjord	HU82031-MA4	Organic Conc.
AA - 10232	$38,700 \pm 1200$	38,250	Northern Ungava Pen.	Wales Island	Mollusc
AA - 10245	$10,750 \pm 65$	10,300	Outer Frobisher Bay	Gabriel Island	Mollusc
AA - 10248	$10,245 \pm 70$	9,795	Hall Peninsula	McKay Island	Mollusc
AA - 10249	$9,605 \pm 60$	9,155	Hall Peninsula	Peter Force Sound	Mollusc
AA - 10250	$11,285 \pm 65$	10,835	Hall Peninsula	Brewster Peninsula	Mollusc
AA - 10251	8,445 ± 55	7,995	Meta Incognita Pen.	Lake Harbour	Mollusc
AA - 10252	$30,790 \pm 450$	30,340	Meta Incognita Pen.	Balcom Inlet	Mollusc
AA - 10253	$9,040 \pm 85$	8,590	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU90023-042 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 10254	$9,075 \pm 75$	8,625	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU90023-052 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 10255	$10,780 \pm 140$	10,330	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-107 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 10256	$11,170 \pm 100$	10,720	H.S., South-Central	HU92028-155 PC	Foraminifera
AA - 10257	$7,785 \pm 75$	7,335	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU92028-157 G	Foraminifera
AA - 10258	$10,695 \pm 85$	10,245	Hatton Basin	HU92028-158 PC	Mollusc
AA - 10565	$1,450 \pm 60$	900	Nansen Fjord	BS1191-K13B	Mixed
AA - 10566	815 ± 55	265	Nansen Fjord	BS1191-K13B	Mollusc
AA - 10567	$1,440 \pm 70$	855	Nansen Fjord	BS1191-K14	Foraminifera
AA - 10568	$20,840 \pm 180$	20,390	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-062	Foraminifera
AA - 10569	$34,010 \pm 675$	33,560	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU87033-009	Foraminifera
AA - 10603	$1,310 \pm 60$	760	Kangerdlugssuaq Fjord	BS1191-K7	Foraminifera
AA - 10645	$8,760 \pm 65$	8,310	Meta Incognita Pen.	Balcom Inlet	Mollusc
AA - 10646	$34,710 \pm 690$	34,260	Meta Incognita Pen.	Bond Inlet	Mollusc
AA - 10647	$24,035 \pm 240$	23,585	Meta Incognita Pen.	Bond Inlet	Mollusc
AA - 10648	$8,525 \pm 60$	8,075	Meta Incognita Pen.	Bond Inlet	Mollusc
AA - 10649	$8,045 \pm 60$	7,595	Meta Incognita Pen.	Wight Inlet	Mollusc
AA - 10650	$11,095 \pm 110$	10,645	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-071 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 10651	$7,840 \pm 70$	7,390	Hudson Strait	HU90023-079 IKU	Foraminifera
AA - 10652	$8,785 \pm 60$	8,335	Hatton Basin	HU84035-014	Mollusc
AA - 10653	$10,790 \pm 70$	10,340	Hatton Basin	HU84035-014	Foraminifera
AA - 10655	$2,655 \pm 45$	2,205	H.S., Western Basin	HU90023-101 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 10656	$8,920 \pm 65$	8,470	H.S., Western Basin	HU90023-101 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 10658	$29,055 \pm 350$	28,605	NW Labrador Sea Slope	IMP 77-1-2	Foraminifera
AA - 11432	$1,745 \pm 160$	1,295	Frobisher Bay	HU90023-001 TWC	Mollusc
AA - 11433	$6,220 \pm 130$	5,770	Frobisher Bay	HU90023-001 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 11434	$7,795 \pm 165$	7,345	Frobisher Bay	HU90023-001 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 11435	$8,305 \pm 170$	7,855	Frobisher Bay	HU90023-001 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 11436	$8,750 \pm 165$	8,300	Frobisher Bay	HU90023-001 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 11437	8,715 ± 165	8,265	Frobisher Bay	HU90023-001 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 11438	8,865 ± 165	8,415	Frobisher Bay	HU90023-001 LCF	Mollusc
AA - 11440	$12,035 \pm 80$	11,585	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-107 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 11441	$9,515 \pm 70$	9,065	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-107 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 11442	9,245 ± 85	8,795	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-107 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 11443	9,750 ± 70	9,300	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-107 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 11444	$9,410 \pm 70$	8,960	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-107 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 11445	10,170 ± 70	9,720	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-107 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 11446	85 ± 45	,	East Greenland Shelf	BS1191-K15	Foraminifera
AA - 11447	$8,580 \pm 70$	8,030	East Greenland Shelf	BS1191-K15	Foraminifera
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Lab No.	Reported	Corrected	Area	Site	Material
AA - 11448	9,955 ± 75	9,505	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU90023-031 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 11449	875 ± 50	425	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU92028-157 G	Foraminifera
AA - 11450	$31,065 \pm 455$	30,615	Meta Incognita Pen.	Bond Inlet	Mollusc
AA - 11451	$35,280 \pm 760$	34,830	Meta Incognita Pen.	Wight Inlet	Mollusc
AA - 11452	$39,145 \pm 1180$	38,695	Meta Incognita Pen.	Gray Goose Islands	Mollusc
AA - 11453	40,760 ± 1450	40,310	Meta Incognita Pen.	Wight Inlet	Mollusc
AA - 11583	$3,085 \pm 70$	2,635	Hatton Basin	HU92028-158 PC	Foraminifera
AA - 11584	$9,975 \pm 100$	9,425	Mikis Fjord	BS1191-K11A	Foraminifera
AA - 11585	$1,465 \pm 55$	915	Mikis Fjord	BS1191-K11A	Foraminifera
AA - 11586	$9,085 \pm 85$	8,635	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-056	Foraminifera
AA - 11587	$11,390 \pm 100$	10,940	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-056	Foraminifera
AA - 11588	$17,670 \pm 140$	17,220	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-056	Foraminifera
AA - 11589	$23,880 \pm 240$	23,430	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-056	Foraminifera
AA - 11590	$8,460 \pm 95$	8,010	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU87033-012	Foraminifera
AA - 11684	$8,510 \pm 90$		East Greenland Shelf	BS1191-K15	Foraminifera
AA - 11870	$2,480 \pm 110$	2,030	Northern Labrador Shelf	HU77021-067	Foraminifera
AA - 11871	$1,155 \pm 56$	605	Kangerdlugssuaq Fjord	BS1191-K8B	Foraminifera
AA - 11872	$1,390 \pm 55$	840	Kangerdlugssuaq Fjord	BS1191-K8B	Foraminifera
AA - 11874	$9,290 \pm 80$	8,740	Kangerdlugssuaq Trough	BS1191-K18B	Foraminifera
AA - 11875	$12,325 \pm 80$	11,775	Kangerdlugssuaq Trough	BS1191-K18B	Foraminifera
AA - 11876	$7,830 \pm 60$	6,630	Ross Sea Shelf	DF80-057	Mollusc
AA - 11877	895 ± 50	Modern	Ross Sea Shelf	DF80-144	Coral
AA - 11878	$27,255 \pm 305$	26,055	Ross Sea Shelf	DF80-177	Foraminifera
AA - 11879	$8,490 \pm 200$	8,040	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU90023-045 LCF	Mollusc
AA - 11880	$12,115 \pm 260$	11,665	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU90023-045 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 11881	>42,000		Northern Labrador Shelf	HU87033-015	Foraminifera
AA - 11882	$8,450 \pm 70$	8,000	Hatton Basin	HU84035-016	Mollusc
AA - 12029	$10,800 \pm 130$	10,350	Hatton Basin	HU92028-158 PC	Foraminifera
AA - 12605	$43,750 \pm 2100$	43,300	Meta Incognita Pen.	Big Island	Mollusc
AA - 12606	$37,760 \pm 1050$	37,310	Meta Incognita Pen.	Big Island	Mollusc
AA - 12607	8,175 ± 95	7,725	Meta Incognita Pen.	Big Island	Mollusc
AA - 12608	$34,820 \pm 730$	34,370	Meta Incognita Pen.	Bond Inlet	Mollusc
AA - 12609	$8,555 \pm 95$	8,105	Meta Incognita Pen.	Big Island	Mollusc
AA - 12610	$8,130 \pm 65$	7,680	Meta Incognita Pen.	Canon Inlet	Mollusc
AA - 12884	$8,805 \pm 60$	8,355	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU90023-045 LCF	Mollusc
AA - 12885	$8,530 \pm 60$	8,080	Northern Hudson Bay	HU90023-091 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 12886	$2,180 \pm 50$	1,730	H.S., Western Basin	HU90023-099 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 12887	$8,270 \pm 70$	7,820	H.S., Western Basin	HU90023-099 LCF	Mollusc
AA - 12888	$8,260 \pm 60$	7,810	H.S., Western Basin	HU90023-101 LCF	Mollusc
AA - 12889	$8,170 \pm 60$	7,720	H.S., Western Basin	HU90023-104 LCF	Mollusc
AA - 12890	$8,465 \pm 90$	8,015	H.S., Western Basin	HU90023-104 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 12891	855 ± 60	305	Nansen Fjord	BS1191-K14	Foraminifera
AA - 12892	$1,680 \pm 50$	1,130	Kangerdlugssuaq Trough	BS1191-K18B	Foraminifera
AA - 12893	$7,985 \pm 85$	7,535	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-056	Foraminifera
AA - 12896	$13,105 \pm 85$	12,665	SW Iceland Shelf	HU93030-006	Foraminifera
AA - 12897	$11,535 \pm 85$	11,095	SW Iceland Shelf	HU93030-006	Foraminifera
AA - 12898	$28,005 \pm 350$	27,455	East Greenland Slope	HU93030-007	Foraminifera
AA - 12899	$21,255 \pm 200$	20,055	Ross Sea Shelf	DF80-144	Foraminifera

Lab No.	Reported	Corrected	ted Area Site		Material
AA - 13050	8,245 ± 75	7,795	Meta Incognita Pen.	Big Island	Mollusc
AA - 13051	$10,470 \pm 120$	10,020	Hall Peninsula	Willows Island	Mollusc
AA - 13052	$12,125 \pm 90$	11,675	Sunneshine Fjord	HU82031-SU5 PC	Foraminifera
AA - 13053	$10,430 \pm 80$	9,980	Sunneshine Fjord	HU82031-SU5 PC	Mollusc
AA - 13054	$10,805 \pm 80$	10,355	Sunneshine Fjord	HU82031-SU5 PC	Mollusc
AA - 13055	$8,395 \pm 70$	7,945	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU93034-004 PC	Mollusc
AA - 13172	$9,505 \pm 80$	9,055	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU93034-002 PC	Mollusc
AA - 13173	$9,025 \pm 90$	8,575	Hudson Strait	HU93034-006 PC	Mollusc
AA - 13174	$8,915 \pm 65$	8,465	H.S., South-Central	HU93034-013 PC	Mollusc
AA - 13175	$9,125 \pm 65$	8,675	Hudson Strait	HU93034-018 PC	Mollusc
AA - 13228	$7,835 \pm 90$	7,835	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU90023-045 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 13229	$30,170 \pm 475$	28,970	Ross Sea Shelf	DF80-177	Foraminifera
AA - 13230	$21,070 \pm 220$	20,620	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU87033-009	Foraminifera
AA - 13231	$13,055 \pm 120$	12,605	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-062	Foraminifera
AA - 13232	>49,230		N. Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-054	Foraminifera
AA - 13233	$12,970 \pm 90$	12,520	NW Labrador Sea Slope	IMP 77-1-2	Foraminifera
AA - 13234	16,575 ± 140	16,125	NW Labrador Sea Slope	IMP 77-1-2	Foraminifera
AA - 13235	$24,365 \pm 355$	23,825	NW Labrador Sea Slope	IMP 77-1-2	Foraminifera
AA - 13236	$7,395 \pm 70$	6,955	SW Iceland Shelf	HU93030-004	Foraminifera
AA - 13237	$5,300 \pm 60$	4,860	SW Iceland Shelf	HU93030-006 TWC	Mollusc
AA - 13238	15,270 ± 120	14,720	East Greenland Slope	HU93030-007 TWC	Foraminifera
AA - 13239	$19,635 \pm 150$	19,085	East Greenland Slope	HU93030-007	Foraminifera
AA - 13241	$8,940 \pm 70$	8,490	Northern Labrador Shelf	HU87033-015	Mollusc
AA - 13242	$11,545 \pm 95$	10,345	Ross Sea Shelf	DF80-108	Organic Conc.
AA - 13243	$7,330 \pm 65$	•	Ross Sea Shelf	DF80-189	Organic Conc.
AA - 13244	$4,025 \pm 55$	2,825	Ross Sea Shelf	DF80-102	Organic Conc.
AA - 13352	6,615 ± 115	6,165	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-056 TWC	Foraminifera
AA - 13353	$1,055 \pm 65$	615	SW Iceland Shelf	HU93030-006 TWC	Foraminifera
AA - 14024	$9,065 \pm 80$	8,615	Meta Incognita Pen.	Noble Inlet	Mollusc
AA - 14025	$9,370 \pm 80$	8,920	Meta Incognita Pen.	Noble Inlet	Mollusc
AA - 14026	9,090 ± 95	8,640	Meta Incognita Pen.	Noble Inlet	Mollusc
AA - 14027	38,620 ± 1110		Meta Incognita Pen.	East of South Reefs	Mollusc
AA - 14028	8,905 ± 65		_		
AA - 14029	8,950 ± 65	8,455 8,500	Meta Incognita Pen.	Noble Inlet	Mollusc Mollusc
AA - 14029 AA - 14030	8,795 ± 95		Meta Incognita Pen.	Potter Island	
AA - 14030 AA - 14202		8,345	Meta Incognita Pen.	York Delta	Mollusc
AA - 14202 AA - 14203	$11,080 \pm 95$	10,630	NW Labrador Sea Slope	IMP 77-1-2	Foraminifera
AA - 14203 AA - 14204	21,210 ± 190	20,760	N. Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-054	Foraminifera
	19,565 ± 160	19,115	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-057 TWC	
AA 14205	$2,070 \pm 65$	1,620	Northern Labrador Shelf	HU87033-015	Mollusc
AA - 14206	8,605 ± 85	8,155	Northern Labrador Shelf	HU87033-015	Mollusc
AA - 14207	8,650 ± 85	8,200	Northern Labrador Shelf	HU87033-015	Mollusc
AA - 14208	$12,210 \pm 110$	11,660	Kangerdlugssuaq Trough	BS88-6-10A	Foraminifera
AA - 14209	$13,050 \pm 140$	12,500	Kangerdlugssuaq Trough	BS88-6-10A	Foraminifera
AA - 14210	8,640 ± 105	8,190	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU90023-031 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 14211	5,215 ± 75	4,665	Kangerdlugssuaq Trough	BS1191-K18B	Foraminifera
AA - 14212	$9,240 \pm 90$	8,690	Kangerdlugssuaq Trough	BS1191-K18B	Foraminifera
AA - 14213	880 ± 70	440	SW Iceland Shelf	HU93030-3I BC	Foraminifera
AA - 14214	Modern		Kangerdlugssuaq Trough	HU93030-19B	Mollusc

Lab No.	Reported	Corrected	Area	Site	Material
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AA 14215	$25,330 \pm 310$	24,780	East Greenland Slope	HU93030-007	Foraminifera
AA 14216	$18,865 \pm 175$	18,415	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-057 TWC	
AA 14217	18,475 ± 145	18,025	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-057 TWC	
AA - 14218	$36,020 \pm 805$	35,570	NW Labrador Sea Slope	IMP 77-3-2	Foraminifera
AA - 14219	$41,800 \pm 1700$		NW Labrador Sea Slope	IMP 77-3-2	Foraminifera
AA - 14220	36,870 ± 970	36,420	NW Labrador Sea Slope	IMP 77-3-2	Foraminifera
AA - 14681	1,280 ± 45	840	NW Iceland Shelf	A9-92-455	Mollusc
AA - 14682	10,510 ± 80	10,070	NW Iceland Shelf	A9-92-456	Mollusc
AA - 14683	$10,750 \pm 70$	10,310	NW Iceland Shelf	A9-92-456	Mollusc
AA - 14684	$3,105 \pm 50$	2,665	NW Iceland Shelf	A9-92-457	Mollusc
AA - 14685	16,800 ± 135	16,350	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-057 TWC	Foraminifera
AA - 14686	8,715 ± 65	8,265	Northern Ungava Pen.	R. Déception valley	Mollusc
AA - 14687	8,560 ± 70	8,110	Ungava Bay	Akpatok Island	Mollusc
AA - 15123	$8,350 \pm 70$	7,900	Inner Frobisher Bay	Lewis Bay	Mollusc
AA - 15124	9,460 ± 75	9,010	Inner Frobisher Bay	Pike Island	Mollusc
AA - 15125	$9,465 \pm 100$	9,015	Inner Frobisher Bay	Pugh Island	Mollusc
AA - 15126	$9,030 \pm 75$	8,580	Inner Frobisher Bay	Eggleston Bay	Mollusc
AA - 15127	$9,220 \pm 75$	8,770	Inner Frobisher Bay	Pugh Island	Mollusc
AA - 15128	$8,160 \pm 70$	7,710	Inner Frobisher Bay	Jaynes Inlet	Mollusc
AA - 15129	$8,055 \pm 70$	7,605	Inner Frobisher Bay	Jaynes Inlet	Mollusc
AA - 15130	$8,325 \pm 75$	7,875	Inner Frobisher Bay	Cape Caldwell	Mollusc
AA - 15131	$9,335 \pm 75$	8,885	Inner Frobisher Bay	Cape Rammelsberg	Mollusc
AA - 15132	$24,780 \pm 230$	24,330	Meta Incognita Pen.	Lower Savage Islands	Mollusc
AA - 15659	$11,555 \pm 130$	11,105	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU87033-009	Foraminifera
AA - 15687	$13,100 \pm 110$	12,550	Kangerdlugssuaq Trough	PO175 / 1-5-1	Foraminifera
AA - 15688	$11,995 \pm 145$	11,445	Kangerdlugssuaq Trough	PO175 / 1-5-1	Foraminifera
AA - 15689	$8,575 \pm 75$	8,125	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-056 TWC	Foraminifera
AA - 15690	$11,750 \pm 105$	11,300	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-056	Foraminifera
AA - 15691	$18,270 \pm 140$	17,820	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-056	Foraminifera
AA - 15692	$21,970 \pm 195$	21,520	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-056	Foraminifera
AA - 15693	$37,935 \pm 1020$	•	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-056	Foraminifera
AA - 15694	$28,050 \pm 335$	27,600	NW Labrador Sea Slope	IMP 77-3-2	Foraminifera
AA - 15695	$36,370 \pm 820$	35,920	NW Labrador Sea Slope	IMP 77-3-2	Foraminifera
AA - 15696	$32,820 \pm 530$	32,370	Northern Labrador Shelf	HU87033-015	Mollusc
AA - 15697	$27,465 \pm 360$	27,015	Northern Labrador Shelf	HU87033-015	Foraminifera
AA - 15698	$10,070 \pm 95$	9,620	Hatton Basin	HU92028-158 PC	Foraminifera
AA - 15699	$24,835 \pm 240$	23,635	Ross Sea Shelf	DF80-177	Foraminifera
AA - 15700	$9,565 \pm 80$	9,125	SW Iceland Shelf	HU93030-006 TWC	Foraminifera
AA - 15701	$9,825 \pm 95$	9,385	SW Iceland Shelf	HU93030-006	Foraminifera
AA - 15702	$10,310 \pm 90$	9,870	SW Iceland Shelf	HU93030-006	Foraminifera
AA - 15703	$10,335 \pm 95$	9,895	SW Iceland Shelf	HU93030-006	Foraminifera
AA - 15704	$17,165 \pm 140$	16,615	East Greenland Slope	HU93030-007	Foraminifera
AA - 15705	$22,110 \pm 230$	21,560	East Greenland Slope	HU93030-007	Foraminifera
AA - 15706	$22,225 \pm 245$	21,675	East Greenland Slope	HU93030-007	Foraminifera
AA - 15707	$27,130 \pm 335$	26,580	East Greenland Slope	HU93030-007	Foraminifera
AA - 15708	19,215 ± 150	18,765	NW Labrador Sea Slope	HU75009-IV-057 TWC	
AA - 16403	$9,100 \pm 80$	8,650	Inner Frobisher Bay	Cape Rammelsberg	Mollusc
AA - 16404	9,600 ± 140	9,150	Meta Incognita Pen.	Edgell Island	Mollusc
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Appendix 1A. Continued.

Lab No.	Reported	Corrected	Area	Site	Material
AA - 16405	9,480 ± 80	9,030	Meta Incognita Pen.	Edgell Island	Mollusc
AA - 17254	$11,255 \pm 75$	10,805	Hall Peninsula	Beare Sound	Mollusc
AA - 17255	$9,130 \pm 65$	8,680	Meta Incognita Pen.	Noble Inlet	Mollusc
AA - 17256	100 ± 40		Meta Incognita Pen.	Nannuk Harbour	Mollusc
AA - 17257	$9,650 \pm 70$	9,200	Meta Incognita Pen.	Palmer Island	Mollusc
AA - 17258	$8,325 \pm 60$	7,875	Meta Incognita Pen.	Pritzler Harbour	Mollusc
AA - 17260	$8,785 \pm 80$	8,335	Northern Ungava Pen.	R. Déception valley	Mollusc
AA - 17261	$9,045 \pm 80$	8,595	Northern Ungava Pen.	R. Déception valley	Mollusc
AA - 17262	9,885 ± 170	9,435	Northern Ungava Pen.	R. Déception valley	Mollusc
AA - 17263	11,410 ± 130	10,960	Northern Ungava Pen.	R. Déception valley	Mollusc
AA - 17264	$10,180 \pm 90$	9,730	Hall Peninsula	Hamlen Bay	Mollusc
AA - 17265	$9,305 \pm 85$	8,855	Frobisher Bay	HU90023-001 LCF	Mollusc
AA - 17379	$7,785 \pm 140$	7,335	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU90023-045 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 17380	8,155 ± 130	7,705	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU90023-045 LCF	Foraminifera
AA - 17391	$10,270 \pm 285$	9,820	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU93034-002 PC	Foraminifera
AA - 17392	9,145 ± 75	8,695	Hatton Basin	HU92028-158 PC	Foraminifera
AA - 17393	$10,225 \pm 100$	9,775	Hatton Basin	HU92028-158 PC	Foraminifera
AA - 17861	$9,355 \pm 75$	8,905	Inner Frobisher Bay	Cape Rammelsberg	Mollusc
AECV - 1348C	550 ± 60	0,5 00	Inner Frobisher Bay	Tungatsivvik	Bone
AECV - 1349C	740 ± 70		Inner Frobisher Bay	Tungatsivvik	Bone
AECV - 1350C	740 ± 80		Inner Frobisher Bay	Tungatsivvik	Wood
AECV - 1351C	490 ± 70		Inner Frobisher Bay	Tungatsivvik	Bone
AECV - 1707C	330 ± 50		Foxe Peninsula	Mallikjuak Island	Bone
AECV - 1707C	880 ± 50		Inner Frobisher Bay	Tungatsivvik	Bone
Beta - 42659	320 ± 90		Hall Peninsula	Kodlunarn Island	Charcoal
Beta - 42660	510 ± 80		Hall Peninsula	Kodlunarn Island	Charcoal
Beta - 52074	670 ± 150		Hall Peninsula	Kamaiyuk 1	Charcoal
Beta - 52272	450 ± 60		Hall Peninsula	Kamaiyuk 1 Kamaiyuk 1	Wood
Beta - 52272	430 ± 60 230 ± 60		Hall Peninsula	Kamaiyuk 1 Kamaiyuk 1	Wood
			Hall Peninsula	•	Wood
Beta - 52274	390 ± 70			Kamaiyuk 1	Wood
Beta - 52275	270 ± 60		Hall Peninsula	Kamaiyuk 1	Charcoal
Beta - 52276	380 ± 80		Hall Peninsula	Kamaiyuk 1	
Beta - 52994	110 ± 50		Hall Peninsula	Kuyait 1	Wood
Beta - 53642	240 ± 80		Hall Peninsula	Kuyait 1	Wood
Beta - 53643	60 ± 80		Hall Peninsula	Kuyait 1	Wood
Beta - 61068	800 ± 70		Inner Frobisher Bay	Newell Sound 4	Wood
Beta - 61070	$2,110 \pm 90$		Hall Peninsula	Willows Island	Wood
Beta - 61071	$1,800 \pm 70$		Hall Peninsula	Willows Island	Wood
Beta - 61072	$1,490 \pm 60$		Hall Peninsula	Willows Island	Plant Macrofossils
Beta - 61073	470 ± 60	120	Hall Peninsula	Willows Island	Bone
Beta - 61609	$1,130 \pm 50$	780	Inner Frobisher Bay	Newell Sound 4	Sea Mammal Fat
Beta - 63443	70 ± 50		Hall Peninsula	Kamaiyuk 1	Wood
Beta - 63444	300 ± 70		Hall Peninsula	Kamaiyuk 1	Wood
Beta - 63445	170 ± 90		Hall Peninsula	Kamaiyuk 1	Wood
Beta - 63446	510 ± 50		Hall Peninsula	Kamaiyuk 1	Charcoal
Beta - 70916	$1,500 \pm 90$		Hall Peninsula	Willows Island	Charcoal
Beta - 70917	$1,800 \pm 60$		Hall Peninsula	Willows Island	Wood
Beta - 70918	$1,970 \pm 70$		Hall Peninsula	Willows Island	Wood

Lab No.	Reported	Corrected	Area	Site	Material
Beta - 70919	1,710 ± 80		Hall Peninsula	. Willows Island	Wood
Beta - 70920	$1,470 \pm 50$		Hall Peninsula	Willows Island	Wood
Beta - 71712	600 ± 60		Hall Peninsula	Kamaiyuk 1	Wood
Beta - 71713	240 ± 70		Hall Peninsula	Kuyait 1	Wood
Beta - 71831	260 ± 70		Hall Peninsula	Kamaiyuk 1	Wood
Beta - 72890	$2,060 \pm 40$		H.S., South-Central	HU93034-015 PC	Mollusc
Beta - 72891	$1,700 \pm 60$		H.S., South-Central	HU93034-015 PC	Mollusc
Beta - 72892	$1,180 \pm 50$		H.S., South-Central	HU93034-015 PC	Mollusc
Beta - 75310	$1,280 \pm 60$		Ungava Bay	HU93034-036 PC	Mollusc
Beta - 75311	$1,380 \pm 90$		Ungava Bay	HU93034-036 PC	Mollusc
Beta - 75312	890 ± 80		Ungava Bay	HU93034-036 PC	Mollusc
Beta - 78138	$4,070 \pm 50$		H.S., Western Basin	HU93034-022 PC	Mollusc
Beta - 78139	$3,140 \pm 60$		Ungava Bay	HU93034-036 PC	Mollusc
Beta - 78140	$3,340 \pm 60$		H.S., South-Central	HU93034-015 PC	Mollusc
Beta - 78141	$2,850 \pm 60$		Ungava Bay	HU93034-036 PC	Mollusc
BGS - 1472	$9,500 \pm 150$		Cumberland Pen.	Navyak Lake	Gyttja
Brookhaven	679 ± 133		Hall Peninsula	Kodlunarn Island	Bloomery Iron
Brookhaven	792 ± 107		Hall Peninsula	Kodlunarn Island	Bloomery Iron
CAMS - 4061	$5,390 \pm 70$	4,190	Ross Sea Shelf	DF80-112	Decalcified Sed.
CAMS - 4062	$23,390 \pm 240$	22,190	Ross Sea Shelf	DF87-032	Decalcified Sed.
CAMS - 4063	$19,400 \pm 310$	18,200	Ross Sea Shelf	DF87-032	Decalcified Sed.
CAMS - 7789	$3,040 \pm 70$	1,840	Ross Sea Shelf	DF80-057	Decalcified Sed.
CAMS - 7790	$7,470 \pm 70$	6,270	Ross Sea Shelf	DF80-177	Decalcified Sed.
CAMS - 8251	$8,390 \pm 80$	7,190	Ross Sea Shelf	DF80-132	Decalcified Sed.
CAMS - 8252	$2,660 \pm 70$	1,460	Ross Sea Shelf	DF80-189	Decalcified Sed.
CAMS - 8253	$4,750 \pm 70$	3,550	Ross Sea Shelf	DF80-111	Decalcified Sed.
CAMS - 10359	$8,240 \pm 150$	7,790	Ungava Bay	HU90023-034 LCF	Foraminifera
CAMS - 11121	$12,860 \pm 90$.,	Cumberland Pen.	Amarok Lake	Plant Macrofossils
CAMS - 11122	$8,890 \pm 70$		Cumberland Pen.	Amarok Lake	Plant Macrofossils
CAMS - 11125	$8,380 \pm 60$		Cumberland Pen.	Amarok Lake	Plant Macrofossils
CAMS - 11335	Modern		Cumberland Pen.	Amarok Lake	Plant Macrofossils
CAMS - 11340	18,730 ± 90		Cumberland Pen.	Amarok Lake	Plant Macrofossils
CAMS - 11793	$10,730 \pm 80$	9,530	Ross Sea Shelf	DF80-132	Decalcified Sed.
CAMS - 11798	$6,330 \pm 80$	5,130	Ross Sea Shelf	DF80-144	Decalcified Sed.
CAMS - 11814	$6,120 \pm 80$	5,670	Sunneshine Fjord	HU82031-SU5 PC	Mollusc
CAMS - 11815	$9,710 \pm 60$	9,260	Sunneshine Fjord	HU82031-SU5 PC	Mollusc
CAMS - 11015	$17,330 \pm 1200$	•	Cumberland Pen.	Amarok Lake	Plant Macrofossils
CAMS - 12581	12,640 ± 80	, 11,440	Ross Sea Shelf	DF80-102	Decalcified Sed.
CAMS - 12581	$22,360 \pm 140$	21,160	Ross Sea Shelf	DF80-144	Decalcified Sed.
CAMS - 12582 CAMS - 13511	$2,840 \pm 60$	2,390	Sunneshine Fjord	HU82031-SU5 G	Mollusc
CAMS - 13311 CAMS - 17146	8,640 ± 500	8,190	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU90023-045 LCF	Foraminifera
CAMS - 17140 CAMS - 17398	11,060 ± 70	10,610	Sunneshine Fjord	HU82031-SU5 PC	Foraminifera
CAMS - 17399	$3,740 \pm 60$	3,300	SW Iceland Shelf	HU93030-006 TWC	Foraminifera
CAMS - 17400	17,990 ± 110	17,540	Davis Strait	HU77029-017	
CAMS - 17400 CAMS - 17401	10,500 ± 110	17,340	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU93034-004 PC	Foraminifera Mixed
CAMS - 17401 CAMS - 18449	9,440 ± 110	8,990	Hatton Basin		Mixed Foreminifore
CAMS - 18687	5,090 ± 60	0,770	H.S., Western Basin	HU92028-158 PC	Foraminifera
CAMS - 18688		Q 470		HU93034-022 PC	Foraminifera
CAIMO - 19098	$8,920 \pm 60$	8,470	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU93034-031 PC	Foraminifera

Appendix 1A. Continued.

Lab No.	Reported	Corrected	Area	Site	Material
CAMS - 18689	$11,070 \pm 60$	10,620	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU93034-029 PC	Mixed
CAMS - 18690	$8,670 \pm 60$	8,220	Ungava Bay	HU93034-038 PC	Mollusc
CAMS - 19255	$33,320 \pm 1810$	32,870	H.S., South-Central	HU93034-013 PC	Mixed
CAMS - 19996	$14,370 \pm 180$	13,920	H.S., South-Central	HU93034-013 PC	Mixed
CAMS - 22022	$27,670 \pm 440$	27,220	H.S., North-Central	HU93034-018 PC	Mixed
CAMS - 22023	8,990 ± 80	8,540	H.S., North-Central	HU93034-018 PC	Mixed
CAMS - 25670	$3,970 \pm 60$	3,520	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU93034-002 PC	Foraminifera
CAMS - 25758	$8,640 \pm 70$	8,190	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU93034-002 PC	Mixed
CAMS - 25759	820 ± 80	370	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU93034-004 PC	Foraminifera
CAMS - 25761	$9,060 \pm 60$	8,610	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU93034-004 PC	Foraminifera
CAMS - 25762	$8,030 \pm 60$	7,580	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU93034-004 PC	Foraminifera
CAMS - 25763	$4,110 \pm 80$	3,660	Hatton Basin	HU92028-158 PC	Foraminifera
CAMS - 25764	$9,430 \pm 50$	8,980	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU93034-004 PC	Mollusc
GSC - 5478	$10,500 \pm 110$		Cumberland Pen.	Amarok Lake	Gyttja
GSC - 5483	8,870 ± 100		Cumberland Pen.	Tulugak Lake	Gyttja
GSC - 5486	9,370 ± 90		Cumberland Pen.	Ukalik Lake	Gyttja
GSC - 5492	$6,980 \pm 110$		Cumberland Pen.	Ukalik Lake	Gyttja
GSC - 5496	$3,220 \pm 110$		Cumberland Pen.	Ukalik Lake	Gyttja
GSC - 5497	>38,000		Cumberland Pen.	Amarok Lake	Gyttja
GSC - 5526	$7,690 \pm 90$	7,650	Meta Incognita Pen.	Balcom Inlet	Mollusc
GSC - 5677	$7,540 \pm 130$	7,500	Meta Incognita Pen.	Big Island	Mollusc
GSC - 5688	$7,380 \pm 200$	7,340	Meta Incognita Pen.	Anachauqmik	Mollusc
GSC - 5699	$7,710 \pm 190$	7,670	Meta Incognita Pen.	Big Island	Mollusc
GSC - 5895	$8,860 \pm 110$	8,820	Inner Frobisher Bay	Eggleston Bay	Mollusc
GSC - 5903	$7,080 \pm 120$	7,040	Inner Frobisher Bay	Porter Inlet	Mollusc
GX - 8670	9,735 ± 295	9,285	Meta Incognita Pen.	Henderson Inlet	Mollusc
GX - 8942	>37,000	,	Meta Incognita Pen.	Nannuk Harbour	Mollusc
GX - 13021	9,420 ± 135	8,970	Meta Incognita Pen.	Buerger Point	Mollusc
GX - 13022	$8,780 \pm 230$	8,330	Meta Incognita Pen.	Noble Inlet	Mollusc
QC - 714	$8,735 \pm 235$	8,695	Meta Incognita Pen.	Grinnell Glacier Area	Mollusc
SI - 5171	$9,320 \pm 80$	9,280	Meta Incognita Pen.	Grinnell Glacier Area	Mollusc
SI - 5521	20 ± 65	ř	Hall Peninsula	Kodlunarn Island	Charcoal
SI - 5522	65 ± 60		Hall Peninsula	Kodlunarn Island	Charcoal
SI - 5523	500 ± 35		Hall Peninsula	Kodlunarn Island	Charcoal
SI - 5525	290 ± 85		Hall Peninsula	Kodlunarn Island	Wood
SI - 5527	355 ± 45		Hall Peninsula	Kodlunarn Island	Charcoal
SI - 5528	415 ± 50		Hall Peninsula	Kodlunarn Island	Wood
TO - 293	$6,280 \pm 50$	6,240	H.S., Southwestern Basin	HU85027-065 PC	Mollusc
TO - 347	970 ± 60		Hall Peninsula	Kodlunarn Island	Charcoal
TO - 712	$1,340 \pm 70$		Hall Peninsula	Kodlunarn Island	Bloomery Iron
TO - 748	$7,880 \pm 70$	7,840	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU85027-057 PC	Mollusc
TO - 749	$7,730 \pm 70$	7,690	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU85027-057 PC	Mollusc
TO - 750	$8,060 \pm 70$	8,020	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU85027-057 PC	Mollusc
TO - 751	$7,900 \pm 70$	7,860	H.S., Western Basin	HU85027-068 PC	Mollusc
TO - 1860	$8,360 \pm 70$	7,910	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU85027-057 PC	Mollusc
TO - 1870	$5,930 \pm 70$	5,480	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU85027-057 PC	Foraminifera
TO - 1871	$8,470 \pm 90$	8,020	H.S., Eastern Basin	HU85027-057 PC	Foraminifera
TO - 2456	$6,630 \pm 70$	6,180	Ungava Bay	HU90023-036 LCF	Mollusc
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Appendix 1A. Continued.

Lab No.	Reported	Corrected	Area	Site	Material
TO - 2457	$6,850 \pm 70$	6,400	Ungava Bay	HU90023-036 LCF	Mollusc
TO - 2458	$7,260 \pm 70$	6,810	Ungava Bay	HU90023-036 LCF	Mollusc
TO - 2459	$6,760 \pm 70$	6,310	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-064 LCF	Mollusc
TO - 2460	$6,880 \pm 70$	6,430	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-064 LCF	Mollusc
TO - 2461	$8,350 \pm 80$	7,900	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-066 LCF	Mollusc
TO - 2462	$7,060 \pm 70$	6,610	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-064 LCF	Mollusc
TO - 2463	$8,850 \pm 90$	8,400	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-066 LCF	Mollusc
TO - 2464	$8,830 \pm 80$	8,380	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-066 LCF	Mollusc
TO - 2465	$8,570 \pm 230$	8,120	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-071 LCF	Mollusc
TO - 2466	$8,930 \pm 80$	8,480	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-071 LCF	Mollusc
TO - 2470	$8,550 \pm 160$	8,100	H.S., Western Basin	HU90023-099 LCF	Mollusc
TO - 2471	$8,450 \pm 70$	8,000	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-107 LCF	Mollusc
TO - 2472	$8,800 \pm 70$	8,350	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-107 LCF	Mollusc
TO - 2609	210 ± 60		Hall Peninsula	Kodlunarn Island	Charcoal
TO - 3241	$37,990 \pm 410$		Cumberland Pen.	Ukalik Lake	Plant Macrofossils
TO - 3242	$36,120 \pm 340$		Cumberland Pen.	Tulugak Lake	Plant Macrofossils
TO - 3243	$20,110 \pm 340$		Cumberland Pen.	Amarok Lake	Plant Macrofossils
TO - 3263	$8,160 \pm 150$	7,710	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-064 LCF	Foraminifera
TO - 3264	6,960 ± 110	6,510	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-066 LCF	Foraminifera
TO - 3265	$8,170 \pm 140$	7,720	H.S., Southwestern Basin	HU90023-085 LCF	Foraminifera
TO - 3266	$7,940 \pm 920$	7,490	H.S., Western Basin	HU90023-097 LCF	Foraminifera
TO - 3269	$7,230 \pm 830$	6,780	H.S., Western Basin	HU90023-099 LCF	Foraminifera
TO - 3270	$8,380 \pm 510$	7,930	H.S., Western Basin	HU90023-101 LCF	Foraminifera
TO - 3271	$8,740 \pm 280$	8,290	H.S., Western Basin	HU90023-101 LCF	Foraminifera
TO - 3272	$8,510 \pm 110$	8,060	H.S., Western Basin	HU90023-101 LCF	Foraminifera
TO - 3273	$8,490 \pm 270$	8,040	H.S., Western Basin	HU90023-101 LCF	Foraminifera
TO - 3274	9,400 ± 190	8,950	H.S., South-Central	HU90023-107 LCF	Foraminifera
TO - 3664	970 ± 70	520	H.S., South-Central	HU92028-153 TWC	Foraminifera
TO - 3665	540 ± 60	90	H.S., South-Central	HU92028-152 BC	Foraminifera
TO - 3666	$7,940 \pm 90$	7,490	Hudson Strait	HU90023-096 IKU	Foraminifera
TO - 3667	$1,300 \pm 60$	850	Hudson Strait	HU90023-074 IKU	Foraminifera
TO - 3668	$8,110 \pm 360$	7,660	Hudson Strait	HU90023-112 IKU	Foraminifera
TO - 3669	$1,330 \pm 70$	880	Hudson Strait	HU92028-150 IKU	Foraminifera
TO - 712-2	550 ± 60		Hall Peninsula	Kodlunarn Island	Bloomery Iron
TO - 712-3a	500 ± 60		Hall Peninsula	Kodlunarn Island	Bloomery Iron
	628 ± 150		Hall Peninsula	Kodlunarn Island	Charcoal

Appendix 1B. Index of radiocarbon dates arranged by increasing age.

Date	Lab No.	Date	Lab No.	Date	Lab No.
Modern	AA - 7142	880 ± 70	AA - 14213	$3,970 \pm 60$	CAMS - 25670
Modern	AA - 14214	890 ± 80	Beta - 75312	4,025 ± 55	AA - 13244
Modern	CAMS - 11335	895 ± 50	AA - 11877	4,040 ± 105	AA - 9022
20 ± 65	SI - 5521	970 ± 60	TO - 347	4,060 ± 105	AA - 9024
60 ± 80	Beta - 53643	970 ± 70	TO - 3664	4,070 ± 50	Beta - 78138
65 ± 60	SI - 5522	1,000 ± 60	AA - 9065	4,110 ± 65	AA - 9362
70 ± 50	Beta - 63443	1,055 ± 65	AA - 13353	4,110 ± 80	CAMS - 25763
85 ± 45	AA - 11446	$1,130 \pm 50$	Beta - 61609	4,750 ± 70	CAMS - 8253
100 ± 40	AA - 17256	$1,155 \pm 56$	AA - 11871	5,090 ± 60	CAMS - 18687
110 ± 50	Beta - 52994	$1,180 \pm 50$	Beta - 72892	5,215 ± 75	AA - 14211
170 ± 90	Beta - 63445	$1,280 \pm 45$	AA - 14681	$5,300 \pm 60$	AA - 13237
210 ± 60	TO - 2609	$1,280 \pm 60$	Beta - 75310	5,390 ± 70	CAMS - 4061
230 ± 60	Beta - 52273	$1,300 \pm 60$	TO - 3667	5,840 ± 120	AA - 9066
240 ± 70	Beta - 71713	$1,310 \pm 60$	AA - 10603	5,930 ± 70	TO - 1870
240 ± 80	Beta - 53642	$1,330 \pm 70$	TO - 3669	6,120 ± 80	CAMS - 11814
260 ± 70	Beta - 71831	$1,340 \pm 70$	TO - 712	6,220 ± 130	AA - 11433
270 ± 60	Beta - 52275	$1,380 \pm 90$	Beta - 75311	$6,280 \pm 50$	TO - 293
290 ± 85	SI - 5525	$1,390 \pm 55$	AA - 11872	6,330 ± 80	CAMS - 11798
300 ± 70	Beta - 63444	$1,440 \pm 70$	AA - 10567	6,615 ± 115	AA - 13352
320 ± 90	Beta - 42659	$1,450 \pm 60$	AA - 10565	6,630 ± 70	TO - 2456
330 ± 50	AECV - 1707C	$1,465 \pm 55$	AA - 11585	6,655 ± 65	AA - 7898
355 ± 45	SI - 5527	$1,470 \pm 50$	Beta - 70920	6,755 ± 90	AA - 9291
380 ± 80	Beta - 52276	$1,490 \pm 60$	Beta - 61072	6,760 ± 70	TO - 2459
390 ± 70	Beta - 52274	$1,500 \pm 90$	Beta - 70916	6,850 ± 70	TO - 2457
415 ± 50	SI - 5528	$1,680 \pm 50$	AA - 12892	6,880 ± 70	TO - 2460
450 ± 60	Beta - 52272	$1,700 \pm 60$	Beta - 72891	6,940 ± 75	AA - 9363
470 ± 60	Beta - 61073	$1,710 \pm 80$	Beta - 70919	6,960 ± 110	TO - 3264
490 ± 70	AECV - 1351C	$1,745 \pm 160$	AA - 11432	6,980 ± 110	GSC - 5492
500 ± 35	SI - 5523	$1,800 \pm 60$	Beta - 70917	$7,015 \pm 65$	AA - 10117
500 ± 60	TO - 712-3a	$1,800 \pm 70$	Beta - 61071	$7,060 \pm 70$	TO - 2462
510 ± 50	Beta - 63446	$1,970 \pm 70$	Beta - 70918	$7,080 \pm 120$	GSC - 5903
510 ± 80	Beta - 42660	$2,060 \pm 40$	Beta - 72890	$7,220 \pm 65$	AA - 10120
540 ± 60	TO - 3665	$2,070 \pm 65$	AA - 14205	$7,230 \pm 830$	TO - 3269
550 ± 60	AECV - 1348C	$2,110 \pm 90$	Beta - 61070	$7,260 \pm 70$	TO - 2458
550 ± 60	TO - 712-2	$2,180 \pm 50$	AA - 12886	$7,330 \pm 65$	AA - 13243
600 ± 60	Beta - 71712	$2,215 \pm 55$	AA - 8961	$7,380 \pm 200$	GSC - 5688
628 ± 150	-	$2,480 \pm 110$	AA - 11870	$7,395 \pm 70$	AA - 13236
670 ± 150	Beta - 52074	$2,655 \pm 45$	AA - 10655	$7,470 \pm 70$	CAMS - 7790
679 ± 133	Brookhaven	$2,660 \pm 70$	CAMS - 8252	$7,540 \pm 130$	GSC - 5677
740 ± 70	AECV - 1349C	$2,840 \pm 60$	CAMS - 13511	7,575 ± 125	AA - 9289
740 ± 80	AECV - 1350C	$2,850 \pm 60$	Beta - 78141	$7,600 \pm 60$	AA - 8963
792 ± 107	Brookhaven	$3,040 \pm 70$	CAMS - 7789	7,675 ± 115	AA - 8962
800 ± 70	Beta - 61068	$3,085 \pm 70$	AA - 11583	$7,690 \pm 90$	GSC - 5526
815 ± 55	AA - 10566	$3,105 \pm 50$	AA - 14684	7,710 ± 190	GSC - 5699
820 ± 80	CAMS - 25759	$3,140 \pm 60$	Beta - 78139	7,730 ± 70	TO - 749
855 ± 60	AA - 12891	$3,220 \pm 110$	GSC - 5496	7,785 ± 75	AA - 10257
875 ± 50	AA - 11449	$3,340 \pm 60$	Beta - 78140	$7,785 \pm 140$	AA - 17379
880 ± 50	AECV - 1708C	$3,740 \pm 60$	CAMS - 17399	$7,795 \pm 165$	AA - 11434

Appendix 1B. Continued.

Date	Lab No.	Date	Lab No.	Date	Lab No.
$7,810 \pm 70$	AA - 7900	8,510 ± 110	TO - 3272	9,065 ± 80	AA - 14024
$7,830 \pm 60$	AA - 11876	$8,525 \pm 60$	AA - 10648	$9,075 \pm 75$	AA - 10254
$7,830 \pm 120$	AA - 4918	8,530 ± 60	AA - 12885	$9,085 \pm 85$	AA - 11586
$7,835 \pm 90$	AA - 13228	8,550 ± 160	TO - 2470	$9,090 \pm 95$	AA - 14026
$7,840 \pm 70$	AA - 10651	8,555 ± 95	AA - 12609	$9,100 \pm 80$	AA - 16403
$7,880 \pm 70$	TO - 748	8,560 ± 70	AA - 14687	$9,125 \pm 65$	AA - 13175
$7,880 \pm 90$	AA - 9290	8,570 ± 230	TO - 2465	$9,130 \pm 65$	AA - 17255
$7,900 \pm 70$	TO - 751	8,575 ± 75	AA - 15689	9,145 ± 75	AA - 17392
$7,940 \pm 90$	TO - 3666	8,580 ± 70	AA - 11447	$9,215 \pm 80$	AA - 7561
$7,940 \pm 920$	TO - 3266	8,605 ± 85	AA - 14206	$9,220 \pm 75$	AA - 15127
$7,985 \pm 85$	AA - 12893	8,640 ± 70	CAMS - 25758	$9,240 \pm 90$	AA - 14212
7,995 ± 65	AA - 7892	8,640 ± 105	AA - 14210	$9,245 \pm 85$	AA - 11442
$8,030 \pm 60$	CAMS - 25762	8,640 ± 500	CAMS - 17146	9,290 ± 80	AA - 11874
$8,045 \pm 60$	AA - 10649	8,650 ± 85	AA - 14207	9,305 ± 85	AA - 17265
8,055 ± 70	AA - 15129	8,670 ± 60	CAMS - 18690	$9,320 \pm 80$	SI - 5171
8,060 ± 70	TO - 750	8,715 ± 65	AA - 14686	$9,325 \pm 100$	· AA - 8393
8,110 ± 360	TO - 3668	8,715 ± 165	AA - 11437	$9,335 \pm 75$	AA - 15131
8,130 ± 65	AA - 12610	8,735 ± 235	QC - 714	$9,355 \pm 75$	AA - 17861
8,155 ± 130	AA - 17380	8,740 ± 280	TO - 3271	$9,370 \pm 80$	AA - 14025
8,160 ± 70	AA - 15128	8,750 ± 165	AA - 11436	$9,370 \pm 90$	GSC - 5486
8,160 ± 150	TO - 3263	8,760 ± 65	AA - 10645	9,400 ± 190	TO - 3274
8,170 ± 60	AA - 12889	$8,780 \pm 230$	GX - 13022	9,410 ± 70	AA - 11444
8,170 ± 140	TO - 3265	8,785 ± 60	AA - 10652	9,420 ± 135	GX - 13021
$8,175 \pm 95$	AA - 12607	8,785 ± 80	AA - 17260	$9,430 \pm 50$	CAMS - 25764
$8,240 \pm 150$	CAMS - 10359	8,795 ± 95	AA - 14030	9,440 ± 110	CAMS - 18449
$8,245 \pm 75$	AA - 13050	8,800 ± 70	TO - 2472	$9,460 \pm 75$	AA - 15124
$8,260 \pm 60$	AA - 12888	$8,805 \pm 60$	AA - 12884	$9,465 \pm 100$	AA - 15125
$8,270 \pm 70$	AA - 12887	8,830 ± 80	TO - 2464	$9,480 \pm 80$	AA - 16405
$8,305 \pm 170$	AA - 11435	8,850 ± 90	TO - 2463	9,500 ± 150	BGS - 1472
$8,325 \pm 60$	AA - 17258	8,860 ± 110	GSC - 5895	9,505 ± 80	AA - 13172
$8,325 \pm 75$	AA - 15130	8,865 ± 165	AA - 11438	9,515 ± 70	AA - 11441
$8,350 \pm 70$	AA - 15123	8,870 ± 100	GSC - 5483	9,565 ± 80	AA - 15700
$8,350 \pm 80$	TO - 2461	8,875 ± 110	AA - 8394	9,600 ± 140	AA - 16404
$8,360 \pm 60$	AA - 7893	8,890 ± 70	CAMS - 11122	9,605 ± 60	AA - 10249
$8,360 \pm 70$	TO - 1860	8,905 ± 65	AA - 14028	9,650 ± 70	AA - 17257
$8,380 \pm 60$	CAMS - 11125	8,915 ± 65	AA - 13174	9,710 ± 60	CAMS - 11815
$8,380 \pm 510$	TO - 3270	8,920 ± 60	CAMS - 18688	9,730 ± 70	AA - 8964
$8,390 \pm 80$	CAMS - 8251	8,920 ± 65	AA - 10656	$9,735 \pm 295$	GX - 8670
$8,395 \pm 70$	AA - 13055	8,930 ± 80	TO - 2466	9,750 ± 70	AA - 11443
$8,445 \pm 55$	AA - 10251	8,940 ± 70	AA - 13241	9,825 ± 95	AA - 15701
$8,450 \pm 70$	AA - 11882	8,950 ± 65	AA - 14029	9,885 ± 170	AA - 17262
$8,450 \pm 70$	TO - 2471	8,990 ± 80	CAMS - 22023	9,955 ± 75	AA - 11448
$8,460 \pm 95$	AA - 11590	8,995 ± 120	AA - 8395	9,975 ± 100	AA - 11584
$8,465 \pm 90$	AA - 12890	9,025 ± 90	AA - 13173	10,070 ± 95	AA - 15698
$8,470 \pm 90$	TO - 1871	9,030 ± 75	AA - 15126	10,170 ± 70	AA - 11445
8,490 ± 200	AA - 11879	9,040 ± 85	AA - 10253	10,180 ± 90	AA - 17264
$8,490 \pm 270$	TO - 3273	9,045 ± 80	AA - 17261	10,225 ± 100	AA - 17393
$8,510 \pm 90$	AA - 11684	9,060 ± 60	CAMS - 25761	10,245 ± 70	AA - 10248

Appendix 1B. Continued.

Date	Lab No.	Date	Lab No.	Date	Lab No.
$10,270 \pm 285$	AA - 17391	13,470 ± 105	AA - 10121	28,050 ± 335	AA - 15694
$10,310 \pm 90$	AA - 15702	14,115 ± 110	AA - 7010	29,055 ± 350	AA - 10658
$10,335 \pm 95$	AA - 15703	$14,280 \pm 205$	AA - 9355	30,170 ± 475	AA - 13229
$10,430 \pm 80$	AA - 13053	14,370 ± 180	CAMS - 19996	30,175 ± 405	AA - 8966
$10,435 \pm 95$	AA - 7009	14,980 ± 90	AA - 9364	30,790 ± 450	AA - 10252
$10,470 \pm 120$	AA - 13051	$15,270 \pm 120$	AA - 13238	$31,065 \pm 455$	AA - 11450
$10,500 \pm 110$	CAMS - 17401	16,380 ± 165	AA - 9288	32,820 ± 530	AA - 15696
$10,500 \pm 110$	GSC - 5478	16,575 ± 140	AA - 13234	33,170 ± 590	AA - 9062
$10,510 \pm 80$	AA - 14682	16,800 ± 135	AA - 14685	33,320 ± 1810	CAMS - 19255
$10,530 \pm 135$	AA - 8959	17,165 ± 140	AA - 15704	33,615 ± 600	AA - 9067
$10,695 \pm 85$	AA - 10258	$17,305 \pm 140$	AA - 7144	34,010 ± 675	AA - 10569
$10,730 \pm 80$	CAMS - 11793	$17,330 \pm 1200$	CAMS - 12256	34,710 ± 690	AA - 10646
$10,750 \pm 65$	AA - 10245	17,575 ± 185	AA - 10119	34,790 ± 710	AA - 7899
$10,750 \pm 70$	AA - 14683	17,670 ± 140	AA - 11588	$34,820 \pm 730$	AA - 12608
$10,780 \pm 140$	AA - 10255	17,855 ± 145	AA - 10122	$35,280 \pm 760$	AA - 11451
$10,790 \pm 70$	AA - 10653	17,990 ± 110	CAMS - 17400	36,020 ± 805	AA - 14218
$10,800 \pm 130$	AA - 12029	$18,270 \pm 140$	AA - 15691	$36,120 \pm 340$	TO - 3242
$10,805 \pm 80$	AA - 13054	18,475 ± 145	AA - 14217	$36,370 \pm 820$	AA - 15695
$11,060 \pm 70$	CAMS - 17398	$18,730 \pm 90$	CAMS - 11340	36,870 ± 970	AA - 14220
$11,070 \pm 60$	CAMS - 18689	18,865 ± 175	AA - 14216	>37,000	GX - 8942
$11,080 \pm 95$	AA - 14202	19,215 ± 150	AA - 15708	$37,760 \pm 1050$	AA - 12606
$11,095 \pm 110$	AA - 10650	$19,400 \pm 310$	CAMS - 4063	$37,935 \pm 1020$	AA - 15693
$11,125 \pm 100$	AA - 7562	19,565 ± 160	AA - 14204	$37,990 \pm 410$	TO - 3241
$11,170 \pm 100$	AA - 10256	$19,635 \pm 150$	AA - 13239	>38,000	GSC - 5497
$11,235 \pm 95$	AA - 10118	$20,110 \pm 340$	TO - 3243	$38,620 \pm 1110$	AA - 14027
$11,255 \pm 75$	AA - 17254	$20,840 \pm 180$	AA - 10568	$38,700 \pm 1200$	AA - 10232
$11,285 \pm 65$	AA - 10250	$21,070 \pm 220$	AA - 13230	39,145 ± 1180	AA - 11452
$11,390 \pm 100$	AA - 11587	$21,210 \pm 190$	AA - 14203	40,760 ± 1450	AA - 11453
$11,410 \pm 130$	AA - 17263	$21,255 \pm 200$	AA - 12899	$41,800 \pm 1700$	AA - 14219
$11,535 \pm 85$	AA - 12897	$21,970 \pm 195$	AA - 15692	>42,000	AA - 11881
$11,545 \pm 95$	AA - 13242	$22,110 \pm 230$	AA - 15705	>43,700	AA - 7897
$11,555 \pm 130$	AA - 15659	$22,210 \pm 255$	AA - 8965	$43,750 \pm 2100$	AA - 12605
$11,750 \pm 105$	AA - 15690	$22,225 \pm 245$	AA - 15706	>43,900	AA - 7901
11,995 ± 145	AA - 15688	$22,360 \pm 140$	CAMS - 12582	46,700 ± 3000	AA - 9064
$12,035 \pm 80$	AA - 11440	$23,390 \pm 240$	CAMS - 4062	>47,240	AA - 9063
$12,115 \pm 260$	AA - 11880	$23,880 \pm 240$	AA - 11589	>49,230	AA - 13232
$12,125 \pm 90$	AA - 13052	$23,890 \pm 260$	AA - 9356		
$12,210 \pm 110$	AA - 14208	$24,035 \pm 240$	AA - 10647		
$12,220 \pm 130$	AA - 8960	$24,365 \pm 355$	AA - 13235		
$12,325 \pm 80$	AA - 11875	$24,780 \pm 230$	AA - 15132		
$12,640 \pm 80$	CAMS - 12581	$24,835 \pm 240$	AA - 15699		
$12,860 \pm 90$	CAMS - 11121	$25,330 \pm 310$	AA - 14215		
$12,970 \pm 90$	AA - 13233	$27,130 \pm 335$	AA - 15707		
$13,050 \pm 140$	AA - 14209	$27,255 \pm 305$	AA - 11878		
$13,055 \pm 120$	AA - 13231	$27,465 \pm 360$	AA - 15697		
$13,100 \pm 110$	AA - 15687	27,670 ± 440	CAMS - 22022		
$13,105 \pm 85$	AA - 12896	$27,720 \pm 340$	AA - 9361		
$13,195 \pm 125$	AA - 7011	$28,005 \pm 350$	AA - 12898		

Appendix 2A. Comprehensive list of dates included in this and previous INSTAAR Radiocarbon Date Lists, arranged by laboratory number, 1967-1996.

Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL	Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL
AA-190	12,890 ± 290	<125 μm org	VI	AA-2496	10,360 ± 160	Mollusc	VI
AA-191	$8,425 \pm 375$	Mollusc	VI	AA-2625	$7,765 \pm 105$	Mollusc	VII
AA-244A	$9,085 \pm 290$	Mollusc	VI	AA-2631	$5,160 \pm 60$	Bone	VI
AA-263	>27,000	Foraminifera	VI	AA-2632	>45,000	Mollusc	VI
AA-264	$10,490 \pm 450$	Mollusc	VI	AA-2633	$9,450 \pm 95$	Mollusc	VI
AA-347	Modern	Mollusc	VI	AA-2637	$9,200 \pm 200$	Foraminifera	VI
AA-348	$12,190 \pm 430$	<125 µm org	VI	AA-2641	$8,680 \pm 140$	Mollusc	VI
AA-412	$9,450 \pm 360$	Mollusc	VI	AA-2642	$45,000 \pm 4000$	Mollusc	VI
AA-413	$7,790 \pm 230$	Mollusc	VI	AA-3098	$2,210 \pm 50$	Organic Conc	VII
AA-650	$4,540 \pm 300$	<125 µm org	VI	AA-3099	$4,461 \pm 50$	Organic Conc	VII
AA-651	$10,250 \pm 390$	<125 µm org	VI	AA-3101	$4,205 \pm 50$	Bulk Sed	VII
AA-652	$10,410 \pm 380$	<125 µm org	VI	AA-3101	$4,205 \pm 50$	Organic Conc	VII
AA-653	$16,700 \pm 900$	<125 µm org	VI	AA-3101	$4,205 \pm 50$	Organic Conc	VII
AA-654	19,200 ± 1100	<125 µm org	VI	AA-3102	$8,650 \pm 75$	Organic Conc	VII
AA-655A,B	$11,060 \pm 300$	Mollusc	VI	AA-3103	$8,730 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VI
AA-712	$5,600 \pm 330$	Mollusc	VI	AA-3104	$8,660 \pm 65$	Mollusc	VI
AA-886	$10,010 \pm 360$	Mollusc	VI	AA-3108	$3,440 \pm 50$	Foraminifera	VI
AA-935	$13,500 \pm 700$	<125 µm org	VI	AA-3109	$9,385 \pm 140$	Foraminifera	VI
AA-936	$2,145 \pm 80$	<125 µm org	VI	AA-3254	$44,200 \pm 2300$	Mollusc	VII
AA-1004	$7,577 \pm 137$	<125 µm org	VI	AA-3256	$13,720 \pm 95$	Organic Conc	VII
AA-1005	$3,428 \pm 70$	<125 µm org	VI	AA-3273	$3,285 \pm 55$	Bulk Sed	VII
AA-1011	$2,819 \pm 103$	<125 µm org	VI	AA-3274	$3,620 \pm 55$	Bulk Sed	VII
AA-1012	12,970 ± 225	<125 µm org	VI	AA-3275	$6,170 \pm 55$	Bulk Sed	VII
AA-1181	$7,230 \pm 90$	Mollusc	VI	AA-3277	$4,794 \pm 70$	Organic Conc	VII
AA-1272	Lost	Mollusc	VI	AA-3278	$7,805 \pm 70$	Organic Conc	VII
AA-1273	$20,650 \pm 260$	<125 µm org	VI	AA-3280	$8,630 \pm 70$	Organic Conc	VII
AA-1507	$7,020 \pm 80$	<125 µm org	VI	AA-3286	$6,155 \pm 155$	Organic Conc	VII
AA-1508	$4,060 \pm 90$	<125 µm org	VI	AA-3338	$21,500 \pm 240$	Foraminifera	VI
AA-1523	$15,800 \pm 400$	<2 μm org	VI .	AA-3464	$9,620 \pm 90$	Foraminifera	VI
AA-1800	$6,990 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VI	AA-3465	$9,870 \pm 160$	Foraminifera	VI
AA-1801	$4,780 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VI	AA-3473	$11,725 \pm 125$	Foraminifera	VI
AA-1825	$7,950 \pm 100$	<125 µm org	VI	AA-3473	$11,725 \pm 125$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-1915	$2,890 \pm 115$	Mollusc	VI	AA-3481	$8,390 \pm 80$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-1916	$9,340 \pm 84$	Mollusc	VI	AA-3494	$8,485 \pm 60$	Organic Conc	VII
AA-1917	$3,920 \pm 60$	Mollusc	VI	AA-3495	$7,410 \pm 60$	Organic Conc	VII
AA-1918	$10,380 \pm 120$	<125 µm org	VI	AA-3583A	$10,600 \pm 75$	Mollusc	VII
AA-2084	720 ± 220	Mollusc	VI	AA-3583B	$10,625 \pm 170$	Mollusc	VII
AA-2219	$1,732 \pm 85$	<125 µm org	VI	AA-3584	$10,930 \pm 85$	Mollusc	VII
AA-2223	$9,090 \pm 90$	Mollusc	VII	AA-3585,6	$10,010 \pm 110$	Mixed	VII
AA-2224	$39,000 \pm 1800$	Mollusc	VII	AA-3678	$9,010 \pm 100$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-2275	$8,390 \pm 250$	<2 μm org	VI	AA-3746	$11,020 \pm 120$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-2276	$5,084 \pm 70$	<2 μm org	VI	AA-3783	$3,600 \pm 75$	Organic Conc	VII
AA-2348	$43,300 \pm 3000$	Mollusc	VII	AA-3784	$11,555 \pm 85$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-2349	$8,500 \pm 90$	Mollusc	VII	AA-3809	Lost	Mollusc	VII
AA-2350	$9,500 \pm 90$	Mollusc	VII	AA-3810	$11,315 \pm 75$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-2351	Modern	Plant Macros	VII	AA-3814	$8,075 \pm 145$	Plant Macros	VII
AA-2352	Modern	Mollusc	VII	AA-3815	$8,320 \pm 95$	Plant Macros	VII

Appendix 2A. Continued.

Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL	Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL
AA-3818	$4,650 \pm 60$	Organic Conc	VII	AA-5034	19,070 ± 260	Foraminifera	VII
AA-3819	$10,980 \pm 70$	Organic Conc	VII	AA-5063	$13,625 \pm 150$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-3850	$7,425 \pm 60$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-5117	9,000 ± 170	Mollusc	VII
AA-3890	$2,370 \pm 70$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-5290	$6,380 \pm 90$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-3939	$10,920 \pm 250$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-5291	$9,425 \pm 150$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-3940	$10,705 \pm 70$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-5292	11,760 ± 170	Foraminifera	VII
AA-3941	$8,720 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VII	AA-5835	10,555 ± 75	Mollusc	VII
AA-3974	$7,790 \pm 65$	Plant Macros	VII	AA-5836	10,615 ± 75	Mollusc	VII
AA-3975	$9,655 \pm 90$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-5837	$10,315 \pm 85$	Mollusc	VII
AA-3976	8,965 ± 110	Foraminifera	VII	AA-5838	$10,505 \pm 85$	Mollusc	VII
AA-3995	$17,020 \pm 170$	Organic Conc	VII	AA-5839	$10,510 \pm 90$	Mollusc	VII
AA-3997	375 ± 65	Plant Macros	VII	AA-5840	$10,680 \pm 85$	Mollusc	VII
AA-4026	$13,585 \pm 110$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-5841	$10,570 \pm 85$	Mollusc	VII
AA-4027	$8,755 \pm 80$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-5987	$9,380 \pm 80$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-4160	$8,300 \pm 65$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-5988	$3,010 \pm 50$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-4244A	37,090 ± 1100	Mollusc	VII	AA-5989	$10,375 \pm 75$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-4244B	40,630 ± 1400	Mollusc	VII	AA-5990	8,615 ± 75	Foraminifera	VII
AA-4249	9,270 ± 110	Mollusc	VII	AA-5992	14,455 ± 110	Foraminifera	VII
AA-4250A	$10,015 \pm 120$	Mollusc	VII	AA-5994	$12,425 \pm 125$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-4250B	$8,320 \pm 105$	Mollusc	VII	AA-5995	$12,675 \pm 100$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-4255	$9,355 \pm 70$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-5996	$10,870 \pm 90$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-4335	15,025 ± 95	Foraminifera	VII	AA-5997	$12,740 \pm 100$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-4336	$2,855 \pm 80$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-5998	$4,440 \pm 70$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-4338	985 ± 50	Foraminifera	VII	AA-5999	$15,010 \pm 105$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-4529	$5,835 \pm 60$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-6000	$11,100 \pm 85$	Foraminifera	VΠ
AA-4530	9,270 ± 80	Foraminifera	VII	AA-6001	$11,120 \pm 90$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-4531	13,700 ± 145	Foraminifera	VII	AA-6026	$1,045 \pm 55$	Humic Acids	VII
AA-4574	$8,260 \pm 80$	Bulk Sed	VΠ	AA-6027	$3,015 \pm 55$	Humic Acids	VII
AA-4575	$8,925 \pm 105$	Bulk Sed	VII	AA-6028	$5,675 \pm 95$	Humic Acids	VII
AA-4665	11,990 ± 100	Foraminifera	VII	AA-6029	$6,160 \pm 90$	Humic Acids	VII
AA-4666	$9,375 \pm 70$	Foraminifera	VΠ	AA-6298	$35,685 \pm 805$	Mollusc	VII
AA-4667	11,575 ± 135	Foraminifera	VII	AA-6299	$8,365 \pm 75$	Mollusc	VII
AA-4686	$34,025 \pm 725$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-6300	$11,590 \pm 180$	Mollusc	VII
AA-4687	$32,150 \pm 1200$	Foraminifera	VΠ	AA-6301	$9,460 \pm 95$	Mollusc	VII
AA-4689	11,895 ± 130	Foraminifera	VII	AA-6302	$9,350 \pm 75$	Mollusc	VII
AA-4700	19,855 ± 210	Foraminifera	VII	AA-6303	$10,825 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VII
AA-4702	11,550 ± 75	Foraminifera	VII	AA-6304	$43,450 \pm 2100$	Mollusc	VII
AA-4702	11,550 ± 75	Foraminifera	VII	AA-6305	$9,500 \pm 105$	Mollusc	VII
AA-4703	40,700 ± 1500	Foraminifera	VII	AA-6306	$9,630 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VII
AA-4704	$43,200 \pm 60$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-6307	$10,740 \pm 85$	Mollusc	VΠ
AA-4706	$45,500 \pm 55$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-6308	$10,635 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VII
AA-4709	$12,030 \pm 85$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-6309	$10,435 \pm 85$	Mollusc	VII
AA-4916	$10,375 \pm 80$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-6310	$10,445 \pm 75$	Mollusc	VII
AA-4916	$8,280 \pm 120$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-6311	9,800 ± 75	Mollusc	VΠ
AA-4917	$13,180 \pm 100$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-6312	$8,580 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VII
AA-4918	$7,830 \pm 120$	Foraminifera	VIII	l .	$10,115 \pm 75$	Mollusc	VII
AA-5032	$10,530 \pm 95$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-6453	$7,800 \pm 70$	Bulk Sed	VΠ
AA-5033	$10,530 \pm 90$	Foraminifera	VII		$9,890 \pm 85$	Mollusc	VII

Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL	Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL
AA-6463	$8,195 \pm 65$	Mollusc	VII	AA-7892	$7,995 \pm 65$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-6464	$8,525 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VII	AA-7893	$8,360 \pm 60$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-6465	$9,645 \pm 85$	Mollusc	VII	AA-7894	$9,270 \pm 60$	Mollusc	VII
AA-6466	$5,230 \pm 60$	Mollusc	VII	AA-7895	$9,740 \pm 65$	Mollusc	VII
AA-6468	$10,445 \pm 100$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-7896	$9,980 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VII
AA-6469	$11,065 \pm 105$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-7897	>43,700	Mollusc	VIII
AA-6470	$13,160 \pm 115$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-7898	$6,655 \pm 65$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-6471	$12,925 \pm 130$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-7899	$34,790 \pm 710$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-6472	$10,035 \pm 130$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-7900	$7,810 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-6473	$9,310 \pm 100$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-7901	>43,900	Mollusc	VIII
AA-6521	$10,415 \pm 240$	Humic Acids	VII	AA-8034	$14,850 \pm 205$	Foraminifera	VΠ
AA-6522	$7,430 \pm 230$	Humic Acids	VII	AA-8035	$13,450 \pm 220$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-6523	$1,010 \pm 50$	Humic Acids	VII	AA-8324	$4,850 \pm 55$	Organic Conc	VII
AA-6524	970 ± 150	Humic Acids	VII	AA-8325	$4,010 \pm 50$	Organic Conc	VII
AA-6525	$3,605 \pm 75$	Humic Acids	VΠ	AA-8326	$13,285 \pm 105$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-6526	$4,905 \pm 100$	Humic Acids	VII	AA-8327	$9,435 \pm 50$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-6829	$3,210 \pm 70$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-8328	$1,125 \pm 50$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-6830	$1,382 \pm 65$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-8329	$12,865 \pm 305$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-6846	Too Small	Foraminifera	VII	AA-8330	$12,470 \pm 205$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-6847	$1,300 \pm 55$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-8331	$12,085 \pm 115$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-6848	14,845 ± 190	Foraminifera	VII	AA-8332	1,798 ± 111	Foraminifera	VII
AA-6849	13,300 ± 145	Foraminifera	VII	AA-8333	$9,105 \pm 142$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-6850	10,850 ± 185	Foraminifera	VII	AA-8388	$10,560 \pm 75$	Mollusc	VII
AA-6851	13,635 ± 190	Foraminifera	VII	AA-8389	$11,075 \pm 85$	Mollusc	VII
AA-6852	12,110 ± 185	Foraminifera	VΠ	AA-8390	$9,385 \pm 75$	Mollusc	VII
AA-6853	12,975 ± 355	Foraminifera	VII	AA-8391	$10,090 \pm 75$	Mollusc	VII
AA-6854	$10,080 \pm 75$	Mollusc	VII	AA-8392	$9,000 \pm 90$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-6866	$10,895 \pm 95$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-8393	$9,325 \pm 100$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-7008	$5,660 \pm 100$	Plant Macros	VII	AA-8394	$8,875 \pm 110$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-7009	10,435 ± 95	Bulk Sed	VIII	AA-8395	8,995 ± 120	Mollusc	VIII
AA-7010	14,115 ± 110	Bulk Sed	VIII	AA-8570	$7,960 \pm 105$	Wood	VII
AA-7011	13,195 ± 125	Bulk Sed	VIII	AA-8777	$11,790 \pm 275$	Foraminifera	VII
AA-7012	$2,070 \pm 70$	Plant Macros	VII	AA-8959	$10,530 \pm 135$	Organic Conc	
AA-7136	$10,630 \pm 380$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-8960	$12,220 \pm 130$	Organic Conc	
AA-7137	$26,015 \pm 1320$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-8961	2,215 ± 55	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-7138	$15,365 \pm 250$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-8962	7,675 ± 115	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-7139	$9,670 \pm 245$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-8963	$7,600 \pm 60$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-7140	$14,465 \pm 200$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-8964	9,730 ± 70	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-7141	$10,355 \pm 205$	Foraminifera	VII	AA-8965	$22,210 \pm 255$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-7142	Modern	Organic Conc			$30,175 \pm 405$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-7144	$17,305 \pm 140$	Organic Conc		1	$4,040 \pm 105$	Organic Conc	
AA-7557	$40,950 \pm 2100$	Mollusc	VII	AA-9024	4,060 ± 105	Organic Conc	
AA-7558	>38,900	Mollusc	VII	AA-9062	33,170 ± 590	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-7559	$11,685 \pm 90$	Mollusc	VII	AA-9063	>47,240	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-7560	$10,000 \pm 75$	Mollusc	VII	AA-9064	46,700 ± 3000	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-7561	9,215 ± 80	Mollusc	VIII	i	1,000 ± 60	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-7562	$11,125 \pm 100$	Mollusc	VIII		5,840 ± 120	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-7891	10,470 ± 65	Mollusc	VII		33,615 ± 600		
WW-1021	10,770 ± 00	Monac	A 11	AA-300/	33,013 ± 000	Foraminifera	VIII

Appendix 2A. Continued.

Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL	Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL
AA-9288	16,380 ± 165	Bulk Sed	VIII	AA-11433	6,220 ± 130	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-9289	$7,575 \pm 125$	Bulk Sed	VIII	AA-11434	7,795 ± 165	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-9290	$7,880 \pm 90$	Bulk Sed	VIII	AA-11435	$8,305 \pm 170$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-9291	$6,755 \pm 90$	Bulk Sed	VIII	AA-11436	$8,750 \pm 165$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-9355	$14,280 \pm 205$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-11437	$8,715 \pm 165$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-9356	$23,890 \pm 260$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-11438	$8,865 \pm 165$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-9361	$27,720 \pm 340$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-11440	$12,035 \pm 80$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-9362	$4,110 \pm 65$	Organic Conc	VIII	AA-11441	$9,515 \pm 70$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-9363	$6,940 \pm 75$	Organic Conc	VIII	AA-11442	$9,245 \pm 85$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-9364	$14,980 \pm 90$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-11443	$9,750 \pm 70$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10117	$7,015 \pm 65$	Organic Conc	VIII	AA-11444	$9,410 \pm 70$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10118	$11,235 \pm 95$	Organic Conc	VIII	AA-11445	$10,170 \pm 70$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10119	$17,575 \pm 185$	Organic Conc	VIII	AA-11446	85 ± 45	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10120	$7,220 \pm 65$	Organic Conc	VIII	AA-11447	$8,580 \pm 70$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10121	$13,470 \pm 105$	Organic Conc		AA-11448	9,955 ± 75	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10122	$17,855 \pm 145$	Organic Conc	VIII	AA-11449	875 ± 50	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10232	$38,700 \pm 1200$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-11450	$31,065 \pm 455$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-10245	$10,750 \pm 65$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-11451	$35,280 \pm 760$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-10248	$10,245 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-11452	$39,145 \pm 1180$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-10249	$9,605 \pm 60$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-11453	$40,760 \pm 1450$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-10250	$11,285 \pm 65$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-11583	$3,085 \pm 70$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10251	$8,445 \pm 55$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-11584	$9,975 \pm 100$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10252	$30,790 \pm 450$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-11585	$1,465 \pm 55$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10253	$9,040 \pm 85$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-11586	$9,085 \pm 85$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10254	$9,075 \pm 75$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-11587	$11,390 \pm 100$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10255	$10,780 \pm 140$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-11588	$17,670 \pm 140$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10256	$11,170 \pm 100$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-11589	$23,880 \pm 240$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10257	$7,785 \pm 75$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-11590	$8,460 \pm 95$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10258	$10,695 \pm 85$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-11684	$8,510 \pm 90$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10565	$1,450 \pm 60$	Mixed	VIII	AA-11870	$2,480 \pm 110$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10566	815 ± 55	Mollusc	VIII	AA-11871	$1,155 \pm 56$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10567	$1,440 \pm 70$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-11872	$1,390 \pm 55$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10568	$20,840 \pm 180$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-11874	$9,290 \pm 80$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10569	$34,010 \pm 675$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-11875	$12,325 \pm 80$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10603	$1,310 \pm 60$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-11876	$7,830 \pm 60$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-10645	$8,760 \pm 65$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-11877	895 ± 50	Coral	VIII
AA-10646	$34,710 \pm 690$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-11878	$27,255 \pm 305$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10647	$24,035 \pm 240$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-11879	$8,490 \pm 200$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-10648	$8,525 \pm 60$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-11880	$12,115 \pm 260$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10649	$8,045 \pm 60$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-11881	>42,000	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10650	11,095 ± 110	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-11882	$8,450 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-10651	$7,840 \pm 70$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-12029	$10,800 \pm 130$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-10652	$8,785 \pm 60$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-12605	$43,750 \pm 2100$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-10653	10,790 ± 70	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-12606	$37,760 \pm 1050$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-10655	$2,655 \pm 45$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-12607	8,175 ± 95	Mollusc	VIII
AA-10656	8,920 ± 65	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-12608	$34,820 \pm 730$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-10658	$29,055 \pm 350$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-12609	8,555 ± 95	Mollusc	VIII
AA-11432	$1,745 \pm 160$	Mollusc	VIII		$8,130 \pm 65$	Mollusc	VIII
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Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL	Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL
AA-12884	8,805 ± 60	Mollusc	VIII	AA-14030	8,795 ± 95	Mollusc	VIII
AA-12885	$8,530 \pm 60$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-14202	$11,080 \pm 95$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-12886	$2,180 \pm 50$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-14203	$21,210 \pm 190$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-12887	$8,270 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-14204	$19,565 \pm 160$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-12888	$8,260 \pm 60$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-14205	$2,070 \pm 65$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-12889	$8,170 \pm 60$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-14206	$8,605 \pm 85$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-12890	$8,465 \pm 90$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-14207	$8,650 \pm 85$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-12891	855 ± 60	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-14208	$12,210 \pm 110$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-12892	$1,680 \pm 50$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-14209	$13,050 \pm 140$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-12893	$7,985 \pm 85$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-14210	$8,640 \pm 105$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-12896	$13,105 \pm 85$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-14211	$5,215 \pm 75$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-12897	$11,535 \pm 85$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-14212	$9,240 \pm 90$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-12898	$28,005 \pm 350$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-14213	880 ± 70	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-12899	$21,255 \pm 200$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-14214	Modern	Mollusc	VIII
AA-13050	$8,245 \pm 75$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-14215	$25,330 \pm 310$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-13051	$10,470 \pm 120$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-14216	$18,865 \pm 175$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-13052	$12,125 \pm 90$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-14217	$18,475 \pm 145$	Foraminifera	VIII
A A-13053	$10,430 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-14218	$36,020 \pm 805$	Foraminifera	VIII
A \-13054	10,805 ± 80	Mollusc	VIII	AA-14219	$41,800 \pm 1700$	Foraminifera	VIII
A \-13055	$8,395 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-14220	$36,870 \pm 970$	Foraminifera	VIII
A -13172	9,505 ± 80	Mollusc	VIII	AA-14681	$1,280 \pm 45$	Mollusc	VIII
A -13173	$9,025 \pm 90$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-14682	$10,510 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VIII
A -13174	$8,915 \pm 65$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-14683	$10,750 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII
A -13175	$9,125 \pm 65$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-14684	$3,105 \pm 50$	Mollusc	VIII
A -13228	$7,835 \pm 90$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-14685	$16,800 \pm 135$	Foraminifera	VIII
A 13229	$30,170 \pm 475$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-14686	$8,715 \pm 65$	Mollusc	VΠ
A 13230	$21,070 \pm 220$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-14687	$8,560 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII
A 13231	$13,055 \pm 120$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-15123	$8,350 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII
A 13232	>49,230	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-15124	$9,460 \pm 75$	Mollusc	VIII
A 13233	$12,970 \pm 90$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-15125	$9,465 \pm 100$	Mollusc	VIII
A 13234	$16,575 \pm 140$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-15126	$9,030 \pm 75$	Mollusc	VIII
A 13235	$24,365 \pm 355$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-15127	$9,220 \pm 75$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-13236	$7,395 \pm 70$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-15128	$8,160 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-13237	$5,300 \pm 60$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-15129	$8,055 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-13238	$15,270 \pm 120$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-15130	$8,325 \pm 75$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-13239	19,635 ± 150	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-15131	$9,335 \pm 75$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-13241	$8,940 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-15132	$24,780 \pm 230$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-13242	$11,545 \pm 95$	Organic Conc	VIII	AA-15659	$11,555 \pm 130$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-13243	$7,330 \pm 65$	Organic Conc	VIII	AA-15687	$13,100 \pm 110$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-13244	$4,025 \pm 55$	Organic Conc	VIII	AA-15688	$11,995 \pm 145$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-13352	$6,615 \pm 115$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-15689	$8,575 \pm 75$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-13353	$1,055 \pm 65$	Foraminifera	VIII	AA-15690	$11,750 \pm 105$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-14024	$9,065 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-15691	$18,270 \pm 140$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-14025	$9,370 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-15692	$21,970 \pm 195$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-14026	$9,090 \pm 95$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-15693	$37,935 \pm 1020$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-14027	$38,620 \pm 1110$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-15694	$28,050 \pm 335$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-14028	$8,905 \pm 65$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-15695	$36,370 \pm 820$	Foraminifera	VIII
AA-14029	$8,950 \pm 65$	Mollusc	VIII	AA-15696	$32,820 \pm 530$	Mollusc	VIII

Appendix 2A. Continued.

Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL	Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL
AA-15697	$27,465 \pm 360$	Foraminifera	VIII	Beta-42659	320 ± 90	Charcoal	VIII
AA-15698	$10,070 \pm 95$	Foraminifera	VIII	Beta-42660	510 ± 80		VIII
AA-15699	$24,835 \pm 240$	Foraminifera	VIII	Beta-52074	670 ± 150	Charcoal	VIII
AA-15700	$9,565 \pm 80$	Foraminifera	VIII	Beta-52272	450 ± 60	Wood twigs	VIII
AA-15701	$9,825 \pm 95$	Foraminifera	VIII	Beta-52273	230 ± 60	Wood	VIII
AA-15702	$10,310 \pm 90$	Foraminifera	VIII	Beta-52274	390 ± 70	Wood twigs	VIII
AA-15703	$10,335 \pm 95$	Foraminifera	VIII	Beta-52275	270 ± 60	Wood twigs	VIII
AA-15704	$17,165 \pm 140$	Foraminifera	VIII	Beta-52276	380 ± 80	Charcoal	VIII
AA-15705	$22,110 \pm 230$	Foraminifera	VIII	Beta-52994	110 ± 50	wood twigs	VIII
AA-15706	$22,225 \pm 245$	Foraminifera	VIII	Beta-53642	240 ± 80	Wood	VIII
AA-15707	$27,130 \pm 335$	Foraminifera	VIII	Beta-53643	60 ± 80	Wood	VIII
AA-15708	$19,215 \pm 150$	Foraminifera	VIII	Beta-61068	800 ± 70	Wood	VIII
AA-16403	$9,100 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VIII	Beta-61070	$2,110 \pm 90$	Wood	VIII
AA-16404	$9,600 \pm 140$	Mollusc	VIII	Beta-61071	$1,800 \pm 70$	Wood twigs	VIII
AA-16405	$9,480 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VIII	Beta-61072	$1,490 \pm 60$	Moss	VIII
AA-17254	$11,255 \pm 75$	Mollusc	VIII	Beta-61073	470 ± 60	Bone	VIII
AA-17255	$9,130 \pm 65$	Mollusc	VIII	Beta-61609	$1,130 \pm 50$	Mammal Fat	VIII
AA-17256	100 ± 40	Mollusc	VIII	Beta-63443	70 ± 50	Wood	VIII
AA-17257	$9,650 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII	Beta-63444	300 ± 70	Wood twigs	VIII
AA-17258	$8,325 \pm 60$	Mollusc	VIII	Beta-63445	170 ± 90	Wood	VIII
AA-17260	$8,785 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VIII	Beta-63446	510 ± 50	Charcoal	VIII
AA-17261	$9,045 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VIII	Beta-70916	$1,500 \pm 90$	Charcoal	VIII
AA-17262	$9,885 \pm 170$	Mollusc	VIII	Beta-70917	$1,800 \pm 60$	Wood twigs	VIII
AA-17263	$11,410 \pm 130$	Mollusc	VIII	Beta-70918	$1,970 \pm 70$	Wood twigs	VIII
AA-17264	$10,180 \pm 90$	Mollusc	VIII	Beta-70919	$1,710 \pm 80$	Wood	VIII
AA-17265	$9,305 \pm 85$	Mollusc	VIII	Beta-70920	$1,470 \pm 50$	Wood twigs	VIII
AA-17379	$7,785 \pm 140$	Foraminifera	VIII	Beta-71712	600 ± 60	Wood	VIII
AA-17380	$8,155 \pm 130$	Foraminifera	VIII	Beta-71713	240 ± 70	Wood	VIII
AA-17391	$10,270 \pm 285$	Foraminifera	VIII	Beta-71831	260 ± 70	Wood	VIII
AA-17392	$9,145 \pm 75$	Foraminifera	VIII	Beta-72890	$2,060 \pm 40$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-17393	$10,225 \pm 100$	Foraminifera	VIII	Beta-72891	$1,700 \pm 60$	Mollusc	VIII
AA-17861	9,355 ± 75	Mollusc	VIII	Beta-72892	$1,180 \pm 50$	Mollusc	VIII
				Beta-75310	$1,280 \pm 60$	Mollusc	VIII
AECV-1348C	550 ± 60	Bone	VIII	Beta-75311	$1,380 \pm 90$	Mollusc	VIII
AECV-1349C	740 ± 70	Bone	VIII	Beta-75312	890 ± 80	Mollusc	VIII
AECV-1350C	740 ± 80	Wood	VIII	Beta-78138	$4,070 \pm 50$	Mollusc	VIII
AECV-1351C	490 ± 70	Bone	VIII	Beta-78139	$3,140 \pm 60$	Mollusc	VIII
AECV-1707C	330 ± 50	Bone	VIII	Beta-78140	$3,340 \pm 60$	Mollusc	VIII
AECV-1708C	880 ± 50	Bone	VIII	Beta-78141	$2,850 \pm 60$	Mollusc	VIII
D-4- 1007	2.025 1.70	Dood	ν,	DCC 267	070 + 90	So:1	TTT
Beta-1087	2,035 ± 70	Peat	V	BGS-267	970 ± 80	Soil Soil	III
Beta-1227	>30,000	Foraminifera	VII	BGS-268	$1,500 \pm 80$		Ш
Beta-1622	$1,460 \pm 70$	Peat	V	BGS-269	2,450 ± 90	Organic mud	Ш
Beta-1705	2,940 ± 145	Peaty sand	V	BGS-270	$1,810 \pm 90$	>125 µm org	Ш
Beta-1806	905 ± 100	Peat	V	BGS-271	3,260 ± 100	Soil	Ш
Beta-1871	7,140 ± 115	Mollusc	V	BGS-272	890 ± 90	>125 µm org	Ш
Beta-1872	$7,595 \pm 130$	Mollusc	V	BGS-295	150 ± 100	Bulk Sed	Ш
Beta-2362	$7,640 \pm 125$	Mollusc	III	BGS-304	$33,640 \pm 1300$	Mollusc	Ш

Appendix 2A. Continued.

Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL	Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL
BGS-305	$38,470 \pm 2450$	Mollusc	III	CAMS-25670	$3,970 \pm 60$	Foraminifera	VIII
BGS-306	$40,710 \pm 5500$	Mollusc	Ш	CAMS-25758	$8,640 \pm 70$	Mixed	VIII
BGS-1472	$9,500 \pm 150$	Gyttja	VIII	CAMS-25759	820 ± 80	Foraminifera	VIII
DOS 1472),500 ± 150	Cytiga	V 111	CAMS-25761	$9,060 \pm 60$	Foraminifera	VIII
BIRM-370	1,480 ± 160	Peat	Ш	CAMS-25762	8,030 ± 60	Foraminifera	VIII
BIRM-380	$2,500 \pm 170$	Peat	III	CAMS-25763	4,110 ± 80	Foraminifera	VIII
BIRM-535	1,970 ± 200	Peat	III	CAMS-25764	$9,430 \pm 50$	Mollusc	VIII
BIRM-536	$2,240 \pm 190$	Peat	Ш	0.1	,, <u>_</u>		
	2,210 2 170			DIC-327	850 ± 65	>125 µm org	Ш
Brookhaven	792 ± 107	Iron	VIII	DIC-328	$3,840 \pm 55$	>125 µm org	Ш
Brookhaven	679 ± 133	Iron	VIII		Modern	Bulk Sed	Ш
210011111			,	DIC-332	$8,650 \pm 80$	Mollusc	Ш
CAMS-4061	$5,390 \pm 70$	Decalcif Sed	VIII	DIC-333	$2,980 \pm 190$	>125 µm org	Ш
CAMS-4062	$23,390 \pm 240$	Decalcif Sed	VIII	DIC-334	$7,610 \pm 65$	Mollusc	Ш
CAMS-4063	$19,400 \pm 310$	Decalcif Sed	VIII	DIC-335	$5,710 \pm 80$	Mollusc	Ш
CAMS-7789	3.040 ± 70	Decalcif Sed	VIII	DIC-374	$9,480 \pm 165$	Organic lense	
CAMS-7790	$7,470 \pm 70$	Decalcif Sed	VIII		8,610 ± 185	Moss	Ш
CAMS-8251	$8,390 \pm 80$	Decalcif Sed	VIII	DIC-378	4,260 ± 475	Peat	Ш
CAMS-8252	$2,660 \pm 70$	Decalcif Sed	VIII	DIC-390	1,500 ± 85	>125 µm org	Ш
CAMS-8253	$4,750 \pm 70$	Decalcif Sed	VIII	DIC-401	850 ± 75	Bulk Sed	Ш
CAMS-10359	$8,240 \pm 150$	Foraminifera	VIII	DIC-402	$3,070 \pm 75$	>125 µm org	Ш
CAMS-11121	$12,860 \pm 90$	Plant Macros	VIII	1	$2,470 \pm 390$	>125 µm org	IV
CAMS-11122	8,890 ± 70	Plant Macros	VIII	1	$3,830 \pm 75$	Soil org	IV
CAMS-11125	$8,380 \pm 60$	Plant Macros	VIII	1	$2,830 \pm 235$	Peat	IV
CAMS-11335	Modern	Plant Macros	VIII		2,730 + 1290 -1540	Peat	I
CAMS-11340	$18,730 \pm 90$	Plant Macros	VIII		•		
CAMS-11793	$10,730 \pm 80$	Decalcif Sed	VIII	1	$7,950 \pm 170$	Mollusc	I
CAMS-11798	6,330 ± 80	Decalcif Sed	VIII		$29,000 \pm 3500$	Mollusc	I
CAMS-11814	$6,120 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VIII	GaK-2568	29,000 + 2000 -2200	Mollusc	I
CAMS-11815	9,710 ± 60	Mollusc	VIII	GaK-2569	>29,000	Mollusc	I
CAMS-12256	$17,330 \pm 1200$	Plant Macros	VIII	GaK-2570	>29,000	Mollusc	I
CAMS-12581	$12,640 \pm 80$	Decalcif Sed	VIII	GaK-2571	90 ± 320	Mollusc	I
CAMS-12582	$22,360 \pm 140$	Decalcif Sed	VIII	1	>20,000	Mollusc	I
CAMS-13511	$2,840 \pm 60$	Mollusc	VIII		$9,850 \pm 250$	Mollusc	I
CAMS-17146	$8,640 \pm 500$	Foraminifera	VIII	GaK-2574	$10,000 \pm 1000$	Mollusc	I
CAMS-17398	$11,060 \pm 70$	Foraminifera	VIII	GaK-2575	$1,670 \pm 90$	Peat	I
CAMS-17399	$3,740 \pm 60$	Foraminifera	VIII	GaK-2771	$2,090 \pm 100$	Peat	I
CAMS-17400	17,990 ± 110	Foraminifera	VIII	GaK-2792	730 ± 70	Peat	I
CAMS-17401	$10,500 \pm 110$	Mixed	VIII	GaK-2799	$28,200 \pm 1500$	Mollusc	I
CAMS-18449	9,440 ± 110	Foraminifera	VIII	GaK-2983	350 ± 100	Peat	I
CAMS-18687	$5,090 \pm 60$	Foraminifera	VIII	GaK-3090	$8,230 \pm 160$	Mollusc	I
CAMS-18688	$8,920 \pm 60$	Foraminifera	VIII	GaK-3091	$4,950 \pm 140$	Mollusc	I
CAMS-18689	$11,070 \pm 60$	Mixed	VIII	GaK-3092	$8,290 \pm 170$	Mollusc	I
CAMS-18690	$8,670 \pm 60$	Mollusc	VIII	I .	$7,870 \pm 150$	Mollusc	I
CAMS-19255	$33,320 \pm 1810$	Mixed	VIII	GaK-3094	850 ± 110	Peat	Ι
CAMS-19996	$14,370 \pm 180$	Mixed	VIII		930 ± 100	Buried soil	Ī
CAMS-22022	$27,670 \pm 440$	Mixed	VIII	GaK-3097	160 ± 80	Peat	I
CAMS-22023	$8,990 \pm 80$	Mixed	VIII	GaK-3098	680 ± 90	Peat	I

Appendix 2A. Continued.

Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL	Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL
GaK-3099	330 ± 90	Moss	I	GSC-209	>39,600	Wood	
GaK-3100	Modern ± 90	Lichen	I	GSC-259	>36,900	Woody peat	A
GaK-3101	770 ± 70	Bone	I	GSC-328	$6,410 \pm 150$	Mollusc	A
GaK-3160	$1,260 \pm 150$	Buried soil	I	GSC-427	>34,800	Peat	A
GaK-3365	$7,100 \pm 140$	Mollusc	I	GSC-528	$30,320 \pm 820$	Mollusc	A
GaK-3677	$7,950 \pm 140$	Mollusc	I	GSC-556	$7,740 \pm 140$	Mollusc	Α
GaK-3678	$7,560 \pm 130$	Mollusc	I	GSC-557	4,000 ± 140	Mollusc	Α
GaK-3685	$1,480 \pm 110$	Leaves	I	GSC-564	$3,100 \pm 150$	Mollusc	Α
GaK-3686	$1,170 \pm 330$	Soil	I	GSC-583	$2,770 \pm 140$	Mollusc	Α
GaK-3687	$1,480 \pm 110$	>125 µm org	I	GSC-584	$3,450 \pm 170$	Plant debris	Α
GaK-3722	680 ± 80	Bone	I	GSC-599	$7,000 \pm 150$	Mollusc	Α
GaK-3723	$5,200 \pm 100$	Mollusc	I	GSC-630	$8,000 \pm 150$	Mollusc	Α
GaK-3724	4,810 ± 110	Mollusc	I	GSC-631	$6,220 \pm 140$	Mollusc	Α
GaK-3725	$1,010 \pm 100$	Organics	I	GSC-633	$6,270 \pm 150$	Mollusc	Α
GaK-3726	450 ± 130	Organics	П	GSC-654	$2,780 \pm 140$	Mollusc	A
GaK-3860	840 ± 110	Organics	П	GSC-707	9,180 ± 1140	Mollusc	A
GaK-3861	Modern	Organic mat	П	GSC-739	$6,930 \pm 150$	Mollusc	I
GaK-3862	$8,440 \pm 150$	Mollusc	П	GSC-1507	$3,570 \pm 140$	Peat	Ī
GaK-4306	$6,150 \pm 250$	Mollusc	п	GSC-1638	$8,410 \pm 340$	Mollusc	II
GaK-4307	1,290 ± 100	Buried soil	п	GSC-1845	$1,130 \pm 80$	Plant frags	II
GaK-4308	1,610 ± 120	Buried soil	п	GSC-1969	$9,100 \pm 140$	Marine algae	II
GaK-4309	1,070 ± 90	Organics	п	GSC-2001	$8,690 \pm 90$	Mollusc	II
GaK-4440	5,750 ± 110	Mollusc	II	GSC-2008	Modern ± 140	Wood	III
GaK-4835	120 ± 70	Moss	п	GSC-2083	$8,480 \pm 270$	Mollusc	III
GaK-4836	$5,250 \pm 105$	Buried peat	п	GSC-2084	$1,790 \pm 80$	Soil	Ш
GaK-4837	$7,990 \pm 170$	Mollusc	П	GSC-2103	$5,550 \pm 0$	Mollusc	III
GaK-4838	Modern	Peat	П	GSC-2111	$7,770 \pm 100$	Mollusc	III
GaK-4839	970 ± 70	Organics	п	GSC-2138	$5,800 \pm 70$	Mollusc	Ш
GaK-4840	Modern ± 70	Peaty sand	п	GSC-2175	$6,510 \pm 70$	Wood frags	III
GaK-5251	$5,550 \pm 120$	<125 μm org	II	GSC-2183	$8,660 \pm 110$	Mollusc	IV
GaK-5282	650 ± 140	>125 µm org	III	GSC-2199	$5,340 \pm 170$	Mollusc	Ш
GaK-5282	650 ± 230	Peaty sand	Ш	GSC-2201	$9,880 \pm 200$	Moss	Ш
GaK-5411	$2,060 \pm 85$	>125 µm org	Ш	GSC-2211	$6,120 \pm 90$	Mollusc	Ш
GaK-5411	$1,990 \pm 180$	>125 µm org	Ш	GSC-2215	9,110 ± 160	Mollusc	Ш
GaK-5449	640 ± 155	>125 µm org	Ш	GSC-2258	$6,060 \pm 170$	Mollusc	Ш
GaK-5450	960 ± 200	>125 µm org	Ш	GSC-2283	$8,290 \pm 90$	Mollusc	IV
GaK-5479	$8,980 \pm 180$	Mollusc	Ш	GSC-2384	$8,730 \pm 120$	Mollusc	IV
J	0,200 = 100	1.1011400		GSC-2466	8,660 ± 160	Mollusc	IV
Gif-3493	$1,870 \pm 90$	Peat	III	GSC-2474	$3,010 \pm 80$	Mollusc	IV
Gif-3494	$2,660 \pm 100$	Peat	IV	GSC-2478	$8,680 \pm 140$	Mollusc	IV
Gif-3864	980 ± 80	Peat	IV	GSC-2479	$9,280 \pm 120$	Mollusc	ΙV
Gif-3865	2,660 ± 90	Peat	IV	GSC-2506	8,320 ± 140	Mollusc	IV
Gif-3866	5,370 ± 130	Organics	IV	GSC-2508	$8,750 \pm 100$	Mollusc	IV
Gif-3956	$3,170 \pm 100$	Moss	IV	GSC-2568	8,890 ± 100	Mollusc	ΙV
Gif-4243	$2,680 \pm 90$	Soil org	IV	GSC-2582	9,240 ± 80	Mollusc	ΙV
Gif-4245	880 ± 80	Soil	A	GSC-2618	9,230 ± 100	Mollusc	ΙV
GII-7273	000 I 00	UUII	73	GSC-2616 GSC-2684	8,580 ± 120	Seaweed	IV
GSC-122	$10,940 \pm 240$	Fine org	A	GSC-2716	>38,000	Seaweed	IV

Appendix 2A. Continued.

Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL	Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL
GSC-2725	10,100 ± 110	Mollusc	IV	GSC-5895	8,860 ± 110	Mollusc	VIII
GSC-2731	$9,600 \pm 100$	Peat	IV	GSC-5903	$7,080 \pm 120$	Mollusc	VIII
GSC-2750	$9,510 \pm 90$	Mollusc	IV	GSC-6416	$7,720 \pm 100$	Mollusc	VI
GSC-2752	9,960 ± 230	Mollusc	v l				
GSC-2771	$7,380 \pm 220$	Mollusc	v	GX-930	$8,435 \pm 105$	Mollusc	I
GSC-2778	$10,200 \pm 210$	Mollusc	v	GX-1675	>29,000	Mollusc	I
GSC-2797	>39,000	Mollusc	v	GX-1676	$5,120 \pm 400$	Mollusc	Ι
GSC-2813	$10,000 \pm 200$	Mollusc	v	GX-1677	>28,000	Mollusc	I
GSC-2982	8,950 ± 160	Mollusc	v	GX-1681	Modern	Peat	I
GSC-2991	$8,790 \pm 380$	Mollusc	v	GX-1812	$1,205 \pm 120$	Peat	I
GSC-3015	$8,480 \pm 280$	Mollusc	\mathbf{v}	GX-1824	$5,330 \pm 450$	Mollusc	П
GSC-3157	8,690 ± 120	Mollusc	v	GX-3271	$2,080 \pm 190$	Buried soil	II
GSC-3404	$8,220 \pm 90$	Mollusc	Α	GX-3272	$2,660 \pm 230$	Organics	IV
GSC-3404	$8,240 \pm 90$	Mollusc	VI	GX-5318	>24,550	>125 µm org	IV
GSC-3468	8,660 ± 110	Mollusc	VI	GX-5319	$14,435 \pm 450$	>125 µm org	IV
GSC-3469	$8,580 \pm 150$	Mollusc	VI	GX-5527	$2,290 \pm 170$	>125 µm org	IV
GSC-3603	$8,030 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VI	GX-5623	$8,815 \pm 275$	>125 µm org	V
GSC-3648	$8,600 \pm 110$	Mollusc	VI	GX-5624	$7,220 \pm 250$	>125 µm org	IV
GSC-3666	$8,590 \pm 100$	Mollusc	VI	GX-5625	$4,765 \pm 200$	>125 µm org	IV
GSC-3951	8,640 ± 100	Mollusc	VI	GX-5777	770 ± 135	>125 µm org	ΙV
GSC-3991	$7,200 \pm 80$	Wood	VI	GX-5778	1,900 ± 110	>125 µm org	IV
GSC-4038	$7,350 \pm 90$	Mollusc	VI	GX-5779	1,865 ± 115	>125 µm org	IV
GSC-4152	$5,780 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VI	GX-5780	$2,215 \pm 105$	>125 µm org	IV
GSC-4162	$6,920 \pm 90$	Mollusc	VI	GX-5781	3,030 ± 170	>125 µm org	V
GSC-4578	$8,210 \pm 180$	Mollusc	VI	GX-6280	$11,770 \pm 550$	Mollusc	V
GSC-4602	$8,680 \pm 110$	Mollusc	VI	GX-6292	2,565 ± 190	Detrital org	V
GSC-4607	8,810 ± 90	Mollusc	VI	GX-6293	$5,700 \pm 240$	Detrital org	V
GSC-4948	$10,200 \pm 160$	Mollusc	VII	GX-6352	10,685 ± 385	>125 µm org	V
GSC-5036	$10,400 \pm 90$	Mollusc	VII	GX-6371	$1,775 \pm 210$	Organic lense	
GSC-5037	$10,200 \pm 100$	Mollusc	VII	GX-6603	$7,285 \pm 200$	Mollusc	V
GSC-5122	670 ± 70	Peat	VII	GX-6607	$7,105 \pm 720$	>125 µm org	V
GSC-5149	9,410 ± 100	Mollusc	VII	GX-6608	$16,360 \pm 650$	>125 µm org	V
GSC-5163	8,690 ± 90	Mollusc	VII	GX-6835	$3,430 \pm 135$	Moss	v
GSC-5223	8,600 ± 160	Mollusc	VII	GX-6836	$4,190 \pm 140$	Moss	v
GSC-5299	9,550 ± 320	Mollusc	VII	GX-6837	$8,810 \pm 205$	Moss	v
GSC-5320	$9,250 \pm 200$	Mollusc	VII	GX-6838	$3,650 \pm 160$	>125 µm org	v
GSC-5328	$10,400 \pm 140$	Mollusc	VII	GX-6839	$8,070 \pm 250$	>125 µm org	v
GSC-5320	9,980 ± 210	Mollusc	VII	GX-6840	$8,000 \pm 320$	>125 µm org	v
GSC-5540	10,500 ± 110	Gyttja	VIII	GX-7091	$4,560 \pm 180$	>125 µm org	v
GSC-5483	8,870 ± 100	Gyttja	VIII	GX-7119	$11,910 \pm 380$	>125 µm org	v
GSC-5486	9,370 ± 90	Gyttja	VIII	GX-7458	$17,065 \pm 665$	>125 µm org	v
GSC-5492	6,980 ± 110	Gyttja	VIII	GX-7430	$15,080 \pm 620$	>125 µm org	v
GSC-5496	3,220 ± 110	Gyttja	VIII	GX-7881	2,745 ± 145	>125 µm org	v
GSC-5497	>38,000	Gyttja	VIII	GX-7882	$10,025 \pm 225$	>125 µm org	v
GSC-5526	$7,690 \pm 90$	Mollusc	VIII	GX-7883	$27,255 \pm 1250$	>125 µm org	v
GSC-5520	7,540 ± 130	Mollusc	VIII	GX-7883 GX-8159	$8,450 \pm 190$	Mollusc	V
GSC-5688	$7,340 \pm 130$ $7,380 \pm 200$	Mollusc	VIII	GX-8159 GX-8160	7,060 ± 175	Mollusc	V
GSC-5699	7,710 ± 190	Mollusc	VIII	GX-8100 GX-8194			
03C-J077	1,110 ± 170	MOHUSC	A 111	UA-0194	$9,190 \pm 195$	Mollusc	VI

Appendix 2A. Continued.

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GX-8383 905 \pm 130 Peaty sands V GX-10081 6,885 \pm 250 Mollo GX-8384 GX-8384 1,345 \pm 135 Peaty sands V GX-10107 9,380 \pm 260 Mollo GX-8385 GX-8385 2,575 \pm 140 Peaty sands V GX-10290 7,830 \pm 230 peaty GX-8504 6,935 \pm 220 Colloid mud V GX-10374 1,230 \pm 110 Coars GX-8591 >32,500 Mollusc V GX-10628 15,810 \pm 490 peaty GX-8607 3,915 \pm 165 Colloid mud V GX-10858 6,000 \pm 165 Mollusc	μm org VI
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GX-8504 6,935 \pm 220 Colloid mud V GX-10374 1,230 \pm 110 Coars GX-8591 >32,500 Mollusc V GX-10628 15,810 \pm 490 peaty GX-8607 3,915 \pm 165 Colloid mud V GX-10858 6,000 \pm 165 Mollusc	usc VI
GX-8591 >32,500 Mollusc V GX-10628 15,810 \pm 490 peaty GX-8607 3,915 \pm 165 Colloid mud V GX-10858 6,000 \pm 165 Mollusc	sand VI
GX-8591 >32,500 Mollusc V GX-10628 15,810 ± 490 peaty GX-8607 3,915 ± 165 Colloid mud V GX-10858 6,000 ± 165 Mollusc	se org VI
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GY_8608 6.220 + 220 Colloid mid V GY 10050 5.220 ± 100 34-11	usc VI
GX-8608 6,220 \pm 220 Colloid mud V GX-10859 5,330 \pm 100 Mollo	
GX-8670 9,735 \pm 295 Mollusc VIII GX-10860 7,230 \pm 120 Mollusc	usc VI
GX-8671 8,845 \pm 265 Mollusc V GX-10861 5,865 \pm 170 Mollusc	ısc VI
GX-8751 9,480 \pm 565 >125 μ m org V GX-11335 5,185 \pm 425 <125	μm org VI
GX-8753 9,570 \pm 370 >125 μ m org V GX-11548 8,170 \pm 245 Mollu	
GX-8754 10,915 \pm 600 >125 μ m org V GX-11549 Modern \pm 100 Peat	VI
GX-8755 8,285 \pm 285 >125 μ m org V GX-12035 7,370 \pm 95 ?	VI
GX-8756 12,035 \pm 600 >125 μ m org V GX-12036 6,220 \pm 240 Molly	usc VI
GX-8825 2,400 \pm 140 Necron mud V GX-12037 7,725 \pm 190 Molly	usc VI
GX-8826 2,745 \pm 160 Fine org V GX-12482 Too Small <125	μm org VI
GX-8897 3,420 \pm 160 Organic mud V GX-12852 6,720 \pm 390 peaty	•
GX-8898 4,150 \pm 170 Colloid mud V GX-12858 10,130 \pm 180 Mollo	usc VI
GX-8899 1,940 \pm 150 >125 μ m org V GX-12859 11,680 \pm 130 Mollu	usc VI
GX-8939 2,225 \pm 155 Silty mud V GX-13021 9,420 \pm 135 Mollu	usc VIII
GX-8940 4,240 \pm 185 Colloid mud V GX-13022 8,780 \pm 230 Mollu	usc VIII
GX-8941 3,650 \pm 180 Silty mud A GX-13683 4,180 \pm 80 Mollu	usc VI
GX-8942 >37,000 Mollusc VIII GX-13720 45,600 + 4100 -2700 Mollusc	usc VI
GX-8943 9,385 \pm 280 Mollusc VI GX-13794 8,770 \pm 260 Peat	VII
GX-9030 $16,849 \pm 860$ peaty sand VI GX-13795 $7,685 \pm 260$ Peat	VII
GX-9290 8,645 \pm 315 Mollusc VI GX-13796 9,715 \pm 295 Bulk	Sed VII
GX-9291 9,785 \pm 525 Mollusc VI GX-13797 10,595 \pm 380 Bulk	Sed VII
GX-9293 9,110 \pm 470 Mollusc VI GX-13798 12,720 \pm 670 Bulk	Sed VII
GX-9302 8,635 \pm 565 peaty sand VI GX-13799 6,770 \pm 205 Bulk	Sed VII
GX-9304 14,185 \pm 760 peaty sand VI GX-13800 8,460 \pm 245 Bulk	Sed VII
GX-9324 15,650 \pm 1880 <125 μ m org VI GX-13801 7,730 \pm 180 Bulk	Sed VII
GX-9328 9,060 \pm 330 Mollusc VI GX-13805 5,420 \pm 100 Mollusc	usc VI
GX-9430 7,900 \pm 225 <125 μ m org VI GX-15278 10,920 \pm 160 Mollium	usc VII
GX-9431 12,350 \pm 950 <125 μ m org VI GX-15279 10,720 \pm 140 Molli	usc VII
GX-9432 11,365 \pm 365 <125 μ m org VI GX-16635 30,600 \pm 1900 Organ	nic Conc VII
GX-9433 22,720 + 1420 -1210 <125 μm org VI	
GX-9434 $10,430 \pm 1250$ <125 µm org VI I-405 6,050 ± 250 Mollo	usc A
GX-9685 Modern peaty sand VI I-406 $6,725 \pm 250$ Molling	usc A
GX-9686 5,075 \pm 210 peaty sand VI I-407 4,375 \pm 200 Molling	usc A
GX-9766 9,310 \pm 220 Mollusc VI I-484 4,025 \pm 190 Mollusc	usc A
GX-9865 8,010 \pm 255 Mollusc VI I-485 4,000 \pm 180 Mollusc	usc A
GX-9866 7,250 \pm 240 Mollusc VI I-486 5,750 \pm 250 Mollusc	usc A
GX-9867 3,295 \pm 185 Mollusc VI I-487 4,700 \pm 210 Mollusc	usc A

Appendix 2A. Continued.

 Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL	Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL
I-489	$2,050 \pm 70$	Mollusc	Α	I-1815	32,300 + 2100 -1600	Mollusc	A
I-724	$8,350 \pm 300$	Mollusc	Α	I-1816	>39,000	Mollusc	Α
I-725	$17,800 \pm 500$	Mollusc	Α	I-1829	>41,000	Mollusc	Α
I-731	$24,600 \pm 500$	Woody peat	Α	I-1830	$1,950 \pm 100$	Mollusc	Α
I-839	$30,000 \pm 1200$	Peat	Α	I-1831	$5,570 \pm 130$	Mollusc	Α
I-1204	330 ± 75	Moss	Α	I-1832	34,900 + 2100 -1700	Mollusc	Α
I-1233	$14,400 \pm 400$	Detrital org	Α	I-1833	$5,270 \pm 140$	Mollusc	Α
I-1234	>35,000	Plant Macros	Α	I-1834	785 ± 105	Peat	Α
I-1235	>40,000	Leaves	Α	I-1835	$1,860 \pm 110$	Peat	Α
I-1238	$5,070 \pm 200$	Mollusc	Α	I-1931	$4,920 \pm 180$	Mollusc	Α
I-1240	>35,000	Plant Macros	Α	I-1932	$7,940 \pm 130$	Mollusc	Α
I-1241	>30,000	Peat	Α	I-1933	$8,210 \pm 130$	Mollusc	Α
I-1242	$19,000 \pm 1000$	Mollusc	Α	I-1934	$6,560 \pm 125$	Mollusc	Α
I-1243	$5,560 \pm 250$	Mollusc	Α	I-1983	$8,180 \pm 130$	Mollusc	Α
I-1244	$5,070 \pm 450$	Mollusc	Α	I-2410	$6,270 \pm 210$	Mollusc	Α
I-1245	$4,875 \pm 350$	Mollusc	Α	I-2411	$5,380 \pm 185$	Mollusc	Α
I-1246	$7,930 \pm 300$	Mollusc	Α	I-2412	$5,900 \pm 130$	Mollusc	Α
I-1247	$3,550 \pm 200$	Plant Macros	Α	I-2413	$4,420 \pm 110$	Mollusc	Α
I-1314	$18,700 \pm 1200$	Mollusc	Α	I-2414	$1,360 \pm 105$	Peat	Α
I-1315	$9,360 \pm 230$	Peat	Α	I-2442	$4,990 \pm 175$	Mollusc	Α
I-1316	$8,250 \pm 750$	Mollusc	Α	I-2546	$4,050 \pm 130$	Mollusc	Α
I-1317	$3,600 \pm 480$	Mollusc	Α	I-2548	$5,580 \pm 130$	Mollusc	Α
I-1318	$4,400 \pm 490$	Mollusc	Α	I-2549	$5,100 \pm 120$	Mollusc	Α
I-1319	$5,710 \pm 200$	Mollusc	Α	I-2581	36,250 + 3600 - 2000	Mollusc	Α
I-1320	$4,010 \pm 440$	Mollusc	Α	I-2582	$4,590 \pm 115$	Mollusc	Α
I-1321	$5,390 \pm 150$	Mollusc	Α	I-2583	$6,130 \pm 120$	Mollusc	Α
I-1553	$7,500 \pm 200$	Mollusc	Α	I-2584	$4,430 \pm 110$	Mollusc	Α
I-1554	$7,030 \pm 190$	Mollusc	Α	I-2585	$3,850 \pm 105$	Mollusc	Α
I-1555	$2,800 \pm 140$	Mollusc	Α	I-2586	$3,890 \pm 107$	Mollusc	Α
I-1556	$6,240 \pm 140$	Mollusc	Α	I-2611	$8,300 \pm 135$	Mollusc	Α
I-1596	$6,150 \pm 170$	Mollusc	Α	I-2669	$5,190 \pm 120$	Mollusc	Α
I-1597	$4,090 \pm 150$	Mollusc	Α	I-2695	$6,560 \pm 125$	Mollusc	IV
I-1598	$7,200 \pm 150$	Mollusc	Α	I-2831	$7,750 \pm 135$	Mollusc	IV
I-1599	$2,990 \pm 140$	Mollusc	Α	I-2961	$4,830 \pm 120$	Plant Macros	IV
I-1600	$3,520 \pm 230$	Mollusc	Α	I-2962	$6,520 \pm 150$	Plant Macros	IV
I-1601	$3,530 \pm 130$	Mollusc	Α	I-3200	32,200 + 1700 -1400	Mollusc	Α
I-1602	$7,900 \pm 210$	Mollusc	Α				
I-1603	170 ± 105	Plant Macros	Α	L-762c	$5,400 \pm 200$	Mollusc	IV
I-1668	$3,830 \pm 140$	Mollusc	Α				
I-1669	$4,770 \pm 140$	Mollusc	Α	QC-446	>41,900	Mollusc	IV
I-1670	$4,770 \pm 140$	Mollusc	Α	QC-447	$9,370 \pm 140$	Mollusc	IV
I-1671	$4,270 \pm 140$	Mollusc	Α	QC-448	$9,395 \pm 100$	Mollusc	IV
I-1672	$7,080 \pm 170$	Mollusc	Α	QC-449	$9,100 \pm 100$	Mollusc	IV
I-1673	$7,970 \pm 340$	Mollusc	Α	QC-450	$9,725 \pm 120$	Mollusc	IV
I-1674	<200	Moss	Α	QC-451	$9,935 \pm 165$	Peat	IV
I-1812	>39,000	Mollusc	Α	QC-452	$8,025 \pm 110$	Peat	IV
I-1813	>39,000	Mollusc	Α	QC-453	$9,950 \pm 185$	Peat	IV
I-1814	>39,000	Mollusc	Α	QC-454	$9,092 \pm 150$	Mollusc	V

Appendix 2A. Continued.

Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL	Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL
QC-455	6,215 ± 90	Mollusc	V	QL-976-2	47,000 + 1400 -1200	Bone	IV
QC-456	$4,310 \pm 95$	Mollusc	IV	QL-979	$37,200 \pm 800$	Mollusc	IV
QC-457	8,050 ± 115	Mollusc	IV	QL-1086	48,700 + 1400 -1000	Peat	IV
OC-479	$1,510 \pm 240$	Peat	IV	OL-1087	47,500 + 1000 -1200		IV
QC-480A	$10,720 \pm 140$	Mollusc	IV	QL-1173	10,790 ± 70	Mollusc	IV
QC-480C	$10,760 \pm 150$	Mollusc	IV	QL-1174	$10,510 \pm 70$	Mollusc	IV
QC-501	$6,030 \pm 80$	Peat	IV	QL-1179	50,700 + 2000 -1600	Organics	IV
QC-513	$4,285 \pm 90$	Mollusc	IV	QL-1180	$42,400 \pm 800$	Fine org	IV
QC-543	$12,150 \pm 140$	Mollusc	IV	QL-1181	47,800 + 1300 -1100	Mollusc	Ш
QC-544	$9,725 \pm 130$	Mollusc	v				
QC-618	$1,450 \pm 105$	Organics	v	QU-240	$1,560 \pm 120$	Bone	Ш
QC-619	$4,000 \pm 110$	Peat	v	QU-241	770 ± 80	Bone	III
QC-653	965 ± 145	Peat	v	QU-299	$6,800 \pm 600$	Peat	III
QC-654	$3,110 \pm 100$	Peat	rv	QU-301	$1,170 \pm 150$	Peat	Ш
QC-661	255 ± 100	Peat	v	QU-302	$2,120 \pm 80$	Peaty sand	Ш
QC-683B	5,490 ± 180	Buried soil	v	QU-303	$1,640 \pm 130$	Peat	III
QC-714	$8,735 \pm 235$	Mollusc	VIII	QU-304	$4,460 \pm 210$	Peat	Ш
QC-879	8,400 ± 160	Mollusc	v	QU-305	830 ± 70	Buried soil	Ш
QC-880	$8,160 \pm 145$	Mollusc	v	QU-307	$1,610 \pm 230$	Peat	III
QC-881	7,075 ± 215	Mollusc	v	QU-308	620 ± 210	Peat	Α
QC-882	$8,140 \pm 250$	Mollusc	v	_			
QC-883	$8,135 \pm 210$	Mollusc	v	S-12	$3,670 \pm 270$	Mollusc	Α
QC-901	$7,340 \pm 135$	Mollusc	v	S-13	$5,600 \pm 300$	Mollusc	I
QC-902	$7,510 \pm 320$	Mollusc	v	S-458	>32,000	Mollusc	I
QC-903	9,875 ± 130	Mollusc	v	S-459	$24,000 \pm 850$	Mollusc	II
QC-904	$7,985 \pm 130$	Mollusc	v				
QC-905	$7,800 \pm 150$	Mollusc	v	SI-1335	$46,950 \pm 2050$	Mollusc	II
QC-1052	$2,800 \pm 95$	Peat	v	SI-1336	$42,700 \pm 2250$	Mollusc	II
QC-1137	$7,865 \pm 250$	Mollusc	v	SI-1688	190 ± 90	Bone	II
QC-1138	$7,185 \pm 120$	Mollusc	ш	SI-1689	$2,160 \pm 115$	Buried org	II
-				SI-1690	$7,365 \pm 410$	Peaty sands	П
QL-60	$36,300 \pm 300$	Mollusc	Ш	SI-1691	$2,355 \pm 145$	Peaty sands	II
QL-136	$33,600 \pm 300$	Mollusc	III	SI-1692	Modern	Organic sands	II
QL-177	$45,200 \pm 800$	Mollusc	m	SI-1693	660 ± 130	Buried org	II
QL-178	$45,500 \pm 600$	Mollusc	Ш	SI-1694A	505 ± 155	<125 µm org	П
QL-179	$45,400 \pm 600$	Mollusc	Ш	SI-1694B	Modern	>125 µm org	II
QL-180	$39,600 \pm 500$	Mollusc	III	SI-1695A	180 ± 105	<125 µm org	II
QL-181	$44,800 \pm 500$	Mollusc	III	SI-1695B	Modern	>125 µm org	II
QL-182	$36,000 \pm 300$	Mollusc	III	SI-1696	745 ± 115	Organics	II
QL-183	$47,700 \pm 700$	Mollusc	III	SI-1697	370 ± 105	Organic sands	s II
QL-184	$40,000 \pm 300$	Mollusc	Ш	SI-1698	Too Small	Peat	II
QL-185	$36,600 \pm 350$	Mollusc	III	SI-1699	$4,660 \pm 90$	Peat	II
QL-186	$41,400 \pm 500$	Mollusc	Ш	SI-1700	$2,015 \pm 60$	Buried soil	П
QL-187	$8,210 \pm 50$	Organics	III	SI-1702A	$2,025 \pm 105$	Buried soil	II
QL-188	$50,400 \pm 1000$	Sandy peat	IV	SI-1702B	365 ± 270	>125 µm org	II
QL-973	$45,800 \pm 1000$	Mollusc	IV	SI-1703	$1,740 \pm 70$	<125 μm org	Ш
QL-974	$44,400 \pm 1000$	Mollusc	IV	SI-2548	Modern	Plant Macros	Ш
QL-976-1	$2,360 \pm 100$	Bone	IV	SI-2549	810 ± 80	Peat	Ш

Appendix 2A. Continued.

Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL	Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL
SI-2550	1,025 ± 100	Moss	III	TO-749	$7,730 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII
SI-2555	$2,570 \pm 75$	Peat	III	TO-750	$8,060 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII
SI-2556	$3,650 \pm 200$	>125 µm org	Ш	TO-751	$7,900 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII
SI-2557	$2,090 \pm 175$	>125 µm org	III	TO-1860	$8,360 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII
SI-2610	$9,550 \pm 90$	Mollusc	III	TO-1870	$5,930 \pm 70$	Foraminifera	VIII
SI-2611	$7,505 \pm 100$	Organics	Ш	TO-1871	$8,470 \pm 90$	Foraminifera	VIII
SI-2612	$10,095 \pm 95$	Mollusc	ш	TO-2195	Modern	Plant Macros	VII
SI-2613	$6,110 \pm 170$	Mollusc	ш	TO-2196	$52,460 \pm 1430$	Mollusc	VII
SI-2614	$11,360 \pm 320$	Organic lense	Ш	TO-2456	$6,630 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII
SI-2617	$6,835 \pm 100$	Mollusc	Ш	TO-2457	$6,850 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII
SI-2618	Modern	Macrofossils	III	TO-2458	$7,260 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII
SI-2620	Modern	Organic sands	Ш	TO-2459	$6,760 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII
SI-2621	830 ± 60	Peat	IV	TO-2460	$6,880 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII
SI-2949	$2,825 \pm 65$	Peat	IV	TO-2461	$8,350 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VIII
SI-2950	$3,525 \pm 60$	Peat	IV	TO-2462	$7,060 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII
SI-2951	Modern	Peat	IV	TO-2463	$8,850 \pm 90$	Mollusc	VIII
SI-3455	$2,575 \pm 75$	Peat	IV	TO-2464	$8,830 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VIII
SI-3456	$3,320 \pm 80$	Peat	IV	TO-2465	$8,570 \pm 230$	Mollusc	VIII
SI-3457	$6,320 \pm 130$	Moss	IV	TO-2466	$8,930 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VIII
SI-3678	Modern	Mollusc	v	TO-2470	$8,550 \pm 160$	Mollusc	VIII
SI-4180	$7,980 \pm 175$	Mollusc	V	TO-2471	$8,450 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII
SI-4181	$8,820 \pm 110$	Mollusc	V	TO-2472	$8,800 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII
SI-4368	$3,175 \pm 150$	Fine org	V	TO-2609	210 ± 60	Charcoal	VIII
SI-4752	$4,840 \pm 200$	Colloid mud	V	TO-3241	$37,990 \pm 410$	Plant Macros	VIII
SI-4755	$5,825 \pm 235$	Colloid mud	V	TO-3242	$36,120 \pm 340$	Plant Macros	VIII
SI-4757	$9,595 \pm 90$	Mollusc	V	TO-3243	$20,110 \pm 340$	Plant Macros	VIII
SI-5170	$9,845 \pm 175$	Mollusc	V	TO-3263	$8,160 \pm 150$	Foraminifera	VШ
SI-5171	$9,320 \pm 80$	Mollusc	VIII	TO-3264	$6,960 \pm 110$	Foraminifera	VIII
SI-5172	$8,660 \pm 175$	Mollusc	V	TO-3265	$8,170 \pm 140$	Foraminifera	VIII
SI-5173	$7,780 \pm 115$	Mollusc	I	TO-3266	$7,940 \pm 920$	Foraminifera	VIII
SI-5521	20 ± 65	Charcoal	VIII	TO-3269	$7,230 \pm 830$	Foraminifera	VIII
SI-5522	65 ± 60	Charcoal	VIII	TO-3270	$8,380 \pm 510$	Foraminifera	VIII
SI-5523	500 ± 35	Charcoal	VIII	TO-3271	$8,740 \pm 280$	Foraminifera	VIII
SI-5525	290 ± 85	Wood	VIII	TO-3272	$8,510 \pm 110$	Foraminifera	VIII
SI-5527	355 ± 45	Charcoal	VIII	TO-3273	$8,490 \pm 270$	Foraminifera	VIII
SI-5528	415 ± 50	Wood	VIII	TO-3274	$9,400 \pm 190$	Foraminifera	VIII
SI-5758	$10,530 \pm 110$	Mollusc	VI	TO-3664	970 ± 70	Foraminifera	VIII
SI-5759	$10,905 \pm 145$	Mollusc	VI	TO-3665	540 ± 60	Foraminifera	VIII
				TO-3666	$7,940 \pm 90$	Foraminifera	VIII
ST-3816	$8,760 \pm 350$	Mollusc	I	TO-3667	$1,300 \pm 60$	Foraminifera	VIII
ST-3829	$1,185 \pm 120$	Bone	Α	TO-3668	$8,110 \pm 360$	Foraminifera	VIII
				TO-3669	$1,330 \pm 70$	Foraminifera	VIII
TO-293	$6,280 \pm 50$	Mollusc	VIII				
TO-347	970 ± 60	Charcoal	VIII	Y-1702	>50,000	Mollusc	Α
TO-712	$1,340 \pm 70$	Iron	VIII	Y-1703	>54,000	Mollusc	Α
TO-712-2	550 ± 60	Iron	VIII	Y-1705	$8,190 \pm 120$	Mollusc	Α
TO-712-3a	500 ± 60	Iron	VIII	Y-1830	$8,430 \pm 140$	Mollusc	Α
TO-748	$7,880 \pm 70$	Mollusc	VIII	Y-1831	$3,580 \pm 120$	Mollusc	Α

Appendix 2A. Continued.

Lab No.	Reported Date	Material	DL
Y-1832	9,180 ± 180	Mollusc	Α
Y-1833	$7,960 \pm 140$	Mollusc	Α
Y-1834	$7,820 \pm 140$	Mollusc	Α
Y-1835	7,290 ± 120	Mollusc	A
?-?	628 ± 150	Charcoal	VIII

Date Lists: A, Andrews and Drapier (1967); I, Andrews and Miller (1972); II, Andrews (1975); III, Andrews (1976); IV, Miller (1979); V, Andrews and Short (1983); VI, Andrews et al. (1989); VII, Kaufman and Williams (1992); VIII, this date list.

Appendix 2B. Comprehensive Date List, arranged by radiocarbon age, 1967-1996.

Reported Date	Lab No.	Reported Date	Lab No.	Reported Date	Lab No.
Modern ± 70	GaK-4840	370 ± 105	SI-1697	905 ± 100	Beta-1806
Modern ± 90	GaK-3100	375 ± 65	AA-3997	905 ± 130	GX-8383
Modern ± 100	GX-11549	380 ± 80	Beta-52276	930 ± 100	GaK-3096
Modern \pm 140	GSC-2008	390 ± 70	Beta-52274	955 ± 130	GX-8380
Modern	AA-347	415 ± 50	SI-5528	960 ± 200	GaK-5450
Modern	AA-2351	420 ± 125	GX-8382	965 ± 145	QC-653
Modern	AA-2352	450 ± 60	Beta-52272	970 ± 60	TO-347
Modern	AA-7142	450 ± 130	GaK-3726	970 ± 70	GaK-4839
Modern	AA-14214	470 ± 60	Beta-61073	970 ± 70	TO-3664
Modern	CAMS-11335	475 ± 125	GX-8381	970 ± 80	BGS-267
Modern	DIC-331	490 ± 70	AECV-1351C	970 ± 150	AA-6524
Modern	GaK-3861	500 ± 35	SI-5523	980 ± 80	Gif-3864
Modern	GaK-4838	500 ± 60	TO-712-3a	985 ± 50	AA-4338
Modern	GX-1681	505 ± 155	SI-1694A	1,000 ± 60	AA-9065
Modern	GX-9685	510 ± 50	Beta-63446	$1,010 \pm 50$	AA-6523
Modern	GX-9889	510 ± 80	Beta-42660	1,010 ± 100	GaK-3725 SI-2550
Modern	GX-9890	540 ± 60	TO-3665	1,025 ± 100	
Modern	GX-9918	550 ± 60	AECV-1348C	1,045 ± 55 1,055 ± 65	AA-6026 AA-13353
Modern	SI-1692	550 ± 60	TO-712-2 Beta-71712	1,033 ± 63 1,070 ± 90	GaK-4309
Modern	SI-1694B	600 ± 60		$1,070 \pm 90$	AA-8328
Modern	SI-1695B	620 ± 210 628 ± 150	QU-308 ?-?	$1,123 \pm 50$ $1,130 \pm 50$	Beta-61609
Modern	SI-2548		GaK-5449	1,130 ± 30	GSC-1845
Modern	SI-2618	640 ± 155 650 ± 140	GaK-5282	1,150 ± 60 1,155 ± 56	AA-11871
Modern	SI-2620 SI-2951	650 ± 140	GaK-5282	1,170 ± 150	QU-301
Modern	SI-3678	660 ± 130	SI-1693	1,170 ± 130 1,170 ± 330	GaK-3686
Modern	TO-2195	670 ± 70	GSC-5122	$1,180 \pm 50$	Beta-72892
Modern 20 ± 65	SI-5521	670 ± 70	Beta-52074	1,185 ± 120	ST-3829
60 ± 80	Beta-53643	679 ± 133	Brookhaven	1,205 ± 120	GX-1812
65 ± 60	SI-5522	680 ± 80	GaK-3722	1,230 ± 110	GX-1012
70 ± 50	Beta-63443	680 ± 90	GaK-3098	1,260 ± 150	GaK-3160
85 ± 45	AA-11446	720 ± 220	AA-2084	1,280 ± 45	AA-14681
90 ± 320	GaK-2571	730 ± 70	GaK-2792	$1,280 \pm 60$	Beta-75310
100 ± 40	AA-17256	740 ± 70	AECV-1349C	1,290 ± 100	GaK-4307
110 ± 50	Beta-52994	740 ± 80	AECV-1350C	1,300 ± 55	AA-6847
120 ± 70	GaK-4835	745 ± 115	SI-1696	$1,300 \pm 60$	TO-3667
150 ± 100	BGS-295	770 ± 70	GaK-3101	$1,310 \pm 60$	AA-10603
160 ± 80	GaK-3097	770 ± 80	QU-241	$1,330 \pm 70$	TO-3669
170 ± 90	Beta-63445	770 ± 135	GX-5777	$1,340 \pm 70$	TO-712
170 ± 105	I-1603	785 ± 105	I-1834	$1,345 \pm 135$	GX-8384
180 ± 105	SI-1695A	792 ± 107	Brookhaven	$1,360 \pm 105$	I-2414
190 ± 90	SI-1688	800 ± 70	Beta-61068	$1,380 \pm 90$	Beta-75311
<200	I-1674	810 ± 80	SI-2549	$1,382 \pm 65$	AA-6830
210 ± 60	TO-2609	815 ± 55	AA-10566	1,390 ± 55	AA-11872
230 ± 60	Beta-52273	820 ± 80	CAMS-25759	1,440 ± 70	AA-10567
240 ± 70	Beta-71713	830 ± 60	SI-2621	$1,450 \pm 60$	AA-10565
240 ± 80	Beta-53642	830 ± 70	QU-305	1,450 ± 105	QC-618
255 ± 100	QC-661	840 ± 110	GaK-3860	1,460 ± 70	Beta-1622
260 ± 70	Beta-71831	850 ± 65	DIC-327	1,465 ± 55	AA-11585
270 ± 60	Beta-52275	850 ± 75	DIC-401	$1,470 \pm 50$	Beta-70920
290 ± 85	SI-5525	850 ± 110	GaK-3094	$1,480 \pm 110$	GaK-3685
300 ± 70	Beta-63444	855 ± 60	AA-12891	$1,480 \pm 110$	GaK-3687
320 ± 90	Beta-42659	875 ± 50	AA-11449	$1,480 \pm 160$	BIRM-370
330 ± 50	AECV-1707C	880 ± 50	AECV-1708C	1,490 ± 60	Beta-61072
330 ± 75	I-1204	880 ± 70	AA-14213	1,500 ± 80	BGS-268
330 ± 90	GaK-3099	880 ± 80	Gif-4245	1,500 ± 85	DIC-390
350 ± 100	GaK-2983	890 ± 80	Beta-75312	$1,500 \pm 90$	Beta-70916
355 ± 45	SI-5527	890 ± 90	BGS-272	$1,510 \pm 240$	QC-479
365 ± 270	SI-1702B	895 ± 50	AA-11877	$1,560 \pm 120$	QU-240

Appendix 2B. Continued.

Reported Date	Lab No.	Reported Date	Lab No.	Reported Date	Lab No.
1,610 ± 120	GaK-4308	2,655 ± 45	AA-10655	3,650 ± 180	GX-8941
$1,610 \pm 230$	QU-307	$2,660 \pm 70$	CAMS-8252	3,650 ± 200	SI-2556
1,640 ± 130	QU-303	$2,660 \pm 90$	Gif-3865	$3,670 \pm 270$	S-12
1,670 ± 90	GaK-2575	$2,660 \pm 100$	Gif-3494	$3,740 \pm 60$	CAMS-17399
$1,680 \pm 50$	AA-12892	$2,660 \pm 230$	GX-3272	$3,830 \pm 75$	DIC-597
$1,700 \pm 60$	Beta-72891	2,680 ± 90	Gif-4243	$3,830 \pm 140$	I-1668
$1,710 \pm 80$	Beta-70919	2,730 + 1290 -1540	DIC-649	$3,840 \pm 55$	DIC-328
$1,732 \pm 85$	AA-2219	2,745 ± 145	GX-7881	$3,850 \pm 105$	I-2585
$1,740 \pm 70$	SI-1703	2,745 ± 160	GX-8826	$3,890 \pm 107$	I-2586
$1,745 \pm 160$	AA-11432	2,770 ± 140	GSC-583	3,915 ± 165	GX-8607
$1,775 \pm 210$	GX-6371	2,780 ± 140	GSC-654	$3,920 \pm 60$	AA-1917
1,790 ± 80	GSC-2084	2,800 ± 95	QC-1052	$3,970 \pm 60$	CAMS-25670
1,798 ± 111	AA-8332	2,800 ± 140	I-1555	4,000 ± 110	QC-619
$1,800 \pm 60$	Beta-70917	2,819 ± 103	AA-1011	$4,000 \pm 140$	GSC-557
$1,800 \pm 70$	Beta-61071	$2,825 \pm 65$	SI-2949	$4,000 \pm 180$	I-485
1,810 ± 90	BGS-270	2,830 ± 235	DIC-648	$4,010 \pm 50$	AA-8325
1,860 ± 110	I-1835	$2,840 \pm 60$	CAMS-13511	4,010 ± 440	I-1320
1,865 ± 115	GX-5779	$2,850 \pm 60$	Beta-78141	$4,025 \pm 55$	AA-13244
$1,870 \pm 90$	Gif-3493	2,855 ± 80	AA-4336	$4,025 \pm 190$	I-484
1,900 ± 110	GX-5778	2,890 ± 115	AA-1915	4,040 ± 105	AA-9022
1,940 ± 150	GX-8899	2,940 ± 145	Beta-1705	$4,050 \pm 130$	I-2546
1,950 ± 100	I-1830	2,980 ± 190	DIC-333	$4,060 \pm 90$	AA-1508
1,970 ± 70	Beta-70918	2,990 ± 140	I-1599	4,060 ± 105	AA-9024
$1,970 \pm 200$	BIRM-535	3,010 ± 50	AA-5988	$4,070 \pm 50$	Beta-78138
1,990 ± 180	GaK-5411	3,010 ± 80	GSC-2474	4,090 ± 150	I-1597
$2,015 \pm 60$	SI-1700	3,015 ± 55	AA-6027	4,110 ± 65	AA-9362
$2,025 \pm 105$	SI-1702A	3,030 ± 170	GX-5781	$4,110 \pm 80$	CAMS-25763
$2,035 \pm 70$	Beta-1087	3,040 ± 70	CAMS-7789	4,150 ± 170	GX-8898
$2,050 \pm 70$	I-489	3,070 ± 75	DIC-402	$4,180 \pm 80$	GX-13683
$2,060 \pm 40$	Beta-72890	3,085 ± 70	AA-11583	4,190 ± 140	GX-6836
$2,060 \pm 85$	GaK-5411	3,100 ± 150	GSC-564	$4,205 \pm 50$	AA-3101
$2,070 \pm 65$	AA-14205	$3,105 \pm 50$	AA-14684	$4,205 \pm 50$	AA-3101
$2,070 \pm 70$	AA-7012	$3,110 \pm 100$	QC-654	$4,205 \pm 50$	AA-3101
$2,080 \pm 190$	GX-3271	$3,140 \pm 60$	Beta-78139	4,240 ± 185	GX-8940
$2,090 \pm 100$	GaK-2771	$3,170 \pm 100$	Gif-3956	4,260 ± 475	DIC-378
$2,090 \pm 175$	SI-2557	$3,175 \pm 150$	SI-4368	$4,270 \pm 140$	I-1671
$2,110 \pm 90$	Beta-61070	$3,210 \pm 70$	AA-6829	4,285 ± 90	QC-513
$2,120 \pm 80$	QU-302	$3,220 \pm 110$	GSC-5496	4,295 ± 100	GX-9xxx
$2,145 \pm 80$	AA-936	$3,260 \pm 100$	BGS-271	4,310 ± 95	QC-456
$2,160 \pm 115$	SI-1689	$3,285 \pm 55$	AA-3273	$4,375 \pm 200$	I-407
$2,180 \pm 50$	AA-12886	$3,295 \pm 185$	GX-9867	$4,400 \pm 490$	I-1318
$2,210 \pm 50$	AA-3098	$3,320 \pm 80$	SI-3456	4,420 ± 110	I-2413
$2,215 \pm 55$	AA-8961	$3,340 \pm 60$	Beta-78140	4,430 ± 110	I-2584
$2,215 \pm 105$	GX-5780	$3,420 \pm 160$	GX-8897	4,440 ± 70	AA-5998
$2,225 \pm 155$	GX-8939	$3,428 \pm 70$	AA-1005	4,460 ± 210	QU-304
$2,240 \pm 190$	BIRM-536	3,430 ± 135	GX-6835	4,461 ± 50	AA-3099
$2,290 \pm 170$	GX-5527	$3,440 \pm 50$	AA-3108	4,540 ± 300	AA-650
$2,355 \pm 145$	SI-1691	3,450 ± 170	GSC-584	4,560 ± 180	GX-7091
$2,360 \pm 100$	QL-976-1	$3,520 \pm 230$	I-1600	4,590 ± 115	I-2582
$2,370 \pm 70$	AA-3890	$3,525 \pm 60$	SI-2950	4,650 ± 60	AA-3818
2,400 ± 140	GX-8825	3,530 ± 130	I-1601	4,660 ± 90	SI-1699
2,450 ± 90	BGS-269	3,550 ± 200	I-1247	4,700 ± 210	I-487
2,470 ± 390	DIC-515	3,570 ± 140	GSC-1507	4,750 ± 70	CAMS-8253
$2,480 \pm 110$	AA-11870	3,580 ± 120	Y-1831	4,765 ± 200	GX-5625
$2,500 \pm 170$	BIRM-380	3,600 ± 75	AA-3783	4,770 ± 140	I-1669
$2,565 \pm 190$	GX-6292	3,600 ± 480	I-1317	4,770 ± 140	I-1670
2,570 ± 75	SI-2555	3,605 ± 75	AA-6525	4,780 ± 80	AA-1801
$2,575 \pm 75$	SI-3455	3,620 ± 55	AA-3274	4,794 ± 70	AA-3277
$2,575 \pm 140$	GX-8385	$3,650 \pm 160$	GX-6838	$4,810 \pm 110$	GaK-3724

Appendix 2B. Continued.

Reported Date	Lab No.	Reported Date	Lab No.	Reported Date	Lab No.
4,830 ± 120	I-2961	6,060 ± 170	GSC-2258	7,185 ± 120	QC-1138
$4,840 \pm 200$	SI-4752	$6,110 \pm 170$	SI-2613	$7,200 \pm 80$	GSC-3991
$4,850 \pm 55$	AA-8324	$6,120 \pm 80$	CAMS-11814	$7,200 \pm 150$	I-1598
$4,875 \pm 350$	I-1245	$6,120 \pm 90$	GSC-2211	$7,220 \pm 65$	AA-10120
$4,905 \pm 100$	AA-6526	$6,130 \pm 120$	I-2583	$7,220 \pm 250$	GX-5624
$4,920 \pm 180$	I-1931	6,150 ± 170	I-1596	$7,230 \pm 90$	AA-1181
$4,950 \pm 140$	GaK-3091	$6,150 \pm 250$	GaK-4306	$7,230 \pm 120$	GX-10860
$4,990 \pm 175$	I-2442	$6,155 \pm 155$	AA-3286	$7,230 \pm 830$	TO-3269
$5,070 \pm 200$	I-1238	$6,160 \pm 90$	AA-6029	$7,250 \pm 240$	GX-9866
5,070 ± 450	I-1244	6,170 ± 55	AA-3275	$7,260 \pm 70$	TO-2458
$5,075 \pm 210$	GX-9686	$6,215 \pm 90$	QC-455	$7,285 \pm 200$	GX-6603
5,084 ± 70	AA-2276	6,220 ± 130	AA-11433	7,290 ± 120	Y-1835
5,090 ± 60	CAMS-18687	6,220 ± 140	GSC-631	$7,330 \pm 65$	AA-13243
$5,100 \pm 120$	I-2549	6,220 ± 220	GX-8608	$7,340 \pm 135$	QC-901
5,120 ± 400	GX-1676	6,220 ± 240 6,240 ± 140	GX-12036 I-1556	7,350 ± 90 7,365 ± 410	GSC-4038 SI-1690
5,160 ± 60 5,185 ± 425	AA-2631 GX-11335	6,240 ± 140 6,270 ± 150	GSC-633	7,370 ± 95	GX-12035
5,185 ± 425 5,190 ± 120	I-2669	6,270 ± 130 6,270 ± 210	I-2410	$7,370 \pm 93$ $7,380 \pm 200$	GSC-5688
$5,190 \pm 120$ $5,200 \pm 100$	GaK-3723	6,280 ± 50	TO-293	$7,380 \pm 200$ $7,380 \pm 220$	GSC-2771
5,200 ± 100 5,215 ± 75	AA-14211	6,320 ± 130	SI-3457	7,395 ± 226 7,395 ± 70	AA-13236
$5,230 \pm 60$	AA-6466	6,330 ± 80	CAMS-11798	$7,410 \pm 60$	AA-3495
$5,250 \pm 00$ $5,250 \pm 105$	GaK-4836	6,380 ± 90	AA-5290	$7,425 \pm 60$	AA-3850
$5,270 \pm 140$	I-1833	6,410 ± 150	GSC-328	$7,430 \pm 230$	AA-6522
$5,300 \pm 60$	AA-13237	6,510 ± 70	GSC-2175	$7,470 \pm 70$	CAMS-7790
$5,330 \pm 100$	GX-10859	6,520 ± 150	I-2962	$7,500 \pm 200$	I-1553
$5,330 \pm 450$	GX-1824	6,560 ± 125	I-1934	$7,505 \pm 100$	SI-2611
$5,340 \pm 170$	GSC-2199	$6,560 \pm 125$	I-2695	$7,510 \pm 320$	QC-902
$5,370 \pm 130$	Gif-3866	6,615 ± 115	AA-13352	$7,540 \pm 130$	GSC-5677
$5,380 \pm 185$	I-2411	$6,630 \pm 70$	TO-2456	$7,560 \pm 130$	GaK-3678
$5,390 \pm 70$	CAMS-4061	$6,655 \pm 65$	AA-7898	$7,575 \pm 125$	AA-9289
$5,390 \pm 150$	I-1321	$6,720 \pm 390$	GX-12852	$7,577 \pm 137$	AA-1004
$5,400 \pm 200$	L-762c	$6,725 \pm 250$	I-406	$7,595 \pm 130$	Beta-1872
$5,420 \pm 100$	GX-13805	$6,755 \pm 90$	AA-9291	$7,600 \pm 60$	AA-8963
$5,490 \pm 180$	QC-683B	$6,760 \pm 70$	TO-2459	$7,610 \pm 65$	DIC-334
$5,550 \pm 0$	GSC-2103	6,770 ± 205	GX-13799	$7,640 \pm 125$	Beta-2362
$5,550 \pm 120$	GaK-5251	6,800 ± 600	QU-299	$7,675 \pm 115$	AA-8962
5,560 ± 250	I-1243	6,835 ± 100	SI-2617	$7,685 \pm 260$	GX-13795
5,570 ± 130	I-1831	6,850 ± 70	TO-2457	7,690 ± 90	GSC-5526
$5,580 \pm 130$	I-2548	6,880 ± 70	TO-2460	7,710 ± 190	GSC-5699
$5,600 \pm 300$	S-13 AA-712	6,885 ± 250	GX-10081	$7,720 \pm 100$	GSC-6416
5,600 ± 330 5,660 ± 100	AA-712 AA-7008	6,920 ± 90 6,930 ± 150	GSC-4162 GSC-739	7,725 ± 190 7,730 ± 70	GX-12037 TO-749
$5,675 \pm 95$	AA-6028	6,935 ± 220	GX-8504	$7,730 \pm 70$ $7,730 \pm 180$	GX-13801
$5,700 \pm 240$	GX-6293	6,940 ± 75	AA-9363	7,740 ± 140	GSC-556
5,710 ± 80	DIC-335	6,960 ± 110	TO-3264	7,750 ± 135	I-2831
$5,710 \pm 200$	I-1319	6,980 ± 110	GSC-5492	$7,765 \pm 105$	AA-2625
$5,750 \pm 110$	GaK-4440	6,990 ± 70	AA-1800	7,770 ± 100	GSC-2111
$5,750 \pm 250$	I-486	7,000 ± 150	GSC-599	$7,780 \pm 115$	SI-5173
$5,780 \pm 80$	GSC-4152	7,015 ± 65	AA-10117	7,785 ± 75	AA-10257
$5,800 \pm 70$	GSC-2138	7,020 ± 80	AA-1507	$7,785 \pm 140$	AA-17379
$5,825 \pm 235$	SI-4755	$7,030 \pm 190$	I-1554	$7,790 \pm 65$	AA-3974
$5,835 \pm 60$	AA-4529	$7,060 \pm 70$	TO-2462	$7,790 \pm 230$	AA-413
$5,840 \pm 120$	AA-9066	7,060 ± 175	GX-8160	$7,795 \pm 165$	AA-11434
$5,865 \pm 170$	GX-10861	7,075 ± 215	QC-881	7,800 ± 70	AA-6453
$5,900 \pm 130$	I-2412	7,080 ± 120	GSC-5903	$7,800 \pm 150$	QC-905
$5,930 \pm 70$	TO-1870	7,080 ± 170	I-1672	$7,805 \pm 70$	AA-3278
$6,000 \pm 165$	GX-10858	$7,100 \pm 140$	GaK-3365	7,810 ± 70	AA-7900
$6,030 \pm 80$	QC-501	7,105 ± 720	GX-6607	$7,820 \pm 140$	Y-1834
$6,050 \pm 250$	I-405	$7,140 \pm 115$	Beta-1871	$7,830 \pm 60$	AA-11876

Appendix 2B. Continued.

Reported Date	Lab No.	Reported Date	Lab No.	Reported Date	Lab No.
7,830 ± 120	AA-4918	8,240 ± 90	GSC-3404	8,570 ± 230	TO-2465
$7,830 \pm 230$	GX-10290	$8,240 \pm 150$	CAMS-10359	8,575 ± 75	AA-15689
$7,835 \pm 90$	AA-13228	$8,245 \pm 75$	AA-13050	$8,580 \pm 70$	AA-6312
$7,840 \pm 70$	AA-10651	$8,250 \pm 750$	I-1316	$8,580 \pm 70$	AA-11447
$7,850 \pm 290$	GX-9996	$8,260 \pm 60$	AA-12888	$8,580 \pm 120$	GSC-2684
$7,865 \pm 250$	QC-1137	$8,260 \pm 80$	AA-4574	$8,580 \pm 150$	GSC-3469
$7,870 \pm 150$	GaK-3093	$8,270 \pm 70$	AA-12887	$8,590 \pm 100$	GSC-3666
$7,880 \pm 70$	TO-748	$8,280 \pm 120$	AA-4916	$8,600 \pm 110$	GSC-3648
$7,880 \pm 90$	AA-9290	$8,285 \pm 285$	GX-8755	$8,600 \pm 160$	GSC-5223
$7,900 \pm 70$	TO-751	$8,290 \pm 90$	GSC-2283	$8,605 \pm 85$	AA-14206
$7,900 \pm 210$	I-1602	$8,290 \pm 170$	GaK-3092	$8,610 \pm 185$	DIC-375
$7,900 \pm 225$	GX-9430	$8,300 \pm 65$	AA-4160	$8,615 \pm 75$	AA-5990
$7,930 \pm 300$	I-1246	$8,300 \pm 135$	I-2611	$8,630 \pm 70$	AA-3280
$7,940 \pm 90$	TO-3666	$8,305 \pm 170$	AA-11435	$8,635 \pm 565$	GX-9302
$7,940 \pm 130$	I-1932	$8,320 \pm 95$	AA-3815	$8,640 \pm 70$	CAMS-25758
7,940 ± 920	TO-3266	$8,320 \pm 105$	AA-4250B	8,640 ± 100	GSC-3951
$7,950 \pm 100$	AA-1825	$8,320 \pm 140$	GSC-2506	8,640 ± 105	AA-14210
$7,950 \pm 140$	GaK-3677	$8,325 \pm 60$	AA-17258	8,640 ± 500	CAMS-17146
$7,950 \pm 170$	GaK-2566	$8,325 \pm 75$	AA-15130	8,645 ± 315	GX-9290
$7,960 \pm 105$	AA-8570	$8,350 \pm 70$	AA-15123	8,650 ± 75	AA-3102
$7,960 \pm 140$	Y-1833	$8,350 \pm 80$	TO-2461	$8,650 \pm 80$	DIC-332
$7,970 \pm 340$	I-1673	$8,350 \pm 300$	I-724	$8,650 \pm 85$	AA-14207
$7,980 \pm 175$	SI-4180	$8,360 \pm 60$	AA-7893	$8,660 \pm 65$	AA-3104
$7,985 \pm 85$	AA-12893	$8,360 \pm 70$	TO-1860	8,660 ± 110	GSC-2183
$7,985 \pm 130$	QC-904	8,365 ± 75	AA-6299	8,660 ± 110	GSC-3468
7,990 ± 170	GaK-4837	$8,380 \pm 60$	CAMS-11125	$8,660 \pm 160$	GSC-2466
$7,995 \pm 65$	AA-7892	$8,380 \pm 510$	TO-3270	$8,660 \pm 175$	SI-5172
$8,000 \pm 150$	GSC-630	$8,390 \pm 80$	AA-3481	$8,670 \pm 60$	CAMS-18690
$8,000 \pm 320$	GX-6840	$8,390 \pm 80$	CAMS-8251	8,680 ± 110	GSC-4602
$8,010 \pm 255$	GX-9865	$8,390 \pm 250$	AA-2275	8,680 ± 140	AA-2641
$8,025 \pm 110$	QC-452	$8,395 \pm 70$	AA-13055	8,680 ± 140	GSC-2478
$8,030 \pm 60$	CAMS-25762	$8,400 \pm 160$	QC-879	8,690 ± 90	GSC-2001
$8,030 \pm 80$	GSC-3603	$8,410 \pm 340$	GSC-1638	8,690 ± 90	GSC-5163
$8,045 \pm 60$	AA-10649	8,425 ± 375	AA-191	8,690 ± 120	GSC-3157
$8,050 \pm 115$	QC-457	8,430 ± 140	Y-1830	8,715 ± 65	AA-14686
$8,055 \pm 70$	AA-15129	8,435 ± 105	GX-930	8,715 ± 165	AA-11437
$8,060 \pm 70$	TO-750	8,440 ± 150	GaK-3862	8,720 ± 70	AA-3941
$8,070 \pm 250$	GX-6839	8,445 ± 55	AA-10251	8,730 ± 80	AA-3103
8,075 ± 145	AA-3814	8,450 ± 70	AA-11882	8,730 ± 120	GSC-2384
8,110 ± 360	TO-3668	8,450 ± 70	TO-2471	8,735 ± 235	QC-714
8,130 ± 65	AA-12610	8,450 ± 190	GX-8159	8,740 ± 280	TO-3271
8,135 ± 210	QC-883	8,460 ± 95	AA-11590	8,750 ± 100	GSC-2508 AA-11436
8,140 ± 250	QC-882	8,460 ± 245	GX-13800	8,750 ± 165	AA-11430 AA-4027
8,155 ± 130	AA-17380	8,465 ± 90	AA-12890	8,755 ± 80 8,760 ± 65	AA-4027 AA-10645
8,160 ± 70	AA-15128	8,470 ± 90	TO-1871 GSC-2083		ST-3816
8,160 ± 145	QC-880 TO-3263	8,480 ± 270	GSC-2083 GSC-3015	8,760 ± 350 8,770 ± 260	GX-13794
8,160 ± 150		8,480 ± 280 8,485 ± 60	AA-3494	8,780 ± 230	GX-13022
8,170 ± 60	AA-12889		AA-11879	8,785 ± 60	AA-10652
8,170 ± 140 8,170 ± 245	TO-3265 GX-11548	8,490 ± 200 8,490 ± 270	TO-3273	8,785 ± 80	AA-10052 AA-17260
8,170 ± 243 8,175 ± 95	AA-12607	8,490 ± 270 8,500 ± 90	AA-2349	8,790 ± 380	GSC-2991
8,175 ± 95 8,180 ± 130	I-1983	8,510 ± 90 8,510 ± 90	AA-11684	8,795 ± 95	AA-14030
8,180 ± 130 8,190 ± 120	Y-1705	8,510 ± 90 8,510 ± 110	TO-3272	8,800 ± 70	TO-2472
8,190 ± 120 8,195 ± 65	AA-6463	8,525 ± 60	AA-10648	8,805 ± 60	AA-12884
8,210 ± 50	QL-187	8,525 ± 80	AA-10048 AA-6464	8,810 ± 90	GSC-4607
8,210 ± 30 8,210 ± 130	I-1933	8,530 ± 60	AA-12885	8,810 ± 205	GX-6837
8,210 ± 130 8,210 ± 180	GSC-4578	8,550 ± 160	TO-2470	8,815 ± 275	GX-5623
8,220 ± 90	GSC-4378 GSC-3404	8,555 ± 95	AA-12609	8,820 ± 110	SI-4181
•				8,830 ± 80	TO-2464
$8,230 \pm 160$	GaK-3090	$8,560 \pm 70$	AA-14687	8,83U ± 8U	10-2404

Appendix 2B. Continued.

Reported Date	Lab No.	Reported Date	Lab No.	Reported Date	Lab No.
$8,845 \pm 265$	GX-8671	9,270 ± 80	AA-4530	9,655 ± 90	AA-3975
$8,850 \pm 90$	TO-2463	$9,270 \pm 110$	AA-4249	$9,670 \pm 245$	AA-7139
8,860 ± 110	GSC-5895	$9,280 \pm 120$	GSC-2479	$9,710 \pm 60$	CAMS-11815
$8,865 \pm 165$	AA-11438	$9,290 \pm 80$	AA-11874	9,715 ± 295	GX-13796
$8,870 \pm 100$	GSC-5483	9,305 ± 85	AA-17265	$9,725 \pm 120$	QC-450
$8,875 \pm 110$	AA-8394	$9,310 \pm 100$	AA-6473	$9,725 \pm 130$	QC-544
$8,890 \pm 70$	CAMS-11122	$9,310 \pm 220$	GX-9766	$9,730 \pm 70$	AA-8964
$8,890 \pm 100$	GSC-2568	$9,320 \pm 80$	SI-5171	$9,735 \pm 295$	GX-8670
8,905 ± 65	AA-14028	$9,325 \pm 100$	AA-8393	$9,740 \pm 65$	AA-7895
8,915 ± 65	AA-13174	$9,335 \pm 75$	AA-15131	$9,750 \pm 70$	AA-11443
$8,920 \pm 60$	CAMS-18688	$9,340 \pm 84$	AA-1916	$9,785 \pm 525$	GX-9291
$8,920 \pm 65$	AA-10656	$9,350 \pm 75$	AA-6302	$9,800 \pm 75$	AA-6311
$8,925 \pm 105$	AA-4575	$9,355 \pm 70$	AA-4255	$9,825 \pm 95$	AA-15701
$8,930 \pm 80$	TO-2466	$9,355 \pm 75$	AA-17861	$9,845 \pm 175$	SI-5170
$8,940 \pm 70$	AA-13241	$9,360 \pm 230$	I-1315	$9,850 \pm 250$	GaK-2573
$8,950 \pm 65$	AA-14029	$9,370 \pm 80$	AA-14025	$9,870 \pm 160$	AA-3465
$8,950 \pm 160$	GSC-2982	$9,370 \pm 90$	GSC-5486	9,875 ± 130	QC-903
$8,965 \pm 110$	AA-3976	$9,370 \pm 140$	QC-447	$9,880 \pm 200$	GSC-2201
$8,980 \pm 180$	GaK-5479	9,375 ± 70	AA-4666	9,885 ± 170	AA-17262
8,990 ± 80	CAMS-22023	9,380 ± 80	AA-5987	9,890 ± 85	AA-6462
8,995 ± 120	AA-8395	9,380 ± 260	GX-10107	9,935 ± 165	QC-451
$9,000 \pm 90$	AA-8392	9,385 ± 75	AA-8390	9,950 ± 185	QC-453 AA-11448
$9,000 \pm 170$	AA-5117	9,385 ± 140	AA-3109	9,955 ± 75	GSC-2752
9,010 ± 100	AA-3678	9,385 ± 280	GX-8943	9,960 ± 230 9,975 ± 100	AA-11584
$9,025 \pm 90$	AA-13173	9,395 ± 100	QC-448 TO-3274	9,973 ± 100 9,980 ± 70	AA-11364 AA-7896
9,030 ± 75	AA-15126 AA-10253	9,400 ± 190 9,410 ± 70	AA-11444	9,980 ± 70 9,980 ± 210	GSC-5340
9,040 ± 85 9,045 ± 80	AA-10253 AA-17261	9,410 ± 70 9,410 ± 100	GSC-5149	10,000 ± 75	AA-7560
9,043 ± 60 9,060 ± 60	CAMS-25761	9,420 ± 135	GX-13021	10,000 ± 75	GSC-2813
9,060 ± 330	GX-9328	9,425 ± 150	AA-5291	10,000 ± 200	GaK-2574
9,065 ± 80	AA-14024	9,430 ± 50	CAMS-25764	10,010 ± 110	AA-3585,6
9,075 ± 75	AA-10254	9,435 ± 50	AA-8327	10,010 ± 360	AA-886
9,085 ± 85	AA-11586	9,440 ± 110	CAMS-18449	10,015 ± 120	AA-4250A
9,085 ± 290	AA-244A	9,450 ± 95	AA-2633	10,025 ± 225	GX-7882
9,090 ± 90	AA-2223	9,450 ± 360	AA-412	$10,035 \pm 130$	AA-6472
$9,090 \pm 95$	AA-14026	9,460 ± 75	AA-15124	$10,070 \pm 95$	AA-15698
$9,092 \pm 150$	QC-454	9,460 ± 95	AA-6301	$10,080 \pm 75$	AA-6854
$9,100 \pm 80$	AA-16403	9,465 ± 100	AA-15125	10,090 ± 75	AA-8391
$9,100 \pm 100$	QC-449	9,480 ± 80	AA-16405	10,095 ± 95	SI-2612
$9,100 \pm 140$	GSC-1969	9,480 ± 165	DIC-374	$10,100 \pm 110$	GSC-2725
$9,105 \pm 142$	AA-8333	$9,480 \pm 565$	GX-8751	10,115 ± 75	AA-6452
$9,110 \pm 160$	GSC-2215	$9,500 \pm 90$	AA-2350	$10,130 \pm 180$	GX-12858
$9,110 \pm 470$	GX-9293	9,500 ± 105	AA-6305	$10,170 \pm 70$	AA-11445
$9,125 \pm 65$	AA-13175	9,500 ± 150	BGS-1472	$10,180 \pm 90$	AA-17264
$9,130 \pm 65$	AA-17255	9,505 ± 80	AA-13172	10,200 ± 100	GSC-5037
$9,145 \pm 75$	AA-17392	9,510 ± 90	GSC-2750	10,200 ± 160	GSC-4948
$9,180 \pm 180$	Y-1832	9,515 ± 70	AA-11441	$10,200 \pm 210$	GSC-2778
$9,180 \pm 1140$	GSC-707	9,550 ± 90	SI-2610	10,225 ± 100	AA-17393
9,190 ± 195	GX-8194	9,550 ± 320	GSC-5299	10,245 ± 70	AA-10248
9,190 ± 195	GX-8194	9,565 ± 80	AA-15700	10,250 ± 390	AA-651
$9,200 \pm 200$	AA-2637	9,570 ± 370	GX-8753	10,270 ± 285	AA-17391
$9,215 \pm 80$	AA-7561 AA-15127	9,595 ± 90 9,600 ± 100	SI-4757 GSC-2731	10,310 ± 90 10,315 ± 85	AA-15702 AA-5837
9,220 ± 75 9,230 ± 100	GSC-2618	9,600 ± 100 9,600 ± 140	AA-16404	10,315 ± 85 10,335 ± 95	AA-3637 AA-15703
9,230 ± 100 9,240 ± 80	GSC-2518 GSC-2582	9,605 ± 60	AA-10249	10,355 ± 95 10,355 ± 205	AA-7141
9,240 ± 80 9,240 ± 90	AA-14212	9,620 ± 90	AA-10249 AA-3464	10,360 ± 160	AA-2496
$9,240 \pm 90$ $9,245 \pm 85$	AA-11442 AA-11442	9,630 ± 80	AA-6306	10,300 ± 100 10,375 ± 75	AA-5989
$9,250 \pm 200$	GSC-5320	9,645 ± 85	AA-6465	10,375 ± 75	AA-4916
9,230 I 200					

Appendix 2B. Continued.

Reported Date	Lab No.	Reported Date	Lab No.	Reported Date	Lab No.
10,400 ± 90	GSC-5036	$11,020 \pm 120$	AA-3746	12,860 ± 90	CAMS-11121
$10,400 \pm 140$	GSC-5328	$11,060 \pm 70$	CAMS-17398	12,865 ± 305	AA-8329
$10,410 \pm 380$	AA-652	$11,060 \pm 300$	AA-655A,B	12,890 ± 290	AA-190
$10,415 \pm 240$	AA-6521	$11,065 \pm 105$	AA-6469	12,925 ± 130	AA-6471
$10,430 \pm 80$	AA-13053	$11,070 \pm 60$	CAMS-18689	$12,970 \pm 90$	AA-13233
$10,430 \pm 1250$	GX-9434	$11,075 \pm 85$	AA-8389	$12,970 \pm 225$	AA-1012
$10,435 \pm 85$	AA-6309	$11,080 \pm 95$	AA-14202	12,975 ± 355	AA-6853
$10,435 \pm 95$	AA-7009	11,095 ± 110	AA-10650	$13,050 \pm 140$	AA-14209
$10,445 \pm 75$	AA-6310	$11,100 \pm 85$	AA-6000	$13,055 \pm 120$	AA-13231
$10,445 \pm 100$	AA-6468	$11,120 \pm 90$	AA-6001	$13,100 \pm 110$	AA-15687
$10,470 \pm 65$	AA-7891	$11,125 \pm 100$	AA-7562	$13,105 \pm 85$	AA-12896
$10,470 \pm 120$	AA-13051	$11,170 \pm 100$	AA-10256	13,160 ± 115	AA-6470
$10,490 \pm 450$	AA-264	$11,235 \pm 95$	AA-10118	$13,180 \pm 100$	AA-4917
$10,500 \pm 110$	CAMS-17401	$11,255 \pm 75$	AA-17254	13,195 ± 125	AA-7011
$10,500 \pm 110$	GSC-5478	$11,285 \pm 65$	AA-10250	$13,285 \pm 105$	AA-8326
$10,505 \pm 85$	AA-5838	11,315 ± 75	AA-3810	13,300 ± 145	AA-6849
$10,510 \pm 70$	QL-1174	$11,360 \pm 320$	SI-2614	$13,450 \pm 220$	AA-8035
$10,510 \pm 80$	AA-14682	$11,365 \pm 365$	GX-9432	$13,470 \pm 105$	AA-10121
$10,510 \pm 90$	AA-5839	$11,390 \pm 100$	AA-11587	$13,500 \pm 700$	AA-935
10,530 ± 90	AA-5033	$11,410 \pm 130$	AA-17263	$13,585 \pm 110$	AA-4026
$10,530 \pm 95$	AA-5032	$11,535 \pm 85$	AA-12897	$13,625 \pm 150$	AA-5063
$10,530 \pm 110$	SI-5758	11,545 ± 95	AA-13242	$13,635 \pm 190$	AA-6851
10,530 ± 135	AA-8959	11,550 ± 75	AA-4702	13,700 ± 145	AA-4531
$10,555 \pm 75$ $10,560 \pm 75$	AA-5835	11,550 ± 75	AA-4702	13,720 ± 95	AA-3256
10,500 ± 75 10,570 ± 85	AA-8388 AA-5841	11,555 ± 85	AA-3784	14,115 ± 110	AA-7010
10,595 ± 380	GX-13797	11,555 ± 130 11,575 ± 135	AA-15659	$14,185 \pm 760$	GX-9304
10,600 ± 75	AA-3583A	$11,575 \pm 155$ $11,590 \pm 180$	AA-4667 AA-6300	$14,280 \pm 205$	AA-9355
10,615 ± 75	AA-5836	11,680 ± 130	GX-12859	14,370 ± 180 14,400 ± 400	CAMS-19996 I-1233
10,625 ± 170	AA-3583B	11,685 ± 90	AA-7559	14,435 ± 450	GX-5319
10,630 ± 380	AA-7136	11,725 ± 125	AA-3473	14,455 ± 110	AA-5992
$10,635 \pm 80$	AA-6308	11,725 ± 125	AA-3473	14,465 ± 200	AA-7140
$10,680 \pm 85$	AA-5840	$11,750 \pm 105$	AA-15690	14,845 ± 190	AA-6848
$10,685 \pm 385$	GX-6352	$11,760 \pm 170$	AA-5292	$14,850 \pm 205$	AA-8034
$10,695 \pm 85$	AA-10258	$11,770 \pm 550$	GX-6280	$14,980 \pm 90$	AA-9364
$10,705 \pm 70$	AA-3940	$11,790 \pm 275$	AA-8777	$15,010 \pm 105$	AA-5999
$10,720 \pm 140$	GX-15279	$11,895 \pm 130$	AA-4689	$15,025 \pm 95$	AA-4335
$10,720 \pm 140$	QC-480A	$11,910 \pm 380$	GX-7119	$15,080 \pm 620$	GX-7880
$10,730 \pm 80$	CAMS-11793	11,990 ± 100	AA-4665	$15,270 \pm 120$	AA-13238
$10,740 \pm 85$	AA-6307	11,995 ± 145	AA-15688	$15,365 \pm 250$	AA-7138
$10,750 \pm 65$	AA-10245	$12,030 \pm 85$	AA-4709	15,650 ± 1880	GX-9324
$10,750 \pm 70$	AA-14683	$12,035 \pm 80$	AA-11440	$15,800 \pm 400$	AA-1523
$10,760 \pm 150$	QC-480C	$12,035 \pm 600$	GX-8756	$15,810 \pm 490$	GX-10628
$10,780 \pm 140$	AA-10255	12,085 ± 115	AA-8331	$16,360 \pm 650$	GX-6608
$10,790 \pm 70$	AA-10653	12,110 ± 185	AA-6852	16,380 ± 165	AA-9288
10,790 ± 70	QL-1173	12,115 ± 260	AA-11880	16,575 ± 140	AA-13234
$10,800 \pm 130$ $10,805 \pm 80$	AA-12029 AA-13054	12,125 ± 90 12,150 ± 140	AA-13052	16,700 ± 900 16,800 ± 135	AA-653 AA-14685
10,825 ± 80	AA-6303	$12,130 \pm 140$ $12,190 \pm 430$	QC-543 AA-348	16,849 ± 860	GX-9030
10,850 ± 185	AA-6850	12,190 ± 430 12,210 ± 110	AA-14208	$17,020 \pm 170$	AA-3995
10,870 ± 90	AA-5996	12,220 ± 130	AA-8960	$17,020 \pm 170$ $17,065 \pm 665$	GX-7458
10,895 ± 95	AA-6866	12,325 ± 80	AA-11875	17,005 ± 005	AA-15704
10,905 ± 145	SI-5759	12,350 ± 950	GX-9431	17,305 ± 140	AA-7144
10,915 ± 600	GX-8754	12,425 ± 125	AA-5994	$17,330 \pm 1200$	CAMS-12256
10,920 ± 160	GX-15278	12,470 ± 205	AA-8330	17,575 ± 185	AA-10119
$10,920 \pm 250$	AA-3939	$12,640 \pm 80$	CAMS-12581	$17,670 \pm 140$	AA-11588
$10,930 \pm 85$	AA-3584	$12,675 \pm 100$	AA-5995	$17,800 \pm 500$	I-725
$10,940 \pm 240$	GSC-122	12,720 ± 670	GX-13798	17,855 ± 145	AA-10122
$10,980 \pm 70$	AA-3819	12,740 ± 100	AA-5997	17,990 ± 110	CAMS-17400

Appendix 2B. Continued.

Reported Date	Lab No.	Reported Date	Lab No.	Reported Date	Lab No.
18,270 ± 140	AA-15691	$32,820 \pm 530$	AA-15696	47,000 + 1400 -1200	QL-976-2
$18,475 \pm 145$	AA-14217	$33,170 \pm 590$	AA-9062	47,500 + 1000 -1200	QL-1087
$18,700 \pm 1200$	I-1314	$33,320 \pm 1810$	CAMS-19255	47,700 ± 700	QL-183
$18,730 \pm 90$	CAMS-11340	$33,600 \pm 300$	QL-136	47,800 + 1300 -1100	QL-1181
18,865 ± 175	AA-14216	$33,615 \pm 600$	AA-9067	48,700 + 1400 -1000	QL-1086
$19,000 \pm 1000$	I-1242	$33,640 \pm 1300$	BGS-304	50,400 ± 1000	QL-188
$19,070 \pm 260$	AA-5034	$34,010 \pm 675$	AA-10569	50,700 + 2000 -1600	QL-1179
$19,200 \pm 1100$	AA-654	$34,025 \pm 725$	AA-4686	52,460 ± 1430	TO-2196
$19,215 \pm 150$	AA-15708	$34,710 \pm 690$	AA-10646	>20,000	GaK-2572
$19,400 \pm 310$	CAMS-4063	$34,790 \pm 710$	AA-7899	>24,550	GX-5318
$19,565 \pm 160$	AA-14204	$34,820 \pm 730$	AA-12608	>27,000	AA-263
$19,635 \pm 150$	AA-13239	34,900 + 2100 -1700	I-1832	>28,000	GX-1677
$19,855 \pm 210$	AA-4700	$35,280 \pm 760$	AA-11451	>28,200	GX-8241
$20,110 \pm 340$	TO-3243	35,685 ± 805	AA-6298	>29,000	GaK-2569
$20,650 \pm 260$	AA-1273	36,000 ± 300	QL-182	>29,000	GaK-2570
$20,840 \pm 180$	AA-10568	36,020 ± 805	AA-14218	>29,000	GX-1675
$21,070 \pm 220$	AA-13230	36,120 ± 340	TO-3242	>30,000	Beta-1227
$21,210 \pm 190$	AA-14203	36,250 + 3600 -2000	I-2581	>30,000	I-1241
$21,255 \pm 200$	AA-12899	36,300 ± 300	QL-60	>32,000	S-458
21,500 ± 240 21,970 ± 195	AA-3338 AA-15692	36,370 ± 820 36,600 ± 350	AA-15695 QL-185	>32,500	GX-8591
21,970 ± 193 22,110 ± 230	AA-15092 AA-15705	36,870 ± 970	AA-14220	>34,200 >34,800	GX-8240
22,110 ± 250 22,210 ± 255	AA-13703 AA-8965	37,090 ± 1100	AA-14220 AA-4244A	>35,000	GSC-427 I-1234
22,210 ± 233 22,225 ± 245	AA-15706	$37,200 \pm 800$	QL-979	>35,000	I-1234 I-1240
$22,360 \pm 140$	CAMS-12582	$37,760 \pm 1050$	AA-12606	>36,900	GSC-259
22,720 + 1420 -1210	GX-9433	$37,700 \pm 1030$ $37,935 \pm 1020$	AA-15693	>37,000	GX-8942
$23,390 \pm 240$	CAMS-4062	$37,990 \pm 410$	TO-3241	>38,000	GSC-2716
$23,880 \pm 240$	AA-11589	$38,470 \pm 2450$	BGS-305	>38,000	GSC-5497
$23,890 \pm 260$	AA-9356	$38,620 \pm 1110$	AA-14027	>38,900	AA-7558
$24,000 \pm 850$	S-459	$38,700 \pm 1200$	AA-10232	>39,000	GSC-2797
$24,035 \pm 240$	AA-10647	$39,000 \pm 1800$	AA-2224	>39,000	I-1812
$24,365 \pm 355$	AA-13235	$39,145 \pm 1180$	AA-11452	>39,000	I-1813
$24,600 \pm 500$	I-731	$39,600 \pm 500$	QL-180	>39,000	I-1814
$24,780 \pm 230$	AA-15132	$40,000 \pm 300$	QL-184	>39,000	I-1816
$24,835 \pm 240$	AA-15699	$40,630 \pm 1400$	AA-4244B	>39,600	GSC-209
$25,330 \pm 310$	AA-14215	$40,700 \pm 1500$	AA-4703	>40,000	I-1235
$26,015 \pm 1320$	AA-7137	$40,710 \pm 5500$	BGS-306	>41,000	I-1829
$27,130 \pm 335$	AA-15707	$40,760 \pm 1450$	AA-11453	>41,900	QC-446
$27,255 \pm 305$	AA-11878	$40,950 \pm 2100$	AA-7557	>42,000	AA-11881
$27,255 \pm 1250$	GX-7883	$41,400 \pm 500$	QL-186	>43,700	AA-7897
$27,465 \pm 360$	AA-15697	$41,800 \pm 1700$	AA-14219	>43,900	AA-7901
$27,670 \pm 440$	CAMS-22022	$42,400 \pm 800$	QL-1180	>45,000	AA-2632
$27,720 \pm 340$	AA-9361	$42,700 \pm 2250$	SI-1336	>47,240	AA-9063
$28,005 \pm 350$	AA-12898	$43,200 \pm 60$	AA-4704	>49,230	AA-13232
$28,050 \pm 335$	AA-15694	$43,300 \pm 3000$	AA-2348	>50,000	Y-1702
$28,200 \pm 1500$	GaK-2799	$43,450 \pm 2100$	AA-6304	>54,000	Y-1703
$29,000 \pm 3500$	GaK-2567	$43,750 \pm 2100$	AA-12605	Lost	AA-1272
29,000 + 2000 -2200	GaK-2568	$44,200 \pm 2300$	AA-3254	Lost	AA-3809
$29,055 \pm 350$	AA-10658	$44,400 \pm 1000$	QL-974	Too Small	AA-6846
$30,000 \pm 1200$	I-839	44,800 ± 500	QL-181	Too Small	GX-12482
$30,170 \pm 475$	AA-13229	45,000 ± 4000	AA-2642	Too Small	SI-1698
$30,175 \pm 405$	AA-8966	45,200 ± 800	QL-177		
$30,320 \pm 820$	GSC-528	45,400 ± 600	QL-179		
$30,600 \pm 1900$	GX-16635	45,500 ± 55	AA-4706		
30,790 ± 450	AA-10252	$45,500 \pm 600$	QL-178		
$31,065 \pm 455$	AA-11450	45,600 + 4100 -2700 45,800 + 1000	GX-13720		
$32,150 \pm 1200$ 32,200 + 1700 - 1400	AA-4687 I-3200	$45,800 \pm 1000$ $46,700 \pm 3000$	QL-973		
			AA-9064		
32,300 + 2100 -1600	I-1815	$46,950 \pm 2050$	SI-1335	I	

APPENDIX 3

COMPARING APPLES AND ORANGES: UNDERSTANDING HOW RADIOCARBON LABS REPORT DATES DIFFERENTLY

Over the last decade, as the chronology of rapid glacial events in the Arctic and Antarctic has become more refined, century and decadal resolution of events has become important. At this scale, it becomes necessary to compare radiocarbon dates using the same procedures for calculating and reporting radiocarbon dates — i.e., to be able to appropriately compare dates from one laboratory (using one reporting procedure) with dates from another laboratory (which might use another procedure). Most important, we should recognize the impact of various approaches for: 1) correcting for sample δ^{14} C fractionation (relating to the δ^{13} C of the sample); 2) δ^{13} C normalization (relating to the δ^{13} C of the analytical standard); 3) correcting for the marine reservoir effect; and 4) establishing one-sigma or two-sigma error estimates. Understanding how radiocarbon dates are reported differently is most important for dates on marine carbonates, when misinterpretation of reporting procedures can create a bias of 400 yr or more.

Radiocarbon Reporting Conventions

Since the mid-1970's, most radiocarbon labs have accepted the guidelines of Stuiver and Polach (1977) for reporting a "conventional radiocarbon date" (not to be confused with conventional gas or liquid counting methods vs. AMS methods). For "conventional radiocarbon dates", the following approaches are standardized:

- 1) The Libby half-life for radiocarbon decay (5568 yr) is used. Note that this is shorter than the true-half life (5730 yr), yielding ages that are 3% too young.
 - 2) The ¹⁴C date is expressed in yr B.P. or yr BP.
 - 3) The present is defined as AD 1950.
 - 4) The date is not corrected for a marine reservoir effect.
- 5) The date is reported with an error term of ± 1 sigma (relating to a level of analytical confidence of 68%), rather than ± 2 sigma (relating to a confidence level of 95%).
- 6) The NBS oxalic acid standard (or an equivalent) is used to define the initial ¹⁴C activity of the sample. This standard has the same (or calculated) ¹⁴C activity of wood growing in a 1950

atmosphere, corrected for manmade influences on the ¹⁴C activity of the 1950 atmosphere (industrial evolution of dead carbon and production of "bomb" radiocarbon).

7) The date is corrected for $^{14}\text{C}/^{12}\text{C}$ fractionation of the sample (using the measured or assumed $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ of the shell). This relates to how the sample fractionated ^{14}C relative to ^{12}C when it incorporated carbon from its environment into its tissues. Some organisms (e.g., trees) selectively exclude the heavier carbon isotopes when incorporating carbon into their bodies. All organisms descriminate against ^{14}C about twice as much as against ^{13}C . Since ^{13}C is stable, we can measure it (or assume it) in a sample, and presume that the initial depletion of ^{14}C in the sample was twice that of ^{13}C . For example, trees have a $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ of $-25\pm2\%$, which is depleted ("light") relative to a $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ of $-9\pm2\%$ for carbon dioxide in the atmosphere (Stuiver and Pollach, 1977; Stuiver and Reimer, 1993). This depletion in $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ of 18% thus equates with a depletion in $\delta^{14}\text{C}$ of 36%, or 3.6 percent. If not accounted for, this would lend a "modern" tree an anomalous, apparent age because it started out with less radiocarbon that it should have if it were in initial equilibration with the atmosphere.

For comparison, marine molluscs and foraminifera have δ^{13} C values of ca. $0 \pm 2\%$, only slightly enriched from the δ^{13} C of $1 \pm 2\%$ of HCO₃-1 dissolved in marine waters, from which these organisms obtain their carbon for secreting skeletons (cf. Stuiver and Reimer, 1993).

The convention of Stuiver and Pollach (1977) thus states that the samples should be corrected for variable fractionation of carbon by an organism (or abiotic process). This fractionation correction is independent of corrections for the apparent age of marine waters (the marine reservoir effect). The following ¹³C-correction equation is used as a step in the calculation of a radiocarbon date:

$$Asn = As \left(1 - \frac{2(25 + \delta^{13}C)}{1000} \right)$$
 (1)

Where ...

 $Asn = {}^{14}C$ activity of the sample normalized and corrected for fractionation

As = measured ${}^{14}C$ activity of the sample

 δ^{13} C = the δ^{13} C of the sample (measured or assumed)

- 25 = in this equation, the value of 25 marks normalization to a base of -25‰. Labs that normalize to a base of 0‰ place a 0 in the equation instead of a 25.
- 8) Dates are normalized to a base $\delta^{13}C$ value of -25‰. This relates to the $\delta^{13}C$ value of the standard, not the sample. The NBS oxalic standard used as a reference in radiocarbon analysis is founded on the ¹⁴C activity of wood. Thus the base for normalization is the normal $\delta^{13}C$ value for wood, -25‰. Nearly all radiocarbon laboratories normalize to a base of $\delta^{13}C = -25$ ‰. This has also been referred to as fractionation correction to a base of $\delta^{13}C = -25$ ‰, or calculating radiocarbon ages relative to $\delta^{13}C = -25$ ‰. However, a few labs have corrected in the past to a base of $\delta^{18}O = 0$ ‰.
- 9) Finally, radiocarbon ages are calculated according to the radiocarbon age equation (Stuiver and Pollach, 1977):

$$t = -8033 \ln \left(\frac{A_{sn}}{A_{on}} \right) \tag{2}$$

Where ...

t = the age of the sample in years before AD 1950

Aon = 14 C activity of the standard, corrected (or "normalized") for its own oxalic acid δ^{13} C value.

GSC Procedures

Until March, 1993, the Geological Survey of Canada reported two values for each radiocarbon date, as follows. An "AGE (uncorr.)" date is not corrected for sample δ^{13} C fractionation; this is a "machine age", without consideration of the sample δ^{13} C or a value chosen as a base for normalization. A machine age on marine shell will be 410 yr younger than a machine age on wood of the same age (assuming no marine reservoir effect). An "AGE (corr.)" date is corrected for sample δ^{13} C fractionation, using a base of 0‰ for marine shells and a base of -25‰ for terrestrial organics. For calcareous materials other than marine molluscs (e.g., marls and freshwater shells) and for bone or marine organics, an AGE (corr.) value is not given. The AGE (uncorr.) and AGE (corr.) dates are reported with errors of ± 2 sigma. Not all labs evaluate errors in the same way. However, for consistency when comparing GSC dates with dates from other labs, we suggest that you divide the error by 2, effectively obtaining errors of ± 1 sigma.

Thus, for terrestrial organics, the AGE (corr.) date follows the convention of Stuiver and Pollach (1977) for δ^{13} C fractionation. To make these types of GSC dates directly comparable with "conventional radiocarbon dates", simply halve the error term. For marine carbonate materials, the AGE (corr.) date does not follow the convention of Stuiver and Pollach (1977) for δ^{13} C fractionation. To make these types of GSC dates directly comparable with "conventional radiocarbon dates", add 410 yr to the AGE (corr.) value, and halve the error term. For marls and freshwater shells, you may wish to calculate the corresponding offset for 13 C fractionation, and add this value to the "AGE (uncorr.)" value.

You might then choose to apply a marine reservoir correction to the date as appropriate for the region and time period of interest. For example, the AGE (corr.) value of GSC- dates in this Date List appear as the "Reported Date" for each listing. We have added 410 yr in consideration of fractionation corrections, then subtracted 450 yr for the marine reservoir effect, listing the resulting value as the corresponding "Corrected Age".

Since March, 1993, the GSC has additionally reported an "AGE (norm.)" value, which is corrected for sample δ^{13} C fractionation, using a base of -25‰ for all samples. This format more closely follows the convention of Stuiver and Pollach (1977), except for a ± 2 sigma error term. Thus, to make these types of GSC dates directly comparable with "conventional radiocarbon dates", simply halve the error term. When reporting GSC dates, be sure to tell the reader which date (uncorr., norm., or corr.) you are reporting as the "laboratory reported" date.

Isotrace Procedures

Radiocarbon dates from IsoTrace (TO- dates) have in some cases in the past deviated from the conventional format of Stuiver and Pollach (1977). Approximately before sample TO-1800, IsoTrace would report their dates according to the older GSC format if the sample submitter was a member of the GSC. However, during this time they would report their dates according to the conventional format if the submitter was not associated with the GSC. Therefore, for TO- dates less than 1800, you will not know from the number alone which procedure they followed, and will

need to go to the original reporting form. Since approximately TO-1800, they have followed the conventional format, regardless of the submitter's affiliation.

Before Consensus

Before the international convention of Stuiver and Pollach (1977) became widely accepted, labs reported dates in various ways, and you might need to go back to the original reporting forms and/or contact the lab itself to discover what type of corrections had been made to dates on shells. Before about 1985, many labs would provide a "machine age" (an age uncorrected in any way for ¹³C) and a ¹³C-corrected age, which for some was normalized to a base of -25‰ and for others was normalized to a base of 0‰. "Machine" ages are commonly presented as "¹⁴C ages" or "uncorrected ¹⁴C" ages. ¹³C-corrected ages are usually presented as "¹³C-corrected" ages, "¹³C-adjusted ages", or simply "corrected" ages. You will have to look carefully at the reporting forms to determine if ¹³C-corrected dates were normalized to 0‰ or -25‰. If the machine age (on shell) is about 400 yr different than the ¹³C-corrected date then you can be assured that they corrected for the ¹³C of the shell normalized to a base of -25‰. If the machine age is only about 40 yr (or less) different than the ¹³C-corrected age, then you will know that they corrected for the ¹³C of the shell normalized to a base of 0‰.

As a guide to knowing when labs accepted the convention of Stuiver and Pollach (1977), some of the labs have been contacted for specific information. Geochron (GX-dates) has been reporting according to convention since the early 1970's (since roughly GX-1000 or so) and perhaps earlier. In the 1970's Geochron reported machine ages as well as the "conventional radiocarbon" ages on its forms. Similarly, Beta Analytic (Beta- dates) has reported according to convention if a " 13 C-adjusted 14 C age" is given, although a machine age (" 14 C age") is always given. In the past they would report a " 13 C-adjusted 14 C age" only if a customer paid to have the δ^{13} C measured. Recently, they are reporting " 13 C-adjusted 14 C ages" for all samples, using the measured value if analyzed or using an assumed value otherwise. For Beta dates, you might have to go to the original reporting form to know whether a date is a machine age or a conventional radiocarbon date. The Smithsonian Institution (SI-dates) reported dates without 13 C correction,

except under unusual circumstances when the submitter requested a ¹³C analysis (Stuckenrath, pers. com., 1994).

In the last decade, radiocarbon-dated foraminifera and molluscs have provided high-resolution chronologies for records of environmental change. For these materials especially, consideration of radiocarbon reporting procedures is important. "Conventional radiocarbon dates" are readily compared, and a marine reservoir correction can be applied. Other dates that have not been reported according to the convention of Stuiver and Pollach (1977) will need additional correction, commonly for ¹³C fractionation as well as the marine reservoir effect.

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