Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment Emergency Medical and Trauma Services Standardized (Regional) Needs Assessment Project

Southeastern Colorado Regional Emergency Medical and Trauma Advisory Council Final Report A report from:

The Abaris Group Walnut Creek, CA

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Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment Emergency Medical and Trauma Services

Standardized (Regional) Needs Assessment Project Southeastern Colorado RETAC

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Executive Summary

The Abaris Group conducted a needs assessment for the Southeastern Colorado Regional Emergency and Trauma Advisory Council's (SECRETAC) Emergency Medical and Trauma Services (EMTS) system beginning in September 2009 and concluding in June 2010. The assessment included onsite visits and interviews with the SECRETAC stakeholders, the use of two surveys; a standardized Benchmarks, Indicators, and Scoring (BIS) survey instrument and a problem ranking survey. The BIS uses weighted scores ranging from 0 to 5, with 0 meaning "I don't know" and 5 meaning the issue/component has been comprehensively established. The comments from the onsite assessments were formatted into a Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Threats (SWOT) format and the data from the two surveys was entered into several spreadsheets for analysis. This report contains the results of the needs assessment and recommendations for the SECRETAC's consideration to enhance the EMTS system in Southeastern Colorado.

Seven pre-hospital providers, two hospitals, and one public official responded to the SECRETAC BIS survey. Although for many of the topics there was great variation between how the respondents answered, they still provide some valuable insight into how respondents view the efforts of both their agencies and the RETAC system.

Overall, the average BIS score for agency/facility was a 3.1 and the average score for the overall EMTS system was a 2.2. Hospital and prehospital providers generally ranked their own agency/facility with fours and fives, indicating that these categories are beyond the planning or discussion phase and have been comprehensively established in some instances. Scores for the overall EMTS system were lower, with many respondents indicating that they were unaware or did not know about the overall system's efforts for many of the BIS categories. Respondents were most aware of overall system efforts in the areas of Integration of Health Services, Human Resources, Education Systems, and Evaluation and were least aware of overall system efforts in the areas of Public Education, Medical Direction, EMTS Research, and Information Systems.

The hospital providers scored their facility slightly higher on average than the pre-hospital respondents (3.5 vs. 3.2). However, the hospital providers scored the overall EMTS system lower than the pre-hospital providers (1.9 vs. 2.5). Overall, EMTS Research and Prevention received the lowest combined scores (1.6) while System Finance received the highest (3.6).

Individual questions that received the highest average scores were System Finance processes (Q 4.2), System Finance RETAC indicators (Q 4.4), Regulation and Legislation structure (Q 3.1), and Integration of Health Services structure (Q 1.1). Questions that received the lowest average scores were EMTS Research outcomes (Q 2.3), Public Education process (Q 13.2), and Prevention structure, process, and outcomes (Q 14.1, 14.2, 14.3).

Both Pre-Hospital and hospital respondents cited on the problem ranking survey that Recruitment and Retention of Personnel is their most challenging issue. The public health and public official both cited Agency Funding/Financial Viability as the most challenging issue.

Overall, respondents most frequently ranked Administrative Support, Cooperation with Other Agencies, and Support from RETAC as their least challenging issues and Agency Funding/Financial Viability, Aging Building/Equipment, and Recruitment of New Personnel as their most challenging issues.



The recommendations for the Southeastern Colorado RETAC include both short-term and long-term activities. The council members should review and prioritize the recommendations for the region. Inclusion of these recommendations into the biennial plan is highly encouraged.

Background and Project Overview

In September 2008, the EMTS Section, within the Health Facilities and Emergency Services Division of the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) notified The Abaris Group of its intent to award to the firm a contract to conduct comprehensive assessments of the EMTS systems of 11 regional emergency medical and trauma advisory councils (RETACs) of Colorado over the next three fiscal years, anticipating three or four assessments may be completed each fiscal year. Colorado Revised Statute (CRS), 25-3.5-704 (2) (c) (II) (F), requires "The identification of regional EMTS through the use of a needs-assessment instrument developed by the department; except that the use of such instrument shall be subject to approval by the counties and city and counties included in a RETAC." The EMTS Section, in partnership with Colorado's RETACs, established a task force to address a Standardized, regional Needs Assessment Project (SNAP). The goal of this project is to support each of Colorado's RETACS in completing an assessment process as required by statute, but more importantly to assess local and regional EMTS in a way that provides consistent results that can be the basis for future development of biennial plans that addresses those needs and accurately identifies the policies and resources necessary to meet the future system requirements.

In 2006, the Western RETAC completed a comprehensive assessment that was funded through a grant from the Department of Local Affairs (DOLA). A requirement of the DOLA grant was that all assessment tools, products and processes of the Western RETAC model would be made available to the RETACs across the state of Colorado for possible standardization and replication. The SNAP Task Force reviewed the Western RETAC model which used onsite assessments of the RETAC stakeholders, a problem ranking survey, and an assessment instrument that included benchmarks, indicators, and scoring (BIS) sections based on the 15 trauma/EMS components identified within the Colorado Administrative Code. The SNAP Task Force modified the BIS assessment instrument to measure Colorado's EMTS system development from a RETAC perspective. (For more information on the BIS instrument, read the WRETAC final report available on the EMTS website.)

Assessments were completed on four RETAC in the first year of this project. The second and third years of this project were combined with the goal to complete the remaining 8 RETAC assessments by June 30, 2010. In collaboration with staff from EMTS and the SNAP Task Force, the eight RETACs for the second-year assessment were divided into two groups.

<u>July - January</u>

- Northeast Colorado RETAC
- Northwest RETAC
- Plains to Peaks RETAC
- Southeastern Colorado RETAC

<u>January – June</u>

- Foothills RETAC
- Mile-High RETAC
- Southwest RETAC



Western RETAC

Methodology

The methods utilized for the SECRETAC assessment consisted of the following:

- Review of documents Several documents related to the EMTS systems in Colorado, including relevant CRS, SECRETAC Biennial Plan, SECRETAC agency profiles, SECRETAC meeting minutes, and the SECRETAC budget. Additional SECRETAC documents were provided by the SECRETAC Coordinator, including each county EMS plan, a recruitment and retention assessment, and many documents related to disasters in the region.
- Development of RETAC specific questions The BIS instrument is designed to accommodate additional RETAC specific questions related to the 15 Colorado trauma/EMS components. The SECRETAC developed seven specific questions, four related to system finance, two related to education systems and one related to mass casualty.
- <u>Attend SECRETAC Meeting</u> The Abaris Group attended the SECRETAC board meeting prior to the onsite assessments, presented an overview of the SNAP and introduced the BIS instrument and problem ranking survey to the SECRETAC Board members.
- <u>Distribution of BIS and Problem Ranking Survey</u> The BIS instrument and problem ranking survey were provided to the SECRETAC stakeholders electronically and in paper form.
- Onsite Assessments In collaboration with the SECRETAC coordinator, The Abaris Group met with a sampling of the SECRETAC stakeholders. A SWOT analysis of the SECRETAC was performed with the information provided by the SECRETAC's stakeholders.
- <u>Tabulation and Analysis of BIS and Problem Ranking Survey</u> The returned, completed BIS data and completed problem ranking surveys were entered into a data base. The BIS scoring and problem rankings were analyzed.
- <u>Conclusions and Recommendations</u> Based on the data from the onsite assessments, BIS and problem ranking survey, conclusions and recommendations for SECRETAC system enhancements were identified.
- <u>Draft Final Report</u> A draft report with conclusions and recommendations was submitted to the SECRETAC Coordinator and Chairperson for confirmation of factual data.
- Presentation to SECRETAC Board Conclusions from the draft report were presented to the SECRETAC in an open forum on June 9,
 2010 in Springfield, Colorado.

Overview of the Southeastern Colorado RETAC

The SECRETAC represents six counties; Baca, Bent, Crowley, Kiowa, Otero, and Prowers. The SECRETAC Board is composed of 18 voting members, three appointed by each county. The Executive Committee is made up of six voting members, one from each county, and includes a chairperson, vice-chairperson, secretary, and treasurer. The SECRETAC bylaws allow for additional participation by the region's EMTS stakeholders through a non-voting general membership category. These additional members provide the SECRETAC Board with valuable information as well as participate with RETAC sub-committees. There is a paid full-time regional coordinator that conducts the day-to-day business of the RETAC.



The current SECRETAC Board makeup includes both pre-hospital agencies and the region's hospitals. There are two county commissioners on the SECRETAC Board, one from Crowley County and one from Kiowa County. There is also physician member from Prowers County. The organizations currently represented on the RETAC Board include the following:

Baca County

- Springfield EMS (Rick Hartley)
- Southeast Colorado Hospital (Cecelia Deen)
- Vacant

Bent County

- Bent County Ambulance (Barbara Martin)
- Bent County Ambulance (John Spano)
- Hasty-McClave Ambulance (Cheryl Brewer)

Crowley County

- Crowley County Commission (Tobe Allumbaugh)
- Crowley County EMS (Larry Reeves)
- Crowley Fire Department (Gary Gibson)

Kiowa County

- Kiowa County Commission (Donald Oswald)
- Kiowa County EMS (Eunice Weber)
- Weisbrod Hospital (Warren Yule)

Otero County

- Arkansas Valley Regional Medical Center (Kent Darnell)
- La Junta Fire and EMS (Aaron Eveatt)
- Rocky Ford Rural Fire Protection District (Gary Cox)

Prowers County

- Lamar Fire & EMS (Marshall Cook)
- Prowers Medical Center (Andrew Saueracker, MD)
- Holly Ambulance (Carrie Arambel)

The SECRETAC Bylaws allow for the establishment of standing and special committees as the council deems necessary. Currently the SECRETAC has the flowing committees in place:



- Clinical Education Committee
- Finance Committee
- Human Resources/Injury Prevention Committee
- MCI Committee

The SECRETAC meets on a quarterly basis. The meeting locations are rotated within the region. The SECRETAC meetings are well attended by the board members, general members, and other interested EMTS stakeholders. Committee meetings are held prior to the full board meeting.

The SECRETAC Coordinator acts as a liaison between the RETAC agencies and various state entities, including the CDPHE, SEMTAC, other RETACs as well as other agencies or organizations that affect the concerns and decisions of the SECRETAC.

The Southeastern Colorado RETAC EMTS system consists of a combination of paid and volunteer EMTS agencies and facilities. There are approximately 14 ambulance transport agencies in the region and four receiving facilities. The types of agencies and facilities include the following:

- Fire Department first-responders (paid and volunteer)
- 14 pre-hospital transport agencies
- 2 Level IV hospital/trauma center
- 2 Non-designated hospitals
- 2 EMT College Training Centers
- 6 Public Safety Answering Points (PSAP)/Dispatch Centers
- 5 Emergency Management Offices
- Regional Public Health Office
- 1 County EMS Council (Otero)

Other agencies include law enforcement, dispatch centers, public health, and regional fire chief associations. Staffing of SECRETAC EMTS prehospital agencies is mostly provided by volunteers, but there is a combination of paid and volunteer personnel in the region. In the frontier and rural counties, EMS is primarily provided by volunteer or part-time or hourly personnel. The level of care in the region ranges from BLS to ALS depending on available staff at the time of an EMS incident.

Southeastern Colorado RETAC Onsite and Offsite Activities

The Abaris Group consultant attended the SECRETAC meeting on September 9, 2009 in Rocky Ford. At that meeting, an overview of the SNAP was provided and the BIS and problem ranking surveys were introduced to the council members.

Onsite assessments were conducted on September 9 - 11, 2009. Onsite assessments consisted of traveling to a sample of the EMTS agencies and organizations' primary place of business or a mutually agreed upon location and interviewing one or more representatives. Participants were



asked to provide an overview of their organization and the SECRETAC, including a SWOT assessment of both related to the 15 Colorado EMTS components. The results of the SWOT analysis are included in this report.

The following 12 agencies/organizations representatives participated in the onsite visits or telephone interviews:

- Arkansas Valley Regional Medical Center
- Crowley County Commission
- Crowley County EMS
- Hasty-McClave Ambulance
- La Junta Fire & EMS
- Lamar Fire Protection District
- Prowers Medical Center
- Regional Area Public Health Preparedness and Response Office
- Rocky Ford Rural Fire Protection District
- Southeast Colorado Hospital
- Trans-care Ambulance Service
- Weisbrod Hospital

The SECRETAC Board decided not to conduct any Town Hall meetings and set a goal for 10 - 12 completed survey forms for each of the surveys. There were 10 completed BIS and problem ranking surveys returned.

In total, there were 16 agencies or facilities involved in this assessment process with over 20 individuals providing some form of input either through onsite or telephone interviews, or the completion of the BIS or problem ranking survey.

Offsite activities included reviewing several documents and other sources related to the SECRETAC. These sources include the following:

- SECRETAC 2007 2009 Biennial Plan
- SECRETAC 2009/2010 budget
- SECRETAC Bylaws (2003 edition)
- Internet search on SECRETAC
- Six counties (Bent, Baca, Crowley, Kiowa, Otero, Prowers) SWOT Analysis for 2009
- 2008 R&R Survey Results
- RETAC committee minutes
- Lessons Learned 2006 Blizzard

The SECRETAC currently does have a website with a fair amount of useful information and most of the documents on the website were reviewed by the consultant.



Onsite SWOT Analysis

There were onsite or telephone interviews with representatives of 12 SECRETAC EMTS agencies/organizations. Overall, either through individual interviews or completion of the surveys, input was received from 16 SECRETAC EMTS agencies and organizations. The SECRETAC Coordinator also provided valuable insight into the regional EMTS system in Southeastern Colorado.

The SECRETAC is well integrated with participation from both pre-hospital and hospital stakeholders. The regional public health official is also actively involved in the EMTS system in southeastern Colorado. EMTS research is not conducted in the region. The EMTS stakeholders are well informed and aware of legislative and regulatory issues. The SECRETAC has been very successful obtaining grant funds for equipment and education. Many of the agencies rely on these grant funds. Human resources issues with recruitment and retention is a major concern for the EMTS stakeholders within the SECRETAC. There are several high-quality educational opportunities in the region with sharing of training between pre-hospital agencies and hospitals. The RETAC and community colleges provide scholarship funds for initial EMT training. Public access to 9-1-1 is available throughout the region with the expected dead spots for cell phones along the highways. There is little evaluation of the EMTS system and most evaluation of patient care is agency/facility specific. The statewide 800 MHz Digital Trunked Radio (DTR) system is used throughout the region. Many of the stakeholders expressed the need for additional training with the radio system. There are five medical directors in the region with one of these medical director providing services for three of the counties, Crowley, Kiowa, and Otero. The SECRETAC has developed a comprehensive regional mass casualty guide (MCI) that has resource information from all 6 Counties to help provide key information for planning and response. Through the regional public health office and the region's Offices of Emergency Management (OEM) and All-Hazards Region agency a Medical Reserve Corp program is in place. EMTS stakeholders from the SECRETAC participated in a nine county mass vaccination clinic that involved three RETACs and over 800 health care professionals. There are a few public education and illness/injury prevention programs in place, most are agency/facility specific, although there is a regional occupant safety campaign funded with grant funds. The information systems used throughout the RETAC vary from pen and paper systems to high tech electronic patient care reporting (ePCR) systems.

The comments from the interviews and Town Hall meeting were organized in a format indicating strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats (SWOT). These comments are summarized below.

Strengths

- <u>Integration of Health Services</u> Agencies and facilities are actively involved in improving EMTS in the region; good communications between agencies and facilities; non-competitive environment; regional focus; RETAC Coordinator assisted with bringing the EMTS agencies in the eastern and western regions together; active EMS Council in Otero County
- <u>Legislation and Regulation</u> Fully engaged RETAC Board; consistent and compassionate Board; diverse Board membership; active physician involvement on Board
- System Finance Successful grant awards; grant writing skills of RETAC Coordinator; pre-hospital equipment grants
- <u>Education Systems</u> Outreach education and continuing education to the rural areas; good training opportunities; education/training grants or stipends; hospital outreach continuing education programs
- Mass Casualty Regional MCI guide; regional surge trailers; mass vaccination exercise



<u>Clinical Care</u> – Above average quality of clinical care provided; ALS in rural/frontier counties

Weaknesses

- <u>Integration of Health Services</u> Some lack of coordination between pre-hospital EMS and hospitals; east versus west; distance between
 agencies and facilities; relationship with RETAC Coordinator in the west region of RETAC; physician involvement
- <u>EMTS Research</u> Minimal activity
- System Finance Reimbursement issues; large number of Medicare and self pay (no insurance) patients
- Human Resources Recruitment and retention of volunteer and paid staffs; inadequate staffing
- Education Systems ALS level continuing education availability; cost of initial EMS training
- Communications System 800 DTR coverage issues; inexperienced 800 DTR users
- Evaluation Very little pre-hospital evaluation and QI activities throughout region
- <u>Public Education</u> Limited public education provided; no comprehensive, coordinated public education programs
- <u>Injury/Illness Prevention</u> Limited injury/illness prevention activities provided; no comprehensive, coordinated programs

Opportunities

- System Finance Continue pursuing grant opportunities; have RETAC Coordinator provide training to EMTS stakeholders on identifying grants and enhance their grant writing skills
- Human Resources Assisting EMS personnel attend nursing programs; continue scholarship programs
- <u>Education Systems</u>— Continue to work closely with the two colleges and hospitals in the region to enhance education and training, especially ALS level education; continue education financial assistance programs
- <u>Communications System</u> Enhance 800 DTR skills through additional training and exercises

Threats

- System Finance Decreasing insurance reimbursement
- Human Resources Inadequate number of paid and volunteer personnel; decreasing population base to recruit from
- Other Travel time and expense for meetings and training resulting in less participation



Benchmarks, Indicators, and Scoring (BIS) Instrument - Results, Analysis and Recommendations

This section of the report contains the analysis of the BIS instrument including both the agency/facility scores and the system (Southeastern Colorado RETAC) scores.

Twelve organizations from the Southeastern RETAC responded to the survey, including four hospitals and eight pre-hospital providers. Although for many of the topics there was great variation between how the respondents answered, they still provided some valuable insight into how respondents view the efforts of both their agencies and the SECRETAC system.

The BIS uses a weighted scoring system with 0 meaning "I don't know" and 5 indicating a program or EMTS component that is comprehensive and well established. Scores with higher numbers indicate that the component or program is comprehensive and well established.

Overall, the average score for the agency/facility was 2.9 and the average score for the system was a 1.7. The respondents most frequently scored their own agency or facility with threes or fours, indicating that these categories are mostly beyond the planning or discussion phase but not yet comprehensively established. However, respondents were not able to score many of the questions as they related to the overall system's efforts. Respondents answered "I don't know" to 43 percent of the questions as they related to the overall EMTS system. Respondents were most aware of overall system efforts in the areas of Integration of Health Services, EMTS Research, and Legislation and Regulation.

The hospital providers scored their facility higher on average than the pre-hospital respondents (3.2 vs. 2.8). Both hospital and pre-hospital respondents scored the overall EMTS system similarly (1.7 vs. 1.6). Overall, EMTS Research received the lowest combined score (1.4) while Integration of Health Services received the highest (3.1).

Individual questions that received the highest scores were Integration of Health Service structure (Q 1.1), System Finance outcomes (Q 4.3), Regulation and Legislation structure (Q 3.1), and Public Access structure (Q 7.1). Questions that received the lowest scores were RETAC communication systems (Q 9.4), RETAC information systems (Q 15.4), and EMTS Research outcomes (Q 2.3).

Integration of Health Services

Almost half of respondents (40 percent) stated that their agency/facility has brought together or participated in a stakeholder group to assist with, the development and implementation of the EMTS system, through a multidisciplinary committee and routinely recruits multidiscipline stakeholders to participate in the planning process

Similarly, respondents generally felt that the RETAC is involved in developing a system plan with, 30 percent stating that the multidisciplinary RETAC stakeholders group reacts to issues that lack appropriate system integration and another 30 percent stating that the multidisciplinary RETAC stakeholders group regularly reviews the RETAC's system wide plan and progress towards the goals and objectives pertaining to system integration at the sub-regional, regional and state level and assists in the continuous refinement of those efforts.



- Continue to involve EMTS stakeholders as General Members of the SECRETAC
- Ensure all stakeholders receive RETAC EMTS information and SECRETAC meeting minutes

EMTS Research

In general, respondents did not believe that their agency/facility conducts research or contributes to any research projects. Most respondents had very little knowledge about overall system research efforts.

Interviews with SECRETAC EMTS stakeholders revealed very little research is being done on a system basis.

Recommendations

- Determine if there is any interest in conducting research through the RETAC
- Identify resources, both personnel and financial, to undertake research if the RETAC so desires
- Consider collaboration with hospitals and educational institutions to conduct research in areas of mutual interest

Legislation and Regulation

The vast majority of respondents (80 percent) stated that the decision-making and operations of their agency/facility is in compliance with applicable policies, laws, rules, ordinances, and contracts and if an area of non-compliance is identified, immediate corrective action is taken. Respondents also generally believed that the overall system is in full compliance and maintains most documentation of the specific requirements.

30 percent of respondents stated the RETAC regularly reviews its plan, policies and conduct to ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, by-laws, and contracts and has a clearly defined process with time-frame expectations to ensure corrective action as needed with another 20 percent believing that the RETAC periodically arranges for an expert, third-party review of its plan.

Recommendations

- No major recommendations, the RETAC Coordinator provides adequate information to the EMTS agencies/facilities
- Review the need for an external review of the RETAC and EMTS agencies/facilities regarding compliance to legislation and regulations

System Finance

All respondents (100 percent) stated that their agency/facility collects data, generates reports, has a governing body to produce and approve revenue and expense reports, and that progress against budget projections is monitored throughout the budget cycle. Seventy-percent of respondents also stated that administrative, management and clinical care planning is conducted, priorities are identified and linked to the expense budget, and revenue sources are identified and allocated at their agency/facility.



Respondents also gave high scores to system finance components. Seventy-percent of respondents indicated that the RETAC involves RETAC staff and leadership in development of an annual operating budget and provides detailed quarterly and annual monitoring of performance compared to the budget.

Recommendations

- Continue to provide the SECRETAC financial data, including the annual operating budget and monitoring reports to system stakeholders on a regular basis
- Continue to assist EMTS agencies identify and apply for grants to enhance EMS delivery in the region
- Consider activities to assist EMTS stakeholders with enhancing revenues

Human Resources

There were mixed responses to the human resources components. Agencies/facilities ranged from stating that they had no formal or ongoing policies or programs for the recruitment and retention of personnel to stating that their agency/facility maintains optimal staffing levels through a pro-active recruitment and retention program that provides benefits and incentives to help ensure staff satisfaction and stability.

Sixty-percent of respondents did state that their agency/facility staff is regularly surveyed and/or invited to provide feedback/input on a regular basis on a wide variety of topics and 50 percent of respondents stated that their agency/facility is usually able to maintain an adequate staff to perform the mission, but turnover and recruitment of new personnel is a challenge.

Responses were also mixed on the overall system's human resource indicators. Forty-percent of respondents did not know whether or not the overall system has personnel recruitment and retention policies and programs in place to meet performance standards for level of care and response times.

Half of the respondents said that the RETAC provides some support to stakeholders and member organizations regarding staffing challenges, personnel policies, and access to needed agency-related training.

Recommendations

- Consider a system wide focused recruitment and retention program
- Consider sharing volunteer EMS personnel between EMS transport agencies where feasible

Education Systems

Respondents generally ranked their own agency/facility higher than the overall system for the Educational Systems indicators. Forty-percent of the respondents said that their agency/facility provides for competency-based initial and continuing education consistent with state and nationally recognized levels of care. Continued competency is assured by periodic testing. Training programs are based on current best practices and are supported by distance learning resources.



For the overall system, 30 percent said that the overall system has no written policy regarding education and continuing education requirements.

Recommendations

- Consider an education/training needs survey of SECRETAC stakeholders
- Continue to provide scholarships and financial support for EMS education/training
- Enhance and continue to share educational opportunities among EMTS agencies/facilities
- Explore alternative education/training options for ALS personnel

Public Access

Many respondents (60 percent) agreed that there is a 911 system in place, which includes Enhanced-911, Wireless-911 and other emerging technologies. Forty-percent believe that their system has accommodations for special populations that allow them to effectively access the system. However, some (20 percent) believe that there has been no consideration of the needs of special populations to access patient care within their system.

Knowledge on public access to the overall system was limited. However, half of the respondents did recognize that the RETAC is a stakeholder in regional efforts to develop efficient and effective communications and dispatch models.

Recommendations

- Explore the feasibility of consolidated state of the art emergency medical dispatch centers
- Provide consistent pre-arrival instructions in the frontier/rural counties, possibly by transferring calls that need pre-arrival
 instructions to a dispatch agency that does provide them

Evaluation

Most respondents reported that they have a computer system in place to assess system performance, and that they collect patient care data for a statewide database, as well as for their own monitoring. Forty-percent of respondents reported that they collect patient care data and provide the data to an approved statewide database.

Responses were mixed on whether the RETAC is a leader within its jurisdiction in the evaluation and research of EMTS activities, services and system oversight. Thirty-percent stated that the RETAC is beginning a dialogue with the service providers and hospitals on regional evaluation and research needed to evaluate and improve services and patient care.

- Determine what data is currently collected that can be used to evaluate the system
- Develop a list of data components useful for system evaluation



- Consider the development of a research and evaluation agenda with service providers, hospitals, community colleges and the medical community at large
- Assist pre-hospital agencies in developing a CQI program or facilitate their participation in another agencies CQI process

Communications System

The majority of respondents (60 percent) said that their agency/facility's needs assessments are conducted and procurement needs are coordinated with other agencies, jurisdictions, and disciplines. Forty-percent said that their agency/facility has adopted a communications plan that was developed with multiple stakeholder groups, and endorsed by those agencies but that issues of integration and inter-operability have not been fully resolved.

Reponses were varied on the overall system's communication indicators. Twenty-percent stated that there is no system communications plan, and one is not in progress and another 20 percent said that a communications plan was developed with multiple stakeholder groups, and endorsed by those agencies.

Recommendations

- Develop a SECRETAC Communications Plan for EMTS incorporating the current radio frequencies in use
- Provide routine ongoing education and training on the use of the 800 MHz DTR system for inexperienced or infrequent users
- Continue to incorporate the communications system components in annual drills and exercises to test reliability and interoperability

Medical Direction

All of the respondents said that their agency/facility has a medical director and 60 percent said that their medical director has formal authorities and responsibilities, and that there is evidence that he/she has used this authority to adopt protocols, implement a quality improvement program, and to fully integrate the facility/agency into the health care system.

Most respondents either stated that protocols have been adopted but there has been no effort to coordinate the use of protocols between their agency and the other agencies/providers within the system (40 percent) or that protocols have been developed in close coordination with the other agencies/providers within the system and are congruent with the local resources (40 percent).

Many respondents were unaware of the overall system's medical direction. Half of the respondents did recognize that protocols have been adopted but there has been no effort to coordinate the use of protocols between agencies/providers within the system.

- Survey stakeholder agencies regarding their needs for medical direction and their level of satisfaction with the current system of medical direction
- Enhance the feedback process from the Medical Director to the Pre-hospital agency director or chief



Clinical Care

In general, respondents gave high scores to their agency/facility's provision of clinical care. The majority of respondents (80 percent) said that their agency/facility plan clearly defines the roles and responsibilities of agency/facility personnel and emergency department personnel in treatment facilities for trauma patients. Written protocols and pre-hospital care guidelines exist and are reviewed and updated at regularly. Fifty-percent of respondents said that the agency/facility has an ongoing quality improvement program in place to monitor and assure that quality of care is consistent with adopted protocols.

Respondents were generally unaware of the overall system's provision of clinical care. However, among the respondents that were aware, responses were favorable. However, 40 percent of respondents stated that the RETAC is not involved in quality assessment or protocol monitoring.

Recommendations

- Consider moving towards standardized medical protocols with agency specific variations
- Consider the development of a regional Continuous Quality Improvement (CQI) plan or at least a template for a comprehensive CQI plan that can be adopted by system stakeholders

Mass Casualty

Respondents were varied with how they scored their own agency or facility high under the Mass Casualty indicators. Thirty-percent stated that formal plans for their agency/facility and other disaster services systems integration are in development. Thirty-percent also stated that disaster training and exercises are conducted haphazardly by our agency/facility alone without other stakeholders involvement and yet another 30 percent stated that exercises and training in all-hazards disaster situations are regularly conducted and include testing of agency/facility surge capacity with debriefing sessions occur after each drill or event.

Respondents were similarly varied with how they scored the overall system mass casualty indicators. Forty-percent of respondents did not know if the overall system has an operational plan with an established and ongoing cooperative working relationship with other stakeholders yet 40 percent said that a system-wide "debriefing" occurs following each exercise or event. Reports are written but often do not lead to improvement processes.

- Continue to participate in local, regional, and state mass casualty exercises and drills
- Continue to conduct regional exercises and drills based on each counties plan
- Enhance the evaluation process for mass casualty exercises and drills



Public Education

The majority of respondents indicated that they have a public awareness and injury/illness prevention program in place. Thirty-percent indicated that linkages between programs and implementation occur regularly, but are not measured. Another 30 percent indicated that linkages between programs and implementation occur regularly and they are just beginning to gather data to measure outcomes.

Half of the respondents said that their agency/facility has strong support from the community and political constituency that includes an ongoing budget that is adequate to meet the routine operating costs of the system.

Most respondents were not aware of the overall system public education efforts. However, half of the respondents said that the RETAC is taking a leadership role in promoting the EMTS system and in promoting wellness and prevention within the region.

Recommendations

- Assume a leadership role in the provision of public education through collaboration with the EMTS providers
- Identify agencies and organizations that currently provide good public education programs
- Partner with the hospitals and conduct public education campaigns on a rotating basis
- Develop an annual, continuous public education campaign to promote awareness of the EMTS system programs, including the promotion of wellness and prevention
- Explore funding sources and grants, including pooling of funds to support a regional public education campaign
- Develop "off-the-shelf" public education programs that individual agencies/facilities can implement

Prevention

Half of the respondents reported that there is no written plan for a coordinated injury/illness prevention program at their agency/facility and half said that there is no evidence to suggest that our agency/facility data are used to determine injury/illness prevention strategies. Forty-percent of respondents said that there is no effort to review the activities of our agency/facility in prevention efforts and no respondents said that they routinely use data to implement prevention programs and communicate prevention efforts through periodic reports.

Thirty-percent of respondents recognized that the EMTS and the public health system have begun sharing public health surveillance data for acute and chronic illness and injury with program linkages are in the discussion stage but generally most respondents did not know about overall system prevention efforts.

- Develop partnerships and linkages with the public health system and area hospitals to identify program goals
- Identify sources of information, including public health surveillance and emergency department data to identify the types of
 injuries and illness that may be prevented in the region



Information Systems

Forty-percent of respondents said that there is a minimal data set collected but it cannot be shared with other entities nor used for system improvements. Another 30 percent said that there is a data collection system in place, but that the use of the data is random and unfocused.

Respondents reported limited information system capabilities, with no facility reporting a fully-integrated and usable information system in place. Most respondents claimed that there was either minimum data collected or the data was not fully accessible.

Most respondents do not know about the data collection and information systems in the overall system. For those that were aware, 30 percent reported that there is a minimal data set collected but it cannot be shared with other entities nor used for system improvements.

- Determine what information and data sources are currently available from the EMTS stakeholders
- Identify data elements necessary to monitor and evaluate the system
- Identify funding sources for hardware and software to collect data
- Integrate pre-hospital, hospital, and trauma data to assess the quality of the regional EMTS system
- Use the integrated information to drive policy and protocol decisions
- Provide feedback to management and providers on a regular basis



Problem Ranking Survey - Results and Analysis

The problem ranking survey asked respondents to rank ten listed issues from most challenging (1) to least challenging (10). The ten issues listed on the survey were:

- Administrative Support
- Aging Building/Equipment
- Cooperation with Other Agencies
- Medical Director Involvement
- Retention of Personnel

- Agency Funding/Financial Viability
- Billing/Accounts Receivable
- Initial/Continuing Education
- Recruitment of New Personnel
- Support from RETAC

There were 10 completed surveys returned, six from pre-hospital agencies, two from hospitals, one from an elected official, and one from a public health official. Both Pre-Hospital and hospital respondents cited were Recruitment and Retention of Personnel as their most challenging issue. The public health and public official both cited Agency Funding/Financial Viability as the most challenging issue.

Overall, respondents most frequently ranked Administrative Support, Cooperation with Other Agencies, and Support from RETAC as their least challenging issues and Agency Funding/Financial Viability, Aging Building/Equipment, and Recruitment of New Personnel as their most challenging issues.

Table A below summarizes the responses by agency/organization type.

Table A

| Issue | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Administrative Support | 5 | 9 | 5 | 8 | 10 | 9 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 |
| Agency Funding/Financial Viability | 8 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 1 |
| Aging Building/Equipment | 1 | 4 | 9 | 1 | 9 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 5 |
| Billing/Accounts Receivable | 10 | 2 | 8 | 9 | 4 | 7 | 5 | 10 | 4 | 4 |
| Cooperation with Other Agencies | 9 | 8 | 7 | 2 | 3 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 3 | 10 |
| Initial/Continuing Education | 6 | 3 | 6 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 7 | 1 | 7 | 6 |
| Medical Director Involvement | 7 | 5 | 10 | 7 | 8 | 3 | 8 | 6 | 10 | 9 |
| Recruitment of New Personnel | 3 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Retention of Personnel | 4 | 7 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 2 |
| Support from RETAC | 2 | 9 | 3 | 10 | 6 | 8 | 6 | 7 | 9 | 8 |
| Pre-Hospital Hospital Public Health E | lected | | • | - | - | • | • | - | - | • |

Table B lists the frequency of each issue by rank.

Table B

| SECRETAC Problem Ranking Frequency of Each Issue by Rank | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|---|----|
| | | | F | req | uen | cy b | y R | ank | | |
| Issue | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Administrative Support | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Agency Funding/Financial Viability | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Aging Building/Equipment | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Billing/Accounts Receivable | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Cooperation with Other Agencies | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Initial/Continuing Education | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Medical Director Involvement | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Recruitment of New Personnel | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Retention of Personnel | 0 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Support from RETAC | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |

Table C lists the proportion of issue by rank.

Table C

| SECRETAC Problem Ranking | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Proportion of Each Issue by Rank | | | | P | roportio | n by Rai | nk | | | |
| Issue | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Administrative Support | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 20.0% | 0.0% | 10.0% | 20.0% | 30.0% | 20.0% |
| Agency Funding/Financial Viability | 30.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 20.0% | 10.0% | 20.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Aging Building/Equipment | 20.0% | 0.0% | 10.0% | 20.0% | 20.0% | 10.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 20.0% | 0.0% |
| Billing/Accounts Receivable | 0.0% | 10.0% | 0.0% | 30.0% | 10.0% | 0.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 20.0% |
| Cooperation with Other Agencies | 0.0% | 10.0% | 20.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 10.0% | 20.0% | 20.0% | 20.0% |
| Initial/Continuing Education | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 30.0% | 20.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Medical Director Involvement | 0.0% | 0.0% | 10.0% | 0.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 20.0% | 20.0% | 10.0% | 20.0% |
| Recruitment of New Personnel | 40.0% | 20.0% | 20.0% | 10.0% | 0.0% | 10.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Retention of Personnel | 0.0% | 40.0% | 20.0% | 10.0% | 20.0% | 0.0% | 10.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Support from RETAC | 0.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 20.0% | 10.0% | 20.0% | 20.0% | 10.0% |



Conclusion

The Southeastern Colorado RETAC has good representation and active participation from the EMTS disciplines and stakeholders in the Southeastern Colorado region. The current RETAC Board members represent primarily hospital and pre-hospital providers, but includes a physician and two elected officials. The regional public health office is also actively involved in RETAC projects, especially MCI related projects. The RETAC meetings are well attended and there is always a quorum to carry out RETAC business. The RETAC Chairperson and Coordinator both provide the leadership necessary to improve the EMTS system in the Southeastern Colorado.

The SECRETAC consists of a diverse geographical area, covering six counties. The RETAC does focus on a regional approach to providing EMTS in the region. There are regional projects that have been funded by the RETAC. The SECRETAC Coordinator has been extremely successful with obtaining grants for the region. The SECRETAC biennial plan identifies appropriate priorities for enhancing EMTS in the region. The RETAC has many accomplishments over the past few years.

The SECRETAC has a website that provides a significant amount of information regarding EMTS in the region. There are two community colleges in the region that provide both initial and continuing education. The hospitals provide a significant amount of continuing education.

Overall, the average score for agency/facility was a 3.1 and the average score for the overall EMTS system was a 2.2. Hospital and pre-hospital providers generally ranked their own agency/facility with fours and fives, indicating that these categories are beyond the planning or discussion phase and have been comprehensively established in some instances. Scores for the overall EMTS system were lower, with many respondents indicating that they were unaware or did not know about the overall system's efforts for many of the BIS categories. Respondents were most aware of overall system efforts in the areas of Integration of Health Services, Human Resources, Education Systems, and Evaluation and were least aware of overall system efforts in the areas of Public Education, Medical Direction, EMTS Research, and Information Systems.

The hospital providers scored their facility slightly higher on average than the pre-hospital respondents (3.5 vs. 3.2). However, the hospital providers scored the overall EMTS system lower than the pre-hospital providers (1.9 vs. 2.5). Overall, EMTS Research and Prevention received the lowest combined scores (1.6) while System Finance received the highest (3.6).

Individual questions that received the highest average scores were System Finance processes (Q 4.2), System Finance RETAC indicators (Q 4.4), Regulation and Legislation structure (Q 3.1), and Integration of Health Services structure (Q 1.1). Questions that received the lowest average scores were EMTS Research outcomes (Q 2.3), Public Education process (Q 13.2), and Prevention structure, process, and outcomes (Q 14.1, 14.2, 14.3).

From the problem ranking survey results, both Pre-Hospital and hospital respondents cited were Recruitment and Retention of Personnel as their most challenging issue. The public health and public official both cited Agency Funding/Financial Viability as the most challenging issue. Overall, respondents most frequently ranked Administrative Support, Cooperation with Other Agencies, and Support from RETAC as their least challenging issues and Agency Funding/Financial Viability, Aging Building/Equipment, and Recruitment of New Personnel as their most challenging issues.



The recommendations for the Southeastern Colorado RETAC include both short-term and long-term activities. The council members should review and prioritize the recommendations for the region. Inclusion of these recommendations into the biennial plan is highly encouraged.



SECRETAC Regional Emergency Medical and Trauma Advisory Council Standardized (Regional) Needs Assessment Project Benchmarks, Indicators and Scoring (BIS)

The Colorado Department of Health and Environment Emergency Medical and Trauma Services (EMTS) Division has contracted with The Abaris Group to conduct a needs assessment of each Regional Emergency Medical and Trauma Advisory Council (RETAC) areas. This assessment will consist of on-site visits with EMTS agencies and individuals, town hall meetings and analysis of an anonymous survey completed by EMTS stakeholders. The results of the assessment will be presented to the local RETAC and the Colorado EMTS Division. Your local RETAC Coordinator will be actively involved in the assessment process.

The survey below is referred to as Benchmarks, Indicators and Scoring, or "BIS." We are asking for your input by completing the BIS prior to a meeting that will be held in your community during the on-site phase of the assessment. We also hope you will be able to attend the meeting held in your community where we will review and discuss results of the BIS scoring and provide a "town hall" like forum where you can help us understand issues and challenges facing your agency, your community and your region.

To assist us in this task we have developed Indicators and Scoring that relate to the 15 components contained in the Colorado EMTS Plan. Those components are:

- 1. Integration of Health Services
- 2. EMTS Research
- 3. Legislation and Regulations
- 4. System Finance
- 5. Human Resources
- 6. Education Systems
- 7. Public Access
- 8. Evaluation
- 9. Communications Systems
- 10. Medical Direction
- 11. Clinical Care
- 12. Mass Casualty
- 13. Public Education
- 14. Prevention
- 15. Information Systems

For each of the 15 "Benchmarks" there are 4 indicators that relate to Structure, Process, Outcome and the RETAC. These indicators are described as follows:

- 1. <u>Structure</u> legislation; rules or regulations; bylaws or charter; policies and procedures or authority
- 2. <u>Process</u> Is there a process in place to implement requirements or expectations contained in the structure indicator? If so, does the process reflect the requirements or expectations contained in the structure?
- 3. <u>Outcome</u> Are there tools in place to measure the effectiveness of the process (e.g. data collection)? Are measurements or evaluations ongoing? Is data used to drive improvements?
- 4. These are Regional Emergency Medical and Trauma Council (RETAC) indicators and measure or create expectations for the RETACs that support either local EMTS agencies within the RETAC or that drive statewide improvements through RETAC representation on state advisory bodies.

For each of these indicators, we ask that you mark or circle the score that most closely reflects your knowledge of or opinion of the progress toward or compliance with each indicator. As you read through the scoring, you will see that each score, from 1-5 describes a rank in system development. **Remember, you are ranking your own organization within the Regional Emergency Medical and Trauma system.** If you are a rural system with limited resources you may rank low in score. This does not mean you are a "bad" system. It simply reflects the reality of your resources, be they human or mechanical. If you do not have sufficient information to mark a score, mark or circle "0" = I don't know.



<u>Please note:</u> In each scoring box there are boxes for 2 separate scores. In the box marked "Agency/Facility Score," please score your agency or organization. In the box marked "System Score" please score the overall Regional Emergency Medical and Trauma System as you perceive it. In many cases, the two scores will be different. For example, you may score your agency higher or lower in disaster response capabilities than you score the overall system in your area.

During the meeting to be held in your community we will combine your score with those of your peers and other stakeholders to arrive at a consensus score. Your agency or system can use this consensus score to help drive performance improvement plans and activities. This assessment tool can be used 1, 2 or 3 years in the future to assist you in determining the growth in your system over time and to show your accomplishments in system improvement.

Please take a few minutes to complete the BIS prior to your community meeting. Please bring the <u>completed BIS</u> with you to the meeting. If you cannot attend the meeting, please give the completed BIS to a colleague or supervisor so your opinion can be counted.

If you have any questions regarding this assessment or the BIS, contact your local RETAC Coordinator, **Mike Merrill** at 719-468-0711, or by email mike@secretac.com or **Ken Riddle**, The Abaris Group, at 702-287-6546, or by email at kriddle@abarisgroup.com.



SECRETAC Regional Emergency Medical and Trauma Advisory Council Standardized (Regional) Needs Assessment Project Benchmarks, Indicators and Scoring (BIS)

| <u>Demographical Information:</u> (Indicate provider type and check all that apply below the provider type selected.) | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Pre-Hospital Provider Volunteer Paid BLS ALS Fire/Rescue Ambulance Other | Hospital Provider Trauma Center Level MD RN Administration | Other ProviderLaw EnforcementDispatch/CommunicationsEmergency ManagementPublic HealthElected OfficialOther | | | | |
| Note: The word "system" in this survey is defined as the local RETAC comprised of multiple counties. | | | | | | |

| Emergency Medical and Trauma | System Component (EMTS) | : Integration of Health Se | ervices | | | |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| 1. All disciplines that influence patient care within assure integration and coordination of patient care. | 1. All disciplines that influence patient care within the system work together within their regional communities as a whole to assure integration and coordination of patient care. | | | | | |
| Structure Indicator | Scoring | | | | | |
| 1.1 Your agency/facility participates in multidisciplinary planning within your regional system. | O. Don't Know 1. There is no evidence of integrate the system. 2. There have been limited ongoing regional system coregional system. 3. Our agency/facility part regularly to develop and im 4. Our agency/facility multidisciplinary EMTS general maintaining a comprehensing a comprehensing to assist with, the system, through a multidivarious disciplines are rout issues and refinement depublic safety) and as part of | d attempts to organize loommittees meet regularly icipates in a regional complement a comprehensive either brings together group that is developive system plan. brought together or participate development and implicipations is committee. Materials were to participate the participate of the properties of the properti | cal groups, but to date no a to design or implement a mmittee/group that meets e system plan. To participates in, a ping, implementing, and reticipated in a stakeholder dementation of the EMTS fulltiple stakeholders from pate in system operational peeded (e.g., public health, | | | |
| | Agency/Facility Score | System Score | | | | |
| | | | | | | |



Emergency Medical and Trauma System Component (EMTS): Integration of Health Services **Process Indicator** Scoring 1.2 There is a clearly defined process to 0. Don't Know notify all stakeholders 1. There is no defined process for communicating important issues and communicate and regarding planning efforts or changes that may planning efforts that affect patient care. affect patient care or the delivery of patient care 2. There is an unwritten/informal process that is used when convenient, within your region. although not regularly or consistently utilized. 3. The process for communication and notification to all stakeholders regarding planning and proposed changes in the delivery of patient care is articulated within the system plan, although it has not been fully implemented. Policies are not written. 4. The process for communication and notification to all stakeholders regarding changes in patient care is contained within and guided by the system plan. There are current policies and procedures in place to notify our stakeholders regarding possible changes in patient care issues. 5. There is a clearly defined written process for notification of all stakeholders regarding changes in patient care that impact the agency/facility. The process is stated in the system plan and incorporated into the policy and procedures for the service provider. Stakeholders are actively engaged in issues affecting patient care to resolve issues and to improve the program and its integration within other health care and public safety efforts in the community and the region. **Agency/Facility Score System Score**

| Emergency Medical and Traumo | Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Integration of Health Services | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Outcome Indicator | Scoring | | | | | | |
| 1.3 Your agency/facility has clearly stated goals and objectives to assure effective care of patients within the system. These goals and objectives contain all disciplines and there is a system in place to measure progress. | There is a plan in place progress. Our agency/facility less system integration without. A multidisciplinary group demonstrate a lack of agency's/facility's protocomes. A multidisciplinary group progress towards the good | e for system integration, adership periodically revieut input from various stakeoup/committee is in place f appropriate system in place for a system in the | ning to system integration. but no method to measure ews its activities related to eholders. e that reacts to issues that integration, e.g. did one views our agency's/facility's ng to system integration at inuous refinement of those | | | | |
| | Agency/Facility Score | System Score |] | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |



| Emergency Medical and Traumo | System (EMTS)Component: Integration of Health Services | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| RETAC Indicator | Scoring | | | | | |
| 1.4 The RETAC conducts or coordinates activities | 0. Don't Know | | | | | |
| to improve patient care through collaborative | 1. There is no process to measure progress towards goals and objectives | | | | | |
| efforts among health related agencies, facilities | pertaining to regional EMTS integration. | | | | | |
| and organizations within the region. The RETAC | 2. There is an informal or sporadic process that reacts to concerns regarding | | | | | |
| encourages groups involved in Emergency Medical | lack of integration with other health care and public safety assets. | | | | | |
| and Trauma System (EMTS) to work with other | 3. RETAC leadership and staff periodically reviews its activities related to | | | | | |
| entities (e.g. health related, state, local and | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | |
| private agencies and institutions) to share | | | | | | |
| expertise, to evaluate and make | 1 | | | | | |
| recommendations, and mutually address and | transported to the appropriate health care facility based on previously | | | | | |
| solve problems within the region. | adopted protocols. | | | | | |
| | 5. The multidisciplinary RETAC stakeholders group regularly reviews the | | | | | |
| | RETAC's system wide plan and progress towards the goals and objectives | | | | | |
| | pertaining to system integration at the sub-regional, regional and state level | | | | | |
| | and assists in the continuous refinement of those efforts. | | | | | |
| | RETAC Score | | | | | |
| | RETAC SCOTE | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Research

2. All disciplines participate in and contribute to research efforts that increase the evidence upon which the system design is based.

Structure Indicator

2.1 Your agency/facility and stakeholders group has sufficient policies to conduct and participate in system research efforts.

Note: In this context, research is defined as a "systematic process of inquiry, using the scientific method, aimed at discovering, interpreting and revising facts." (as differentiated from Evaluation)

Scoring

- 0. Don't Know
- 1. Our agency/facility does not conduct or participate in research efforts as no policy exists.
- 2. Our agency/facility does not conduct or participate in research efforts even though policies permit participation.
- 3. Our agency/facility has policies that allow contribution of data to research efforts.
- 4. Our agency/facility conduct research in collaboration with physicians and research centers to increase the evidence upon which system design, patient care and specific interventions are based.
- 5. Our agency/facility policies promote system research in collaboration with physicians and research centers. The data are used to analyze and improve system design, patient care and specific interventions.

| Agency/Facility Score | System Score |
|-----------------------|--------------|
| | |
| | |



| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS)Component: Research | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Process Indicator | Scoring | | | | |
| 2.2 Your agency/facility and/or stakeholders group cooperate to conduct and participate in system research efforts. Research efforts may include collaboration with social scientists, economists, health services researchers, epidemiologists, operations researchers, and other clinical scientists. | Our agency/facility does not conduct research. Our agency/facility conducts limited local research but does not cooperate on research projects of broader scope. Our agency/facility participates in or conducts cooperative research. | | | | |

| Emergency Medical a | Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Research | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Outcome Indicator | | Scoring | | | | | |
| 2.3 Your agency/facility is integrated with external stakeholders in creating, applying and publishing research projects. | results. 4. The efforts of system public policy makers are of the system public for the efforts of | ntributes to research projective to the professionals, delivery systems or of the professionals, delivery systems or of the professionals, delivery systems or or of the professionals, delivery systems or or of the professionals, delivery systems or or or of the professionals of the professional of the professionals of the professional of the professio | ects. If apply appropriate research etems, academic centers and apply research. Items, academic centers and implement evidence-based | | | | |
| | Agency/Facility Score | System Score | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |



| Emergency Medical a | nd Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Research | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| RETAC Indicator | Scoring | | | | |
| 2.4 The RETAC leads or coordinates efforts to | 0. Don't Know | | | | |
| determine the effectiveness and efficiency of the | 1. The RETAC is not involved in research planning or activities. | | | | |
| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) | 2. The RETAC plan makes research a future priority. | | | | |
| through research. A continuous and | 3. The RETAC has implemented a research plan that identifies and | | | | |
| comprehensive effort is initiated and sustained to | disseminates existing research findings. | | | | |
| validate current Emergency Medical and Trauma | 4. The RETAC identifies, coordinates, implements and disseminates research | | | | |
| System (EMTS) practices in an effort to improve | efforts and results. | | | | |
| patient care, determine the appropriate allocation | 5. The RETAC is a research implementation catalyst by delivering technical | | | | |
| of resources to prevent injury, illness, death and | assistance that produces research methodology content training to system | | | | |
| disability. | participants. As a result of this technical assistance, a cadre of agency | | | | |
| | investigators works in partnership with hospitals, academic centers, policy | | | | |
| | makers, public health departments, funding sources and others as appropriate, | | | | |
| | to identify, coordinate, implement and disseminate research. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | RETAC Score | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Legislation & Regulation | | |
|---|--|--|
| 3. All disciplines are in compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules, ordinances, contracts, and/or bylaws. | | |
| Structure Indicator | Scoring | |
| 3.1 Your agency/facility is in full compliance with all applicable laws, rules, ordinances, contracts, etc. that govern all aspects of their operation and maintain current copies of all relevant policies and required licenses, certifications, insurance policies, etc. | Don't Know There is no evidence that our agency is aware of applicable laws, rules, ordinances, and contracts that govern our operation or maintains any required documentation. Our agency/facility can demonstrate that it is aware of applicable laws, rules, ordinances and contracts that govern our operation but we only maintains documentation of some of the specific requirements (e.g. vehicles properly licensed, inspected, and insured) Our agency/facility has committed in writing to compliance with all applicable laws, rules, ordinances and contracts, but it only maintains documentation of some of the specific requirements. Our agency/facility can demonstrate compliance with most applicable laws, rules, ordinances and contracts that govern our operation and maintains documentation of most (> 50%) of the specific requirements. Our agency/facility demonstrates full compliance with all applicable laws, rules, ordinances and contracts that govern our operation and our agency maintains documentation of all specific requirements. | |
| | Agency/Facility Score System Score | |
| | | |



| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Legislation & Regulation | | | |
|--|---|---|---|
| Process Indicator | | Scoring | |
| | O. Don't Know The decision-making are in compliance with application and in compliance with contracts. The decision-making a compliance with applicable 4. The decision-making are with applicable policies, I non-compliance is identification-making are with decision-making are with applicable policies, I non-compliance is identification-making are with a policies are with a policies are with a policies and with a policies are with a policies and with a policies are | Scoring and operations of our agentable policies, laws, rules, or applicable policies, law applicable policies, law applicable policies, law and operations of our agentable policies, laws, rules, ord aws, rules, ordinances, a ed, immediate corrective and operations of our agentable policies, and operations of our agentable policies. | acy/facility are routinely not ordinances, and contracts. ency/facility are sometimes vs, rules, ordinances, and ncy/facility are generally in linances and contracts. cy/facility are in compliance and contracts. |
| | Agency/Facility Score | System Score | |
| | | | |

| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Legislation & Regulation | | |
|---|--|--|
| Outcome Indicator | Scoring | |
| 3.3 Your agency/facility is reviewed periodically by objective, third-party experts, reviewers, or regulators to ensure that it functions in compliance with all applicable policies, laws, rules, ordinances, and contracts that govern its operation. | O. Don't Know 1. Our agency/facility has never had an objective external review. 2. Our agency/facility has had episodic, objective external reviews of a limited number of specific operational areas (e.g. financial audit or equipment inspection). 3. Our agency/facility has had regular objective external reviews of a limited number of operational components that include compliance with some applicable policies, laws, rules, ordinances, and contracts. 4. Our agency/facility has regular objective external reviews of a wide range of operational areas to ensure compliance with applicable policies, laws, rules, ordinances, and contracts. These reviews are then tied into timely quality improvement activities to help ensure corrective action whenever required. 5. Our agency/facility has regular objective external reviews of all operational areas to ensure compliance with all applicable policies, laws, rules, ordinances, and contracts. Such reviews have led to agency/service accreditation and reaccreditation from an independent third party such as the Joint Commission, Commission on the Accreditation of Ambulance Services or the Commission on the Accreditation of Air Medical Transport Systems. Agency/Facility Score System Score | |



| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Legislation & Regulation | | |
|--|---|--|
| RETAC Indicator | Scoring | |
| 3. 4 The RETAC has developed its biennial plan | 0. Don't Know | |
| according to Chapter Four of Colorado State Rules | 1. The RETAC does not review its plan, policies and conduct to ensure | |
| Pertaining to the Statewide Emergency Medical | compliance with applicable laws, rules, by-laws, and contracts, | |
| and Trauma Care System, and reviews its plan, | 2. The RETAC sporadically reviews its plan, policies and conduct to ensure | |
| policies and operations at least annually to ensure | compliance. | |
| it is in compliance with its plan and state rules. | 3. The RETAC regularly reviews its plan, policies and conduct to ensure | |
| | compliance with applicable laws, rules, by-laws, and contracts. | |
| | 4. The RETAC regularly reviews its plan, policies and conduct to ensure | |
| | compliance with applicable laws, rules, by-laws, and contracts and has a clearly | |
| | defined process with time-frame expectations to ensure corrective action as | |
| | needed. | |
| | 5. The RETAC periodically arranges for an expert, third-party review of its plan, | |
| | policies, and conduct to ensure compliance with all laws, rules, by-laws, and | |
| | contracts. All findings from such a review are used as a basis for quality | |
| | improvements and timely corrective actions as necessary. | |
| | | |
| | RETAC Score | |
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| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: System Finance | | | |
|--|---|------------------------|--------------------|
| 4. All disciplines are financially stable organizations with approved budgets that are aligned with the Regional EMTS plan and priorities. | | | |
| Structure Indicator | | Scoring | |
| 4.1 Cost, charge, collection and reimbursement | 0. Don't Know | | |
| data are projected and collected; are compared to | 1. Cost, charge, collection | and reimbursement data | are not collected. |
| (benchmarked) against industry data; and, are | 2. Cost, charge, collection | and reimbursement data | are collected. |
| used in strategic and budget planning. | Cost, charge, collection and reimbursement data are collected. Cost, charge, collection and reimbursement data are collected and analyzed by internal or external finance experts. Cost, charge, collection and reimbursement data are collected and analyzed by internal or external finance experts e.g. CPA, but are not benchmarked against industry data. Cost, charge, collection and reimbursement data are collected and analyzed by internal or external finance experts and are benchmarked against industry data. | | |
| | Agency/Facility Score | System Score | |
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| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: System Finance | | |
|---|---|--|
| Process Indicator | Scoring | |
| 4.2 Budgets are approved and based on historic and projected cost, charge, collection, reimbursement and public/private support data. | Don't Know There is no data that can be accessed for budgetary planning purposes. Data is collected but reports are not routinely generated that can be used for budget planning. Data is collected and reports generated, but there is no formal budget planning process. Data is collected, reports generated and there is an expense budget process, but it is not linked to revenue. Data is collected, reports generated, and revenue and expense budgets are produced and approved by the governing body. Progress against budget projections is monitored throughout the budget cycle. Agency/Facility Score System Score | |

| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: System Finance | | |
|--|---|--|
| Outcome Indicator | Scoring | |
| 4.3 Financial resources exist that support the planning, implementation and ongoing management of the administrative and clinical care components of your agency/facility. | Don't Know Administrative, management and clinical care planning is not conducted. Administrative, management and clinical care planning is conducted, but priorities are not identified. Administrative, management and clinical care planning is conducted and priorities are identified, but are not linked to the budget process. Administrative, management and clinical care planning is conducted priorities are identified and linked to the expense budget, but revenue sources are not identified or allocated. Administrative, management and clinical care planning is conducted priorities are identified and linked to the expense budget, and revenue sources are identified and allocated. | |
| | Agency/Facility Score System Score | |
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| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: System Finance | |
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| RETAC Indicator | Scoring |
| 4.4 The RETAC board adopts an annual | 0. Don't Know |
| operating budget and monitors financial | 1. The RETAC submits an operating budget to the state but does not monitor |
| performance compared to the budget at least | performance compared to the budget. |
| quarterly. | 2. The RETAC submits an operating budget annually for board approval and |
| | monitors financial performance annually. |
| | 3. The RETAC submits an operating budget annually for board approval and |
| | monitors performance at least twice a year. |
| | 4. The RETAC submits an operating budget annually for board approval and |
| | monitors financial performance compared to the budget at least quarterly. |
| | 5. The RETAC involves RETAC staff and leadership in development of an annual |
| | operating budget and provides detailed quarterly and annual monitoring of |
| | performance compared to the budget |
| | |
| | RETAC Score |
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Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Human Resources

5. All disciplines have sufficient capacity and ability to recruit, train, support, and maintain adequate numbers and an appropriate mix of volunteer and/or paid personnel consistent with its written plan and commensurate with identified needs within the community.

| Structure Indicator | Scoring |
|--|---|
| 5.1 Your agency/facility has personnel | 0. Don't Know |
| recruitment and retention policies and programs | 1. Our agency/facility has no formal or ongoing policies or programs for the |
| to maintain adequate numbers of trained and | recruitment and retention of personnel. There are no personnel policies |
| licensed personnel (paid and/or volunteer) to | identifying the expectations and responsibilities of the agency or its staff. |
| meet performance standards for level of care and | 2. Our agency/facility periodically organizes a program to recruit new staff on |
| response times. | an as-needed basis. There are no personnel policies identifying the |
| | expectations and responsibilities of the agency or its staff. |
| Formal personnel policies are reviewed regularly | 3. Our agency/facility periodically organizes a program to recruit new staff on |
| by your agency/facility governing authority and | an as-needed basis. Personnel policies are informal or although written are not |
| clearly identify expectations and responsibilities | reviewed regularly. |
| for both the agency and staff. | 4. Our agency/facility has a regular program to recruit new staff as needed and |
| | also has an ongoing program to retain current staff through formal process and |
| | providing supportive and improved incentives as appropriate. Personnel |
| | policies are written, reviewed, and updated regularly. |
| | 5. Our agency/facility maintains optimal staffing levels through a pro-active |
| | recruitment and retention program that provide benefits and incentives to |
| | help ensure staff satisfaction and stability. Personnel policies are written, |
| | regularly reviewed, clearly communicated and fairly applied. |
| | |
| | Agency/Facility Score System Score |
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Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS)Component: Human Resources Scoring **Process Indicator** 5.2 Standardized feedback processes reflect that 0. Don't Know personnel understand applicable policies and 1. There are no regular opportunities for staff feedback. procedures and demonstrate awareness of 2. Feedback is informally requested from staff on a limited and/or episodic accessibility to required and advanced training, basis with no commitment towards utilizing the results for positive change. leadership opportunities, and stress management 3. Staff is invited to provide feedback on a regular basis, but it is limited to services as needed. specific issues identified by management and there is no expectation for a response from management. 4. Staff is invited to provide feedback/input on a wide variety of topics, including working conditions, personnel policies, training needs, etc. There is no expectation for a response from management 5. Staff is regularly surveyed and/or invited to provide feedback/input on a regular basis on a wide variety of topics. Management commits itself to acknowledging the feedback/input and explaining its responses and decisions as appropriate. Agency/Facility Score **System Score**

| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Human Resources | | |
|--|--|--|
| Outcome Indicator | Scoring | |
| 5.3 Your agency/facility is fully staffed. All personnel understand policies and their job duties/ responsibilities. Staff indicates that they have input into operational decisions, and have reasonable access to needed equipment, supplies, training, and support. | Don't Know Our agency/facility is constantly under-staffed and excessive turnover is ongoing problem. Our agency/facility is periodically under-staffed due to turnover. Our agency/facility is usually able to maintain an adequate staff to perfor the mission, but turnover and recruitment of new personnel is a challenge. Our agency/facility has low turnover and is able to recruit personnel needed to fill any gaps. Personnel indicate that they are satisfied with works conditions and personnel policies. Our agency/facility maintains a pool of candidates to fill any vacancies in timely manner. The staff indicates high satisfaction with their works conditions, input into decision-making, and access to equipment, training, a supportive services. | |
| | Agency/Facility Score System Score | |



Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS)Component: Human Resources **RETAC Indicator** Scoring 5.4 Its stakeholders and organizational 0. Don't Know members view the RETAC as a source of technical 1. The RETAC experiences high stakeholder turnover and staff instability. The assistance and support to improve Emergency RETAC is not viewed as a resource to improve and enhance agency-related Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) related human services in the region. human services capability and functioning within 2. The RETAC has a capable and stable staff, but is not viewed by its the region through policy development, medical, stakeholders and organizational members as a resource to improve and technical and leadership training, and facilitating enhance agency-related human services in the region. access to supportive services like critical incident 3. The RETAC provides some support to stakeholders and member stress management. Provider recruitment and organizations regarding staffing challenges, personnel policies, and access to challenges identified needed agency-related training. in 4. The RETAC is viewed as a key resource for technical assistance and support assessments are prioritized accordingly in the biennial plan. with human resources matters and as a source of training opportunities by its stakeholders and organizational members. 5. The RETAC is highly skilled in human resources matters and regularly provides related technical assistance and support to stakeholders and organizational members. The RETAC provides, facilitates, and supports a wide range of technical, medical, leadership and personal growth/wellness training opportunities. The RETAC ensures access to CISM services as needed. **RETAC Score**

| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS)Component: Education Systems | | |
|---|---|--|
| 6. All disciplines provide appropriate, competency based education programs to assure a competent work force. | | |
| Structure Indicator | Scoring | |
| 6.1 Your agency/facility has written educational requirements and a structure in place to provide education and maintenance of clinical skills consistent with state and national levels of training. | Don't know Our agency/facility has no written policy regarding education and continuing education requirements. | |
| | | |



| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Education Systems | | |
|--|---|--|
| Process Indicator | Scoring | |
| 6.2 Your agency/facility provides initial and continuing education programs with competency testing, consistent with state and national recognized levels of care. | Don't know Our agency/facility provides no initial or continuing education to its | |

| Emergency Medical and Ti | Frauma System (EMTS) Component: Education Systems |
|--|---|
| Outcome Indicator | Scoring |
| 6.3 Your agency/facility measures the effectiveness of its continuing education program by evaluating competency on a regular basis and bases continuing education and remedial education on structured performance improvement processes. | There is no evaluation or measurement of the adequacy or effectiveness of initial or ongoing education programs. Clinical or field procedural problems are occasionally addressed in |



| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Education Systems | | |
|---|---|--|
| RETAC Indicator | Scoring | |
| 6.4 The RETAC assesses the quality and | 0. Don't know | |
| accessibility of education and training for all | 1. The RETAC does not assess or evaluate education programs within the | |
| providers within the Emergency Medical and | region | |
| Trauma System (EMTS) and documents efforts to | 2. The RETAC assesses the availability of education programs within the region. | |
| coordinate and evaluate programs to ensure they | 3. The RETAC assesses the availability and quality of education programs within | |
| meet the needs of the Emergency Medical and | the region. | |
| Trauma System (EMTS). | 4. The RETAC provides some coordination to ensure education programs meet | |
| | the needs of the EMTS system. | |
| | 5. The RETAC provides coordination with local, regional and state education | |
| | resources to ensure education programs meet the needs of the EMTS system. | |
| | | |
| | RETAC Score | |
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Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Public Access

7. The public has reliable, robust and redundant access to a system that can dispatch appropriate resources promptly and accurately to the location of the patient and provide potential lifesaving services prior to their arrival. Access should be universally available regardless of incident location, socio-economic status, age, or special need and an integral part of the Regional EMTS plan.

Regional EMTS plan. Structure Indicator 7.1 There is a universal access number for in the control of the cont

7.1 There is a universal access number for citizens to access the system, with dispatch of appropriate medical resources in accordance with a written plan. The dispatch system utilizes Enhanced-9-1-1 and Wireless-9-1-1 technologies and provide pre-arrival medical instructions to callers

The universal access number is part of a central communications system and plan that ensures bidirectional communication, inter-facility dialogue, and disaster communications among all system participants.

- 1. There is no 911 system in place.
- 2. There is a 911 system in place but it does not offer emergency medical dispatch.
- 3. There is a 911 system in place that also offers emergency medical dispatch.
- 4. The agency has adopted a communications plan that was developed with multiple stakeholder groups, and endorsed by those agencies, including emergency medical dispatch. However, the integration of Enhanced-911, Wireless-911 and other emerging technologies are not included.
- 5. A comprehensive communications plan has been developed, and adopted in conjunction with stakeholder groups, including emergency medical dispatch. It also includes the integration of Enhanced-911, Wireless-911 and other emerging technologies.

| Agency/Facility Score | System Score |
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| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Public Access | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Process Indicator | Scoring | | |
| 7.2 An assessment of the needs of the general public and their ability to access the system has been conducted and the results integrated into the system plan. | Don't Know There is no routine or planned contact with the general public. Contact with the public is addressed when system failures occur. Information has been informally gathered from the general public. However, no formal process is in place to address their needs. The general public has been formally asked about the ability to access the system however changes have not been made to the system or to the systems plan. General public needs have been identified and integrated into a plan and changes are routinely made to increase the public's ability to access the system in a timely manner. | | |
| | Agency/Facility Score System Score | | |
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| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Public Access | | | | |
|--|---|---------------|--|--|
| Outcome Indicator | Scoring | | | |
| 7.3 Our community's special populations (e.g., | 0. Don't Know | 0. Don't Know | | |
| language, socially disadvantaged, migrant/transient, remote, rural, and others) have | 1. There has been no consideration of the needs of special populations access patient care within the system. | | | |
| access to the system. | 2. The system and stakeholders are beginning to consider the needs of special populations. | | | |
| | 3. The system has identified the special populations that may require special accommodations to access the system. | | | |
| | 4. The system has accommodations for special populations that allow them to effectively access the system. | | | |
| | 5. The system has accommodated the needs of special populations that allow | | | |
| | them to effectively access the system. Routine monitoring, review, and reporting of these populations are incorporated into the evaluation of system effectiveness. | | | |
| | Agency/Facility Score | System Score | | |
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| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Public Access | | |
|---|--|--|
| RETAC Indicator | Scoring | |
| 7.4 The RETAC supports the development of efficient public service access points and emergency medical dispatch throughout the region through programs involving collaboration, resource sharing and technical support. | The RETAC is not involved in regional communications planning. The RETAC is a stakeholder in regional efforts to develop efficient and effective communications and dispatch models. The RETAC coordinates efforts to dispatch resources and emergency | |
| Additionally, it supports policy change at state and national levels to ensure that goals pertaining to timely and efficient dispatch across the entire region can be achieved. | providers to assure that appropriate and timely care is provided for medical emergencies within the region. 4. A regional communications plan, including citizen access and emergency medical dispatch is in place but is not formally monitored or evaluated. 5. A regional communications plan, including citizen access and emergency medical dispatch is in place and is evaluated and revised at least annually. RETAC Score | |
| | | |

| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Evaluation | | |
|--|--|--|
| 8. All disciplines use its management information system to facilitate on-going assessment and assurance of system performance and outcomes and provide a basis for continuously improving the Regional Emergency Medical and Trauma System. | | |
| Structure Indicator | Scoring | |
| 8.1 Our agency/facility has computer based analytical tools for monitoring system performance Note: In this context, Evaluation is defined as "Utilization of system data to effect continuous quality or performance improvement. | Don't know There is (are) no computer(s) to analyze or monitor system performance. There is a basic computer program that collects the minimum state required data. A computer system is in place and is used by providers to collect patient care information. Data is submitted to the state on the required submission schedule; however analytical tools are not used for system monitoring. A computer system is in place and analytical tools are in use to assess system performance. An upgraded and technically advanced computer system and analytical tool set is available for system monitoring and individual performance review. | |
| | Agency/Facility Score System Score | |
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| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Evaluation | | |
|--|--|--|
| Process Indicator | Scoring | |
| 8.2 Your agency/facility collects and evaluates | 0. Don't Know | |
| patient care data within the system and has a | 1. Our agency/facility is not collecting patient care information for each | |
| mechanism to evaluate identified trends and | episode of care. | |
| outliers. | 2. Our agency/facility collects patient care information to use for internal | |
| | decision making and billing. | |
| | 3. Our agency/facility collects patient care data and provides the minimum | |
| | data set to an approved statewide database. | |
| | 4. Our agency/facility collects patient care data and provides the data to an | |
| | approved statewide database as well as uses the data for its own internal | |
| | monitoring. | |
| | 5. Our agency/facility participates in a comprehensive data collection system | |
| | that is integrated into the hospital system. Routine evaluation and assessment | |
| | of system performance and administrative services is completed and shared | |
| | with stakeholders. A comprehensive process improvement (PI) system is in | |
| | place. | |
| | Annual Facility Come Come | |
| | Agency/Facility Score System Score | |
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| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Evaluation | | | | |
|--|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Outcome Indicator | Scoring | | | |
| 8.3 Your agency/facility engages the medical | 0. Don't Know | 0. Don't Know | | |
| community in assessing and evaluating patient | 1. Our agency/facility h | as no relationship with | the medical community to | |
| care. These assessments are coordinated into | assist in evaluating systen | n service delivery and qual | ity of care. | |
| quality care efforts. Findings from other quality | 2. Our agency/facility is e | engaged in projects but the | e medical community is not | |
| improvement efforts are translated into improved | active in these efforts. | | | |
| service. | 3. Our agency/facility is working with the medical community to develop a | | | |
| | plan for assessing and evaluating system services and participating in research | | | |
| | opportunities. | | | |
| | 4. Our agency/facility participates with the medical community in evaluating | | | |
| | system service to improve service delivery and patient care. | | | |
| | 5. Our agency/facility has a process improvement (PI) program integrated in | | | |
| | the medical community in system service delivery and patient care. Data is | | | |
| | translated into routine reports for assessing performance, measuring | | | |
| | compliance and conducting research all in an effort to improve services both | | | |
| | clinically and administratively. | | | |
| | | T | 1 | |
| | Agency/Facility Score | System Score | | |
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| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Evaluation | | |
|--|---|--|
| RETAC Indicator | Scoring | |
| 8.4 The RETAC is a leader within its jurisdiction | 0. Don't Know | |
| in the evaluation and research of Emergency | 1. The RETAC does not serve as a leader of system activities within the area of | |
| Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) activities, | jurisdiction. | |
| services and system oversight. | 2. The RETAC is beginning a dialogue with the service providers and hospitals | |
| | on regional evaluation and research needed to evaluate and improve services and patient care. | |
| | 3. The RETAC engages some providers and hospitals in system oversight and | |
| | evaluation but it is not across the entire region. | |
| | 4. The RETAC serves as a leader in system activities and has begun a research | |
| | and evaluation agenda with service providers, hospitals and the medical | |
| | community. | |
| | 5. The RETAC serves as a leader in EMTS and is instrumental in working with | |
| | providers, hospitals and other stakeholders in conducting research, evaluating | |
| | service delivery and providing oversight to the region. | |
| | | |
| | RETAC Score | |
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Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Communications Systems 9. All disciplines are able to transmit and receive electronic voice and data signals between its own agency assets, between the agency and other community stakeholders, and between the agency and regional/state response partners.

| Structure Indicator | Scoring | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| | 0. Don't Know | | |
| <i>5 </i> | | | |
| local/regional stakeholders to develop and adopt | 1. There is no system communications plan, and one is not in progress. | | |
| a communications plan to enhance all voice and | 2. Draft elements of a formal communication plan are in place but not | | |
| electronic data transmissions at all levels to | formalized o are under development. | | |
| improve the delivery of emergency services | 3. Our agency/facility has adopted a system communications plan. However, | | |
| | the plan has not been endorsed by multiple stakeholder organizations. | | |
| | 4. Our agency/facility has adopted a communications plan that was developed | | |
| | with multiple stakeholder groups, and endorsed by those agencies. However, | | |
| | issues of integration and inter-operability have not been fully resolved. | | |
| | 5. A comprehensive system communications plan has been developed, and | | |
| | adopted in conjunction with stakeholder groups and includes full integration | | |
| | and interoperability between communications assets of all agency, health care, | | |
| | 1 , | | |
| | public safety and public health assets at local, sub-regional, regional and state | | |
| | levels. | | |
| | | | |
| | Agency/Facility Score System Score | | |
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| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Communications Systems | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Process Indicator | | Scoring | | |
| | O. Don't Know Needs assessments are upgrades. Needs assessments are are not coordinated with a seed assessments are with other agencies, jurisc used to guide investment Needs assessments are with other agencies, jurisc seed to guide investment are with other agencies, jurisc seed to guide investment are with other agencies, jurisc seed to guide investment are investment in communication. | Scoring e not conducted prior to or re conducted and procure other agencies, jurisdiction e conducted and procurer dictions, and disciplines. H in communications infrast e conducted and procurer dictions, and disciplines. In communications needs a coordinated and the re cations infrastructure im d state levels. This has re | communications equipment ement needs identified but ns, or disciplines. ment needs are coordinated lowever, the results are not tructure improvement. ment needs are coordinated assessments are conducted, results are used to guide provement at community, resulted in efficiencies and | |
| | Agency/Facility Score | System Score | | |

| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Communications Systems | | |
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| Outcome Indicator | Scoring | |
| 9.3 The communications system is routinely evaluated and tested to ensure its reliability, redundancy and interoperability during routine applications. | Don't Know The communications system is not evaluated for its reliability, or redundancy. The communications system has been evaluated at a local level and issues of reliability within the agency have been addressed within the system's primary service response area. The communications system has been evaluated at a local level through a multi-agency process and issues of reliability have been addressed by all agencies within the system's primary service response area. The communications system has been evaluated at a regional level through a multi-agency process and issues of reliability have been addressed by all agencies within the system's primary service and mutual aid response areas. The local, regional and state communications system are rigorously tested at least annually in drills, simulations and real events (routine and multi-agency) and issues involving reliability, redundancy and interoperability have been addressed. Back-up systems have also been fully exercised. Agency/Facility Score System Score | |



| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Communications Systems | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| RETAC Indicator | Scoring | | |
| 9.4 The RETAC plan includes a description of | 0. Don't Know | | |
| regional communications issues as outlined in the | 1. Plan does not address communication issues. | | |
| regional communications plan. | 2. Plan addresses at least half of the issues. | | |
| | 3. Plan addresses all issues, but no strategies are implemented. | | |
| | 4. Plan addresses all issues, but half or less are supported. | | |
| | 5. Plan addresses all issues, and they are all supported by the RETAC. | | |
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| | RETAC Score | | |
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Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Medical Direction

10. Your facility/agency has a physician medical director that has received medical director training, been recognized by the state and is actively involved in Regional EMTS issues including triage, treatment, and transport, dispatch, quality improvement, education and training.

| education and training. | | | | |
|---|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Structure Indicator | Scoring | | | |
| 10.1 Your agency/facility medical director has | 0. Don't Know | | | |
| clear-cut responsibility and the authority to adopt | 1. There is no agency/faci | lity medical director. | | |
| protocols, implement a quality improvement | 2. There is an agency/fac | cility medical director wit | h a written job description; | |
| process, and to restrict the practice of providers | however, the individual ha | as no specific time allocate | ed for these tasks. | |
| within the system to assure medical | 3. There is an agency/fa | cility medical director wit | h a written job description | |
| appropriateness within the system. | and whose specific authorities and responsibilities are formally granted. | | | |
| | 4. There is an agency/facility medical director with a written job description, | | | |
| | but with no specific aut | thority. The system med | lical director has adopted | |
| | protocols, has implemented a quality improvement program, and is taking | | | |
| | steps to improve the medical appropriateness of the system | | | |
| | 5. There is an agency/facility medical director with a written job description | | | |
| | who has authorities and responsibilities that are formally granted. There is | | | |
| | written evidence that the facility/agency medical director has, consistently | | | |
| | used their formal authority to adopted protocols, implemented a quality | | | |
| | improvement program and to fully integrate the facility/agency into the health | | | |
| | care system | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Agency/Facility Score | System Score | | |
| | , | System Score |] | |



Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Medical Direction Process Indicator Scoring

10.2 Your agency/facility medical director is actively involved with the development, implementation, and ongoing evaluation of protocols to assure they are congruent with other agencies/providers. These protocols include, but are not limited to, which resources to dispatch (ALS vs. BLS), air-ground coordination, triage, and early notification of the medical care facility, prearrival instructions, treatment, transport and other procedures necessary to ensure the optimal care of ill and injured patients.

0. Don't Know

- 1. There are no protocols.
- 2. Protocols have been adopted, but they are in conflict with the other agencies/providers resources.
- 3. Protocols have been adopted and are not in conflict with other agencies/providers resources, but there has been no effort to coordinate the use of protocols between the agency and the other agencies/providers within the system.
- 4. Protocols have been developed in close coordination with the other agencies/providers within the system and are congruent with the local resources.
- 5. Protocols have been developed in close coordination with other agencies/providers within the system and are congruent with the local resources. There are established procedures to involve the appropriate dispatch, public safety and other critical stakeholder personnel and their supervisors in quality improvement and there is a "feedback link" to change protocols or to update education when appropriate.

| Agency/Facility Score | System Score |
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Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Medical Direction **Outcome Indicator** 10.3 The retrospective medical oversight of your 0. Don't Know agency/facility protocols, including but not limited 1. There is no retrospective medical oversight procedure for communication, to, triage, communication, treatment, and treatment, and transport protocols. transport is accomplished in a timely manner and 2. There is occasional retrospective medical oversight procedure of protocols, is closely coordinated with the established quality but it is neither regular nor timely and is often as a result of a reported breach improvement processes within the local in those protocols. healthcare system. 3. There is timely retrospective medical oversight procedure for protocols by the quality improvement processes of the agency/facility. 4. There is timely retrospective medical oversight of protocols that is coordinated with partners within the local healthcare system. 5. There is timely retrospective medical oversight of protocols through the system that includes a multidisciplinary review coordinated with partners in the local healthcare system. There is evidence this procedure is being regularly used to monitor system performance and to make system improvements. Agency/Facility Score **System Score**



| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Medical Direction | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| RETAC Indicator | Scoring | | |
| 10.4 The RETAC assists with appropriate local | 0. Don't Know | | |
| physician medical direction by providing technical | 1. The RETAC does not provide technical assistance, training or other resources | | |
| assistance, training and other resources to local | to local agencies. | | |
| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) agencies. | 2. The RETAC provides technical assistance to establish or improve local medical direction when requested. | | |
| agencies. | The RETAC monitors the provision of medical direction and provides technical assistance when necessary. The RETAC provides technical assistance when necessary and makes medical direction courses and other resources available on a regularly scheduled basis throughout the region. The RETAC monitors the quality of medical direction in local agencies and facilities and supports consistency of medical direction throughout the region | | |
| | by providing medical directors' courses and other resources System Score | | |

Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Clinical Care 11. All disciplines are integrated into a resource-efficient, inclusive network that meets required standards and that provides optimal care for all patients. Structure Indicator Scoring Your agency/facility has a clearly defined 0. Don't Know plan that outlines roles and responsibilities of 1. Our agency/facility has no plan that outlines roles and responsibilities of personnel. No written patient care protocols exist. agency/facility personnel. **Evidence** based written patient care protocols and guidelines are 2. Our agency/facility has a plan that outlines roles and responsibilities of maintained and updated. personnel, but no written patient care protocols and guidelines exist. 3. Our agency/facility has a plan and patient care protocols exist but are not reviewed and updated regularly. 4. Our agency/facility plan clearly defines the roles and responsibilities of agency/facility personnel and emergency department personnel in treatment facilities for trauma patients. Written protocols and prehospital care guidelines exist and are reviewed and updated at regularly. 5. Our agency/facility plan clearly defines the roles and responsibilities of agency/facility personnel and emergency department personnel in treatment facilities for both trauma and medical patients. The plan is reviewed and updated at least annually. Evidence based written treatment protocols and care guidelines exist for personnel. Critical patient protocols are jointly practiced by prehospital and hospital personnel. Agency/Facility Score **System Score**



| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Clinical Care | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Process Indicator | Scoring | | | |
| 11.2 Clinical care is documented in a manner | 0. Don't Know | | | |
| that enables your agency/facility to provide | 1. Clinical care is documented but documentation is not reviewed for local or | | | |
| information to be used for system wide quality | regional quality monitoring or performance improvement. | | | |
| monitoring and performance improvement. | 2. Clinical care is documented and limited review is done at the local level. | | | |
| | 3. Clinical care documentation is systematically reviewed at the agency/facility | | | |
| | level but is not available electronically for quality monitoring and performance improvement. | | | |
| | 4. Clinical care documentation is systematically reviewed at the local/regional | | | |
| | and system level and procedures exist to utilize care data to drive performance | | | |
| | improvement | | | |
| | 5. Clinical care is systematically reviewed by the agency/facility Medical | | | |
| | Director at the agency/facility level and is documented in a manner that | | | |
| | enables agency and system-wide data from other health care and public safety | | | |
| | agencies to be used for quality monitoring and performance improvement. | | | |
| | Oversight of the performance improvement process is done through the | | | |
| | agency/facility Medical Director. | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Agency/Facility Score System Score | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Clinical Care | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| Outcome Indicator | Scoring | | | |
| 11.3 Patient outcomes and quality of care are monitored. Deficiencies are recognized and corrective action is implemented. | patient outcome and preh 2. Our agency/facility may outcomes, but they do n care, nor do they regularly 3. An ongoing agency/fa monitor and assure that q 4. Our agency/facility outcomes, and uses these and benchmarks outcome 5. Our agency/facility outcomes, and uses improvement/performance local standards are record of comparisons with State with an explanation for si plan to reduce unaccepta | nospital quality of care. aintains a quality of care and regularly monitor the yreview findings together utility quality improvement quality of care is consistent quality improvement pe data in an ongoing quality improvement programative data in the company of these data in the ce improvement programatical, and corrective actions or national norms are registricant variations from the or nations. There is a | ont program is in place to twith adopted protocols. program monitors patient dity improvement program, | |



| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Clinical Care | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| RETAC Indicator | Scoring | | |
| 11.4 The RETAC establish continuing quality | 0. Don't Know | | |
| improvement (CQI) plans with goals, system | 1. The RETAC is not involved in quality assessment or protocol monitoring. | | |
| monitoring protocols, and periodically assess the | 2. The RETAC has identified regional CQI as a goal but has not established a CQI | | |
| quality of their emergency medical and trauma | plan. | | |
| system. The regional CQI plan is utilized in | 3. The RETAC is in the process of establishing a protocol monitoring and CQI | | |
| evaluating the effectiveness of the regional EMTS | plan but the plan is not implemented. | | |
| systems. | 4. The RETAC has implemented a protocol monitoring and CQI plan but has not reported results. | | |
| | 5. The RETAC has implemented a protocol monitoring and CQI plan and uses | | |
| | data from the plan to drive quality improvement throughout the region. | | |
| | RETAC Score | | |

| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Mass Casualty | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| 12. All disciplines are integrated with, and complementary to, the comprehensive mass casualty plan for natural disasters and manmade disasters, including an all-hazards approach to disaster planning and operations. | | | | |
| Structure Indicator | Scoring | | | |
| 12.1 Your agency/facility has an operational plan and has established an ongoing cooperative working relationship with other stakeholders. | disciplines. 2. There have been discussystem, but no inclusive for the system, but no inclusive for the system are in develop to the system are plans in place system are integrated and the cooperation and participals. Our agency/facility systems operational. Routine worksharing of information to patient events. | essions between the ager ormal plans have been devagency/facility and other oment. Working relations the to ensure that our agend d operational. Disaster extion. The meand the disaster system king relationships are pre- improve system readine | m for integration between acy/facility and the disaster veloped. In disaster services systems hips have been formed and acy/facility and the disaster exercises and drills have the emplans are integrated and esent with cooperation and less for "all-hazard" multiple | |
| | Agency/Facility Score | System Score | | |



| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Mass Casualty | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Process Indicator | Scoring | | |
| 12.2 Our disaster training and exercises routinely include situations involving an all hazards approach, that test expanded response capabilities and surge capacity that are consistent on a regional basis. | Don't Know Disaster training and exercise is not a routine part of the system. Disaster training and exercises are conducted haphazardly by our | | |

| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Mass Casualty | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Outcome Indicator | Scoring | | | |
| 12.3 There are formal mechanisms to activate | 0. Don't Know | | | |
| our response to all-hazard events in accordance | 1. No feedback or after action process results from various all-hazards | | | |
| with regional disaster response plans that are | exercises or events. | | | |
| consistent with system resources and capabilities. | 2. Our agency/facility conducts our own after action quality improvement | | | |
| | processes, in isolation, following each exercise or event; there is no system- | | | |
| | wide evaluation. | | | |
| | 3. There are sporadic, informal, non-documented "debriefings" involving | | | |
| | multiple agencies following each exercise or event. Results of these activities | | | |
| | do not necessarily translate to improvement processes. | | | |
| | 4. A system-wide "debriefing" occurs following each exercise or event. Reports | | | |
| | are written but often do not lead to improvement processes. | | | |
| | 5. A formal system-wide analysis of after action reports and performance | | | |
| | improvement process is in place and implemented at the conclusion of each | | | |
| | all-hazard exercise or response. The results of the process result in | | | |
| | improvements in the plans, targeted training and/or corrective actions. | | | |
| | improvements in the plans, targeted training and/or corrective actions. | | | |
| | Agency/Escility Score System Score | | | |
| | Agency/Facility Score System Score | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |



| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Mass Casualty | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| RETAC Indicator | Scoring | | |
| 12.4 The RETAC provides technical assistance and serves as a resource to facilitate the integration of emergency medical and trauma services with other local, state, and federal agency disaster plans. | O. Don't know The RETAC is not involved in providing any technical assistance or facilitation relating to disaster planning. The RETAC provides technical assistance only upon request. The RETAC participates in local and regional disaster planning but provides only limited assistance or facilitation. The RETAC participates in local and regional disaster planning and provides technical assistance and facilitation to RETAC member agencies The RETAC takes a leadership role in local, regional and statewide disaster planning. RETAC staff and leadership provide technical assistances and facilitation with local, state and federal planning efforts. | | |
| | | | |

Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Public Education 13. The agency/facility informs and educates the local constituencies and policy makers to foster collaboration and cooperation for the enhancement of Regional Emergency Medical and Trauma Services as a whole. Structure Indicator Scoring 13.1 Your agency/facility has a public 0. Don't know information education program 1. Our agency/facility has no program/plan that provides information and and heightens public awareness of the preventability education that heightens public awareness or injury and/or illness prevention of injury and/or illness. 2. Our agency/facility has a public awareness and injury/illness prevention program but linkages between programs and implementation of specific objectives is sporadic. 3. Our agency/facility has a public awareness and injury/illness prevention program. Linkages between programs and implementation occur regularly, but are not measured 4. Our agency/facility has a public awareness and injury/illness prevention program. Linkages between programs and implementation occur regularly. We are just beginning to gather data to measure outcomes. 5. Our agency/facility has a public awareness and injury/illness prevention program. Public information and education plan is being implemented in accordance with the timelines. Data concerning the effectiveness of the strategies are used to modify the plan and programs. Agency/Facility Score **System Score**



| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Public Education | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------------|----------------|--|
| Process Indicator | Scoring | | | |
| 13.2 An assessment of the needs of the general | 0. Don't know | | | |
| public concerning Emergency Medical and Trauma | 1. There is no routine or p | lanned contact with the g | eneral public. | |
| Care information has been conducted. | 2. Plans are in place to provide information to the general public in response to | | | |
| | a particular acute illness or traumatic event. | | | |
| | 3. The general public has been formally asked about what types of information | | | |
| | would be helpful in understanding and supporting agency/facility issues. | | | |
| | 4. General public information resources have been developed, based on the | | | |
| | stated needs of the general public themselves, and general public | | | |
| | representatives are included in agency/facility informational events. | | | |
| | 5. In addition to routine contact, the general public is involved in various | | | |
| | oversight activities such as local and regional advisory councils. | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Agency/Facility Score | System Score | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Public Education | |
|--|--|
| Outcome Indicator | Scoring |
| 13.3 Your local agency/facility seeks and | 0. Don't know. |
| receives strong public support. | Our local agency/facility has not been able to generate community and political support for systems improvements, e.g. increased mill levies. There has been sporadic community and political support of agency/facility needs, e.g. one time budget requests for new equipment. There is an ongoing, but inadequate level of funding and community/political support for our agency/facility. Our agency/facility has strong support from the community and political constituency that includes an ongoing budget that is adequate to meet the routine operating costs of the system. Our agency/facility has strong support from the community and political constituency that includes not only an ongoing budget, but support for improvements and expansion. This support could be manifested by special assessments, one-time budget requests in addition to ongoing budgets, fundraising campaigns widely supported by the community, etc. |
| | Agency/Facility Score System Score |
| | |



| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Public Education | | |
|---|--|--|
| RETAC Indicator | Scoring | |
| 13.4 The RETAC plan includes regional education efforts to promote and raise awareness of EMTS agencies and organizations and to promote wellness and prevention within the region. | O. Don't know 1. The RETAC is not currently involved in public education efforts. 2. The RETAC plan contains a public education component but there are no activities related to this component. 3. The RETAC is involved with others in public education about EMTS systems. 4. The RETAC plan drives activities that promote and raise awareness of the EMTS system within the region. 5. The RETAC is taking a leadership role in promoting the EMTS system and in promoting wellness and prevention within the region. RETAC Score | |

| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Injury/Illness Prevention | | |
|--|--|---|
| lness and prevention activit | ies. | |
| | Scoring | |
| There is no writter program. There are multiple is conflict or overlap with east. There is a local write prevention program that is and measurable objective. The regional injury/ill will include established times. A regional injury/ill accordance with the times. | n plan for a coordinate njury and/or illness prev ach others with no coordinate itten plan for a coordinate is linked to the agency/fact s. ness prevention program melines. ness prevention program elines; data concerning the | ention programs that may nation within the region. ated regional injury/illness cility plan and that has goals is being implemented and is being implemented in the effectiveness of the plan |
| | 0. Don't know 1. There is no writter program. 2. There are multiple is conflict or overlap with east. 3. There is a local writ prevention program that and measurable objective 4. The regional injury/ill will include established times. A regional injury/ill accordance with the times are collected and are used. | Iness and prevention activities. Scoring O. Don't know 1. There is no written plan for a coordinate program. 2. There are multiple injury and/or illness prev conflict or overlap with each others with no coordin 3. There is a local written plan for a coordin prevention program that is linked to the agency/fac and measurable objectives. 4. The regional injury/illness prevention program will include established timelines. 5. A regional injury/illness prevention program accordance with the timelines; data concerning the are collected and are used to validate, evaluate, and |



| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Injury/Illness Prevention | |
|---|--|
| Process Indicator | Scoring |
| 14.2 Injury/illness prevention programs use our agency/facility information to develop intervention strategies. | 0. Don't know 1. There is no evidence to suggest that our agency/facility data are used to determine injury/illness prevention strategies. 2. There is some evidence that our agency/facility data is available for injury/illness prevention program strategies, but its use is limited and sporadic. 3. Our agency/facility data is routinely provided to the injury/illness prevention programs. The usefulness of the reports has not been measured, and prevention stakeholders are just beginning to use our agency/facility data for programmatic strategies and decision-making. 4. Our agency/facility reports on the status of illness/injury and injury mechanisms are routinely available to prevention stakeholders and are used routinely to realign prevention programs to target the greatest need. 5. A well-integrated agency/facility data system exists. Evidence is available to demonstrate how prevention stakeholders routinely use the information to identify program needs, to develop strategies on program priorities, and to set annual goals for injury/illness prevention. Agency/Facility Score System Score |

| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Injury/Illness Prevention | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Outcome Indicator | Scoring | | |
| 14.3 The effect or impact of injury and/or illness | 0. Don't know | | |
| prevention programs is evaluated as part of a | 1. There is no effort to rev | view the activities of our a | gency/facility in prevention |
| system performance improvement process. | efforts. | | |
| | 2. There is no routine ev jurisdiction. | aluation of prevention ac | tivities accruing within this |
| | 3. Our agency/facility doe in prevention activities. | es internal monitoring and | d evaluations of our efforts |
| | 4. Our agency/facility par | ticipates with other key st | akeholders in our region in |
| | evaluating prevention ir assessed for effectiveness | | e programs are regularly |
| | implement prevention p | rograms and to commu Evaluation processes are | Iders routinely uses data to unicate prevention efforts institutionalized and used Il level. |
| | Agency/Facility Score | System Score | |



Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Injury/Illness Prevention **RETAC Indicator** Scoring 14.4 The region-wide Emergency Medical and 0. Don't know Trauma System (EMTS) and the public health 1. There is no evidence that demonstrates program linkages, a working system have established linkages including relationship, or the sharing of data between public health and the EMTS. programs with an emphasis on population-based Population-based public health surveillance for acute or chronic traumatic public health surveillance, and evaluation for injury and illness has not been integrated with the RETAC. 2. There is little population-based public health surveillance shared with the injury/illness prevention. Regional prevention efforts include pediatric injury EMTS, and program linkages are rare. Routine public health status reports are prevention. available for review by the RETAC and its constituent agencies. 3. The EMTS and the public health system have begun sharing public health surveillance data for acute and chronic illness and injury. Program linkages are in the discussion stage. 4. The EMTS has begun to link with the public health system, and the process of sharing public health surveillance data is evolving. Routine dialogue is occurring between programs. 5. The EMTS and the public health system are integrated. Routine reporting, programmatic participation, and system plans are fully vested. Operational integration is routine, and measurable progress can be demonstrated. (Demonstrated integration and linkage could include such activities as rapid response and notification in disasters, integrated data systems, communication cross-operability, and regular epidemiology generation.) **RETAC Score**

| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Information Systems | | | |
|---|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 15. There is an information system within the EMTS that can evaluate system performance, track provider skills, and formulate | | | |
| policies based on the analysis of collected data. | | | |
| Structure Indicator | | Scoring | |
| 14.1 Your agency/facility participates in a | 0. Don't know | | |
| system data collection and information data | 1. There is no routine col | lection of data or data co | llection system used by our |
| sharing network, collects pertinent data from | agency/facility. | | |
| providers on each episode of care, and uses data | 2. There is a minimal da | ta set collected but it ca | nnot be shared with other |
| for system improvements. | entities nor used for syste | m improvements. | |
| | 3. There is a data collection | on system, and some user | s access the information for |
| | system improvement activities. The use of the data is random and unfocused. | | |
| | 4. A regional data collection system is in place and used routinely by providers. | | |
| | The integration and use by other stakeholders is not completed. | | |
| | 5. There is a robust i | nformation system that | is integrated with other |
| | databases. Our agencies/f | acilities input data into th | e data collection system on |
| | each episode of care. The | data are used to analyze | system performance and to |
| | make adjustments in educ | cation, training or policy as | s applicable. |
| | | | |
| | Agency/Facility Score | System Score | |
| | | | |
| | | | |



| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Information Systems | | |
|---|--|--|
| Process Indicator | Scoring | |
| 15.2 An information system is available for | 0. Don't know | |
| routine Emergency Medical and Trauma System | | |
| and public health surveillance. It can be accessed | 2. There is an information system in place but it is not used by our | |
| by individual users as well as management for | agency/facility. | |
| system oversight. | 3. There is an information system in place but its use is sporadic; some system | |
| | oversight is done using the information system that is in place. | |
| | 4. The information system is in place and is integrated with other databases. | |
| | It is used in some instances to review system performance but regular reports | |
| | and system oversight using the information system has not been fully | |
| | accomplished. 5. There is a fully integrated information system that routinely and regularly | |
| | reports on individual and system performance. The system is used to make | |
| | regular reports to management, and for establishing policy changes. Individual | |
| | agencies/facilities can access the database and produce reports. | |
| | and the production of the prod | |
| | Agency/Facility Score System Score | |
| | | |
| | | |

| Emergency Medical and Tro | Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Information Systems | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Outcome Indicator | Scoring | | |
| 15.3 An information system is used to assess system and provider performance, measure compliance with standards/rules and to allocate resources to areas of greatest need or acquire new resources as necessary. | agency/facility. 2. Our agency/facility integenerally used for billing particles. 3. Our agency/facility infessues or individual performance and data system performance and data system is usually associated as a comprehensing performance, measure of system systems are systems. | formation system is limited ourposes. ormation system is somet mance. ormation system is used be compliance with applicable sociated with an unusual oversight, although effort sive information system the compliance with applicable acility integrates the info | described in use within our ed in scope and the data is times used to review system by some providers to review the standards. The use of the occurrence rather than the is to make the system more that is used to assess system to be standards and allocate or mation system with other reformance. |
| | Agency/Facility Score | System Score | |
| | | | |



| Emergency Medical and Trauma System (EMTS) Component: Information Systems | | |
|---|--|--|
| RETAC Indicator | Scoring | |
| 15.4 The RETAC utilizes data from local agencies | 0. Don't know | |
| and state data collection programs as well as | 1. The RETAC does not currently utilize objective data to drive regional quality | |
| periodic regional assessments as a tool to monitor | improvement. | |
| the regional EMTS system. Information from all | 2. The RETAC has access to state trauma register and EMS agency information | |
| sources is integrated in a manner that drives | but does not use the information to drive regional quality improvement. | |
| regional continuous quality improvement efforts. | 3. The RETAC utilizes one or more data sources to monitor regional | |
| | performance and provides feedback and assistance to local agencies | |
| | 4. There is a formal QI program that utilizes one or more data sources to | |
| | measure targeted RETAC performance. | |
| | 5. The RETAC regularly integrates trauma register, EMS information system, | |
| | regional assessment and other data to assess the quality of its emergency | |
| | medical and trauma system. The regional CQI system drives system wide | |
| | performance improvement. | |
| | | |
| | RETAC Score | |
| | | |
| | | |

Please complete the BIS survey answer form and return to Mike Merrill or Ken Riddle.



Southeastern Colorado Regional Emergency Medical & Trauma Advisory Council Standardized (Regional) Needs Assessment Project Problem Ranking Survey

| <u>Demographical Information:</u> (Indica | te provider type and check all that app | ply below the provider type selected.) |
|---|--|---|
| Pre <u>-Hospital Provider</u> Volunteer Paid BLS ALS Fire/Rescue Ambulance Other | Hospital <u>Provider</u> Trauma Center Level MD RN Administration | Other <u>Provider</u> Law Enforcement Dispatch/Communications Emergency Management Public Health Elected Official Other |
| Please rank the following tenNote: Use each value (1 through | listed issues from 1 (most challeng ugh 10) <u>only once</u> | ring) to 10 (least challenging) |
| Agency Name: | | |
| Agency Funding/Financial \ | √iability | |
| Comments: | | |
| | | |
| Recruitment of New Person | nnel | |
| Comments: | | |
| | | |
| Retention of Personnel | | |
| Comments: | | |
| | | |
| Aging Building/Equipment | | |
| Comments: | | |



| Initial/Continuing Education |
|--|
| Comments: |
| |
| Billing/Accounts Receivable |
| Comments: |
| |
| Medical Director Involvement |
| Comments: |
| |
| Support form RETAC |
| Comments: |
| |
| Administrative Support |
| Comments: |
| |
| Cooperation with Other Agencies |
| Comments: |
| |
| ➢ Please send this and the BIS tool answer sheet to: Ken Riddle − kriddle@abarisgroup.com or fax to 707-922-0211 |





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