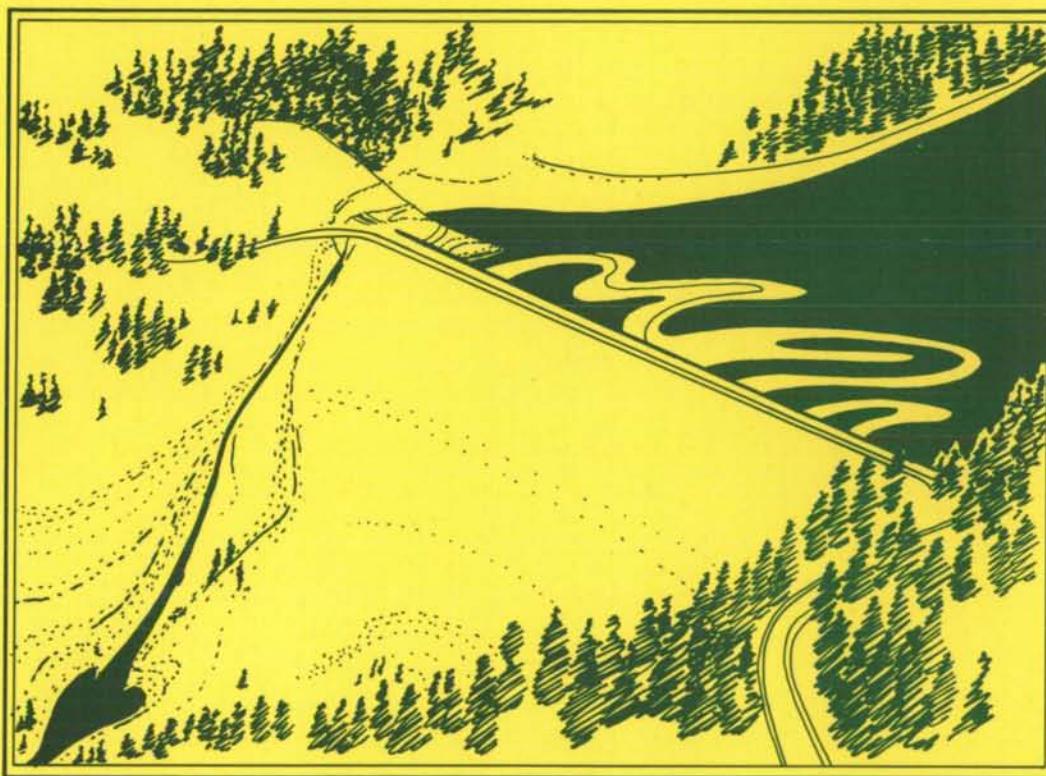


# LEMON DAM PROJECT

## FEASIBILITY REPORT



NOVEMBER  
1985

FOR:  
COLORADO  
WATER RESOURCES  
AND POWER  
DEVELOPMENT  
AUTHORITY  
AND  
FLORIDA  
WATER CONSERVANCY  
DISTRICT

BY:  
HARRIS WATER ENGINEERING  
DURANGO, COLORADO 81301

**VOL. II - APPENDIXES**

LEMON DAM PROJECT  
Feasibility Report  
Volume II - Appendixes

December 1985

For: Colorado Water Resources and Power  
Development Authority

and

Florida Water Conservancy District

By: Harris Water Engineering  
954 Second Avenue  
Durango, Colorado 81301  
(303) 259-5322

APPENDICES

The technical data, calculations and drawings are contained in Volume II - Appendices.

Appendix

Description

A	FERC License Application
B	Bureau of Reclamation As-built drawings of Lemon Dam
C	Hydraulic Calculations - Head loss, Water hammer, Cavitation
D	Power Plant Production - methodology for estimating production; computer output showing head, flow, eff, and kWh. for each day of 1971-1982 model period
E	Flow below Lemon Dam with and without the turbine - computer output showing actual daily releases from 1971 to 1982 and releases if turbine had been in place
F	Construction cost details and financial evaluation options.
G	Copies of correspondence from involved agencies.
H	24 inch x 36 inch drawings showing: 1) the turbine and generator in the gate chamber and 2) the electrical wiring diagram

BEFORE THE FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION

APPLICATION FOR A SHORT FORM LICENSE

FOR A

MINOR WATER PROJECT

by the

FLORIDA WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT

for

HYDROELECTRIC POWER DEVELOPMENT

at

LEMON DAM

LA PLATA COUNTY, COLORADO

Submitted December 1985



# HARRIS WATER ENGINEERING

54 Second Avenue  
Durango, Colorado 81301  
(303) 259-5322

Steven C. Harris, P.E.

December 3, 1985

Kenneth Plumb  
Secretary  
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission  
825 N. Capital Street, N.E.  
Washington, D.C. 20426

Dear Mr. Plumb:

Attached is a Short Form License Application for the Lemon Dam Hydro-power Project. This application is submitted by the Florida Water Conservancy District who operates Lemon Dam and who holds the Preliminary Permit (#7830). The Permit expires in February of 1986.

We would greatly appreciate your assistance in processing and issuing the License by January of 1987. This would allow construction in 1987; if the License is issued later the construction could not occur until 1988.

Please address any questions or needed changes to me. I am at your disposal in this regard.

Thank you for your help.

Sincerely,

*Steven C Harris*

Steven C. Harris, P.E.  
Liaison Officer

SCH:ts

Attachments

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BEFORE THE FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION  
APPLICATION FOR A SHORT FORM LICENSE  
FOR A  
MINOR WATER PROJECT  
INITIAL STATEMENT

- (1) The Florida Water Conservancy District applies to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for a license to construct and operate the Lemon Dam Hydropower Project. The project number is 7830.
- (2) The location of the proposed project is:  
State: Colorado  
County: La Plata  
Nearby Town: Durango  
Stream: Lemon Dam and Reservoir on the Florida River
- (3) The name and address of the applicant is:  
Florida Water Conservancy District  
P. O. Box 1157  
Durango, Colorado 81302
- (4) The name and address of authorized agents for the applicant in this application are:  
Loyd N. Hess, President  
P. O. Box 1157  
Durango, Colorado 81302  
  
Lawrence McDaniel, General Counsel  
P. O. Box 1157  
Durango, Colorado 81302
- (5) The Florida Water Conservancy District is a public agency and political subdivision of the State of Colorado established under the Water Conservancy Act of Colorado, adopted in 1937. Under legislation passed by the Colorado General Assembly and signed into law by the Governor of Colorado in 1981, the applicant has the authority to sell electric energy at wholesale or for use by the applicant for operation of its own works.
- (6) The hydroelectric power plant would involve installation of one turbine and generator on the existing 8 inch bypass pipe through the gate chamber of Lemon Dam. The dam was constructed in 1963 by the Bureau of Reclamation. Presently the bypass pipe is used in the winter months when only 9-13 cfs is required below the dam. With the turbine in place, water would pass through the pipe to the turbine year round. The generator would produce a peak of about 110kW when the



reservoir is full and one-half of that amount at low reservoir water levels.

The generator would be interconnected with the power grid at the entrance to the elevator shaft on the crest of the dam. The District would use some of the power to operate the dam and heat the dam superintendent's home near the dam. Colorado Ute Electric Association would purchase the remaining power.

The only new facilities to be constructed above ground will be a 6 ft. x 8 ft. x 3 ft. transformer near the shaft house and 1200 ft. of 7.2kv distribution line to the dam superintendent's home.

There will not be a new diversion from the river so a water quality, Section 401, Certificate is not needed.

- (7) Land of the United States affected (shown on Exhibit K) are under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Reclamation, withdrawn from the San Juan National Forest. The power plant, interconnection, and distribution line to the dam superintendent's home are all on the land under Bureau of Reclamation's jurisdiction. The jurisdictional land area is about 114 acres in size, and is unsurveyed.
- (8) Construction of the power plant is planned to be performed concurrently with repairs to the main outlet gates of the dam. The gate repair work must be performed in October and November because of the water release schedule from the dam and the weather. The earliest construction date would be October 1987, assuming the license is issued prior to January 1987. If the license is issued later than that date or other problems arise, then October 1988 would be the likely construction period. The power plant can be installed in 4 to 5 months, i.e., August-November 1987. Please refer to Exhibit A for a detailed description of the relationship between the power plant and gate repairs.
- (9) Attached is:
  - o Exhibit A - Project Description
  - o Exhibit K - Project Lands and Boundaries
  - o Exhibit L - Project Drawings
  - o Environmental Report
  - o Agency Coordination Summary

(10) State of Colorado )  
                                  ) ss.  
County of La Plata)

Loyd N. Hess, being duly sworn, desposes and says that he is the President of the Florida Water Conservancy District which is the license applicant; and that the contents of this application are true to the best of his knowledge or belief. The undersigned applicant has signed this application this 27<sup>th</sup> day of NOVEMBER, 1985.

Loyd Hess  
Loyd Hess, President

STATE OF COLORADO )  
                                  ) ss.  
COUNTY OF LA PLATA)

The foregoing was acknowledged before me this 27<sup>th</sup> day of NOVEMBER, 1985, by Loyd Hess.

My commission expires JUNE 30, 1989.

Witness my hand and official seal.

Catherine L. Bailey  
Notary Public

## LEMON DAM HYDROPOWER PROJECT

### EXHIBIT A - PROJECT DESCRIPTION

#### 1. Introduction

The Lemon Dam Hydroelectric facility is described in this Exhibit. The dam was constructed by the Bureau of Reclamation in 1963 for irrigation, flood control, recreation, and fishery purposes. The hydroelectric power plant will consist of one, 110 kW unit and will be installed in the gate chamber of the dam which will utilize the existing bypass pipe through the chamber as a penstock. The unit will be interconnected to the power system at the crest of the dam where an existing 12.7 kv distribution line provides power to the dam. A new 1200 foot distribution line will be constructed from the interconnection point to the Dam Superintendent's home so that the home can utilize electricity from the power plant.

#### 2. Existing Facilities

Lemon Dam is a 215 foot high earthfill dam that creates a 40,100 acre-foot (af) reservoir. The dam is located on the Florida River about 14 miles northeast of the City of Durango. The drainage area above the dam is 68 square miles with elevations varying from 8,000 ft. to 13,000 ft. The average yearly inflow is about 57,000 acre-feet. The spillway and outlet works are located on the right hand side (looking downstream) of the embankment. The spillway is ungated with the crest at elevation 8,148 feet. The intake structure for the outlet works is also located on the right hand side of the dam and has an inlet elevation of 8,005 feet. Water enters a five foot diameter vertical pipe through the intake structure; the 5 ft. diameter pipe makes a 90 degree vertical to horizontal bend and then expands to a 8.5 ft. diameter pipe which conveys water 900 ft. to the gate chamber/outlet control gates.

Releases through the outlet works are controlled by two pairs of outlet gates each capable of releasing 455 cfs at maximum water surface. Below the gates is a nine foot high horseshoe shaped, unpressurized tunnel which daylight to the river channel below the dam. The outlet gates are operated in the gate chamber which is on the center line of the dam.

The outlet gates are used primarily when releases are 50 cfs or greater, which occurs from late April until mid-October. The releases provide water for irrigation, which is the primary purpose of the reservoir. Flood control, fishery and recreation are also project purposes.

During the winter months water is released for water rights senior to the dam and for the fishery in the river. The primary senior water user below the dam is the City of Durango which can divert up to 8.9 cfs. The winter releases are made through a

small 8 inch bypass pipe which begins upstream of the main gates and exits 26 feet below the gates.

The gate chamber has a 23 foot horizontal diameter and is 16 feet high at the crown. Access to the gate chamber is through a 7.5 foot diameter vertical access shaft 80 feet to the right of the gate chamber. The shaft is about 200 feet high with a gate house at the top and a chamber similar in size to the gate chamber at the bottom. The bottom of the shaft and the gate chamber are connected by a 50 foot long, 7 foot high tunnel. A ventilation system brings air from the gate house, down the shaft, to the gate chamber.

An elevator and staircase are installed in the shaft for access. The horizontal dimensions of the inside of the elevator are 1.9 feet by 3 ft. The elevator has a travel distance of 210 feet and a live load capacity of 1000 lbs.

### 3. Penstock Configuration

The penstock configuration to be used involves about 14 ft. of 8 and 10 inch diameter pipe. The selected configuration has the least friction head loss;  $0.1352Q^2$  in the inlet and  $.0508Q^2$  in the discharge for a total of  $0.2139Q^2$  including 15% contingency. The head loss at 13 cfs is 36 feet and at 9 cfs it is 17 feet. Figure A shows the penstock and turbine.

This configuration requires that the concrete block encasing the first 90 degree upward bend be removed so that the bend can be removed and the pipe extended. The concrete is an approximate two foot cube which will probably have to be jack hammered out. Care will be required so that neither the chamber nor the pipe in the concrete is damaged. The bend will be cut off and an 8 inch to 10 inch reducer will be welded to the existing pipe. The concrete block cannot be removed unless the outlet works is dewatered, as will occur to repair the gates; for this reason the gate repair work is briefly described and the environmental impacts are addressed.

A new 10 inch gate valve will be installed after the reducer, followed by an upward "T" for the bypass pipe. Butterfly valves will be on each downstream leg of the "T". The butterfly valves will be automatically operated. The bypass pipe will loop over the top of the turbine and will be used if the turbine is shut down. The automatic valves will direct water through the bypass, which is included because releases must be made to downstream water users if the unit is not operational.

### 4. Turbine Selection and Output

The turbine (one unit) for Lemon Dam must meet the following four criteria: 1) the turbine and generator must physically fit in the space available in the gate chamber, 2) the turbine and generator must fit in the elevator shaft for transport to the gate

EA-3

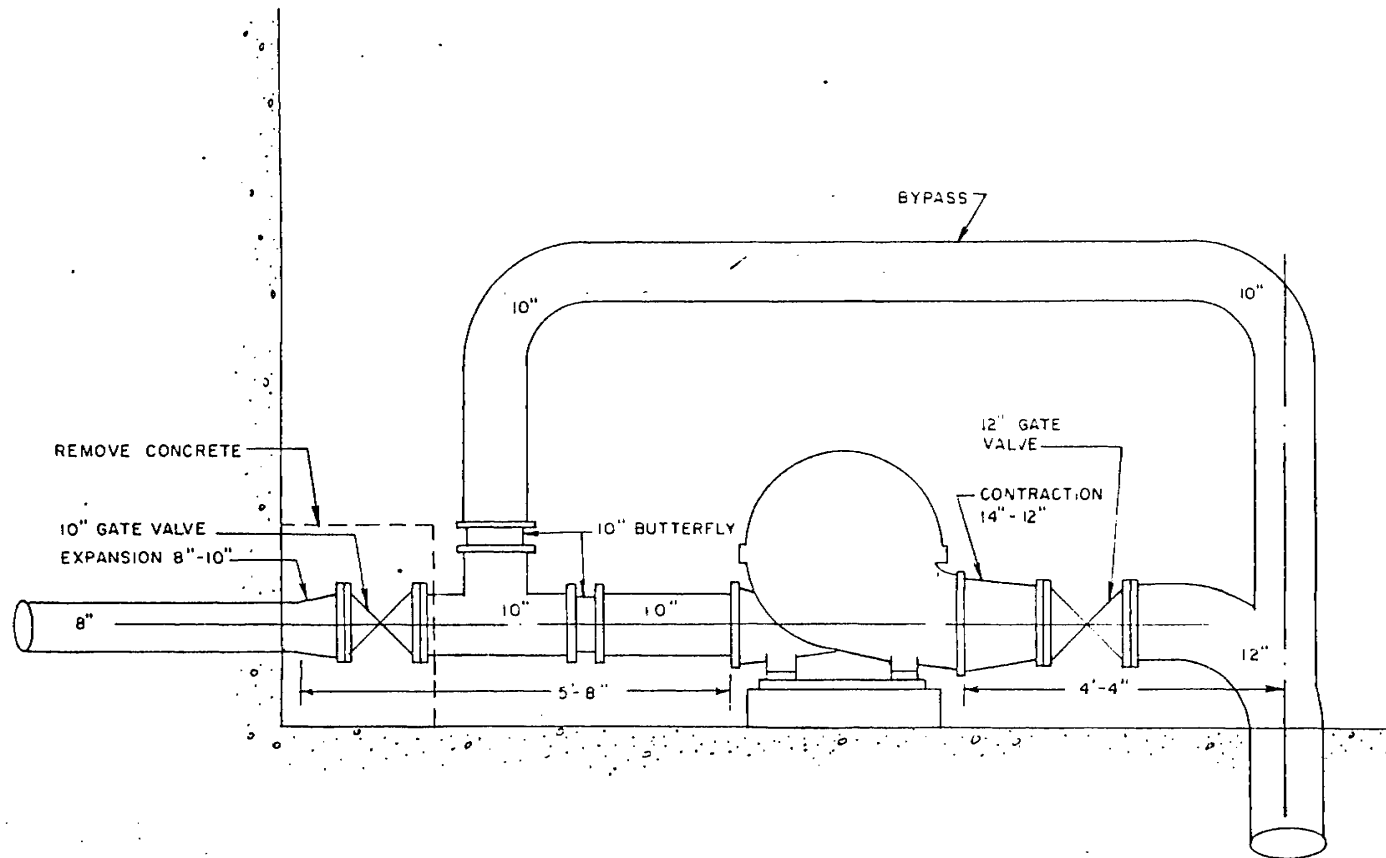


FIGURE A  
LEMON DAM PROJECT  
HYDROELECTRIC FACILITIES

NO SCALE

chamber, 3) performance curves on the turbine operation must be available to evaluate the unit output, and 4) the RPM of the unit must be about 1,200 or less to avoid cavitation.

The only unit which meets all four criteria is a Worthington pump-as-a-turbine. The Worthington unit that was selected is the Model 10LNT14A horizontal pump that operates at 1210 RPM attached to a 110kw generator. The top of the scroll case, the bottom of the case, and the impeller would be moved to the gate chamber separately and reassembled. The unit, installed in the chamber, is shown in Figure B.

This unit will maintain the winter flows, below the dam, between 9 and 13 cfs, which are the historical releases. The releases will not be exactly as they would have been with the existing orifice, but they will be very similar. The minor difference in releases will not measurably change the reservoir water level nor the flow in the river below the dam. Releases will also be made through the turbine during the summer concurrently with large releases through the main gates.

The kW and Kw-hr. output of the unit is dependent upon the head and flow available at the turbine. The flow is dependent upon the water level in the reservoir, the performance curve of the unit, and the friction loss through the penstock. The friction loss reduces the head available at the power plant by nearly 20% so it is a major factor in the unit output. The gross head at the turbine is estimated by subtracting the reservoir water level from the tailwater elevation (7950 feet).

A daily simulation model was made of the turbine operation from 1971 to 1982, a period of 12 years that included very wet and dry years. The model calculates the flow through the turbine based upon the daily reservoir water level, the turbine performance curve, and the friction loss. The gross head available at the turbine was calculated by subtracting the tailwater elevation, 7950 feet, from the reservoir water level.

The computer model estimated the net head, flow, and efficiency from the gross head and the performance curves. These values are used to calculate the kw-hr. production for each day of the model period. Table 1 shows the kw-hr. production and peak kw output for each year of the model period. The unit produces a yearly average of 757,000 kw-hrs. with a peak year of 910,000 kw-hrs. and a minimum year of 579,000 kw-hrs.



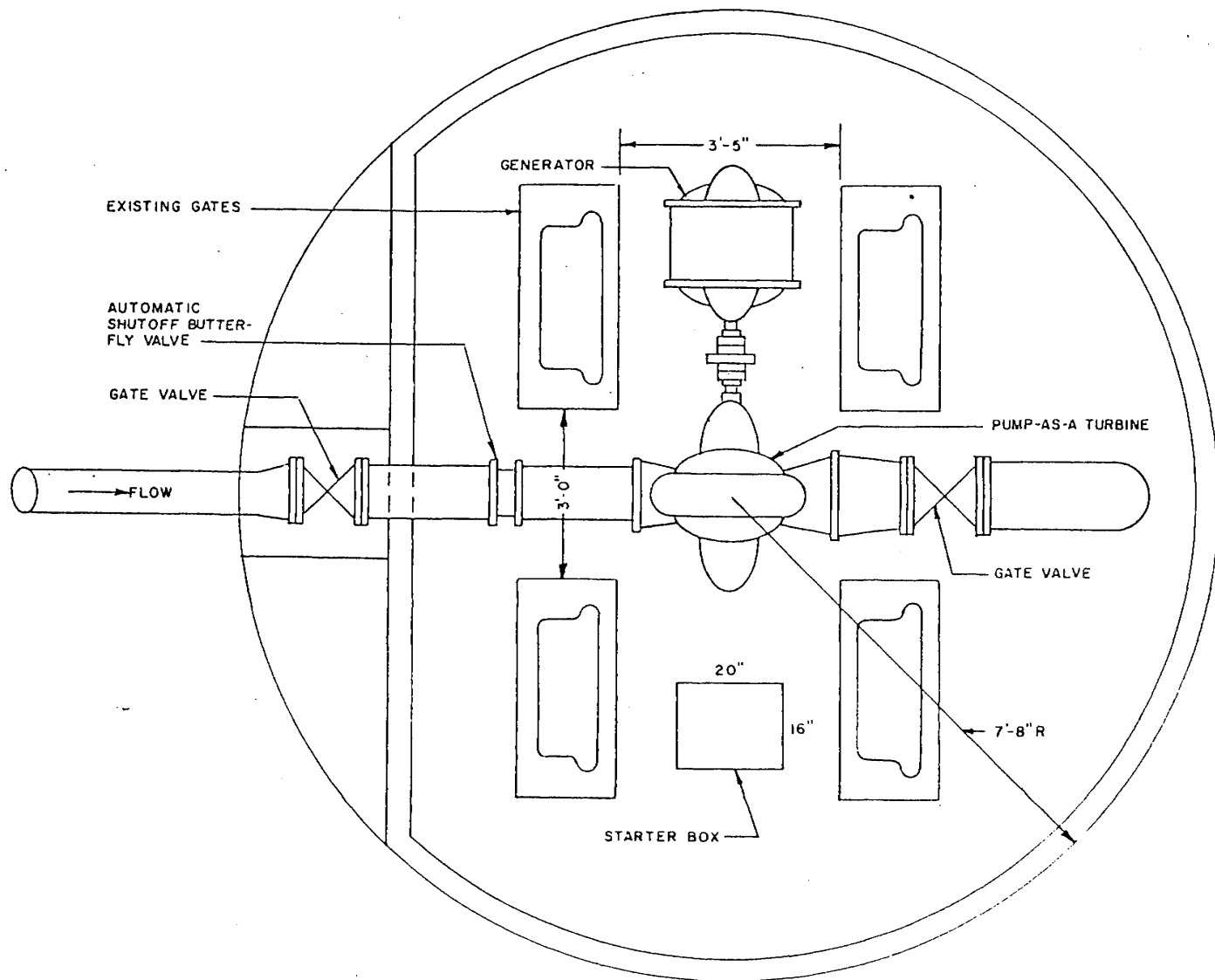


FIGURE B  
**LEMON DAM PROJECT**  
 HYDROELECTRIC FACILITIES  
 GATE CHAMBER PLAN VIEW

NOTE:  
 BYPASS PIPE, ABOVE  
 TURBINE, IS NOT SHOWN  
 NO SCALE

TABLE 1  
Power Plant Output

<u>Year</u>	<u>Kilowatt-Hours</u>	<u>Maximum Kilowatt Output</u>
1971	847,000	105
1972	752,000	103
1973	820,000	105
1974	624,000	95
1975	712,000	105
1976	823,000	105
1977	579,000	90
1978	583,000	105
1979	735,000	105
1980	832,000	105
1981	873,000	105
1982	910,000	105
Average	757,000	N/A

5. Electric Equipment

The power plant is small so large expenditures for exotic equipment are not justified. Furthermore, it will be unattended except for starting, stopping and maintenance, so that simplicity of operation is desirable. A facility using an induction generator best fits the requirements for this particular installation.

The facility will use about 2.5% of the generated power for station use and to supply the dam attendant's residence with electricity for domestic purposes, primarily heating. The majority of the power will be sold to an electric utility.

The specific requirements of Colorado Ute Electric Association, the interconnect utility, for this facility are:

1. Isolation
2. Circuit breaker
3. Surge arrestors
4. A dedicated transformer
5. Protective relaying to provide the following functions:
  - a. Short circuit protection
  - b. Isolation protection

An induction generator is basically a standard induction motor. However, by virtue of the turbine driving the motor shaft slightly over its synchronous speed, electric power is generated back into the utility power grid. Because the electro magnetic excitation comes from the power grid, an induction generator can only produce when paralleled or connected to the grid.

By using an induction generator, the ancillary equipment can be simplified both in operation, cost and maintenance. It is estimated that the induction generator will be supplied in a 445 TS frame size and will be rated for 110 kw, 1210 RPM and for use on a 480 volt system.

The generator sizing is based on turbine efficiency, motor efficiency and water head and flow data. It is expected that the design ratings will be encountered 20% of running time. The balance of the running time is less than the design rating except for extraordinary water conditions when throttling of the flow may be required by the inlet valve.

The motor is a 480 volt, 150 horsepower, 115% service factor unit. Special attention will be required by the vendor for design and balancing for possible double rated speed and 8100 ft. elevation. In addition, a mechanical modification will be required to couple and mount a centrifugal speed switch device on the outboard shaft. Surge voltage protection consisting of a MOV arrestor and capacitor will be mounted at the terminals of the induction generator.

The application of an induction generator permits the selection and use of a standard combination, full voltage, magnetic motor starter. This type of controller already contains many of the protective functions required by the utility as well as the facility.

The turbine valve and 10 inch bypass valves are to be hydraulically operated by the water pressure. The actuators will be controlled by electric solenoid pilot valves. When voltage is applied to the turbine solenoid pilot valve, the water pressure is directed to the actuator to open the turbine valve. Conversely, when voltage is removed from the solenoid pilot valve it has a spring return action. This then redirects the pressure to the actuator to close the turbine valve.

The timing of the turbine valve closing and bypass valve opening will be adjustable to minimize water hammer and at the same time minimize turbine generator overspeed. Water hammer would not be a problem if the valve closing time is three seconds or greater.

The operators control panel will include instruments such as a voltmeter, ammeter, kw meter, KVAR meter and an elapsed time meter. The voltmeter will indicate the value and presence of utility voltage before actuating the turbine generator. The ammeter indicates a measure of the thermal loading on the generator while the kw meter will indicate the power out of the generator. The KVAR indicates the excitation flow and can be used to determine the power factor. The elapsed time meter indicates the running time and is useful in establishing maintenance procedures.

An indoor dry type transformer and primary fused switch are to be installed to supply the existing load at 208/120 volts. This equipment is necessary since the optimum voltage for the generator and the rest of the associated apparatus is 480 volts.

The 12,470 volt distribution power line will be connected to a pad mount outdoor transformer to step down the voltage to 480 V. Three fused cutouts on the pole will serve as complete disconnection provisions for La Plata Electric. Primary metering will be at the 12,470 volt level as well as the fused cut-out feeding a single phase 7,200 volt line to the dam keeper's home. Lightning arrestors will be located at the riser pole and also at a 25 KVA transformer for the dam superintendent's home. About 1200 ft. of 7.2 kv line will be installed to connect the home to the power plant.

Metering for the power-in and power-out will be by the utility at the primary 12.47 KV level. Demand metering for plant load factor, if required, will be by the utility.

#### 6. Operation Criteria

All generator protective functions, if actuated, will result in shut down of the turbine generator system. Manual restart by the operator is required after determining the cause. Certain failures will require the operator to correct the cause and reset protective devices.

Short circuit, ground fault, overload and centrifugal over-speed will require manual reset. The other protective functions will automatically reset upon re-energizing of the utility line if they were the cause of the shutdown. The time delay reclosing of the utility will not start up the turbine generator although the appropriate protective devices automatically reset.

Normal starting will be manual. The operator will press a momentary contact start button. If all of the protective devices are enabled then a "run" relay will close and seal itself. Contact of this relay will energize pilot solenoid valves that hydraulically allow the 10 inch turbine inlet valve to open and a 10 inch bypass valve to close. The converse will occur by pressing a stop button.

The turbine will accelerate and when it reaches approximately 99% speed of operating speed the induction generator will be connected to the power system. The operator will be advised of the connection by observing an indicating ammeter, wattmeter and varmeter. The proper speed will be sensed by a centrifugal speed switch coupled to the shaft of the generator on the outboard end. This centrifugal speed device will also incorporate an adjustable overspeed (manual reset) set of contact for a backup protective function previously described.

#### 7. Description of Construction Activities

The construction activities for the Lemon Dam Hydropower Project involves equipment installation inside the dam, as well as the installation of a pad mount transformer, interconnection equipment, and 1200 ft. of 7.2 kv line above ground. Access for the work inside the dam will be from the shaft house at the west end of the dam crest. There is a road across the dam crest for vehicle travel but it is closed to public use.

The only evidence of the work inside the dam will be small crews of electricians, welders, and mechanics going in and out of the shaft house.

The pad mount transformer will require that a small concrete pad be constructed and appropriate wiring be installed from there to the power line, 10 ft. from the transformer. La Plata Electric Association will install the interconnect equipment and the power line to the home. The new power line will begin at the toe of the dam and extend across the toe of the dam to the home. This equipment will be typical for power service to an individual home. Construction will require that several poles be installed with the necessary trucks and crews.

There will be no need for heavy equipment or any activities of that nature.

#### 8. Estimated Construction Cost

The estimated cost to install the hydroelectric facilities at Lemon Dam are listed below. The costs are in October 1985 dollars.

LEMON DAM HYDROPOWER PROJECT  
Estimated Construction Cost

<u>Item</u>	<u>1985 Cost</u>
1. Penstock modifications, valve, etc.	\$ 16,500
2. Turbine and Generator	24,100
3. Transmission Lines	<u>8,800</u>
Total Direct Cost	\$100,400
Contingencies	15,000
Engineering (1)	<u>57,600</u>
Total	\$173,000

(1) Includes cost of feasibility report, license application, final designs, construction observation, startup, and agency review.



EXHIBIT K  
PROJECT LANDS AND BOUNDARY

Two planimetric drawings which show the project area are included in the exhibit. Drawing 519-400-53 shows the project area as a shaded area which is also the land classified as a "primary jurisdiction area" by the Bureau of Reclamation. All of the project facilities are contained within the boundaries of the primary jurisdiction area. The project area in relation to the reservoir and Florida River are shown.

The area is unsurveyed but the boundary can be described referencing Township, Range, and Sections. The project area is in Township 36 North, Range 7 West, Sections 17 and 20. The boundary can be described as:

- o Beginning 1080 ft. east of the corner of Section 17, 18, 19, 20, and 1000 ft. North on the line between Sections 17 and 20; east 650 ft.; north 330 ft.; southeast 1780 ft. to a point 520 ft. north of line between Sections 17 and 20; south 520 ft.; east 40 ft.; south 1650 ft.; west 2070 ft.; north 1650 ft. to the beginning point.

The second figure shows the project facilities within the project area including the embankment, spillway, outlet works, power plant, and power lines. This drawing indicates the relationship of the project facilities to the existing dam and identifies the locations within the project boundaries.

These drawings are part of the application for License made by the Florida Water Conservancy District this 27th day of November, 1985.

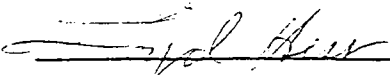
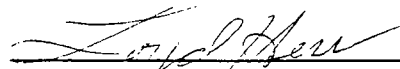
  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Loyd Hess, President.

EXHIBIT L  
PROJECT DRAWINGS

Included in this exhibit are two oversize drawings which provide details to the schematics shown in Exhibit A. Drawing L001 shows the plan and profile of the turbine, generator, and associated equipment in the gate chamber. Drawing PE001 is a line diagram of the electrical equipment.

The drawings are attached at the end of the report.

These drawings are part of the application for license made by the Florida Water Conservancy District this 27th day of November, 1985.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Loyd Hess, President

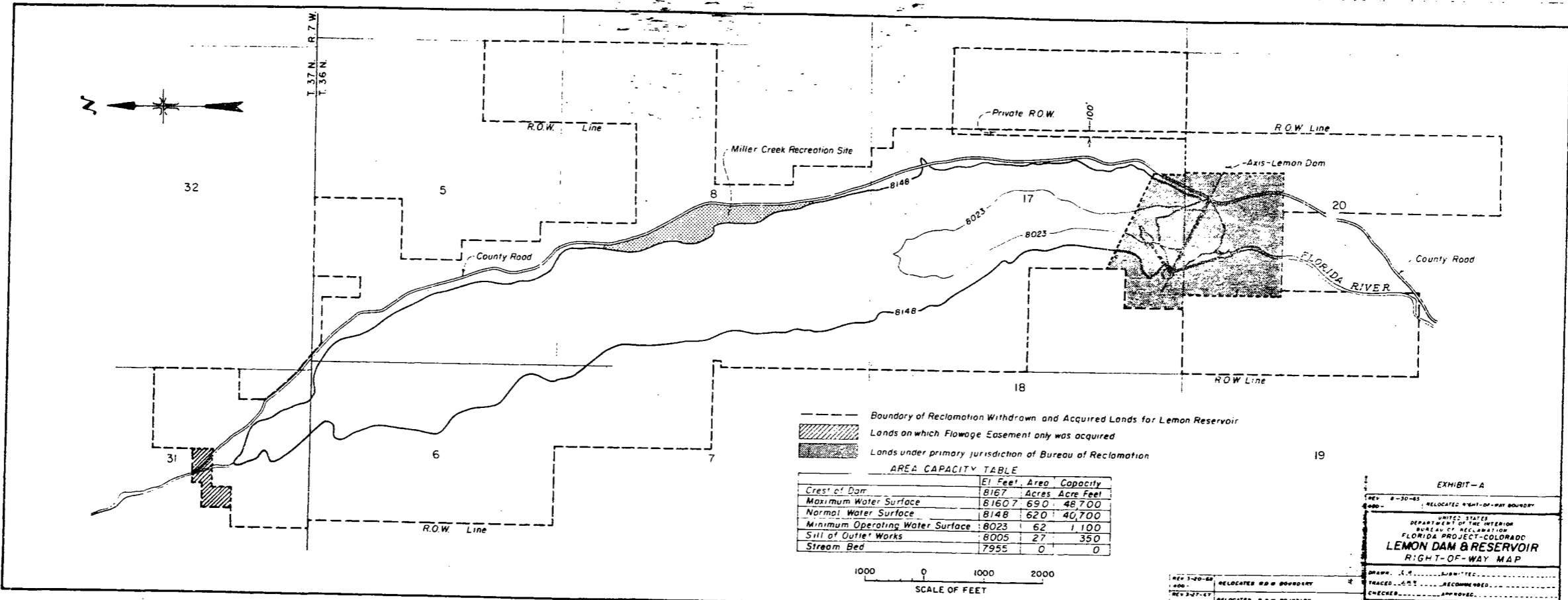
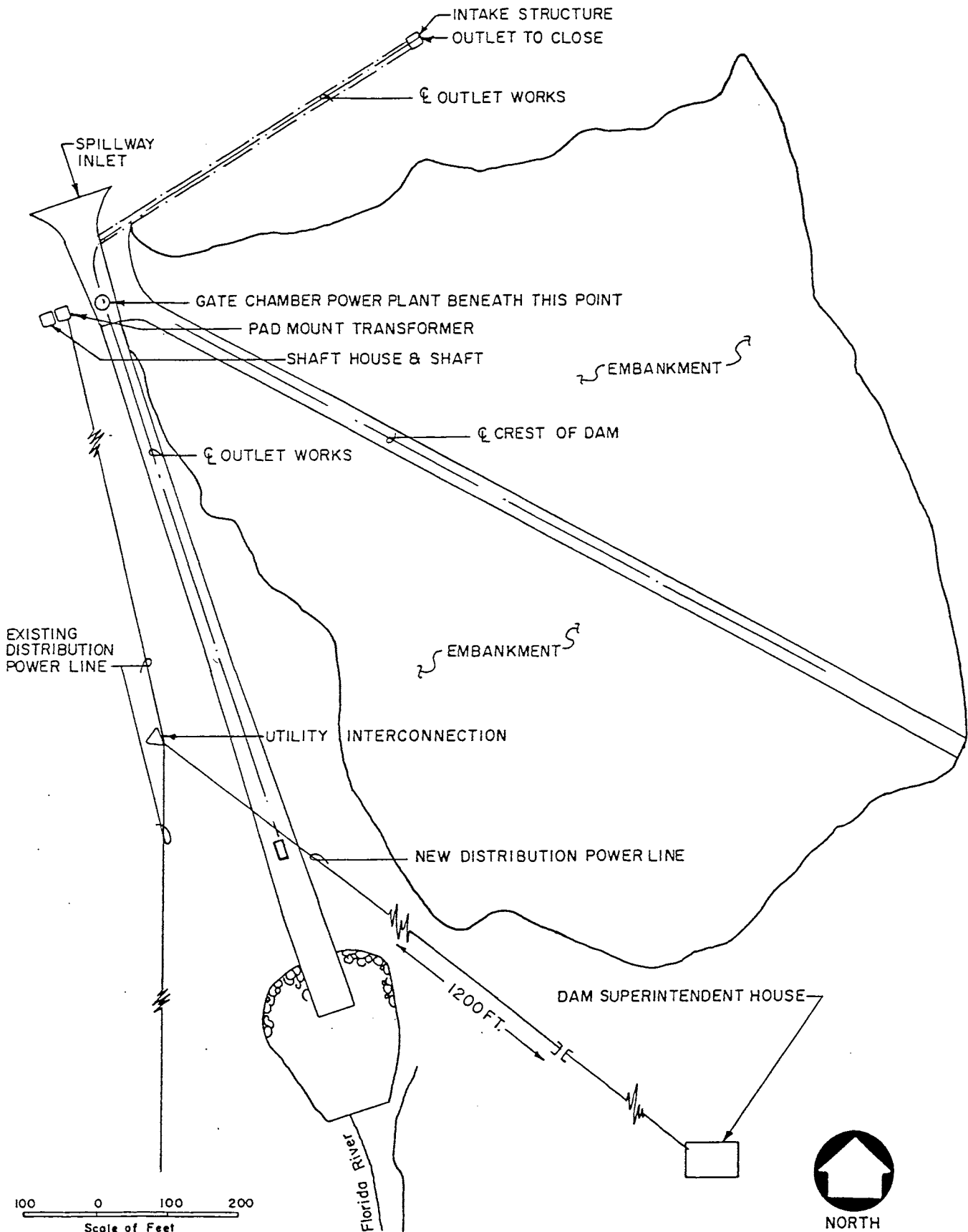


EXHIBIT - A  
 REC-30-85 RELOCATED R.O.W. BOUNDARY  
 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF RECLAMATION FLORIDA PROJECT-COLORADO  
**LEMON DAM & RESERVOIR**  
 RIGHT-OF-WAY MAP  
 DRAWN BY: [Signature] DATE: [Date]  
 TRACED BY: [Signature] RECOMMENDED BY: [Signature]  
 CHECKED BY: [Signature] APPROVED BY: [Signature]  
 SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH DEC 8, 1953 519-400-53



**LEMON DAM PROJECT**  
**LEMON DAM & PROJECT FACILITIES**

APPLICATION FOR SHORT FORM LICENSE

LEMON DAM HYDROPOWER PROJECT

ENVIRONMENTAL REPORT

## 1.0 PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT

The Lemon Dam Project would involve installation of a new hydropower plant and repair of existing facilities at Lemon Dam. The repairs are not part of the application but are mentioned periodically in the Environmental Report because the work will be done concurrently with the installation of the hydropower plant.

The District is responsible for operation of the dam and employs a dam superintendent who lives adjacent to the dam. Reclamation provides assistance to the District and makes annual inspections of the dam.

### 1.1 GATE REPAIR

The irrigation releases from Lemon Dam are controlled by two pairs of outlet gates, with each pair capable of releasing 455 cfs. The non-irrigation releases are made through an existing 8-inch bypass pipe on which the turbine will be installed. Each pair of gates includes an emergency gate which is either opened or closed and a regulating gate that can be opened to various degrees to make the desired release. The seats on all four of the gates and frames have become pitted during the past 20 years of operation and no longer close tightly. While the total leakage of 0.25 cfs is not considered so great that the dam is in jeopardy, the District is still required by Reclamation to make specific plans to repair the gates in the near future.

The regulating gates can be repaired by closing the emergency gates; however, the only way the emergency gates can be repaired is to dewater the entire outlet works. The outlet works consist of an intake structure in the reservoir and a 900-foot long, 8-foot diameter pressurized tunnel between the intake and the gates, and a 900-foot unpressurized tunnel downstream of the gates to the river. The top of the intake structure is at elevation 8018 feet



which means that it is normally covered by about 70 to 100 feet of water.

The outlet would be closed through use of a fabricated steel plug which would weigh 1,700 pounds and would be designed with a seal to reduce leakage while in place. Also an 8-inch butterfly valve would be installed in the plug to allow releases of 11 cfs or more into the existing outlet pipe for downstream demands. The plug would be placed by divers.

The steel plug could be implemented with minimal impacts to the fishery in the reservoir and downstream, as (1) reservoir levels could be maintained near the 14-year average for October and (2) the 8-inch valve would maintain flows in the river with no additional pumping and equipment costs. It was determined, with the assistance of the CDOW, that the steel plug would be the preferred approach for this project.

## 1.2 POWER PLANT

The main outlet gates are used from late April to mid-October to make large irrigation releases of over 50 cfs. During the other months the main gates are closed and releases are made through a bypass pipe, which has an inlet upstream of the main gates. The bypass pipe enters and passes through the chamber, and then daylights to the downstream tunnel 20 feet below the gates. The pipe is 8 inches in diameter through the chamber and 12 inches in diameter downstream of the chamber. Releases through the pipe are controlled by an orifice (two orifices are used at various times to make the desired releases) bolted to the exit end of the pipe. Depending upon the reservoir water surface elevation and the orifice, the releases vary from 9 to 13 cfs.

The turbine would be installed on the bypass pipe in the gate chamber, and water would then pass through the pipe all the time

rather than just during the winter months. During the irrigation season, water would be released through the main gates and the pipe concurrently.

A Worthington pump-as-a-turbine was identified as being the most appropriate unit for this project. It was the only unit that met the following selection criteria: 1) maintains flow below the dam between 9 and 13 cfs, 2) fits in the space in the gate chamber, and 3) fits in the elevator so that it can be moved to the chamber. The unit will have to be dismantled to fit in the elevator.

A 110 kW induction generator would be directly connected to the turbine to produce electricity. The power would be transmitted to the crest of the dam, transformed to the proper voltage and fed into the La Plata Electric Association (LPEA) system near the crest of the dam. The District will use part of the power for its needs at the dam and at the superintendent's home. A 1200-foot distribution line to the superintendent's home will be installed.

The bypass pipe in the gate chamber will be modified to increase the power production. This modification can only be accomplished if the outlet is dewatered as will be done with the gate repairs. The modification will significantly decrease the friction loss through the pipe and will increase the average annual production by 90,000 kWh. The estimated average output will be 750,000 kWh per year with the modifications.

A new bypass will be maintained around the turbine so that releases can be made during the winter months if the turbine becomes inoperable. Releases will be automatically routed through the bypass pipe if the turbine shuts down; a valve on the pipe to the turbine will close and a valve on the bypass pipe will open.

## 2.0 ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

Lemon Dam and Reservoir are located on the Florida River, about 14 miles northeast of Durango, Colorado, La Plata County, in the San Juan Basin of the Upper Colorado River Basin (Figure 1). The reservoir is 620 acres in area with a normal maximum water surface elevation of 8148 feet. The Florida River, which is the source of water for the reservoir, originates high in the San Juan Mountains near the Continental Divide and continues southward to its junction with the Animas River, which later joins the San Juan River (a major tributary of the Colorado River) in Farmington, New Mexico.

The Florida River flows in steep, narrow valleys until almost out of the mountains with some farms and residences located along its banks. The reservoir lies within the San Juan National Forest and has a campground, a day use area, and some private residences within the immediate vicinity, as well as a gravel road which is maintained by La Plata County.

The reservoir is surrounded by high mountains covered with conifers and aspen. In general, the area can be considered rural/wilderness.

The mean annual temperature in the area of the reservoir is 46 degrees Fahrenheit (F) with recorded temperatures varying from 101 to -38 degrees F, fluctuating between the arid characteristics of the desert and the alpine climate of the high mountains to the north. The prevailing winds are southwesterly and the annual precipitation is approximately 25 inches.

### 2.1 GEOLOGY

According to page 4 of the Draft Management Plan (DMP), Lemon Reservoir, Florida Project, Colorado, 1985 prepared by Reclamation, the U. S. Forest Service (USFS) and the District, Lemon Dam

COLORADO

STUDY AREA

550

Hermosa

550

ANIMAS RIVER

9638

10562

10035

MISSIONARY RIDGE

WEST Fork

North Fork

East Fork

CAMPGROUND

LEMON DAM

242

Baldy Mtn  
9805

Red Creek

Shearer Creek

240

501

LOS PINOS

North Fork Texas Cr.

550

Florida River

240

DURANGO

160

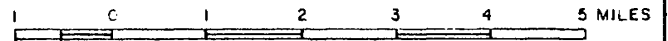
Farmers Canal



NORTH

FIGURE 1  
LEMON DAM PROJECT  
LOCATION MAP

SCALE 1/2" = 1 MILE



ER-5

and Reservoir are located along the southern edge of the San Juan Mountains near the boundary of the upturned strata that forms the outline of the San Juan Basin. The formations dip downstream about 10-15 degrees around the dam axis. There are occasional faults in the vicinity of the reservoir, but no faulting was observed during construction.

Limestones, shales, siltstones, and sandstones of the Molas, Hermosa, Rico, and Cutler Formations compose the bedrock of the dam and reservoir area. These gray, red, and maroon beds range from the Pennsylvanian through the Triassic Ages. These formations are well exposed on the valley sides, but are covered with thick deposits of glacial till and outwash in the bottom of the valleys. The valley sides are occasionally covered with landslide and other colluvial deposits of variable thicknesses.

The topography of the area is steep and rugged, formed by mountainous uplift and followed by intense glaciation. In the reservoir area, more resistant strata form high ridges and the softer beds usually form valleys tributary to the Florida River. Elevations vary from 13,147 feet at the crest of Emerson Mountain near the Florida River headwaters to 7925 feet at the base of Lemon Dam.

## 2.2 VEGETATIVE COVER

The steep rugged slopes surrounding the reservoir are covered with shallow soils over impervious bedrock. The typical vegetation occurring in this area includes Ponderosa Pine, Douglas Fir, and Colorado Blue Spruce associations, with the Ponderosa Pine association predominating the lower dry areas and the Douglas Fir association occurring on the higher elevation sites. It is common to find the Colorado Blue Spruce association where high water tables are prevalent and along water courses.

## 2.3 FISH AND WILDLIFE RESOURCES

### 2.3.1 Fisheries

Lemon Reservoir's storage capacity was designed to ensure that a fishery be maintained for recreational opportunities at the reservoir as well as to enhance the stream fishery below the reservoir by maintaining minimum flows in the river. To enhance the recreational and fishing value of the reservoir, a minimum of 1100 af of storage capacity was provided. In addition, the project provides for a minimum flow of 4 cfs from October 16 through April 30 to meet minimum requirements for downstream fish habitat in the eleven mile reach of the Florida River between Lemon Dam and the Florida Farmers' Diversion Ditch. This annual release, on a cumulative basis, amounts to approximately 1600 acre feet. Releases from the reservoir continually exceed this minimum flow during the irrigation season.

The management approach for Lemon Reservoir is defined as a "put, grow and take fishery" which in essence is a stocking program implemented by the state and Federal wildlife agencies. Because the morphology of the reservoir is steep sided and narrow, there is not an abundance of shallow warm areas for fish maturation, and as a result, Lemon Reservoir does not have a productive growth rate.

Lemon Reservoir is annually stocked with 50,000 five-inch fingerling rainbow trout by the U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS). Rainbow trout are popular with fisherman, are easy to catch and are a common commodity with fish hatcheries. They are "put" into the reservoir at five inches (size) with hopes that they will grow to be as large as 10-12 inches.

There is currently an existing brown trout population in the reservoir which probably has resulted from the 1975 stocking of

15,000 fish. The brown trout, which reside in the river below the reservoir, spawn downstream of the reservoir in the late fall-October and November. Those residing in the reservoir spawn upstream. In addition to the brown trout, brook and cutthroat trout are also present and reproduce in the Florida River above the reservoir. The brook trout spawn during the fall months and the cutthroat spawn in the spring.

The kokanee salmon, a land-locked sockeye salmon, thrive in Lemon Reservoir and can withstand lake level fluctuations because their primary food source, the zooplankton, are least prone to the detrimental impacts from fluctuations. The kokanee have a four-year life cycle. They move upstream into the Florida River during October, November, and December, spawn and die. The Colorado Division of Wildlife (CDOW) voluntarily stocks the Florida River with 100,000 two-inch fry-fingerlings of kokanee salmon each year.

The production costs for the two-inch fish (kokanee or trout) are 12.8¢/fish or \$128/1,000 fish or \$12,800 (for 100,000 fish stocked annually). For the five-inch trout, the costs are 33.5¢ per fish or \$335/1,000 fish or \$16,750 for 50,000 fish. Over a four year period, replenishing of the kokanee stock would amount to \$51,200. The four year period is critical to the kokanee salmon because (1) that is the amount of time it takes for kokanee to mature and spawn and (2) impacts to the fishery from historic low reservoir levels have resulted in a loss of four-year classes of kokanee salmon. The CDOW estimates that it would take two years to replenish the rainbow trout following historic low reservoir levels. This would amount to \$33,500.

Prior to the construction of the Florida Project (1963), the Florida River fishery (13.5 miles from the upper end of Lemon Reservoir to the head of the Florida Farmers Ditch) was valued at \$50,000 annually, according to page 53 of the Florida Project,

Definite Plan Report (DPR, 1959) which states "but is limited by fluctuating flows which vary from more than 700 cfs during the spring runoff period to less than 30 cfs in late summer and less than 10 cfs in the winter." The DPR also estimated that the improvements to the fishery as a result of the reservoir operation would be \$100,000 annually. According to Mike Japhet of the Colorado Division of Wildlife, "it is very difficult to place a monetary value on the entire worth of the fishery at Lemon Reservoir or at any other reservoir. For example if one was to try to assess the value based on the fishery alone, annual costs associated with stocking the fish could be used as a parameter, as these costs can be directly tied to the replacement costs. However, since there is no formula for calculating the monetary value of the fishery that already exists (i.e., those fish which are growing or have matured to 8 inches, 10 inches or 12 inches) the value of the fishery would be developed by using the stocking costs only. In addition, it is important to note that by determining the value based solely on the fishery, without consideration for economic indicators, the true value of the fishery is not portrayed.

On the other hand, in a recent report entitled "Sportsmen Expenditures for Hunting and Fishing in Colorado, 1981", Kenneth Nobe of Colorado State University takes the position that the value of each fish caught can be determined purely from an economic perspective. He estimates that each fish caught in Colorado is valued at \$57.00. This figure incorporates the entire experience, including not only the equipment and licenses purchased but also motels, food, car expenditures, travel, etc. While this figure may be overestimated, the value based on the "fishery" alone appears to be underestimated. Possibly the true value lies somewhere between these two methodologies."

The fishery at Lemon Reservoir is currently used as a back-up egg source for the kokanee salmon in Vallecito Reservoir. It is a viable sport fishery site for both tourists and locals.



### 2.3.2 Wildlife

Big game animals such as deer, elk, black bear, mountain lion and big horn sheep are present in the area surrounding the reservoir. The deer and elk use the area as a summer range and both species are harvested during hunting season. Wildlife are numerous in this area and such small game species as coyote, fox, bobcat, marmot, pine squirrel, skunk, raccoon, beaver, muskrat, marten, raptorial birds, passerine birds and other small mammals, birds and a few reptiles can be found in the immediate area. Occasionally, waterfowl are observed in the reservoir area.

According to page 11 of the Draft Management Plan, "the only threatened and endangered species periodically inhabiting the reservoir area is the bald eagle, typically during the spring and fall months when fish and small game are most active. The eagle is an annual migrant from the northern portions of North America. There are no known active nests in the reservoir area."

Hunting is permitted throughout the reservoir area with the exception of the primary jurisdiction area (special management zone for the dam, spillway and outlet works) which Reclamation has restricted from hunting and the discharge of firearms. (DMP pages 17 and 18)

## 2.4 WATER RESOURCES

The purpose of the Lemon Dam and Reservoir project is to develop the unused flows of the Florida River for (1) the irrigation of 19,450 acres of land, (2) the control of flood waters and (3) the enhancement of the sport fishery and recreation. The project provides an average of 25,740 AF of water annually for lands in the Florida River service area.

The water is stored in the reservoir and released as needed via a natural river channel conveyance system to various diversion points where private ditch companies make use of the irrigation

waters during the May to mid-October irrigation season. According to page 55 of the DPR (1959) "Future flood damages along the Florida River below the Lemon Reservoir and without the reservoir in operation are estimated at an average of \$13,900 annually, including \$9,100 in damage from snowmelt floods. Operation of the reservoir on the basis of runoff forecasts will reduce snowmelt flood damage by \$6,700 annually but will not significantly reduce the damage from rainfall floods. The prevention of additional damages from snowmelt floods by increasing the capacity of the reservoir or the outlet works was not found to be justified economically."

In addition, a portion of the reservoir storage capacity is to provide for the recreational fishery at the reservoir and to enhance the stream fishery below the dam by maintaining flows in the river.

#### 2.4.1 Hydrology

The primary source of precipitation over the basin occurs as snow which falls during late autumn, winter and early spring. Rain may occur during any month although it is more prevalent during the warmer seasons. The annual precipitation at the higher elevations is approximately 50 inches while at Lemon Dam the average annual precipitation is about 27 inches. At higher elevations the snowfall usually accumulates until about the first of April, after which time the runoff begins. Late March or early April mark the time for runoff at the lower elevations of the watershed, resulting in considerable melting for both areas and peak flows occurring in early May.

Normally Lemon Reservoir fills gradually during the winter and early spring, reaching maximum content in May or June. It is during the next three to four months that the reservoir level drops, with a low point being reached in October. The average

annual vertical fluctuation is about 68 feet (DPR p. 54 and DPR Appendix - Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife Report, p. 8).

The drainage area for the Florida River above the Lemon Dam site is 68 square miles and varies in elevation from 7950 feet at the dam site to more than 13,000 feet at the headwaters, which originate in the Needle Mountains about ten miles southwest of the Continental Divide.

Inflow data have been derived since 1973 from measurements at a stream gage station maintained and operated by the State of Colorado "at the Florida River, above Lemon Reservoir" and indicates that the recorded inflows range from a maximum of 1140 cfs to a minimum of 3.0 cfs. The estimated annual runoff for the nine year period is 57,000 AF.

Releases recorded between mid-October and April 30 (the non-irrigation season) are relatively constant, with releases between 9-13 cfs occurring almost all of the time. Occasionally a 7 cfs or 16 cfs release occurs. During late November and early December, a week long release of 30-50 cfs is made for stock watering. During the irrigation season, the releases range from 50-1,000 cfs. Generally releases above 350 cfs result from spills when the reservoir is full.

The data related to downstream releases and reservoir capacity and elevation for 1974 and 1977 are presented in Table 2.1. Also included in this table are the reservoir elevations and capacity for the spring, following the dry year. The reservoir's active capacity is 39,000 AF (620 acres) with 900 AF inactive capacity and 400 AF dead storage capacity.

Table 2.2 identifies the historic October reservoir elevations according to year, area and capacity.

TABLE 2.1  
Reservoir Data

<u>Year</u>	<u>Releases Downstream</u>		<u>Reservoir</u>				
	<u>Peak</u>	<u>Low</u>	<u>Elevation</u>	<u>Capacity</u>	<u>Month</u>		
	<u>cfs</u>	<u>Mo.</u>	<u>cfs</u>	<u>Mo.</u>	(Feet)	(AF)	
1974*	275	June	10	Oct.	8053	4,500	Oct.
1975**	-	-	-	-	8147	39,500	July
1977*	215	June	9	Feb./March April/Dec.	8053	4,500	June
1978***	-	-	-	-	8134	31,900	June

\* Lowest recorded years.

\*\* 1975 was an above average year for snowfall.  
The reservoir filled by July.

\*\*\* 1978 was a slightly below average year for snowfall.  
The reservoir did not fill.

TABLE 2.2  
Historic October Elevations

<u>Year</u>	<u>Minimum Elevation (Feet)</u>	<u>Surface Area (Acres)</u>	<u>Capacity (Acre Feet)</u>
1971	8100	369	16,087
1972	8068	201	7,263
1973	8112	434	20,875
1974	8053	162	4,557
1975	8115	453	22,206
1976	8106	398	18,379
1977	8056	169	5,052
1978	8070	208	7,671
1979	8108	410	19,187
1980	8116	460	22,662
1981	8118	473	23,595
1982	8130	541	29,705
1983	8122	498	25,539
1984	8118	473	23,595
Oct. Ave.	8099	360	15,724

#### 2.4.2 Water Quality

Water Quality Regulations have been established which classify stream segments and provide numeric standards for all of the streams, tributaries and standing bodies of water in Colorado. The classifications identify the actual beneficial uses for which the water is suitable and the numeric standards are assigned to determine the allowable concentrations of various parameters.

Based on the "Classifications and Numeric Standards for San Juan River and Dolores River Basins (3.4.0)", Lemon Reservoir is classified as a Recreation Class 1 (whole body contact recreation where primary contact recreation actually exists or could reasonably be expected to occur) and Aquatic Life Class 1 cold water body (a water body which provides or could provide a habitat consisting of water quality levels and other considerations such as flow or streambed characteristics which do or could protect and maintain a wide variety of cold water biota, including sensitive species). The Florida River below the dam outlet (i.e. the mainstem) has been classified as Recreation Class 2 (where primary contact recreation does not exist) and Aquatic Life Class 1 cold water body. Both water bodies have been identified as serving water supply and agricultural needs.

Out of the 27 water quality parameters (excluding organics and uranium) developed for these two bodies of water, only two differ in numeric value: fecal coliform and cadmium. The fecal coliform (f.c.) standards for the reservoir, which is classified as Recreation Class 1, is 200 f.c./100 milliliter (ml), while for the Florida River below the dam the standard is 2,000 f.c./100 ml. The cadmium standard is 0.0007 milligram per liter (mg/l) for the Florida mainstem and 0.0004 mg/l for Lemon Reservoir. Both of these standards are more stringent for the reservoir because of the classification as Recreation Class 1. Cadmium is a heavy metal that directly affects the nervous system and fecal

coliform are indicator organisms which are used to indicate the presence of pathogens.

The water quality parameters for Lemon Reservoir and the Florida mainstem fall into five categories: physical and biological, inorganic, metals, organic, and uranium, and are illustrated in Table 2.3.

The Environmental Protection Agency's data base "STORET" provided water quality data for the "Florida River Below Lemon Reservoir" sampling station, but no data was available for the reservoir itself. The data included historic and recent results of both grab and composite samples. The data were presented in two STORET files: (a) PGM-INVENT and (b) PGM=ALL PARM. The PGM=INVENT file is a summary of all of the statistics for all of the parameters and provides a composite average of all of the data. The PGM=PARM file describes the actual sample values for each of the parameters and contains the majority of the data upon which the PGM=INVENT file was based.

When applicable, the majority of the water quality standards were met (e.g. chlorine residual and sulfur as hydrogen sulfide did not apply). However, for three of the parameters--lead, mercury and silver--the summary data appears to exceed the water quality standards for Class 2 Recreation. After examining the actual sample values (these values are the basis for the summary data), it became evident that many of the values which were presented as being "less than" a certain value, were actually integrated into the summary table as that value. (Those values which were less than 5 were carried over to the summary table as 5). Table 2.4 presents an overview of the STORET data for these three parameters in question and is organized according to numeric standard, the summary data and the actual sample values.

Based on the information presented in Table 2.4, it becomes apparent that the summary data is not a true reflection of the actual samples taken.

It must also be noted that it is not unusual for many stream segments to have elevated levels of metals due to natural or unknown causes as well as mine seepage from inactive or abandoned mines.

It is unclear as to what the stream conditions truly are with respect to these three parameters, and with this in mind, it is difficult to make a decisive statement with respect to the actual exceedance of the water quality standards.



TABLE 2.3  
Water Quality Standards  
 (Numeric Standards)

	<u>Lemon Reservoir</u>	<u>Florida Mainstem</u>
<u>PHYSICAL AND BIOLOGICAL</u>		
pH	6.5 - 9.0	6.5 - 9.0
DO	6.0 mg/l - 7.0 mg/l	6.0 mg/l - 7.0 mg/l
Fecal Coliform	spawning 200/100 ml	spawning 2000/100 ml
<u>INORGANIC (mg/l)</u>		
NH <sub>3</sub>	0.02 unionized	0.02
Residual Cl <sub>2</sub>	0.003	0.003
Cyanide (free)	0.005	0.005
S as H <sub>2</sub> S	0.002 undis- solved	0.002 undis- solved
Boron	0.75	0.75
Nitrite (NO <sub>2</sub> )	0.05	0.05
Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> )	10.0	10.0
Chloride (Cl)	250.0	250.0
Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )	250.0	250.0
<u>METALS (mg/l)</u>		
Arsenic (AS)	0.05	0.05
Cadmium (CD)	0.0004	0.0007
Chromium (tri)	0.05	0.05
Chromium (hex)	0.025	0.025
Copper (Cu)	0.005	0.005
Lead (Pb)	0.004	0.004
Iron (Fe, Sol)	0.3	0.3
Manganese (Mn. sol)	0.05	0.05
Mercury (Hg)	0.0005	0.0005
Nickel (Ni)	0.05	0.05
Selenium (Se)	0.01	0.01
Silver (Ag)	0.0001	0.0001
Zinc (Zn)	0.05	0.05
Iron (Fe, tot)	1.0	1.0
Manganese (Mn, tot)	1.0	1.0

URANIUM

- (a) All waters of the San Juan/Dolores River Basins are subject to the following basic standard for uranium, unless otherwise specified by a water quality standard applicable to a particular segment. However, discharges of uranium regulated by permits which are within these permit limitations shall not be a basis for enforcement proceedings under this basic standard.

TABLE 2.3 (continued)

- (b) Uranium level in surface waters shall be maintained at the lowest practicable level.
- (c) In no case shall uranium levels in waters assigned a water supply classification be increased by any cause attributable to municipal, industrial, or agricultural discharges so as to exceed 40 picocuries per liter (pCi/l) or naturally-occurring concentrations (as determined by the State of Colorado), whichever is greater.
- (d) In no case shall uranium levels in waters assigned a water supply classification be increased by a cause attributable to municipal, industrial, or agricultural discharges so as to exceed 40 pCi/l where naturally-occurring concentrations are less than 40 pCi/l.

ORGANICS

All waters of the San Juan/Dolores River Basins are subject to the following standards for organics. (Discharges regulated by permits, which are within the permit limitations, shall not be subject to enforcement proceedings under these standards).

- (a) The organic substances listed below along with concentrations listed as assigned as basic standards intended to protect all waters in the San Juan/Dolores River Basins:

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Aquatic Life</u> mg/l	<u>Water Supply</u> mg/l
Aldrin	0.000003	
Diieldrin	0.000003	
DDT (DDD & DDE)	0.000001	
Endrin	0.000004	
Heptachlor	0.000001	0.0002
Lindane	0.00001	0.004
Methoxychlor	0.00003	0.1
Mirex	0.000001	
Toxaphene	0.000005	0.005
Demeton	0.0001	
Endosulfan	0.000003	
Guthion	0.0001	
Malathion		
2, 4-D PCB (Polychlorinated Biphenyls)	0.000001	
Chlorphenol	0.001	0.001
Monohydric phenol	0.5	0.001
Benzidine	0.0001	0.00001

TABLE 2.3 (continued)

- (b) Due to their toxicity persistence, bioaccumulation potential, and carcinogenicity, these organic substances shall be maintained at the lowest practical level in both surface or groundwater. In no case shall their presence in surface or groundwater be increased by any cause attributable to municipal, industrial, or agricultural practices or discharges, so as to exceed the levels specified in paragraph (a) above.
- (c) Aldrin and dieldrin in combination should not exceed 0.000003 mg/l.
- (d) All organics not covered by paragraph (a) above are covered by Section 3.1.11 of the "basic regulations".

TABLE 2.4  
Summary Data of Parameters in Question  
(PGM=INVENT)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Standard</u>		<u>Number of Samples</u>	<u>Mean</u>	<u>Actual Sample Values</u>	
	<u>mg/l</u>	<u>*ug/l</u>			<u>Number of Samples</u>	<u>Value Found</u>
Lead	0.004	4.00	34	0.0044 mg/l *(4.3824 ug)	6 25 2 1	0 5 5 14
Mercury	0.00005	0.05	7	0.00028 mg/l *(.28571 ug)	3 4	0 .5
Silver	0.0001	0.1	15	0.00026 mg *(.26667 ug)	3 11 1	0 .2 2

\* All actual sample values that were \*\* 5, .5 and .2 were recorded and averaged in as 5, .5 and .2 in this column.

\* micrograms per liter

\*\* means "less than"

## 2.5 LAND RESOURCES

The land in the immediate vicinity of the dam and reservoir (1/4 to 2 miles from the lake perimeter) is owned by both public and private interests. The reservoir and dam site as well as many other acres of public land are owned by the U. S. Government and are administered and managed by Reclamation, the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) and the USFS. Private properties are also adjacent to these publicly owned lands. Outside of the two mile radius and surrounding the reservoir and dam on three sides, is the San Juan National Forest.

### 2.5.1 Mineral Resources

Currently there are no existing mineral activities within the immediate area of the reservoir and dam. There are, however, two prospects known within the Florida River drainage basin at the extreme northern end, approximately 14 miles northeast of the dam site. There are no records of any production in the other inaccessible mine workings in the area. Production of metallic minerals within a 15 miles radius of Lemon Dam has been small.

The nearest known uranium and vanadium deposits, as reported by the Atomic Energy Commission, are in the vicinity of Durango and Lightner Creek, considerably southwest of the reservoir area. Traces of uranium have been identified near Aztec Mountain, north of Lemon Reservoir, but as with metallic minerals, the production of uranium or vanadium are not considered to be of any significance.

There are currently no prospects for oil development in the reservoir area but there is a coal belt about two miles south of the dam site that runs roughly eastward from Hesperus, Colorado and crosses the Pine River north of Bayfield, Colorado, dipping southerly away from the reservoir area.

According to the Draft Management Plan (page 10), "Ownership of mineral rights on acquired project lands has been reserved by the previous landowners. Stipulations on prospecting and extraction provide that any rights reserved shall be exercised in such a manner as will not interfere with the construction, operation, and maintenance of any works of the Lemon Dam and Reservoir of the Florida Project, as determined by the Secretary of the Interior or his duly authorized representative. Methods of extraction and removal of any such minerals shall prevent pollution and shall in no way adversely affect the water supply of Lemon Dam and Reservoir."

#### 2.5.2 Grazing

The grazing of cattle or sheep is not permitted in the reservoir management area but is permitted on the public lands in the National Forest through a deferred rotation system which allows for the maturation of range forage plants on a portion of the grazing allotment prior to use by livestock.

Many acres of the San Juan National Forest in the area of the dam and reservoir are classified as capable and suitable livestock grazing rangeland. Grazing permits for 255 head of cattle and 500 head of sheep were issued in 1985 with ranchers paying approximately \$475.00 in grazing fees. Horses are also grazed in conjunction with various types of recreation between mid-May and early November. The majority of the cattle are permitted to graze from mid-May to mid-October and sheep are permitted from early July to mid-September [San Juan National Forest - Final Environmental Impact Statement (SJNF FEIS) page III-53].

#### 2.5.3 Timber

Timber harvests are designed (1) to improve wildlife habitat diversity, (2) to improve water yields and (3) to perpetuate or create desirable vegetation mixes for aesthetic purposes. In the

San Juan National Forest there is a total of 801,474 tentatively suitable acres for timber production (SJNF FEIS page III-56).

Since 1960, there has been a steady decrease in average annual timber harvest, primarily due to the closing of three lumber mills in Dolores (1976), Pagosa Springs (1978), and Durango (1981). Sources have indicated that the shutdowns were attributed to small trees or low quality timber and to the depressed market conditions for lumber and other wood products. The harvesting in the Lemon Dam Area has decreased in the past with occasional small sales being offered.

## 2.6 RECREATIONAL USE

The entire Lemon Dam and Reservoir area attracts tourists and locals alike for a variety of recreational activities. Except in the spillway chute and stilling basin below the dam where only fishing is permitted, and the primary jurisdiction area where hunting and the discharge of firearms are restricted, the area is open year round for the pleasure of people seeking both water and land related recreation.

The water-based sports that are permitted on the reservoir include fishing, boating, water skiing, swimming, sailing and wind surfing (DMP page 32). Activities that are widely experienced in and around the dam and reservoir in the land based related recreation category include camping, hiking, shoreline fishing, sight-seeing, picnicking, photography, snowmobiling, snowshoeing, cross-country skiing and hunting.

An eleven unit recreation site (Miller Creek Campground) with concrete boat ramp and day use picnic facilities exists on the east side of the reservoir about two miles north of the dam. Below the dam is a parking area for stream fishermen. Approximately two miles north of the reservoir are two USFS Campgrounds; Transfer Park and Florida.

According to the DPR (page 53), annual use was estimated to be 10,000 visitor days per year, at a value of \$1.60/visitor day. Recent data from the Forest Service indicates that approximately 12,000 visitors per year utilized the facilities in the area of the dam and reservoir, including the Transfer and Florida Campground areas, with the primary usage occurring during the months of June through August.

In mid-September the sanitary facilities at the Miller Creek Campground (mini-flush) and in the single unit at the north end of the lake are closed because of freezing temperatures, but there are sanitary facilities available at the Miller Creek picnic area and the Transfer and Florida Campgrounds. After Labor Day visitor usage drops dramatically to approximately 200 visitor days per month and occurs primarily in the campground areas (Personal Communication - USFS).

Data derived by the Colorado Division of Wildlife from contacts with 1,174 fishermen during the months of May-October (1982) and July-October (1983) indicates that the fishery in the reservoir supported an estimated 14,484 fishermen during that period, accounting for a total of 48,188 fisherman hours. The average overall catch per manhour, which includes both bank and boat fishermen, was 0.593 (1982) and 0.792 (1983) and the average number of fish caught per fisherman trip was 1.96 (1982) and 2.7 (1983). This information is based on a 1982 and 1983 CREEL CENSUS PROJECT report developed by the CDOW.

As the hunting season approaches, the visitor usage drops considerably for those interested in hiking/photography and the aesthetic aspects of the area, and the area becomes saturated with hunters. The estimated number of hunter days for this area of the San Juan National Forest between the October-mid November prime deer/elk hunting season is 500 hunter days (Personal Communication USFS).



## 2.7 SOCIO ECONOMIC ASPECTS

Because the immediate area surrounding the dam and reservoir is basically rural/wilderness in nature, the definition of the socio-economic climate will be developed utilizing a larger geographical area.

On an overall basis, the area of socio and economic influence for the 1.5 million acres of the San Juan National Forest includes five counties in southwestern Colorado--La Plata, Montezuma, Archuleta, Dolores, and San Juan. It is estimated that the activities and outputs are directly or indirectly responsible for approximately 12% of the total employment within this area of influence [Land and Resource Management Plan - San Juan National Forest (LRMP-SJNF) p. II-2]

Within the general area of influence is a population of 50,000. Projected population growth is expected to more than double over the next 30 years. Average income for the five-county area in 1973 was \$3,630; and in 1978 was \$5,450. The total labor force in the five-county area in April 1980 was estimated to be 23,950 of which 22,600 were employed, for an overall unemployment rate of 5.6% (LRMP SJNF p. II-3). This is slightly above the Colorado average of 3.6%. Approximately 28% of this employment or approximately 6,740 jobs were related to the activities and outputs of the San Juan National Forest. According to p. II-3 of the Land and Resource Management Plan of the San Juan National Forest, "Based on an employment to population ratio of 1 to 24 for the area, it is estimated that these jobs support about 15,000 residents of the five-county area."

The Forest Service's Rocky Mountain Region has been divided into Social Resource Units (SRU's) which serve as a foundation for assessing social, cultural, and economic interactions and are defined by natural boundaries (LRMP SJNF p. II-3). The San Juan

Forest lies within the Region's Social Resource Unit K for which the eastern boundary is the Continental Divide, the northern boundary the San Juan Mountain Range, the southern delineation the Southern Ute and Ute Mountain Ute Indian Reservations and the western perimeter, the desert of Utah. Within the SRU's are smaller units, as defined by the USFS, called Human Resource Unit's (HRU's) which are areas characterized by unique patterns of life-styles, economic conditions, institutional arrangements and topography. The HRU's vary in size, may cross political jurisdictions and are more often than not larger than individual towns and communities.

According to the USFS's "Land and Resource Management Plan, San Juan National Forest, September 1983", Lemon Dam and Reservoir lie within the Animas HRU. This unit is described below as it appears in the Land and Resource Management Plan.

#### 2.7.1 Animas Human Resource Unit

"The Animas Human Resource Unit (HRU) is bounded on the west by a line running essentially from Red Mountain Pass southwest to the New Mexico border. This line crosses U. S. Highway 160 just west of Hesperus. The northern boundary of the HRU is the Continental Divide. The eastern border runs south from the Divide a few miles east of the Los Pinos River down to the New Mexico line.

The entire HRU is dependent on Durango as a primary trade and service center and as a recreation visitor entry point. The bulk of the unit is in La Plata and San Juan Counties.

#### 2.7.2 Lifestyle

The Animas HRU is moderately urbanized, especially in the Durango area, but the rural mountain lifestyle still prevails. Durango is the primary trade center, and is the "gateway" to the HRU and to the San Juan National Forest. Logging, ranching and

mining are directly related to National Forest activities in the HRU, and many residents spend large amounts of their leisure time in the Forest as well.

### 2.7.3 Attitudes, Beliefs and Values

Animas HRU residents represent a wide cross-section of attitudes, beliefs and values. The community is diverse, cosmopolitan and easily polarized on issues, including those relating to natural resource management.

### 2.7.4 Social Organization

The standard social services available in most small American cities are found in Durango, including a four-year college. Because of its diverse population and economic base, the Animas HRU is not as vulnerable to social disruption from projects such as mineral or ski area development as most other communities in southwest Colorado might be.

### 2.7.5 Population and Land Uses

Population increases of the past decade have created a problem with the conversion of agricultural lands to residential and commercial uses, particularly when converted lands are adjacent to the National Forest. Loss of access and key big game winter range are two adverse effects. Recreational use of the National Forest is growing as populations increase, with much of the increased use occurring on forest lands in the Animas HRU. Vegetation treatment is necessary to maintain the scenic views people are accustomed to and to provide for increased capacity on big game winter range to compensate for the rapid loss of private land."

## 2.8 HISTORICAL AND ARCHEOLOGICAL RESOURCES

According to page 13 of the Definite Plan Report (1959) and the Draft Management Plan (DMP) (1985) prepared by Reclamation,

USFS and the District, the "National Park Service's cultural resources site survey...concluded that no historical, archaeological or paleontological values exist in the reservoir area".

## 2.9 VISUAL RESOURCES

"The Lemon Reservoir Recreation Area is defined by a unique combination of visual features. Some of these include landforms, vegetation, and water, which combine to create an enclosed landscape of inherent harmony and character. Lemon Reservoir, along with the Florida River drainage and its continuous mountain streams, provides high visual relief. Natural ponds and lakes add to this relief, and are widely scattered throughout the vicinity of the reservoir area.

The predominant visual boundaries are defined by the surrounding landforms. The mountains to the north, capped with jagged peaks and ridges, tower above the Florida Valley. The combined peaks and ridge lines contrast sharply with the sky, and form the highest boundary of enclosure. Along the sides of the valley, other boundaries are viewed as vegetation types change. These boundaries form edges or lines cutting across the natural landforms. The surface of the reservoir acts as a valley floor and forms a distinct visual boundary at the shoreline edge. Each drainage extending downward forms a terminus as it converges at the reservoir. This arrangement of landforms tends to create a definite sense of place or arrival." (DMP page 12)

## 2.10 ENDANGERED AND THREATENED SPECIES

"Currently, the only threatened and endangered species periodically inhabiting the reservoir area is the bald eagle, typically during the spring and fall months when fish and small

game are most active. The eagle is an annual migrant from the northern portions of North America. There are no known active nests in the reservoir area. The USFS and CDOW coordinate with the USFWS to ensure proper management and protection of threatened and endangered species." (DMP page 11)

### 3.0 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

Considerable care has been taken to ensure that the work associated with the repair of the outlet gates and the installation of a turbine, generator, and electrical equipment be performed in a manner that will result in the least environmental impact. Construction has been scheduled to occur between August and November (a four month period) with a possible carryover into December, should it become necessary. Table 3.1 defines the specific actions that will be taken, the months in which they will occur, the potential consequences of the actions, and the duration of the consequences.

#### 3.1 NON-AFFECTED RESOURCES

Based on the information provided in Table 3.1, we can assume that few, if any, impacts will occur in the following categories.

- o geology
- o vegetative cover
- o wildlife resources
- o water quality
- o minerals
- o grazing
- o timber
- o recreational use
- o socio-economic aspects
- o historical and archeological resources
- o visual resources
- o endangered and threatened species

From an overall perspective, the project is short (4-5 months) with most of the inconvenience being very temporary and short-term.

The use of trucks on an intermittent basis over a period of 1-2 weeks should not result in any undue stress or hardship to the environment or to the recreational use in the Lemon Reservoir and Dam area. Personal communication with the USFS has indicated that once Labor Day approaches, usage of the area drops to approximately 200 visitor days per month and is confined primarily to the

campground site. The reservoir level is usually drawn down due to irrigation releases. Water sports activities in the reservoir have been curtailed considerably by Labor Day and in October, fishing is at a minimum.

Currently there is no data to support the contention that there would be a change in the temperature of the water as it passes through the turbine, nor would there be any other water quality changes expected.

With respect to the fall hunting season, the hunting and the discharge of firearms are restricted in the primary jurisdiction area which is where most of the improvement activities will occur. Hunters utilizing other campgrounds in the area would not be affected by the project.

The placement of additional power poles and lines below the spillway would be in conformance with the above ground conditions that currently exist. The cost for the work associated with constructing above-ground power lines is approximately \$8,000.00 while costs for burying the lines would be 2 to 3 times higher (\$20,000-\$24,000). Raptor protection measures will be incorporated. Utilization of some of the existing poles has been encouraged, and for the placement of new poles, the selection of sites will be made with visual and aesthetic considerations being a top priority. Suggestions to place the poles behind clusters of trees have been well received by LPEA.

### 3.2 DESCRIPTION OF AFFECTED ENVIRONMENTS/IMPACTS

#### 3.2.1 Direct

The most important area which could be affected by the Lemon Dam Project is the fishery in the reservoir and in the river downstream from the dam. There are short term construction

considerations that must be addressed with relation to the fishery as well as the potential for long term impacts due to the releases resulting from the operation of the hydropower unit.

#### 3.2.1.1 Construction

Depending on the water surface elevation when the project is actually constructed, the water level may have to be lowered to 8090 feet to facilitate the dives to efficiently place the steel plug. There is a reasonably good chance, however, that the reservoir elevation would be at 8100 feet (plus or minus 10 feet) which would eliminate the need to lower the reservoir more than a few feet. This is based on the historic data on October elevations from 1971-1982 which range from 8053 feet (low) to 8130 feet (high) (See Table 3.2).

The level of 8090 feet is within an acceptable range for the fishery and (1) is higher than the lowest level recorded (8053 feet), (2) is 9 feet lower than the fourteen year average elevation for October which is 8099 feet and (3) is considerably higher than the 1974 and 1977 record dry years when the reservoir remained at 8053 all winter.

Personal communication with Mike Japhet and Rick Sherman of the CDOW has resulted in their support for this water level and confirmation that, based on existing data, this elevation should have no significant impact on the fishery. However, it was agreed that should any additional information become available which requires that the surface water be maintained at levels higher than 8090, the project will be modified.

Another factor related to diver safety and having a potential impact on the fishery, is the need for the gates to be completely shut for 60 to 80 minutes during each dive to avoid any flow through the outlet that would endanger the divers. This, of



course, would result in intermittent releases to the downstream fishery during the diving period. Since the diving is to occur in the late fall which is the critical spawning period for the brown trout, the CDOW has indicated that a constant flow must be maintained in the river so that the gradient is not lost and the eggs are not left high and dry on the wetted perimeter. The CDOW has indicated that shut downs of up to one (1) hour would not result in any significant impacts to the brown trout population, but that shut downs for periods any greater than one hour would probably begin to impact the fishery. The diving schedule will be adjusted to respond to these needs.

With regard to other downstream concerns, the DPR (page 35) requires that a minimum release of 4 cfs from the reservoir be maintained at all times during the non-irrigation season for the downstream fishery habitat. The city of Durango has water rights for 8.9 cfs but requires an average of 6.1 cfs in October and 5.4 cfs in November. This demand is usually met by the releases from the reservoir coupled with the intervening flows below the dam. To maintain continuous flows of 9 cfs during construction, the fabricated plug will incorporate an 8 inch butterfly valve through which the required flows for downstream needs will pass.

With respect to the adjustment of flows during the irrigation and non-irrigation season, it is important to note that the first two weeks of October are usually transitional and the amount of irrigation water needed is dependent upon the ambient temperature and rainfall. Usually, the main gates, which are open during the irrigation season, are closed, and the 8 inch bypass pipe is used to maintain the downstream flows. The fish naturally adjust to these changing conditions.

From the irrigation standpoint, irrigators would be given advance notice that they would not be able to irrigate during the

construction period in the year the improvements would be made. However, the repairs should be completed in time to provide the 30-50 cfs stock water releases in late November or December.

### 3.2.1.2 Hydropower Operation

The criteria used in the selection of the turbine for this project was based on the need to maintain downstream flows of between 9-13 cfs during the non-irrigation season because 9-13 cfs have been the historic releases from October to April for the last ten years. By releasing constant flows, with minimal fluctuations, the stability of both the spawning environment and the adult fishery habitat will be ensured.

The actual releases with the turbine will not be the same on a daily basis as those releases using the orifice (the previous mechanism). For example, on a particular day the orifice release of 13 cfs would be comparable with a turbine release of 11 cfs; or another orifice might release 9.2 cfs while the turbine would release 12.1 cfs. Factors affecting these differences are the reservoir elevation, the performance characteristics of the turbine and the size of the orifice being used (two orifices are used). Although the turbine releases will be slightly different from those of the orifice, they will ensure streamflow continuity, which is an important factor affecting the downstream fishery.

The downstream releases during hydropower generation will, as in the past, be based on the needs of the irrigators and will not, in any way, be affected by the hydropower production. There will be no impacts on downstream water requirements as a result of the installation and operation of the hydropower unit.

The potential concern with respect to the impingement of fish in the turbine has been discussed with the CDOW. It was determined that it is very difficult to screen an 8-inch opening and

that if attempted, it might reduce the power output. Since the diameter of the 8 inch opening and the flow of water would not be great enough to allow for a significant amount of fish to find their way into the pipe, it was decided that a fish screen is not required. However, if under actual operating conditions, significant numbers of fish were found to be harmed, a redesign would be required and a mitigation technique would need to be developed by the District.

With respect to water temperature changes and potential fishery impacts downstream, it must be emphasized that no documentation currently exists to indicate that there are changes in water temperature once the water passes through the turbine.

### 3.2.2 Indirect

The only potential indirect concern associated with this project relates to the water levels in the reservoir during the year following project construction. Historic data has demonstrated that water levels in the 8090 foot range are not unusual for October and that the levels for October are the levels that generally remain in the reservoir throughout the winter. What determines whether the reservoir fills or not for the next year's irrigation program is the spring runoff. Historic data (Table 3.2) illustrates that reservoir levels of 8090 are very close to the average for the 14-year period. Based on the data presented in Table 3.1, which indicates that the reservoir easily recovered its capacity during both a "below average" and "average" year following a dry year, it is unlikely that there would be any significant impacts associated with the reservoir water level of 8090 feet during project construction.

Throughout the design of the project, extensive communication with those agencies responsible for protecting the various affected environments has taken place. Considerable caution has

been exercised with regard to the planning and design of construction activities that might have potential impacts on the environment. The specific mitigative measures which will be employed include:

- (1) Divers would be utilized to close the outlet to avoid excessive lowering of the reservoir elevation which could harm the fishery. (The fishery could be destroyed.)
- (2) A new plug would be utilized by the divers which can be handled easily and expeditiously.
- (3) Raptor mitigation techniques will be employed.
- (4) Downstream flows of up to 12 cfs could be maintained during construction to ensure the stability of the fishery.

If needed, other measures will be identified and implemented.

TABLE 3.1  
Consequences Related to Project Components

<u>Action</u>	<u>Month During Which It Occurs</u>	<u>Potential Consequences</u>	<u>Duration of Of Consequences</u>
1. Transport and setup of electrical wiring, transformer, power poles, distribution lines below the spillway.	Aug.-Sept.	An auger truck and electrical set-up truck would be required at the site. Construction in and around the spillway will involve La Plata Electric and electrical contractor personnel.	30 days for trucks  30 days for actual construction
2. Installation of electrical panels inside the gatehouse and placement of electrical conduits in the elevator shaft.	Aug.-Sept.	One or two pick-up trucks would be involved in the transport. The inside electrical work would be similar to wiring a house or a business.	60 days (trucks)  60 days for electrical installation (inside gatehours)
3. Installation of transformer and pouring of concrete slab for base for transformer.	Aug.-Sept.	One cement truck would be on site approximately 1-2 hours. A crew would finish the concrete work the same day.	1 day (trucks)  1 day (crew)
4. Transport of transformer	Aug.-Sept.	A 14 foot long flatbed truck would be needed for transport.	1/2 day

TABLE 3.1 - continued

<u>Action</u>	<u>Month During Which It Occurs</u>	<u>Potential Consequences</u>	<u>Duration of Of Consequences</u>
5. Transport, emplacement and installment of equipment, turbine and generator (in gate chamber)	Oct.-Nov.	Welding equipment trucks would be used. All construction activity would occur 200 feet below the surface in the gate chamber (no potential consequences).	30 days (trucks)  N/A
6. Transport and unloading of pontoons (18 feet long), 6 ft. diameter steel plug, decompression chamber	Aug.-Oct.	A large flatbed truck would transport the pontoons. A few pick-up trucks will be used for the transport of the other equipment.	1-3 days
7. Divers (a) reconnaissance (b) removal of trash rack/plugging of intake	Aug.-Oct.	Gates must be completely shut for 1 hour for the safety of the divers. During this period there would be no releases downstream except for what is leaking.  Water levels may have to be lowered to 8090 feet to facilitate diving to plug intake.	1-2 days (Intermittent releases would result in varying downstream flows while diving occurs.)  6 months of lowered water elevations during the winter as well as construction
8. Open gates to dewater outlet; open valve on fabricated plug to begin downstream releases during gate repair	Oct.	The fabricated plug would have an 8-inch control valve so that releases could be continuously made downstream without impairing the fishery.	1 day (Intermittent flows would result while valves were being adjusted for delivery of the 9 cfs.)

TABLE 3.1 - continued

<u>Action</u>	<u>Month During Which It Occurs</u>	<u>Potential Consequences</u>	<u>Duration Of Consequences</u>
9. Repair gates	Oct.	Work would be done in gate chamber 200 feet below surface. No consequences.	N/A
10. Dive to remove plug	Oct. (late)	Gates must be shut off completely for 1 hour for the safety of the divers. During the dives there would be no releases downstream.	1-2 days (intermittent flows downstream)
11. Operation of hydropower unit	Continuous	Flows through the turbine will be nearly the same as historic releases. Present thinking is that a minimal amount of fish will be killed in the turbine and corrective action is unnecessary.	Continuous

#### 4.0 ALTERNATIVE POWER SOURCES

The Lemon Dam Power Plant Project is located in the service area of La Plata Electric Association which has a contract with Colorado Ute Electric Association (CUEA) to exclusively provide power. CUEA is the power wholesaler to most of the electric cooperatives in western and southern Colorado.

CUEA's primary source of power now, and in the future, is from coal fired steam electric plants located in northwest Colorado. CUEA is also entitled to some hydroelectric power which is produced at the dams in the upper Colorado River basin from the Western Area Power Administration.

The alternative source of power for CUEA, should the Lemon Dam Power Plant not be built, is coal fired steam electric plants. Realistically, however, the Lemon Dam Power Plant is so small that it will have no impact on construction or operation of CUEA's coal fired power plants. The main advantage of the power plant is to provide energy at the end of long distribution line thusly reducing line losses and improving service.



## 5.0 AGENCY COORDINATION

The Florida Water Conservancy District initiated discussions to explore the feasibility of utilizing a 125 kW hydroelectric unit at the Lemon Dam in October 1983, and a preliminary permit was issued by FERC on March 15, 1984 for a period of 24 months. Since that time, much work has been accomplished including the preparation of technical documentation and the coordination with state, local and Federal entities. Throughout the process, Reclamation, which was responsible for the construction of the Florida Project, has made staff available to respond to technical concerns arising throughout the development of the feasibility study.

The CDOW, the USFS and the Colorado Department of Health have provided invaluable input into this process, particularly with respect to the environmental sections of the report. These agencies have willingly provided technical assistance and have reviewed draft portions and offered corrections and suggestions to ensure that their interests are protected and that the project proceeds in an environmentally sound manner. Table 5.1 summarizes the coordination efforts achieved by meetings, phone conversations and technical assistance sessions, and identifies the specific date, agency and participating staff person.

Prior to these interactions, considerable correspondence transpired between the consultant and appropriate state and Federal agencies. Table 5.2 summarizes these letters and presents the consultants response to the comments.

Continued coordination throughout the remaining phases of this project will be a primary concern of the consultant and the District. Participating agencies and entities that received copies of the draft feasibility report for official review and comment are listed below.

- o Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority
- o Florida Water Conservancy District
- o Colorado Division of Wildlife
- o Bureau of Reclamation
- o U. S. Forest Service
- o La Plata Electric Association
- o Colorado Ute Electric Association

TABLE 5.1  
Coordination

MEETINGS

<u>Date</u>	<u>Agency</u>	<u>Personnel</u>
February 19, 1985	Florida Water Conservancy District	Board Members
March 5, 1985	La Plata Electric Association	Larry Curtis
March 6, 1985	Colorado Ute (Montrose)	Bill Riley
March 13, 1985	Durango Public Works	Jack Rogers
April 16, 1985	Florida Water Conservancy District	Board Members
June 18, 1985	Florida Water Conservancy District	Board Members
July 23, 1985	La Plata Electric Association	Larry Curtis
July 29, 1985	Colorado Division of Wildlife	Mike Japhet
August 16, 1985	Colorado Division of Wildlife	Mike Japhet and Rick Sherman
October 7, 1985	Durango Water Commission	Commission Members
October 15, 1985	Florida Water Conservancy District	Board Members
November 12, 1985	Florida Water Conservancy District	Board Members

TABLE 5.1 (continued)

PHONE CONVERSATIONS

<u>Date</u>	<u>Agency</u>	<u>Personnel</u>
February 19, 1985	Colorado Ute	Bill Riley
February 19, 1985	FERC	Paul McKee
March 19, 1985	Colorado Division of Wildlife	Ann Hodgson
April 15, 1985	Colorado Historical Society	Leslie E. Wildesen
May 28, 1985	FERC	Paul McKee
August 8, 1985	U.S. Forest Service	Dick Bell
August 8, 1985	Bureau of Reclamation	Rich Gjere
August 22, 1985	San Juan Basin Health Unit/Colorado DOH (SJBHU/CO DOH)	Fred Hinman
August 22, 1985	CO DOH	Dennis Anderson
August 22	USEPA (Denver)	Dick Satiris/ Jim Zicki
September 9, 1985	Colorado Division of Wildlife	Mike Japhet
September 12, 1985	Bureau of Reclamation	Rich Gjere
September 12, 1985	U.S. Forest Service	Dick Bell
September 17, 1985	U.S. Forest Service	Dick Bell
October 1, 1985	Colorado Division of Wildlife	Bob Little
October 1, 1985	U.S. Forest Service	Dick Bell
October 1, 1985	CO DOH (Grand Junction)	Dwain Watson
October 1, 1985	USEPA	Dick Satiris
October 1, 1985	Storet, Washington, D.C.	Barbara Lamborne
October 1, 1985	USGS (Denver)	Jenny Stein

TABLE 5,1 (continued)

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

<u>Date</u>	<u>Agency</u>	<u>Personnel</u>	<u>Assistance</u>
August 1, 1985	BurRec	Dick Gjere	Provided DPR and Draft Management Plan
Sept. 10, 1985	SJBHU/CO DOH	Frank Singleton/ Fred Hinman	Provided copy of WQ Standards and Stream Classification
On-Going	BurRec (Durango Project Office and Engineering and Research Center)	Technical Personnel	Provided technical assistance throughout project duration.

TABLE 5.2  
Written Communication

<u>Date</u>	<u>Agency</u>	<u>Personnel</u>	<u>Summary of Comments</u>	<u>Consultant Response</u>
4/22/85	Colorado Historical Society	Leslie Wildesen Deputy State Historic Pre- servation Officer	Based on present nature of project no impact on cultural resources will occur.	
3/8/85	Bureau of Reclamation	Rick Gold, Projects Manager	Indicating that it is not necessary to replace any riprap at the dam because what appeared to be thin spots was actually road surface material from the top of the dam which had been washed over the existing riprap	Modification of original work plan has been made to delete rip-rap portion
6/26/85	CO DOW	Ann B. Hodgson Wildlife Pro- gram Specialist	Based on the assumptions that (1) hydropower unit will use the existing small outlet tubes and will not increase downstream flows or affect reservoir release patterns, (2) no above ground power house construction is planned, and (3) the transmission lines are scheduled to be buried, there should be no detrimental effects on fish and wildlife resources.	The power house will be underground and the project has been designated to be as close as is technically possible to the past release patterns. Existing above ground power lines will be used to market the power and a new above ground line will be constructed for power to the dam superintendent's home. Burial of this line is cost prohibitive. Project design has been discussed with both Durango and Montrose DOW Staff.

TABLE 5.2 (continued)

7/8/85	CO DOW	Bob Clark, Habitat Res. Sect.	CO DOW recommends (1) minimum releases at dam of 8 cfs to Durango Diversion, and (2) his- toric flow of 4 cfs be maintained down to the Florida Diversion. Concurs with proposal to pump water during con- struction to maintain fishery flows.	These recommendations have been integrated into the design of the project. Releases of 9 cfs will be maintained during con- struction to accommodate the fishery and the City of Durango's water needs.
6/5/85	U.S. Dept. of the Interior Fish & Wildlife Service	Robert Berton Acting Field Supervisor	Identified 2 endangered species in the project area: Bald eagle <u>Haliaeetus</u> <u>leucocephalus</u> ; Peregrine falcon <u>falco peregrinus</u> <u>anatum</u> and requested that mitigative measures be employed to protect raptor (hawks, owls and eagles) populations.	HWE has written for the document which outlines measures to be taken for raptor mitigation and will include these measures as part of the project.
4/24/85 8/30/84	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission	Paul McKee	Coordination required under preliminary permit authority - identification of initial activities, progress reports, request for extension of prelimi- nary report	On schedule as required
1/19/85		Kenneth Plumb, Secretary		



United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

UPPER COLORADO REGION  
DURANGO PROJECTS OFFICE  
P.O. BOX 640  
DURANGO, COLORADO 81301

IN REPLY  
REFER TO: 430  
600.

MAR - 8 1985

Mr. Steve Harris  
Harris Water Engineering  
954 East Second Avenue  
Durango, Colorado 81301

Dear Mr. Harris:

In initial meetings concerning the Florida Water Conservancy District's investigations into securing funding assistance from the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority to perform a feasibility study on a hydroelectric facility at Lemon Dam, it was suggested that repairs to Lemon Dam's upstream slope riprap be included in the overall study. Subsequent field examinations of the riprap have concluded that the apparent thin spots in the riprap are actually places where road surface material from on top the dam embankment has washed over the existing riprap, appearing as exposed Zone 2 material. For this reason, it is not necessary to replace any riprap at this time.

If you have any questions concerning this matter, please contact Pat Schumacher in our office.

Sincerely yours,

Rick L. Gold  
Projects Manager

cc: Mr. Loyd Hess, President  
Florida Water Conservancy District

Mr. John Ey, Reservoir Superintendent  
Lemon Dam





## United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE  
ENDANGERED SPECIES OFFICE  
1406 FEDERAL BUILDING  
125 SOUTH STATE STREET  
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84138-1197

IN REPLY REFER TO:

June 5, 1984

Mr. Steven C. Harris, P.E.  
Harris Water Engineering  
954 Second Avenue  
Durango, CO 81301

Dear Mr. Harris:

We have received your letter of April 24, 1984, which was meant to officially inform the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) that the Florida Water Conservancy District (FWCD) is beginning a feasibility study on the installation of a small 125 kw hydroelectric turbine on the outlet works of Lemon Dam, LaPlata County, Colorado. Our comments are offered under authority of the Section 7 Interagency Cooperation Regulations, 50 CFR 402, and the Endangered Species Act (ESA), 16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.

It appears that federally-listed endangered species may occur in the project area, which are identified in the following list:

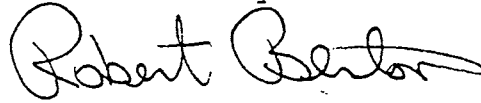
bald eagle	<u>Haliaeetus leucocephalus</u>
peregrine falcon	<u>Falco peregrinus anatum</u>

In recent years, much attention has been given, especially in the West, to the protection and enhancement of raptor populations (hawks, owls and eagles) with respect to powerlines. Eagles and other raptors perch on the distribution poles and consequently become primary victims of electrocution.

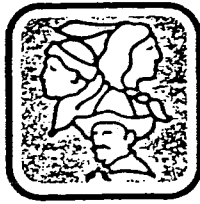
To offset the possibility of adverse impacts to bald eagles, peregrine falcons or other large raptors that may be in the project area, we suggest that the applicant consider measures to protect raptors from electrocution as outlined in the recent document: Suggested Practices for Raptor Protection on Powerlines - The State of the Art 1981 - Raptor Research Report #4, Raptor Research Foundation, Inc. 1981. If these measures are incorporated into the project, there should be no effect on threatened or endangered species. Copies of this report may be obtained from the Raptor Research Foundation, c/o Department of Veterinary Biology, University of Minnesota, St. Paul, Minnesota, 55101.

Thank you for your interest in conserving endangered species. As per your letter request, FWS will be happy to meet with you at your convenience to discuss details of the Lemon Hydro Project. The representative that can provide you with additional technical assistance is Robert Smith, of our Grand Junction, Colorado office (telephone 303/243-2778).

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Robert Benton". The signature is fluid and somewhat stylized, with a large initial "R" and a long, sweeping underline.

Acting Field Supervisor



COLORADO  
HISTORICAL  
SOCIETY

Colorado State Museum 1300 Broadway Denver, Colorado 80203

April 22, 1985

Steven C. Harris  
Harris Water Engineering  
954 Second Avenue  
Durango, Colorado 81301

Re: Lemon Dam Hydropower Project, FERC Permit No. 7830.

Dear Mr. Harris,

This is to acknowledge receipt of your April 15, 1985 correspondence  
concerning the above proposed project.

DATE RECEIVED: April 19, 1985

Based on the information you supplied, we believe ( ) the nature of the proposed project or (XX) the present nature of the proposed project area is such that no (further) impact upon cultural resources will occur. Therefore, you may proceed with the undertaking as proposed.

However, if previously unidentified archaeological resources are discovered in the course of the project, work must be interrupted until the resources are properly evaluated in terms of the National Register of Historic Places eligibility criteria (36 CFR 60.4) in consultation with this office.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment. If we may be of further assistance, please contact our Compliance Division at 866-3395 or 866-3392.

Sincerely,

Leslie E. Wildesen  
Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer

STATE OF COLORADO  
Richard D. Lamm, Governor  
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES  
**DIVISION OF WILDLIFE**

James B. Ruch, Director  
6060 Broadway  
Denver, Colorado 80216  
Telephone: (303) 297-1192



November 1, 1985

Mr. Steven C. Harris, P.E.  
959 Second Avenue  
Durango, CO 81301

Dear Mr. Harris:

Subject: Review of Draft Feasibility Report, Lemon Dam Improvements Project,  
Florida River, LaPlata County Co FERC # 7830-000

The Colorado Division of Wildlife has reviewed the above-referenced document as requested in your letter of 10 October 1985. We have appreciated the opportunity to be involved in the planning of this dam repair project, and the consideration for Colorado's fish and wildlife resources demonstrated by the project proponent. The draft document appears to have reviewed the issues previously discussed with the project proponent and we have no further comments to offer regarding the proposal.

The Division appreciates the opportunity to review and comment on this proposal. Questions regarding our comments should be directed to Rick Sherman, Wildlife Biologist, at (303) 249-3431.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Ann B. Hodgson".

Ann B. Hodgson  
Wildlife Program Specialist

ABH/eja

cc: USF&WS; Denver, Grand Junction, SLC  
USEPA; Denver, Attention: Mike Hammer

STATE OF COLORADO  
Richard D. Lamm, Governor  
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES  
**DIVISION OF WILDLIFE**

James B. Ruch, Director  
6060 Broadway  
Denver, Colorado 80216  
Telephone: (303) 297-1192



2300 S. Townsend  
Montrose, CO 81401  
November 1, 1985

Mr. Steven C. Harris  
Harris Water Engineering  
954 Second Avenue  
Durango, CO 81301

Dear Steve:

The Division of Wildlife has reviewed the Draft Feasibility Report on the proposed Lemon Dam Improvements Project. We are in agreement with this report, with the exception of a few minor changes which Mike Japhet has already expressed to you. The report is a good one and reflects the close working relationship that you have had with Mike.

We appreciate the opportunity to review this document and sincerely appreciate the cooperative spirit you've extended throughout the project review.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Rick Sherman". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Rick Sherman  
Wildlife Biologist

RS/pjp

cc: Towry  
Zgainer  
Clark  
Japhet  
Hodgson

STATE OF COLORADO  
Richard D. Lamm, Governor  
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES  
**DIVISION OF WILDLIFE**

James B. Ruch, Director  
6060 Broadway  
Denver, Colorado 80216  
Telephone: (303) 297-1192



2300 S. Townsend  
Montrose, CO 81401  
July 8, 1985

249-3431

Mr. Steven C. Harris, P.E.  
Harris Water Engineering  
954 Second Avenue  
Durango, CO 81301

Dear Mr. Harris:

This letter is in reference to your request for wildlife input to the Lemon Dam Improvements Project, which includes the installation of a hydropower plant and repair of the main outlet gates at the dam.

The Division's concerns remain the same as outlined in earlier correspondence. I would, however, like to address the following recommendations for flow releases below Lemon Dam:

1. We recommend a minimum release at the dam of 8 cfs down to the Durango Diversion.
2. We recommend the historic flow of 4 cfs down to the Florida Diversion be maintained.
3. We concur with the proposal to pump water during construction to maintain fishery flows.

If you have further questions on these comments, please contact Mike Zgainer at our Durango, 247-0855, or Rick Sherman at our Montrose office.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Bob Clark".

Bob Clark  
Habitat Res. Sect.

RS/pjp  
cc: Donoho  
Zgainer  
Sherman  
Hodgson

STATE OF COLORADO  
Richard D. Lamm, Governor  
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES  
**DIVISION OF WILDLIFE**



James B. Ruch, Director  
6060 Broadway  
Denver, Colorado 80216 (297-1192)

June 26, 1984

Steven C. Harris, P.E.  
Harris Water Engineering  
954 Second Avenue  
Durango, CO 81301

Dear Mr. Harris:

Subject: Request for consultation, Lemon Dam Hydropower, Florida River,  
La Plata County, Colorado.

The Division of Wildlife has reviewed the information you submitted regarding the above-referenced project and offers the following comments for your consideration.

We understand that the proposal developed by Florida Water Conservancy District to construct a hydroelectric facility at the Lemon Dam will use the existing small outlet tube and will not increase downstream flows or affect present reservoir release patterns. Additionally, no above-ground power house construction is planned and at the present time all transmission lines are scheduled to be buried. If these design criteria are not changed during the feasibility study the project should not have a detrimental effect on fish and wildlife resources. If the above design components of this project do change during the planning period we would look forward to an opportunity to meet with your representative to discuss those new considerations.

We appreciate the opportunity to review and comment on this proposal. Ann Hodgson, Wildlife Program Specialist, will serve as the liaison for this project. If you have any questions regarding these comment, please call me at (303) 297-1192, extension 271.

Very truly yours,

  
Ann B. Hodgson  
Wildlife Program Specialist

ABH:cs

cc: N. Smith, CDOW-SW  
USF&WS, Denver, SLC



United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

UPPER COLORADO REGION  
DURANGO PROJECTS OFFICE

P.O. BOX 640  
DURANGO, COLORADO 81302-0640

IN REPLY  
REFER TO: 431  
500.2

NOV - 7 1985

Mr. Steve Harris  
Harris Water Engineering  
954 Second Avenue  
Durango, Colorado 81301

Dear Mr. Harris:

We have reviewed your draft feasibility report on the proposed Lemon Dam Improvements Project. We have the following comments:

1. Page 4 - Peak irrigation releases are 270 cfs. Flood control releases up to a maximum of 910 cfs can be made through the outlet works.
2. Pages 8 and 59 - Each pair of outlet gates is capable of releasing 455 cfs at reservoir elevation 8148 feet.
3. Page 10 - Unbalanced releases through the regulating gates can be made; however, Reclamation's approval of unbalanced releases will be required.
4. Page 49 - Reclamation's approval of the steel plug design will be required. A method to introduce and remove air while respectively dewatering and refilling the pressurized outlet tunnel upstream of the gates will be required.
5. Page 50 - Reclamation's approval of the bulkhead used to divert water upstream of the outlet gates during repair of the guard gate seals will be required.
6. Pages 50 and 56 - The interruption of downstream releases for a maximum of one hour during installation and removal of the inlet tower plug or bulkhead upstream of the gates appears optimistic.
7. Page 103 - The cost of \$56,000 for the bronze seats appears to be excessive. Cost for similar seats to repair gates in other dams indicates the cost range to be \$6,000 to \$10,000.

We appreciate the opportunity to comment on your draft feasibility report. Our office will continue to be available for technical review and assistance on this project.

Sincerely yours,

Rick L. Gold  
Projects Manager



October 23, 1985

Mr. Steven C. Harris, P.E.  
Harris Water Engineering  
954 Second Avenue  
Durango, CO 81301

Dear Mr. Harris:

Lemon Dam Hydroelectric Project

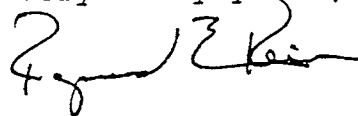
This letter is to send you the April, 1985 Policy for Small Power Producers, and to provide comments on the Lemon Dam Hydroelectric One Line Diagram. This letter does not constitute design approval.

Comments:

1. A "utility disconnect switch" should be installed between the Dam Keepers residence connection and the input to the 12.47 kv to 480V transformer.
2. Power factor correction capacitors should not correct the no load power factor above 0.95.
3. We suspect the 99% device should be numbered device number 13 and 110% device should be numbered device number 12.
4. Other induction machine operators on our system tend to interconnect their machines with an R.P.M. slightly above synchronous speed. We recommend that you carefully research the suitability of an auto close from your mechanical 99% device.
5. If there is any chance of flooding, we would recommend a float switch wired to trip.

If you have any questions, please call.

Very truly yours,



Raymond E. Keith, Manager  
Electrical Engineering

REK/RLA:rbg

Enclosure

cc: G. McNaughton, LPEA

ATTACHMENT 1

COURT DECREE ESTABLISHING  
FLORIDA WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT

IN THE DISTRICT COURT WITHIN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF LA PLATA

STATE OF COLORADO

No. \_\_\_\_\_

IN THE MATTER OF  
FLORIDA WATER CONSERVANCY  
DISTRICT

} FINDINGS AND DECREE

On the 1st day of July, A. D. 1948, the cause coming on for hearing upon the petition of William C. Adcock, et al, for the establishment of a water conservancy district, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 263 of the Session Laws of Colorado for 1937 and all amendments thereto, and the petitioners appearing by their attorney, L. W. McDaniel, the cause was continued until the \_\_\_\_\_ day of July, A. D. 1948, and upon that date, the petitioners again appearing by their attorney, L. W. McDaniel, the presentation of petitioners' evidence proceeded to the Court and the presentation of evidence continued until the attorney for petitioners announced he had no further evidence.

WHEREUPON, the Court announced that any person might now present evidence for or against the petition. No persons appearing or offering any evidence, the Court declared the evidence and hearing closed, and the Court having read the records and files herein and having heard the evidence introduced in support thereof, and having considered all thereof,

THE COURT DOETH FIND:

1. That the petition in this cause for the organization of a "Water Conservancy District " was filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of La Plata County, Colorado, on the 14th day of April, A. D. 1948, and by ordered entered on said day this Court fixed the 1st day of July, A. D. 1948 for a hearing on said petition, said hearing to be held at Durango, Colorado, in the Courtroom of the District Court at ten o'clock A. M. on said date. That bond to pay all expenses connected with these proceedings in case the organization of a district be not effected in the sum and with security approved by the court, has been filed in and is a part of these proceedings.

2. That the petition for the organization of a water conservancy district filed herein states:

- (1) The proposed name of the district.
- (2) That the property within the proposed district will be benefited by the accomplishment of the purposes enumerated in Section 3 of said Act.
- (3) A general description of the purpose of the contemplated improvement and of the territory to be included in the proposed district.
- (4) The assessed value of all irrigated lands within the boundaries of the proposed district.
- (5) A general designation of divisions of the district and the number of directors of the district proposed for each sub-division.
- (6) Prayer for organization of the district by the name proposed.
- (7) The signatures of the petitioners, with each tract, or tracts, of land listed opposite the name of the signer.

3. That on the 14th day of April, A. D. 1948, on motion of petitioners, the Court herein entered an Order that the Clerk of this Court be directed to give notice of hearing of petition as provided by law and mail a copy of said notice to the Board of County Commissioners of the County of La Plata, and that publication be made in The Durango News, a weekly newspaper published in Durango, Colorado, for five (5) successive weekly publications.

That the Clerk of this Court has caused Notice of the time and place of hearing to be given by publication of "Notice of Hearing on Petition" in the following newspaper, i. e. "The Durango News", a legal weekly newspaper of general circulation in La Plata County, Colorado, and said publication was made once each week for five (5) consecutive weeks (five issues) commencing on April 16, 1948 and ending on May 14, 1948, as more fully appears from the affidavit of publication on file in this cause;

That the Clerk of this Court on April 14, 1948 caused a copy of said Notice of Hearing on Petition to be mailed by United States Registered Mail, to the Board of County Commissioners of La Plata County, Colorado, at Durango, Colorado, as more fully appears from the affidavits of mailing and publication filed herein by said Clerk and the Return registration receipt on file in this cause.

5. That said petition has been signed by not fewer than twenty-five (25) per cent of the owners of the irrigated lands to be included in the district but not embraced within the incorporated limits of any city or town; and each tract, or tracts of lands listed opposite the name of the signer and each such tract (or tracts), together with improvements thereon, has an assessed value of not less than one thousand (\$1000.00) Dollars; and said petitions are also signed by not fewer than five (5) per cent of the owners of non-irrigated land and/or lands embraced within the incorporated limits of any city or town, all situated in the proposed district; and each tract, or tracts of land are listed opposite the name of the signer and each such tract, or tracts, together with improvements thereon, has an assessed value of not less than one thousand (\$1000.00) Dollars; that said petition has been signed and presented in full conformity with the Statutes of Colorado.

6. That no protesting petition or petitions have been filed.

7. That the assessed valuation of irrigated lands, together with improvements thereon, within the boundaries of said district, is not less than two hundred thousand (\$200,000.00) Dollars, and there is no city or city and county having a population of more than twenty-five thousand, as determined by the last United States Census, included within such district.

8. That this Court has jurisdiction of the parties, and the subject matter of this proceeding.

9. That the petition in all respects complies with, and conforms to the requirements of Chapter 266 of the Session Laws of Colorado for 1937 and all amendments thereto and the allegations of said petition are true, and said petition is approved by the Court.

10. That the property within the proposed district will be benefited by the accomplishment of the following purposes, to-wit:

- (1) Construction of "works" as defined in said Acts for conserving, developing and stabilizing the supplies of water for domestic, irrigation, power, manufacturing and other beneficial uses.

11. That the purposes for which said district is established are: To construct a reservoir on The Florida River in La Plata County, Colorado, for the storage of water to be utilized to supplement the natural flow of The Florida River during irrigation season, with outlet and inlet canals; to build such ditches and canals as may be incidental thereto; and to exercise all powers conferred by law; to construct such "works" as may be necessary for the benefit of the territory included in said district.

12. That public necessity exists for the construction of the proposed "works".

13. That the territory included in the proposed district is situated in La Plata County, Colorado and is described as follows:

In Township Thirty-three (33), Range Nine (9) West, N. M. P. M., all of Sections 2, 3, 4, 5, 8 and 17;

and the NW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 1; NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 6, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 7; NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , W $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 9; NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 18; NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 19; NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 20; NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 29; NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 30; NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 31; W $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 32,

In Township Thirty-four U (34U), Range Nine (9) West, N. M. P. M., all of Sections 1U, 2U, 3U, 4U, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 32, 33, 34, 35 and 36; and E $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , Section 3; NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 17; E $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 18; NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , Section 19; NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 30; NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 31; Lot 1 Section 5U.

In Township Thirty-four U (34U), Range Eight (8) West, N. M. P. M., all of Section 5U, 6U, 7U, 8U, 18U, 19; and W $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 9U; W $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , W $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 17U; NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , W $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 30; NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 31.

In Township Thirty-four N (34N), Range Nine (9) West, N. M. P. M., all of Sections 1, 2, 10, 11 and 12; and NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 3; SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 4; NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , NE $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 9, and NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 9.

In Township Thirty-four N (34N) Range Eight (8) West, N. M. P. M., all of Sections 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 16, 17, and 18, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 10; NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , Lot 2, Section 15.

In Township Thirty-four and one-half (34 $\frac{1}{2}$ ), Range Nine (9) West, N. M. P. M., all of Sections 35 and 36.

In Township Thirty-five (35), Range Nine (9) West, N. M. P. M., all of Section 36; and NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 24; NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 25; NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 35;

In Township Thirty-five (35), Range Eight (8) West, N. M. P. M., all of Sections 3, 8, 18, and 31; and NW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 2; NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 4; SW $\frac{1}{4}$  and SE $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 5; NW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 9; NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , W $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 17; NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 19; NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 30; NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 32.

In Township Thirty-six (36), Range Eight (8) West, N. M. P. M., all of Section 36; and SW $\frac{1}{4}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 34; SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 35.

In Township Thirty-six (36), Range Seven (7) West, N. M. P. M., all of Sections 8, 17, 30; and NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , Section 5; NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 6; NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 20; NW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 29; NW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 31.

In Township Thirty-seven (37), Range Seven (7) West, N. M. P. M., all of Section 30; NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , NE $\frac{1}{4}$  of Section 31; SW $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 32.

14. That the territory above described should be constituted and created a Water Conservancy District under the laws of Colorado and under the corporate name of "Florida Water Conservancy District".

WHEREFORE, IT IS BY THE COURT, ORDERED, ADJUDGED, DECLARED AND DECREED:

That the territory as above described be and the same hereby is organized, constituted and created a Water Conservancy District under the Statutes of Colorado, under the corporate name of "Florida Water Conservancy District", with its office or principal place of business in the City of Durango, La Plata County, Colorado.

That the Board of Directors of said district shall consist of five directors, and the territory within said district is hereby subdivided into three divisions, each division hereinafter described to be entitled to one director, to-wit:

1. Division No. 1. All that portion of the proposed District situated in Township 35, Range 9; Townships 35 and 36, Range 8 (except the SE $\frac{1}{4}$  and the S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 32, Township 35); Townships 36 and 37, Range 7, to be known as the "Upper Florida Division", and to be entitled to one director.

Division No. 2. All that portion of the proposed district situated in Township 34 North and 34 $\frac{1}{2}$  Range 9 and in 34 North, Range 8, together with SE $\frac{1}{4}$  and S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 32, Township 35, Range 8, also, all that portion of the proposed district which lies in Township 34U, Range 8, and all of Sections 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 23, 24, 25 and 26, together with E $\frac{1}{2}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$  Section 22, E $\frac{1}{2}$ , E $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$  Section 27, E $\frac{1}{2}$ N $\frac{1}{2}$  Sec. 34, W $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , NE $\frac{1}{4}$ N $\frac{1}{2}$  Section 35, and all of Sections 1U, 2U and 3U, Township 34U, Range 9, to be known as "Palfa Division", and to be entitled to one director.

DIVISION No. 3. All that portion of the proposed district lying in Township 34U, Range 9 West, not included in Division No. 2, and all of lands in the proposed district situated in Township 35 North, Range 9, to be known as "Sunny Lane Division" and to be entitled to one director.



That the Water Conservancy District herein prayed for  
is entitled to one director for each division thereof and  
two directors from the district at large.

BY THE COURT:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Judge

ATTACHMENT 2

APPLICATION FOR HYDROPOWER  
WATER RIGHT AT LEMON DAM

FILE IN TRIPLICATE

*Filed 4-16-85*

WATER FORM A

IN THE DISTRICT COURT IN AND FOR

WATER DIVISION NO. 7

STATE OF COLORADO

CASE NO. 85 CW-24

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION )	
FOR WATER RIGHTS OF FLORIDA WATER )	
CONSERVANCY DISTRICT )	APPLICATION FOR WATER RIGHT
IN LA PLATA COUNTY. )	(SURFACE)
WATERSHED <u>Animas</u>	
TRIBUTARY <u>Florida</u>	

1. NAME OF APPLICANT: Florida Water Conservancy District

ADDRESS OF APPLICANT: P.O. Box 1157

Durango, Colorado 81302-1157

TELEPHONE NUMBER OF APPLICANT: (303)247-1113

2. NAME OF DITCH OR OTHER STRUCTURE: Florida Power Generating Station.

3. LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF EACH POINT OF DIVERSION OR PROPOSED DIVERSION:

There will be no diversion of water. Applicant is the owner and operator of Lemmon Dam and Reservoir. The applicant is required to release between 8 and 11 cubic feet of water per second of time through a by-pass line through the dam, at times when the main gates are not being operated for irrigation purposes. A power generating turbine will be installed so as to utilize the flow of water through the by-pass for the purpose of generating power for use by the district in operating the gates and machinery in the dam at Lemon Reservoir and for heating the residence and garage used by the district for its dam superintendent. There will be no consumptive use of the water through said power generation.

4. DESCRIPTION OF DITCH, PUMP, OR PIPELINE: There is no ditch, pump or pipeline involved, the water will flow through a by-pass line in the dam from the reservoir and discharge into the stream as it always has.

5. SOURCE OF WATER (RIVER AND TRIBUTARY): Animas River, Florida River.

6. A. DATE OF INITIATION OF THE APPROPRIATION: September 20, 1983.

B. DATE WATER FIRST APPLIED TO BENEFICIAL USE: Has not been applied.

C. HOW APPROPRIATION WAS INITIATED: Commencement of engineering studies preliminary to obtaining a permit from Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.


7. AMOUNT OF WATER CLAIMED BY DIVERSION IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND OF TIME - INDICATE WHETHER CONDITIONAL OR ABSOLUTE:

A. PORTION ABSOLUTE: -0- c.f.s. PORTION CONDITIONAL: 11 c.f.s.

8. USE OR PROPOSED USE OF WATER: Power generation.

9. IN CASE OF AN IRRIGATION PRIORITY, THE NUMBER OF ACRES BEING IRRIGATED: N/A; THE NUMBER OF ACRES HISTORICALLY IRRIGATED N/A; AND THE NUMBER OF ACRES PROPOSED TO BE IRRIGATED BY THE DECREE SOUGHT N/A c.f.s.

10. REMARKS: None.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
L. W. Mc Daniel  
Attorney for Florida Water  
Conservancy District  
P.O. Box 1157  
Durango, CO 81302-1157  
(303)247-1113

STATE OF COLORADO    )  
                                  ) ss.  
COUNTY OF LA PLATA    )

L. W. Mc Daniel, being first duly sworn upon oath, deposes and says that he has read the foregoing application, knows the contents thereof and that the same is true.

\_\_\_\_\_  
L. W. Mc Daniel

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27<sup>th</sup> day of March, 1985.

s/ Cathy Butty  
Notary Public  
1040 Main, Durango, CO 81301

My Commission expires: 6/30/85

IT IS ORDERED that this application is referred to the Water Referee for his investigation and ruling.

Dated \_\_\_\_\_ 19 \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
WATER JUDGE

LIST FOR NOTICE

Applicants Name and Address:

Florida Water Conservancy District  
P.O. Box 1157  
Durango, CO 81302-1157

List of persons or entities who may be affected by this application:

Oliver Hurt 383 Co. Rd. 225 Durango, CO 81301	Brown Ditch John Teneyck 1098 Co. Rd. 217 Durango, CO 81301	Highline Ditch Roy Annala, et al 122 Co. Rd. 510 Durango, CO 81301
Isgar Ditch Mrs. George Paxton 4862 Hwy. 550 Durango, CO 81301	Campion Ditch Roy Annala 122 Co. Rd. 510 Durango, CO 81301	Dore Pump M.D. Dore Route No. 1 Ignacio, CO 81137
Banks Tyner Ditch Charles Lemon, et al 2694 Co. Rd. 222 Durango, CO 81301	D&R.G.W.R.R. Co. P.O. Box 5482 Denver, CO 80217	Ranches Florida Well No.1 c/o Wayne Glover 917 Co. Rd. 216 Durango, CO 81301
Twin Rock Ditch Co. c/o D.C. Adams, Sec'ty Route 1 Aztec, New Mexico 87410	Banks Tyner Ditch- Shumway Pump 2062 Co. Rd. 222 Durango, CO 81301	Blanton F. Cogburn 1636 Hwy. 550 Durango, CO 81301

Tyner Morrison Ditch  
C.W. Shumway, et al  
2062 Co. Rd. 222  
Durango, CO 81301

D.F. & Katie Cogburn  
Trust  
1520 Hwy, 550  
Durango, CO 81301

Tyner East Side Ditch  
William Dashner, et al  
P.O. Box 908  
Durango, CO 81301

Foy Cogburn  
1394 Hwy 550  
Durango, CO 81301

Home Ditch  
Peal P. Barnes & Sons  
3544 Co. Rd. 307  
Durango, CO 81301

Jennie Beyer  
1929 Hwy 550  
Durango, CO 81301

Florida Water  
Conserfancy District  
P.O. Box 1157  
Durango, CO 81302-1157

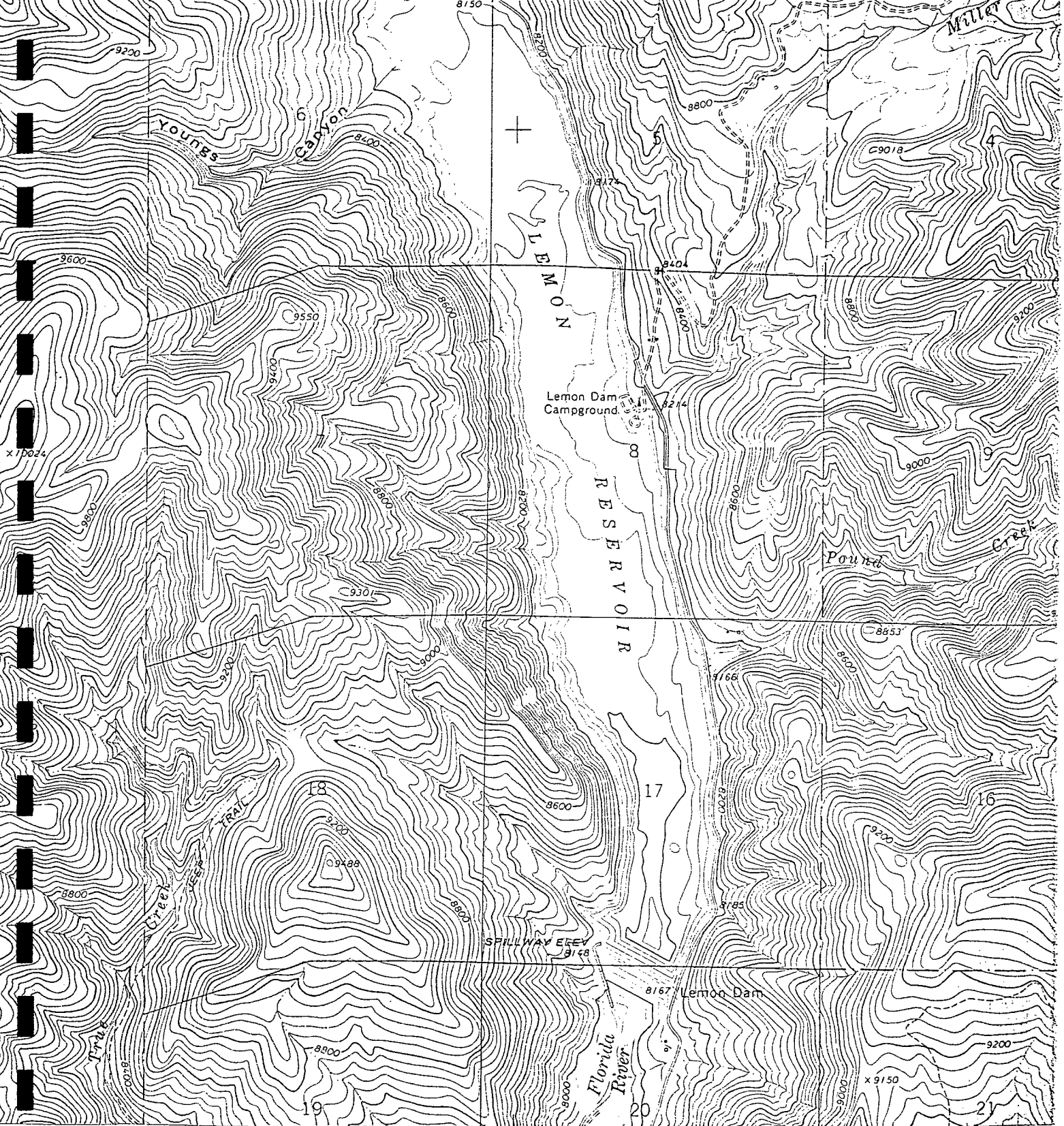
Pacific Northwest  
Pipeline  
3746 Co. Rd. 307  
Durango, CO 81301

Florida Canal Co.  
Florida Canal Enlargement  
Co. c/o T.G. Eggleston  
135 Riverview Drive  
Durango, CO 81301

Ball Ditch  
W.P. Ball  
100 Mesa Avenue  
Durango, CO 81301

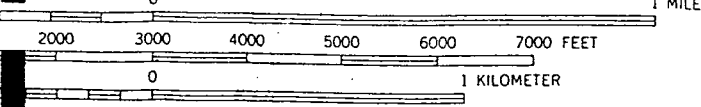
Florida Farmers Ditch Co.  
Florida Co-operative  
Ditch Co.  
c/o Hazel Brown  
5005 Co. Rd. 234  
Durango, CO 81301

(NOTE: IF ANYONE IS AFFECTED AND DOES NOT RECEIVE NOTICE, THE DECREE OF THIS  
WATER RIGHT MAY BE SET ASIDE.)

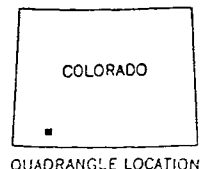


R. 8 W. (RULES HILL) 4458 1 SW R. 7 W. 263 40' 264 DURANGO 15 MI.

SCALE 1:24 000



CONTOUR INTERVAL 40 FEET  
DATUM IS MEAN SEA LEVEL



INTERIOR-GEOLOGIC 266000m.E

ROAT  
Light-duty

LEMO

ADDENDUM TO APPLICATION FOR WATER RIGHT,

FLORIDA WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT

The axis of the dam is located in Sections 17 and 20, Township 36 North, Range 7 West N.M.P.M. beginning at a point on the right abutment, from whence the Southwest corner of Section 17, Township 36 North, Range 7 West N.M.P.M. bears South 84°34' West a distance of 1,699.6 feet, thence South 63°22' East a distance of 1,320 feet to a point on the end of the axis of the dam on the left abutment thereof.



ATTACHMENT 3

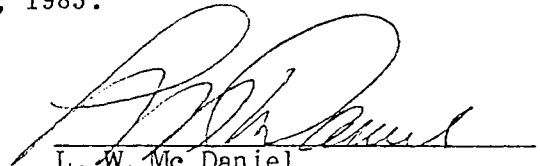
DISTRICT BOARD MINUTES AUTHORIZING  
LICENSE APPLICATION

CERTIFICATION

The undersigned, assistant secretary of Florida Water Conservancy District hereby certifies that the following is a true and correct copy of a motion adopted at a regular meeting of the District held on October 8, 1985:

It was moved, seconded and carried that as soon as the feasibility study had been completed the FERC License Application be completed and submitted.

Dated this 27th Day of November, 1985.



L. W. Mc Daniel  
Assistant Secretary  
Florida Water Conservancy  
District

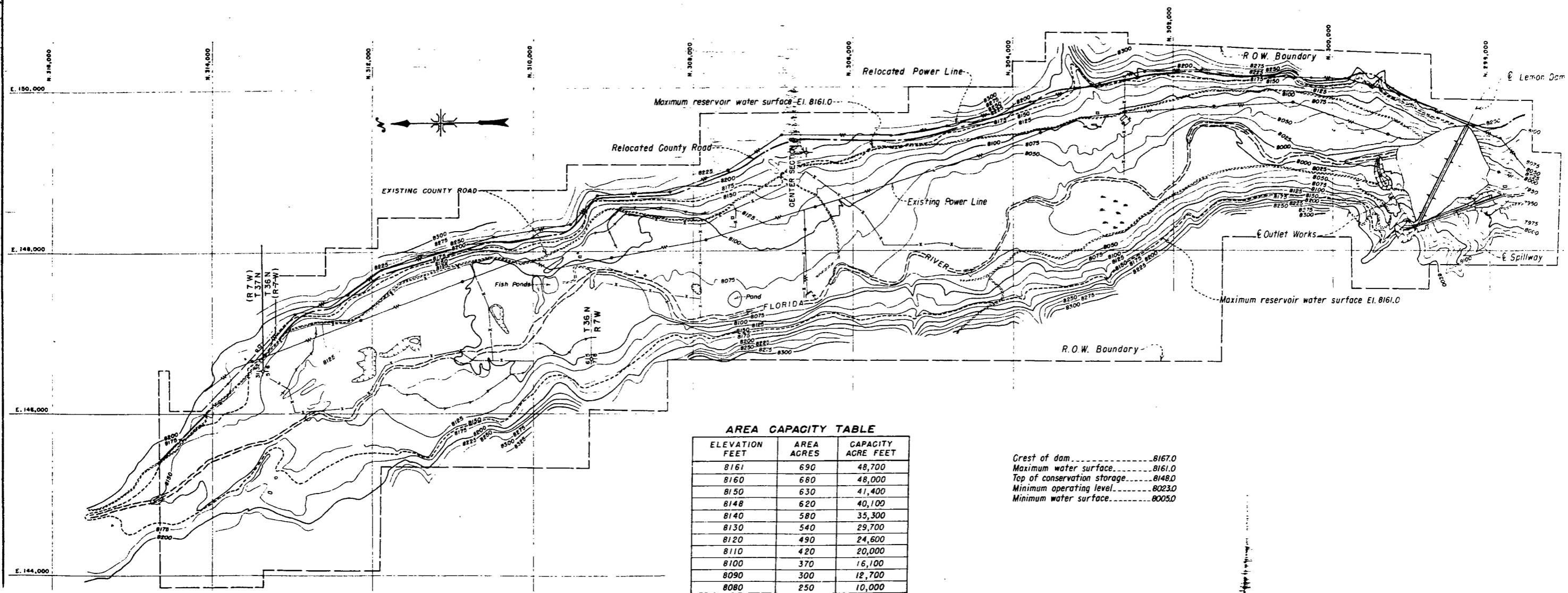
EXHIBIT L

DRAWINGS

Appendix B

USBR AS-BUILT DRAWINGS

<u>Drawing No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
519-400-53	Right-of-Way(see p. EL-2 of Appendix A)
519-D-15	Reservoir Area
519-D-19	General Embankment Plan and Sections
519-D-4	General Plan for Spillway and Outlet Works and Tunnel Sections
519-D-12	Outlet Works - Intake Structure
519-D-14	Outlet Works - Shaft House and Shaft
519-D-13	Outlet Works - Gate Chamber
519-D-34	Outlet Works - Gate Chamber By-Pass Pipe and Drain
519-D-36	Outlet Works - High Pressure Gate Assembly
519-D-37	Outlet Works - High Pressure Gate Upstream Frame
519-D-41	Outlet Works - High Pressure Gate Leaf and Seats

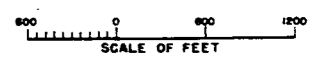


AREA CAPACITY TABLE

ELEVATION FEET	AREA ACRES	CAPACITY ACRE FEET
8161	690	48,700
8160	680	48,000
8150	630	41,400
8148	620	40,100
8140	580	35,300
8130	540	29,700
8120	490	24,600
8110	420	20,000
8100	370	16,100
8090	300	12,700
8080	250	10,000
8070	210	7,700
8060	180	5,700
8050	150	4,100
8040	120	2,700
8030	87	1,600
8023	62	1,100
8020	54	940
8010	34	510
8005	27	350
8000	17	250
7990	8	140
7980	6	68
7970	3	24
7960	1	4
7955	0	0

Crest of dam.....8167.0  
 Maximum water surface.....8161.0  
 Top of conservation storage.....8148.0  
 Minimum operating level.....8023.0  
 Minimum water surface.....8005.0

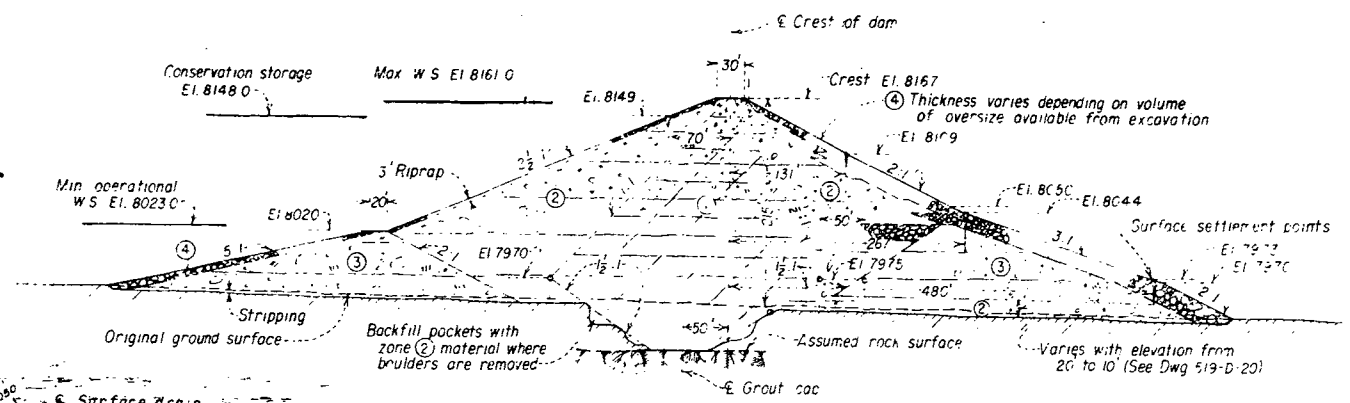
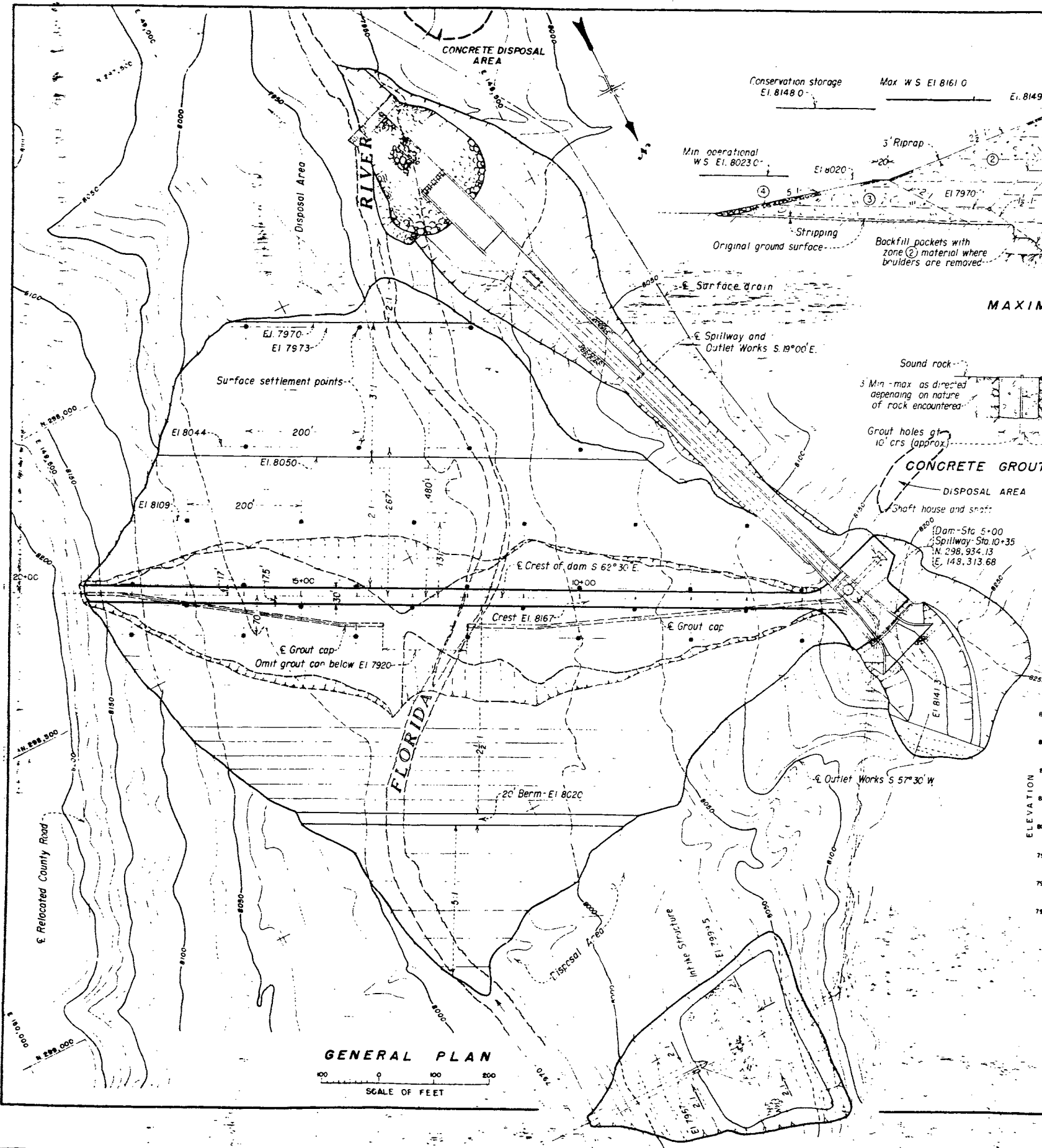
NOTE: Area capacity values are extracted from tables of Nov. 3, 1960 and rounded.



UNITED STATES  
 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
 BUREAU OF RECLAMATION  
 FLORIDA PROJECT - COLORADO  
**LEMON DAM  
 RESERVOIR AREA**

DRAWN... E.S.P. SUBMITTED *Richard W. Beck*  
 TRACED... M.S.P. RECOMMENDED *Richard W. Beck*  
 CHECKED... *[Signature]* APPROVED *[Signature]*  
 DENVER, COLORADO, FEBRUARY 22, 1961

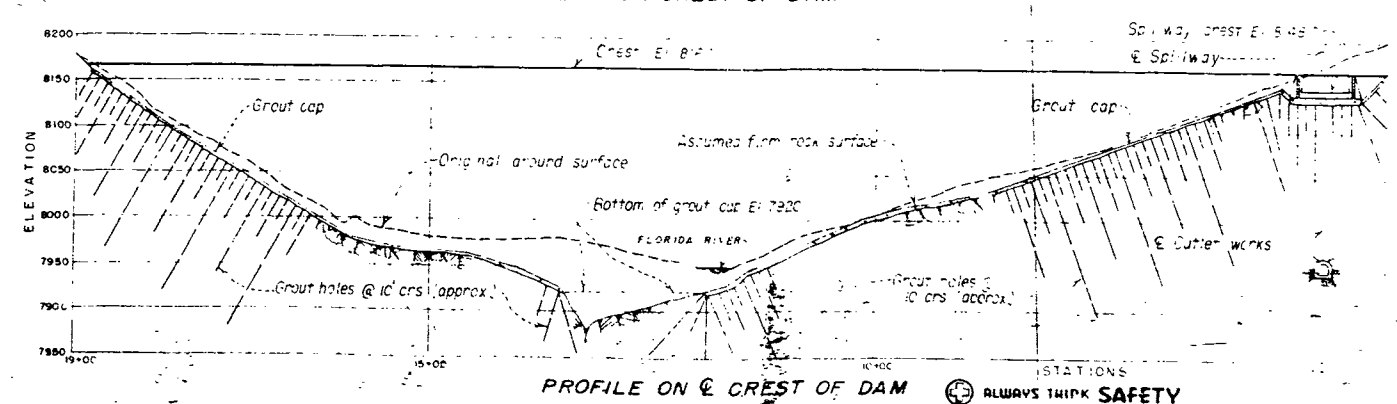
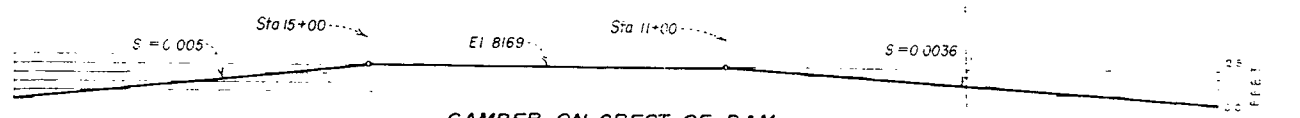
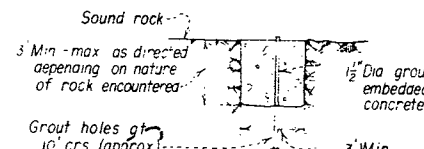
**519-D-15**



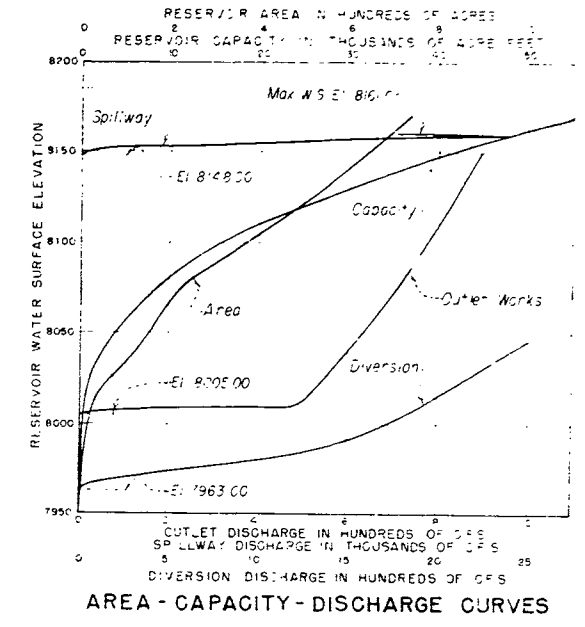
**RESERVOIR STORAGE ALLOCATIONS**

PURPOSE	ELEVATION	STORAGE ACRE- FEET
Conservation	8023 to 8148	39,000
Inactive	8005 to 8023	750
Dead	7955 to 8005	350
<b>Total storage capacity</b>		<b>40,100</b>

A surcharge of 8,600 cfs in combination with a spillway capacity of 9,600 cfs is provided to protect against the inflow design flood having a peak of 13,300 cfs and a 2-day volume of 26,800 a.f.  
 \* Max. WS Ei. 8161.0



- EMBANKMENT EXPLANATION**
- ① Selected clay, silt, sand, and gravel - 12 inches thick, compacted rollers to 6-inch layers
  - ② Selected sand, gravel, and cobbles - 12 inches thick, compacted in 6-inch layers by pneumatic tampers
  - ③ Miscellaneous clay, silt, and sand - 12 inches thick, compacted in 6-inch layers by pneumatic tampers
  - ④ Backfill placed in 3-foot layers



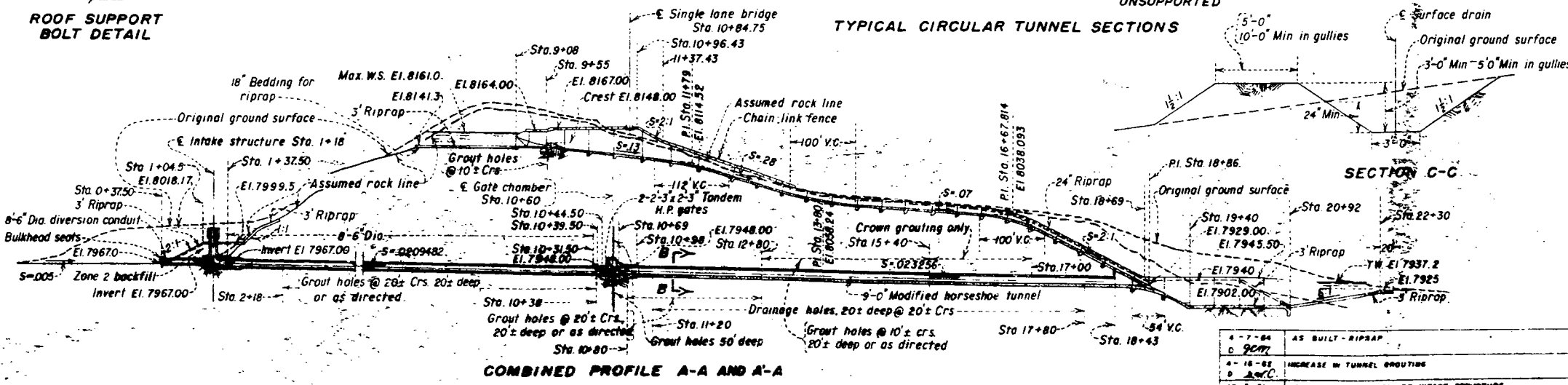
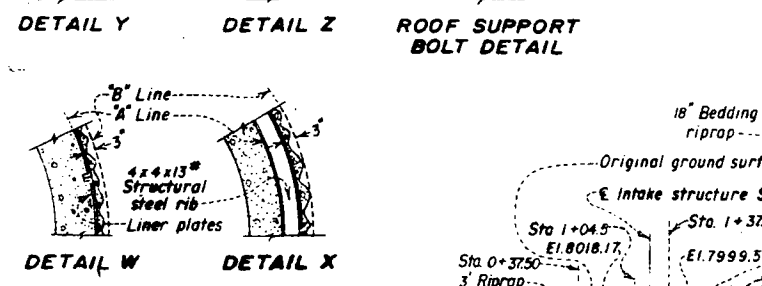
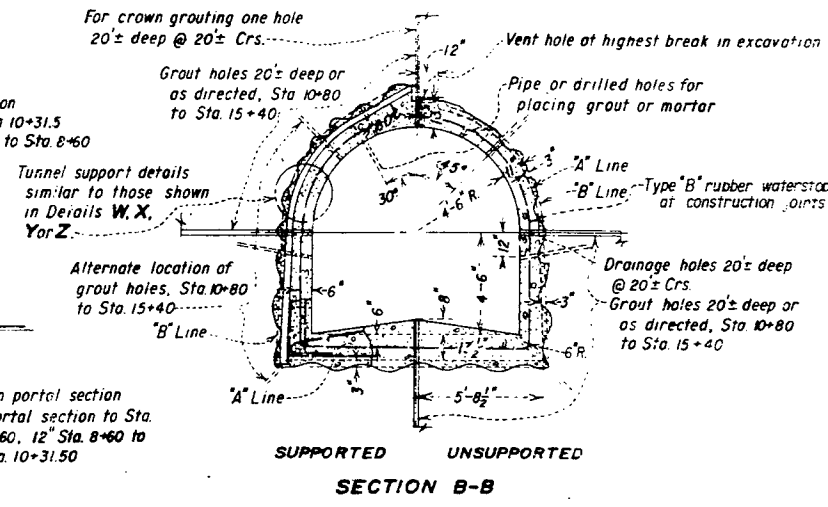
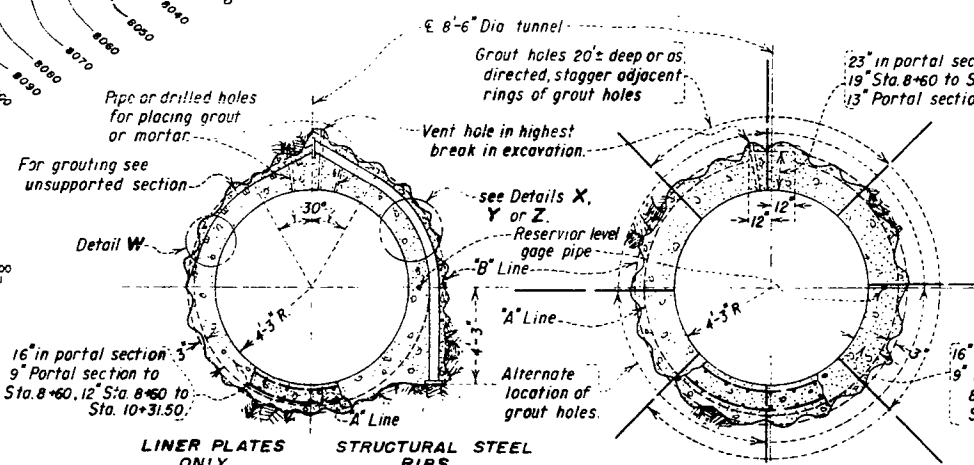
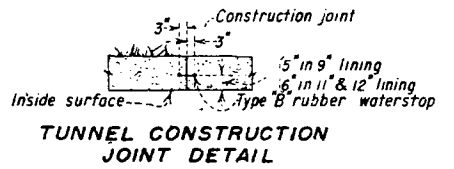
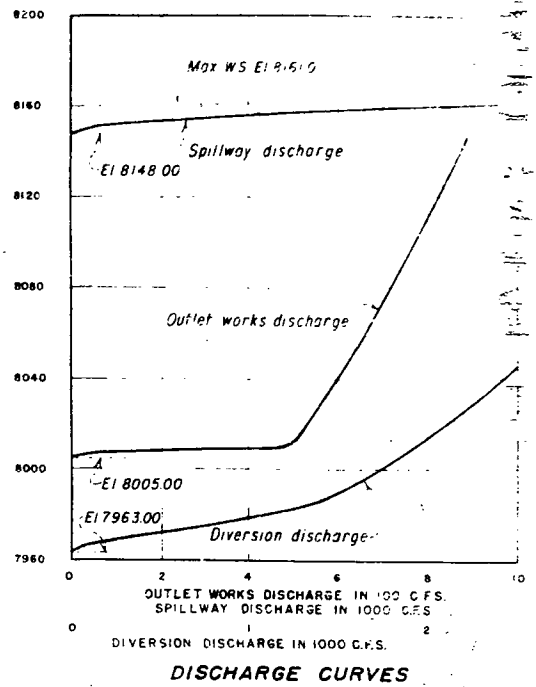
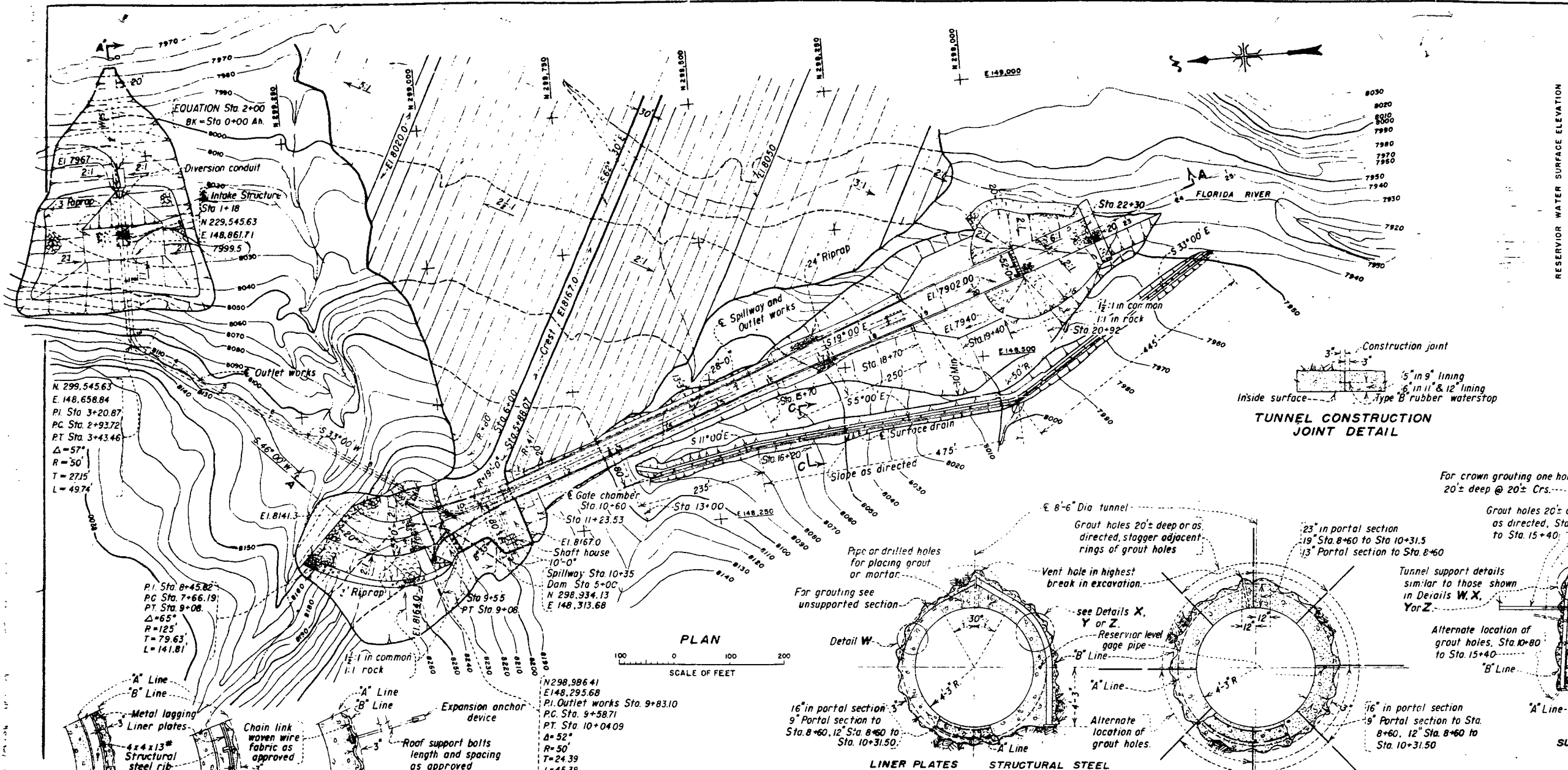
7-18-73 D-10	ADDED DISPOSAL AREAS	DRAWN A. J. H.	SUBMITTED E. J. FALLUM
6-6-66 D-10	AS BUILT BY 406 LETTER 3-11-66	TRACED R. T. S.	RECOMMENDED A. J. FALLUM
4-18-65 D-10	AS BUILT BY 416 LETTER 3-16-64	CHECKED M. J. F.	APPROVED M. J. F.

DENVER, COLORADO, FEBRUARY 22, 1968

**ALWAYS THINK SAFETY**

UNITED STATES  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
BUREAU OF RECLAMATION  
FLORIDA PROJECT - COLORADO  
**LEMON DAM**  
GENERAL PLAN AND SECTIONS

519-D-19



**NOTES**

For general notes see Drawings, 40-L-5530 & 40-D-5586. If rock in channels is suitable excavation shall be completed to the channel profile omitting riprap and bedding as directed by the contracting officer. Indicated slopes of excavated surfaces are normal to contours. Spacing of transverse construction joints in tunnel lining shall not exceed 50'. Rubber waterstops shall be placed in all transverse construction joints in tunnel lining.

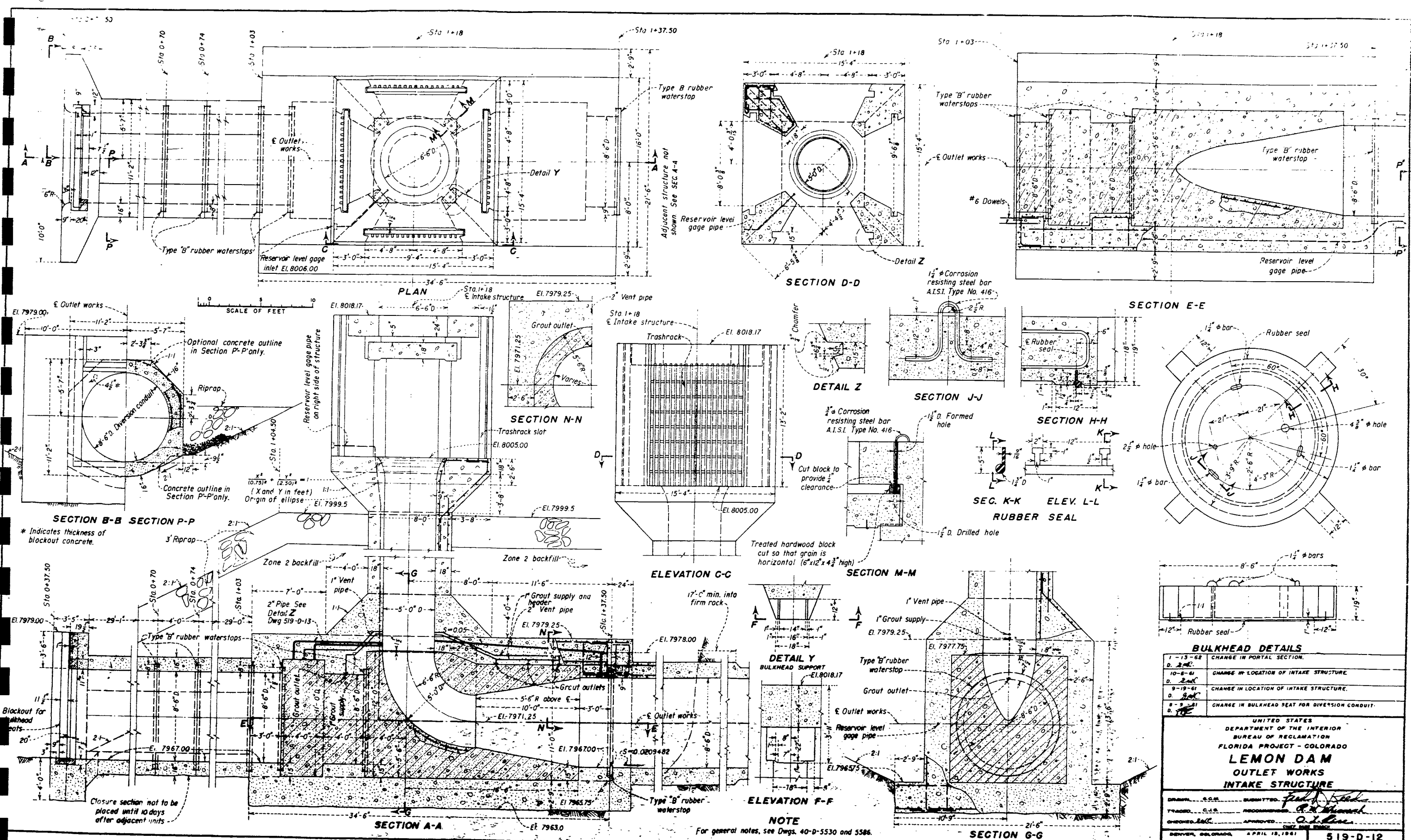
9-13-61	CHANGE IN LOCATION OF INTAKE STRUCTURE
D - WTC	
7-8-61	CHANGE IN SIDE SLOPES OF 11" WIDE CHANNEL
B (2)	

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF RECLAMATION FLORIDA PROJECT - COLORADO

**LEMON DAM SPILLWAY AND OUTLET WORKS GENERAL PLAN AND TUNNEL SECTIONS**

AS BUILT - RIPRAP  
 INCREASE IN TUNNEL ROUTING  
 CHANGE IN LOCATION OF INTAKE STRUCTURE

APPROVED: *[Signature]*  
 DENVER, COLORADO, APR. 19, 1961



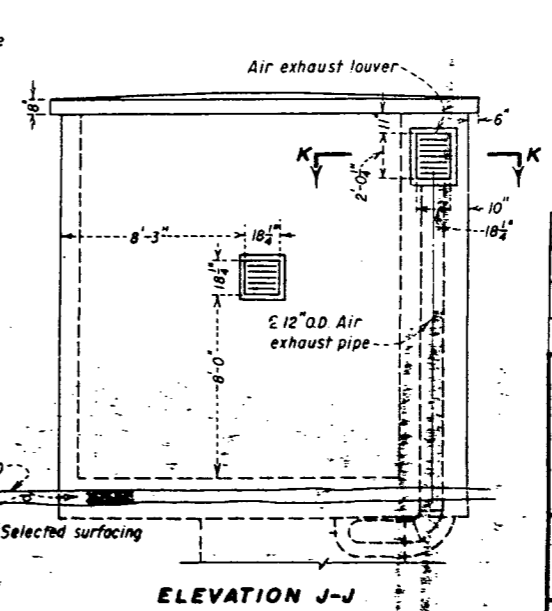
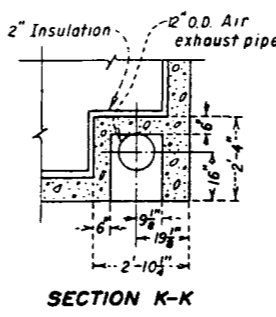
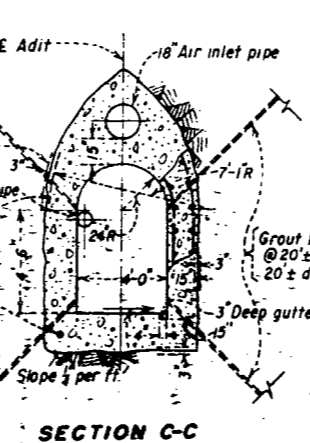
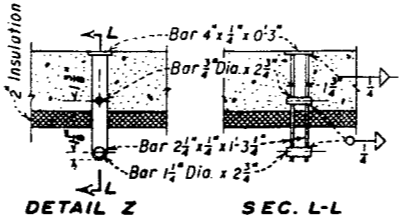
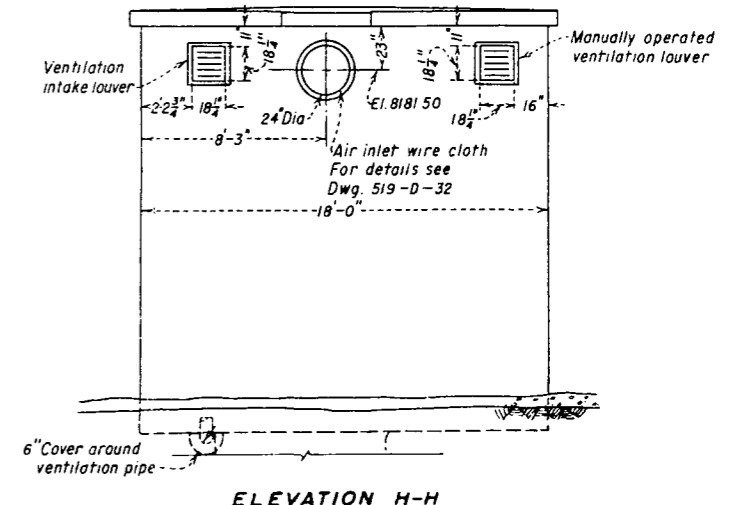
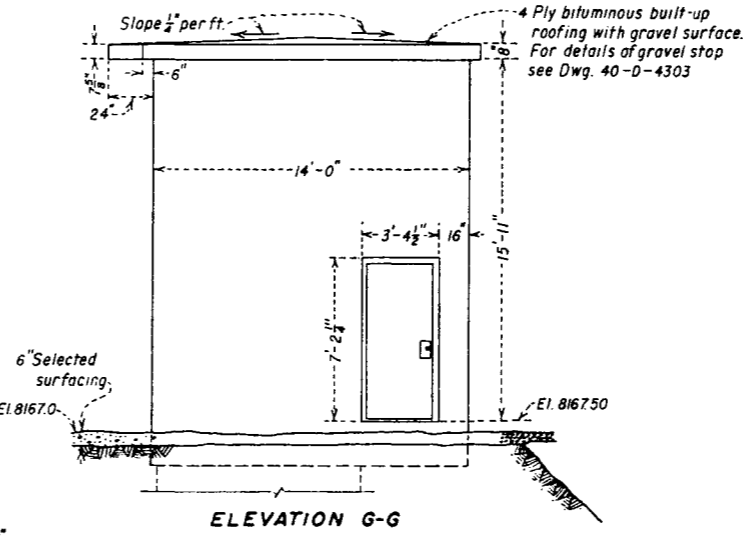
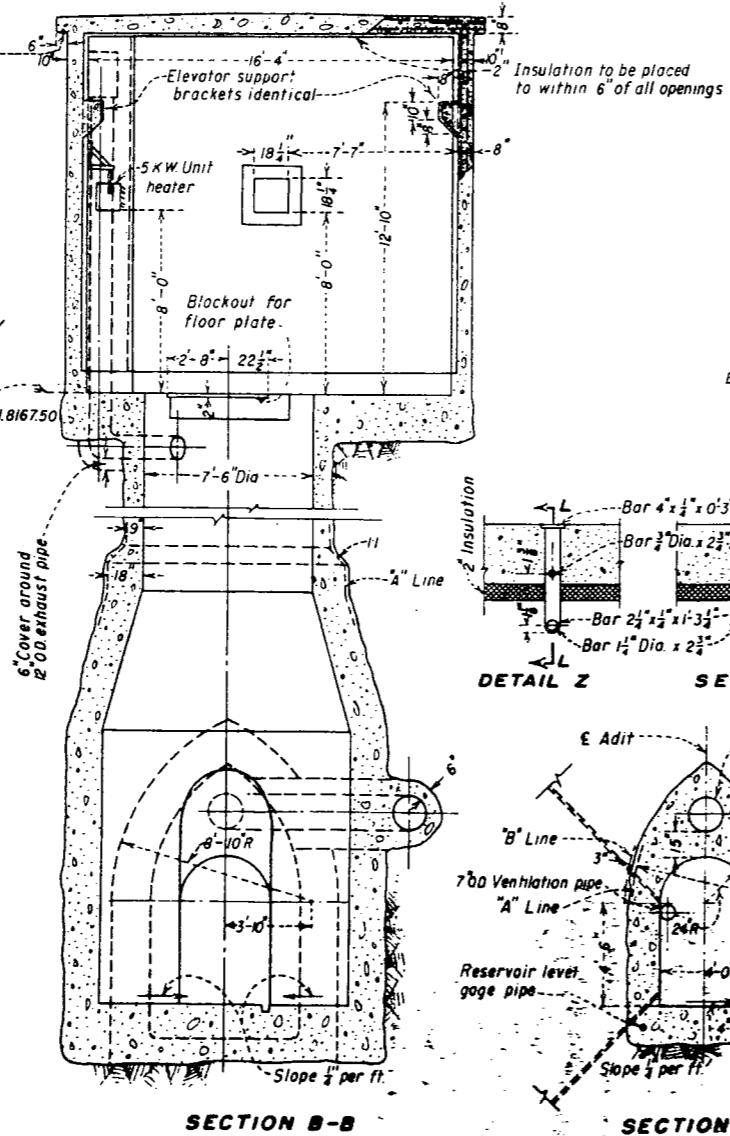
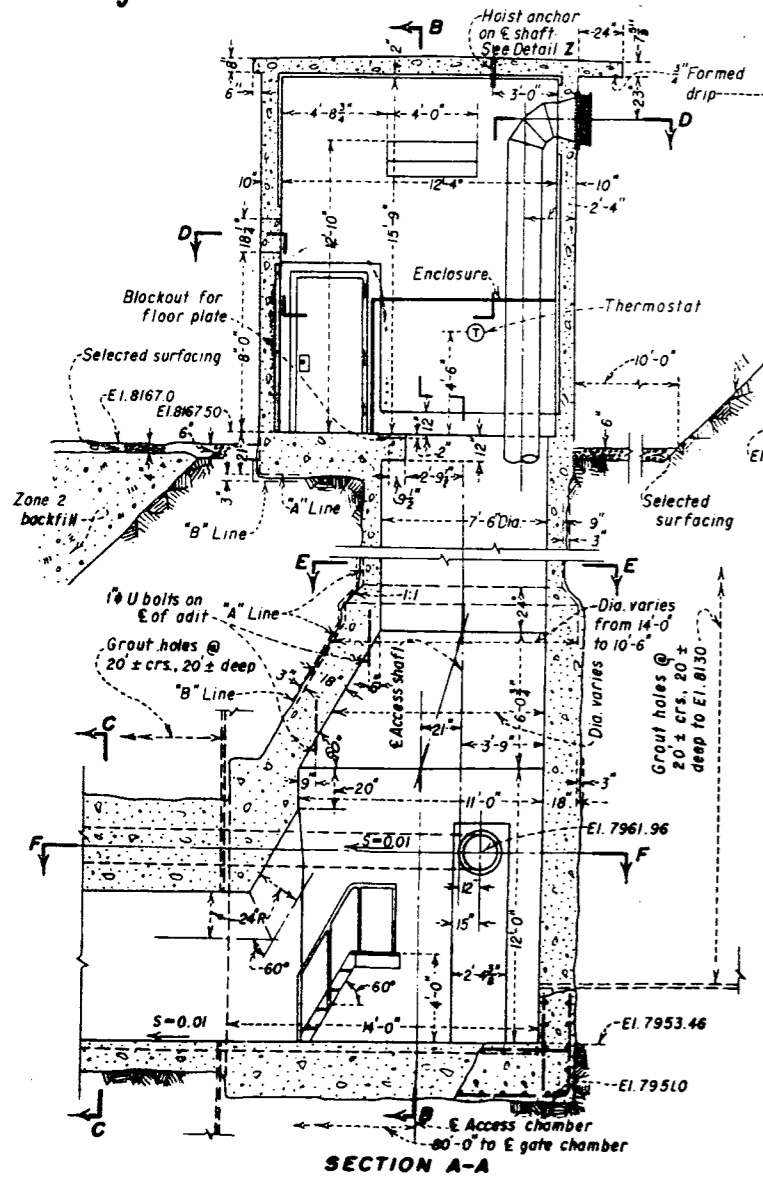
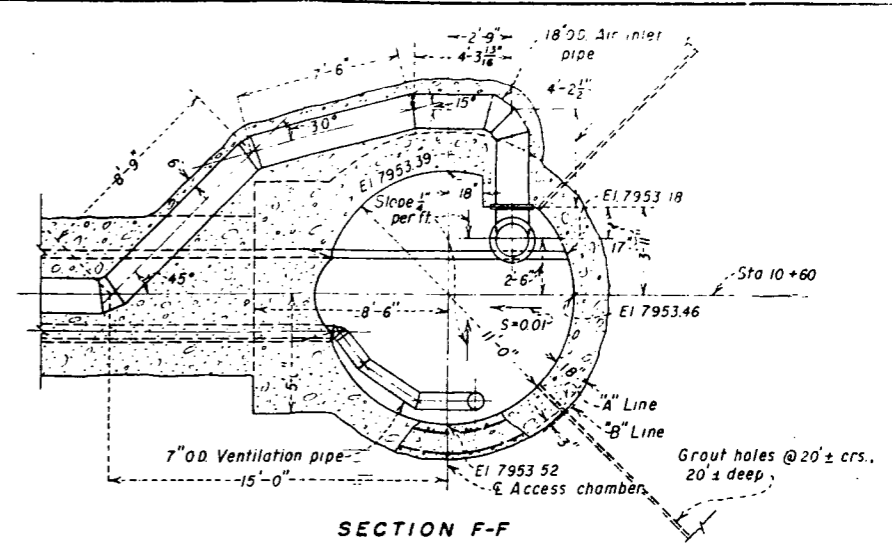
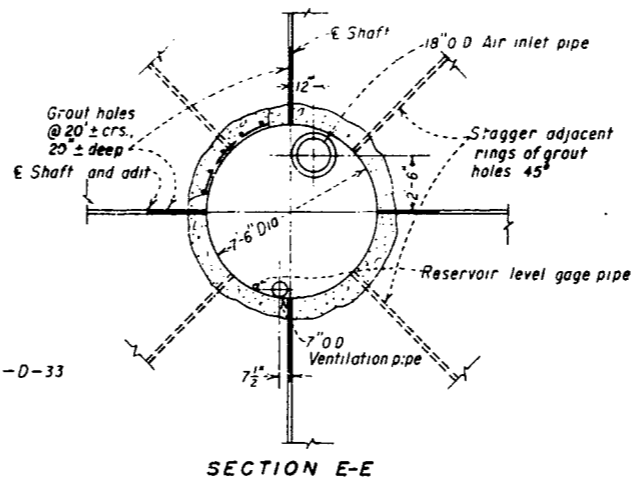
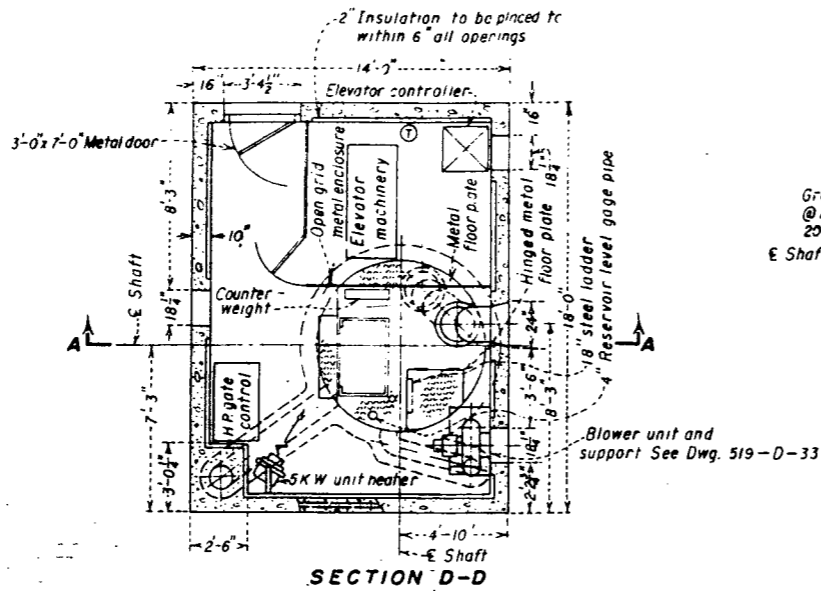
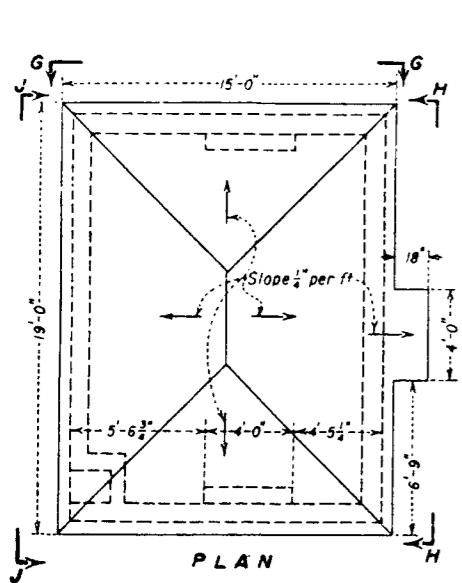
BULKHEAD DETAILS	
1-13-62	CHANGE IN PORTAL SECTION.
10-8-61	CHANGE IN LOCATION OF INTAKE STRUCTURE.
9-19-61	CHANGE IN LOCATION OF INTAKE STRUCTURE.
8-9-61	CHANGE IN BULKHEAD SEAT FOR DIVERSION CONDUIT.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF RECLAMATION FLORIDA PROJECT - COLORADO	
<b>LEMON DAM OUTLET WORKS INTAKE STRUCTURE</b>	
DRAWN: C.C.R.	SUBMITTED: <i>Feb 11 1961</i>
TRACED: C.C.R.	APPROVED: <i>R. L. ...</i>
CHECKED: <i>...</i>	APPROVED: <i>O. J. ...</i>
DENVER, COLORADO, APRIL 18, 1961	
<b>519-D-12</b>	

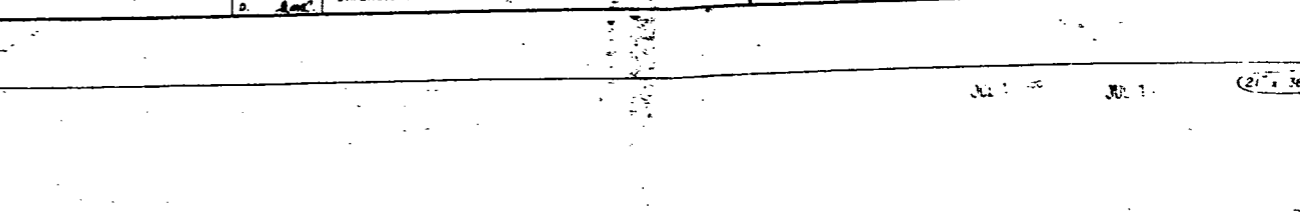
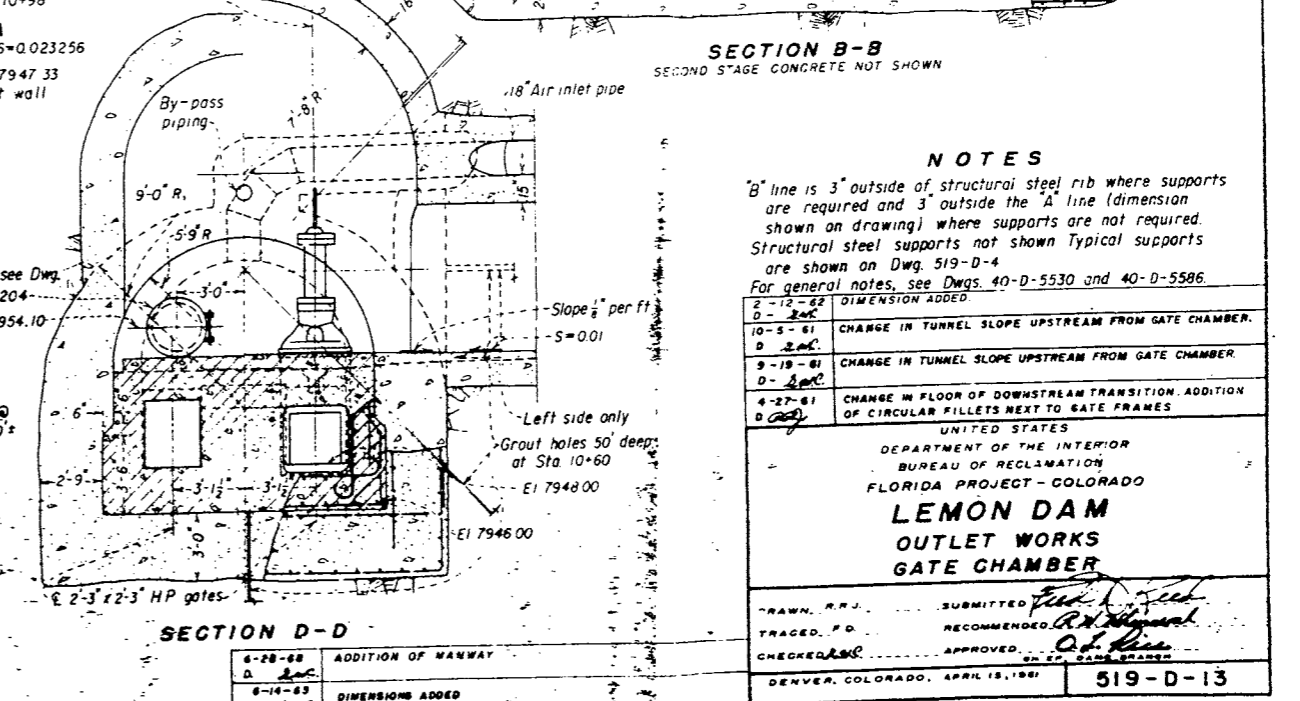
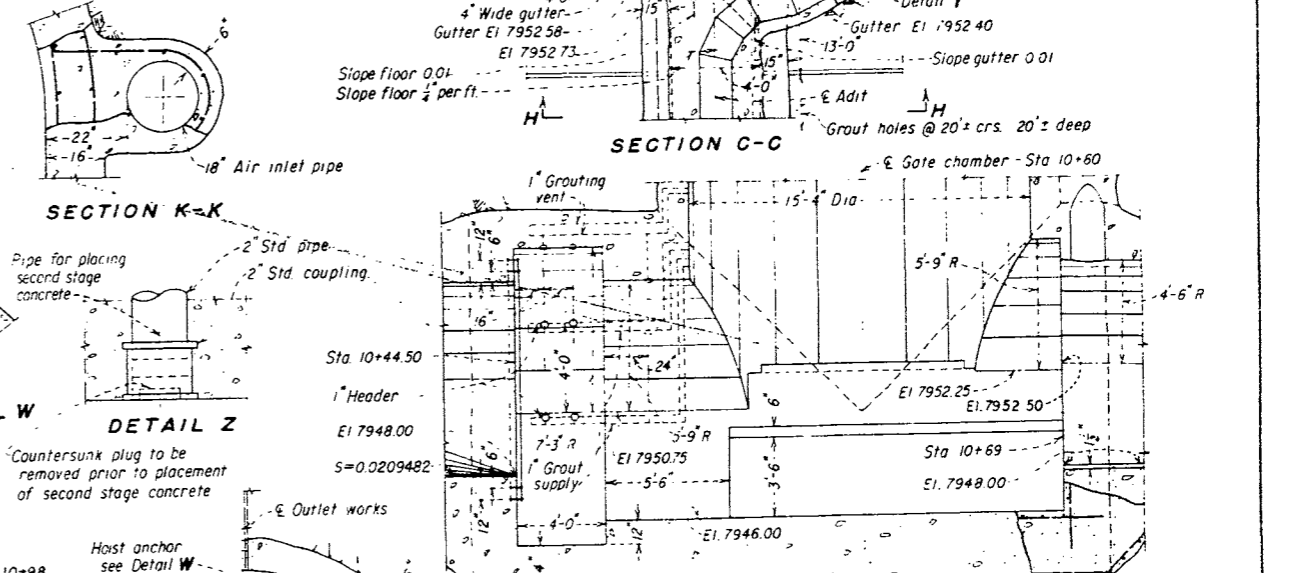
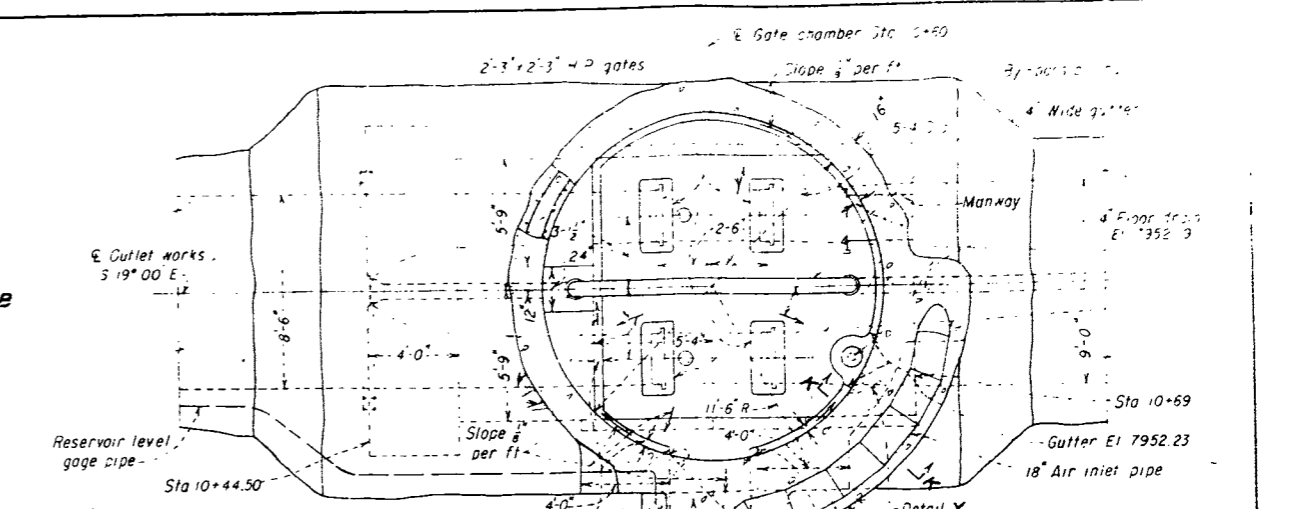
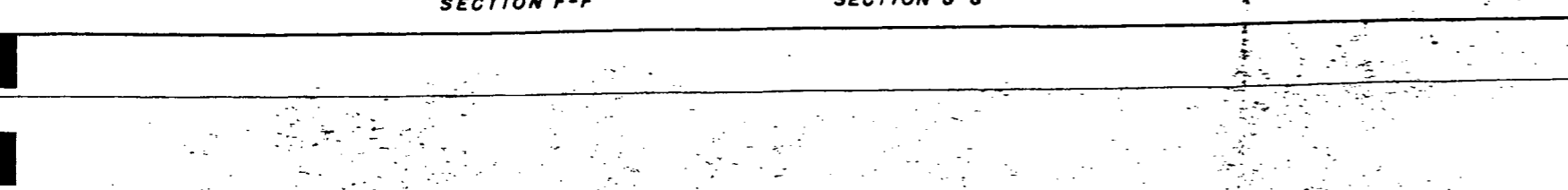
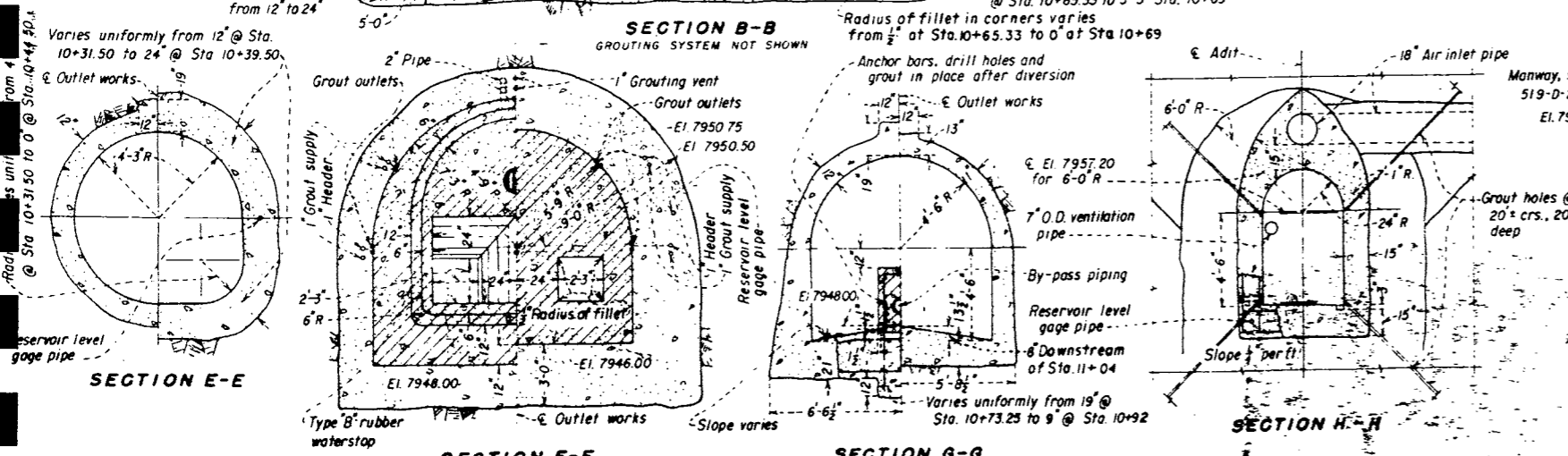
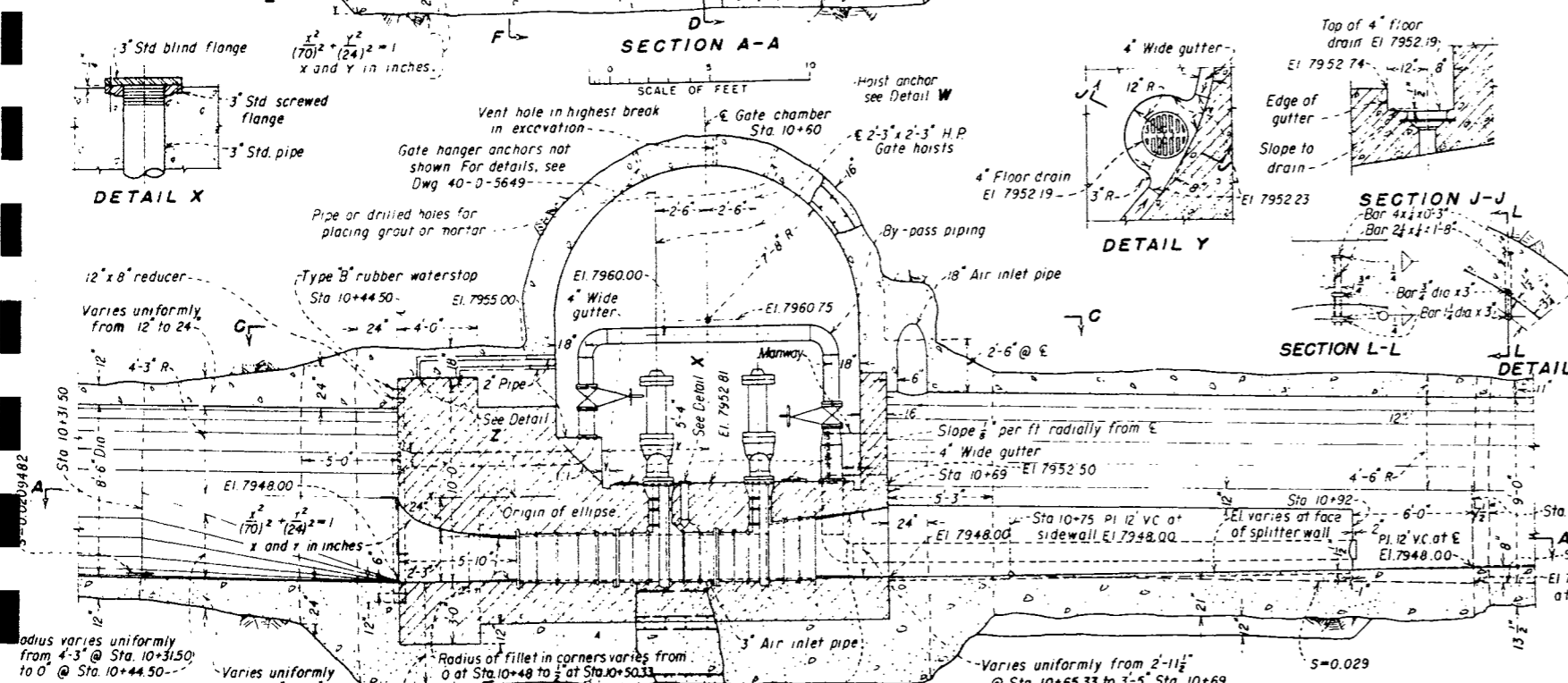
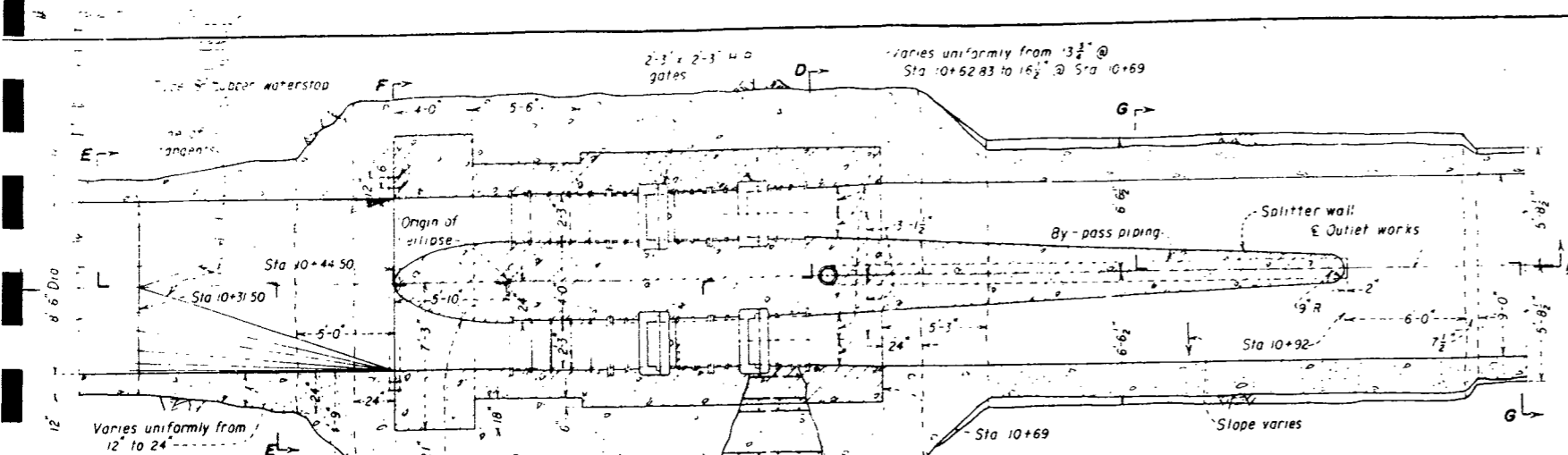
**NOTE**  
For general notes, see Dwg. 40-D-5530 and 5586.





**NOTE**  
For general notes see Dwg. 40-D-5530 and Dwg. 40-D-5586.

12-4-62	CHARGE IN DOOR DETAIL
D WTC	
11-14-62	REVISED DIMENSIONS OF BLOCKOUT FOR FLOOR PLATE
D WTC	
11-9-62	ELEVATOR SUPPORT BRACKETS ADDED
D WTC	
8-10-61	DRAWING DATE ADDED
D WTC	
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF RECLAMATION FLORIDA PROJECT - COLORADO	
<b>LEMON DAM OUTLET WORKS SHAFT HOUSE AND SHAFT</b>	
DRAWN: E.S.M.	SUBMITTED: <i>Paul D. Reed</i>
TRACKED: D.W.C.	RECOMMENDED: <i>R.W. Woodcock</i>
CHECKED: <i>A.J. King</i>	APPROVED: <i>A.J. King</i>
DENVER, COLORADO, APRIL 13, 1961	
<b>519-D-14</b>	



**NOTES**

"B" line is 3" outside of structural steel rib where supports are required and 3" outside the "A" line (dimension shown on drawing) where supports are not required. Structural steel supports not shown. Typical supports are shown on Dwg. 519-D-4.

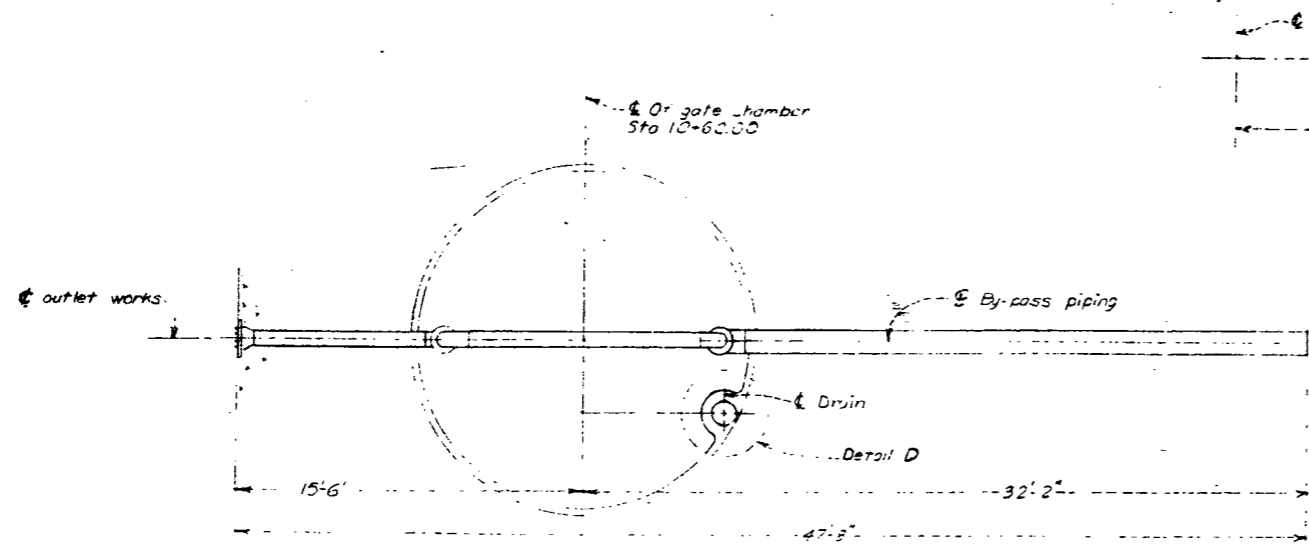
For general notes, see Dwg. 40-D-5530 and 40-D-5586.

2-12-62	DIMENSION ADDED
10-5-61	CHANGE IN TUNNEL SLOPE UPSTREAM FROM GATE CHAMBER.
9-18-61	CHANGE IN TUNNEL SLOPE UPSTREAM FROM GATE CHAMBER.
4-27-61	CHANGE IN FLOOR OF DOWNSTREAM TRANSITION. ADDITION OF CIRCULAR FILLETS NEXT TO GATE FRAMES.

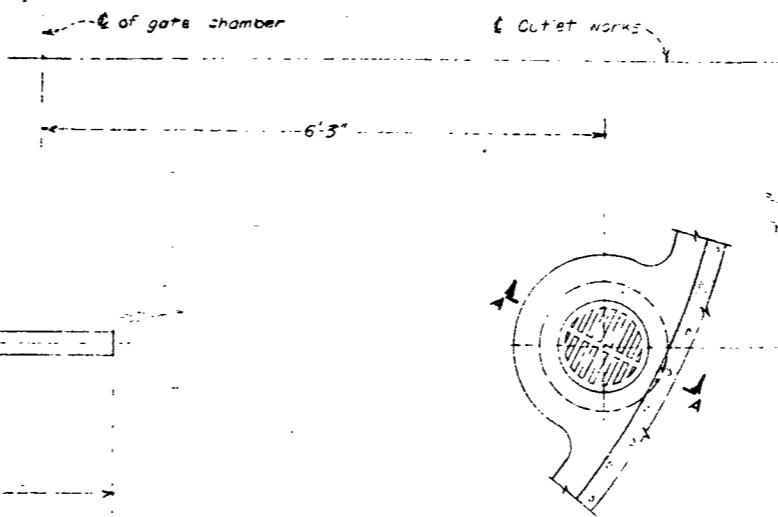
UNITED STATES  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
BUREAU OF RECLAMATION  
FLORIDA PROJECT - COLORADO  
**LEMON DAM  
OUTLET WORKS  
GATE CHAMBER**

DRAWN: R.H.J. SUBMITTED: *[Signature]*  
TRACED: P.D. RECOMMENDED: *[Signature]*  
CHECKED: *[Signature]* APPROVED: *[Signature]*  
DENVER, COLORADO, APRIL 13, 1961

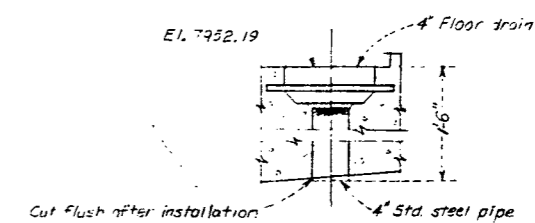
6-28-68	ADDITION OF MANWAY
6-14-63	DIMENSIONS ADDED



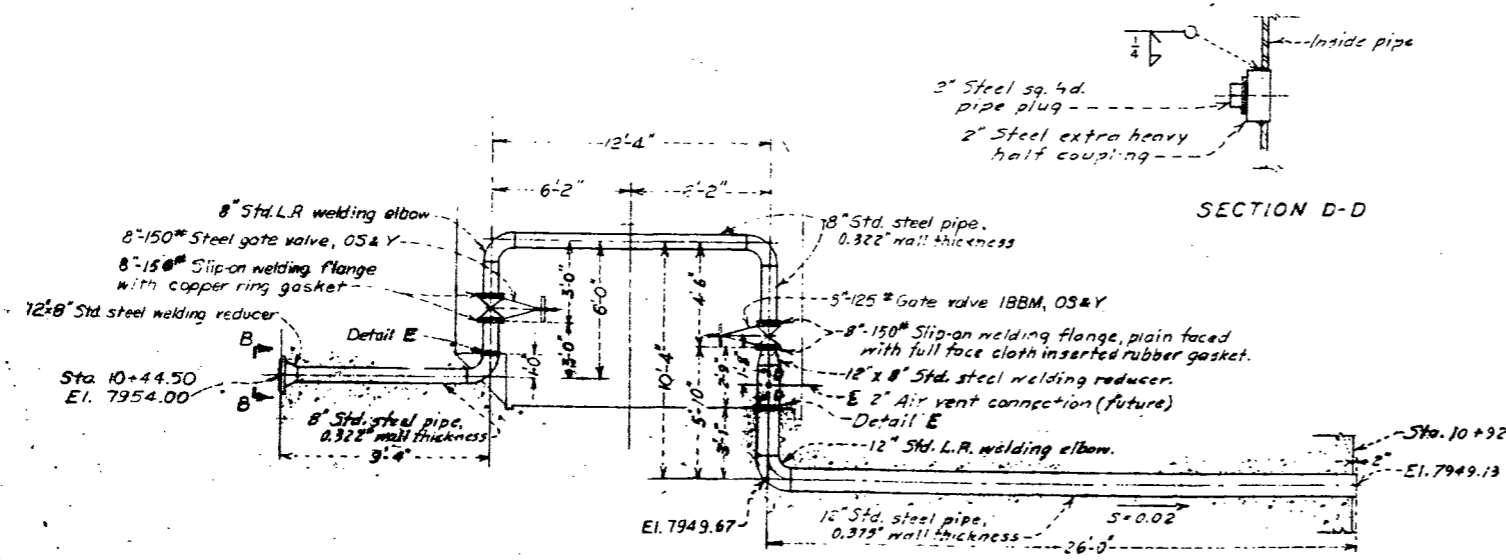
PLAN



DETAIL D

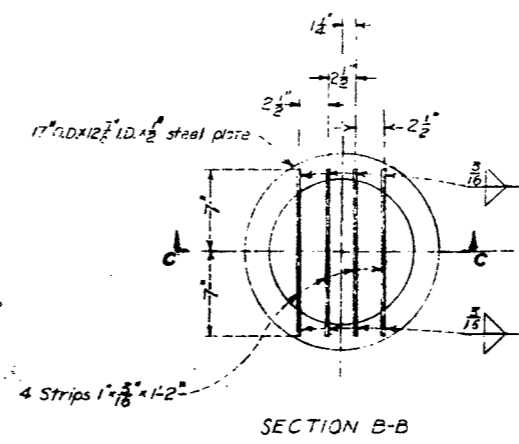


SECTION A-A

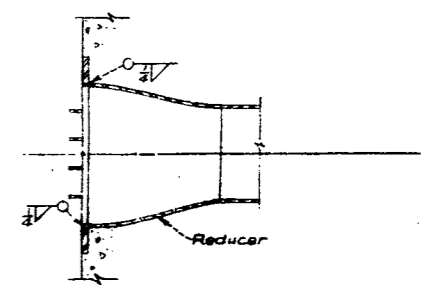


ELEVATION

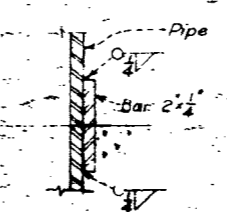
SECTION D-D



SECTION B-B



SECTION C-C



DETAIL E

UNITED STATES  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
BUREAU OF RECLAMATION  
FLORIDA PROJECT-COLORADO

**LEMON DAM  
OUTLET WORKS  
GATE CHAMBER  
BY-PASS PIPING AND DRAIN**

DRAWN: GNM	SUBMITTED: J. T. [Signature]	RECOMMENDED: [Signature]	APPROVED: [Signature]
CHECKED: A.J.K.	DENVER, COLORADO FEBRUARY 17, 1966		

As per [unclear] with 1482

LIST OF PARTS FOR FOUR GATES

PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL	QTY	REMARKS
1	Upstream frame	C - Class 30	4	
2	Downstream frame	C - Class 30	2	
3	Downstream cover	C - Class 30	2	
4	Bonnet cover	C - Class 30	4	
5	Gate leaf	C S1 - Class 2	4	
6	Gate sill	Bronze - Class C	4	
7	horizontal leaf seat	Bronze - Class C	4	
8	Vertical leaf seat	Bronze - Class C	8	
9	Vertical frame seat	Bronze - Class D	8	
10	Horizontal frame seat	Bronze - Class D	4	
11	1/2 x 2 3/8 Socket head capscrew	Bronze	12	No detail
12	1/2 x 2 3/8 Socket head capscrew	Bronze	184	No detail
13	1/4 x 2 Stud with nut	Bolt S1 - Class B	16	519-D-37
14	1/4 x 2 1/2 Stud with nut	Bolt S1 - Class B	20	519-D-40
15	1/4 x 4 Bolt with hex nut	Bolt S1 - Class B	64	No detail
16	Conduit lining	C.I. - Class 30	2	519-D-42

\* For part Nos 20 thru 44 see Hydraulic Hoist Dwg No 519-D-44

LIST OF DRAWINGS

GATE	DESCRIPTION	NO.
ASSEMBLY WITH HOIST	LIST OF PARTS	519-D-36
UPSTREAM FRAME		519-D-37
DOWNSTREAM FRAME		519-D-38
DOWNSTREAM COVER		519-D-39
BONNET COVER		519-D-40
LEAF AND SEATS		519-D-41
HYDRAULIC HOIST		
CYLINDER		519-D-43
LIST OF PARTS		519-D-44
CONDUIT LINING		519-D-42

DESIGN DATA

Maximum designed cylinder pressure 1000 p.s.i.  
 Bronze gate seats, coefficient of friction = 0.6 (starting)  
 Concrete surrounding conduit and frame castings designed to carry all the load  
 Gate leaf designed for 250 foot head.

SHOP NOTES

- Secure seats 7, 8, 9, and 10 in place with capscrews 12 before final machining on sliding faces of seats. All seats must be in a true plane.
- Bottom surface of waterway, including frames, and conduit linings, be chipped and ground smooth. High spots shall be beveled to 1:20.
- For top and side surfaces of waterway, including frames, and conduit linings, adjacent units of the installation must line up with a maximum allowable offset of 1/8". Offsets must be chipped to a bevel of 1:6 to form a smooth waterway.

FIELD NOTES

When assembling for installation, the finished faces of all flanged joints are to be smoothly coated with a mixture of white lead and graphite and bolted together while this coating is plastic. The shanks and threads of all bolts and studs are to be similarly coated.  
 After placing grout under upstream and downstream frames, screw pipe plugs in tight and grind flush with castings.

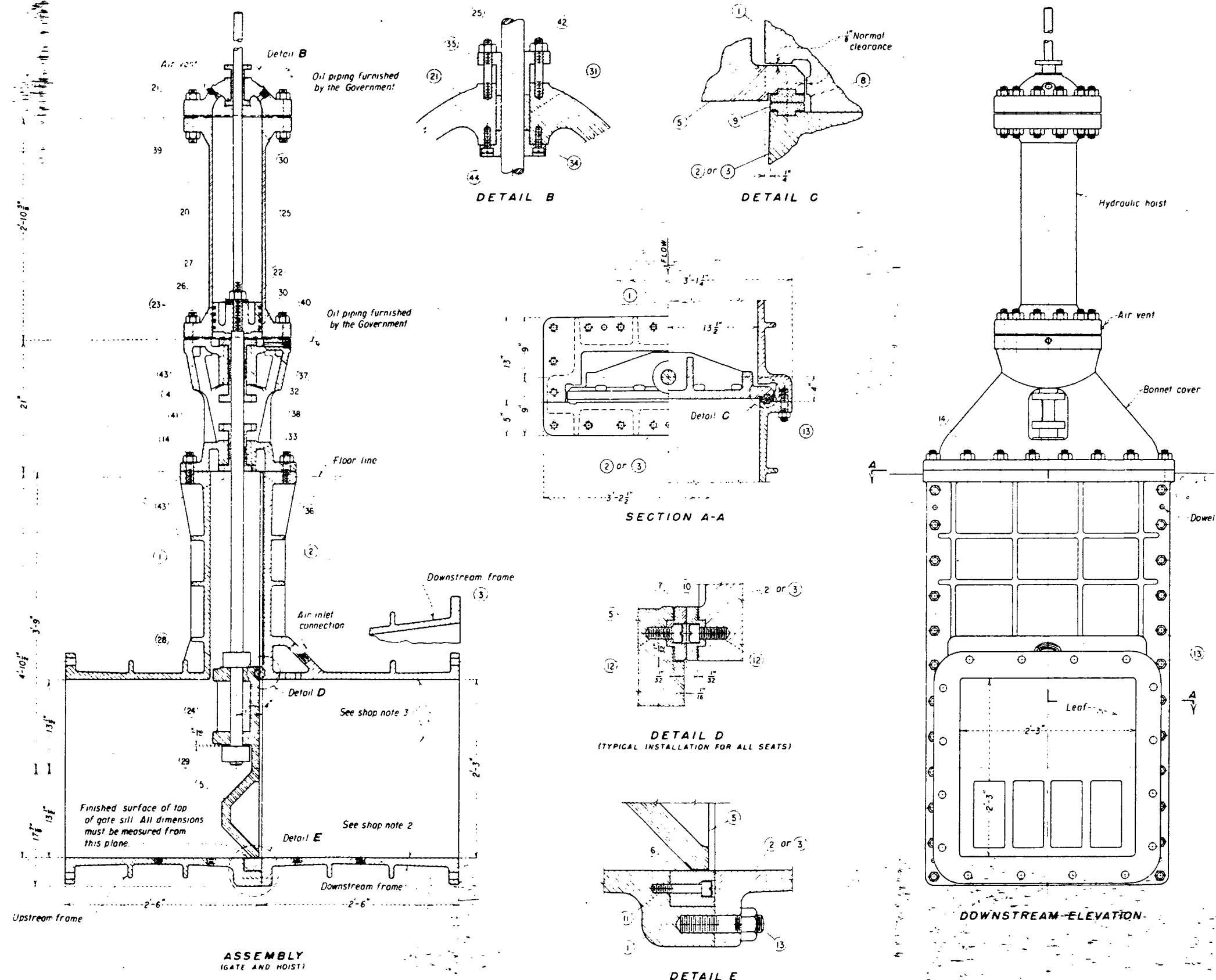
UNITED STATES  
 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
 BUREAU OF RECLAMATION  
 FLORIDA PROJECT-COLORADO

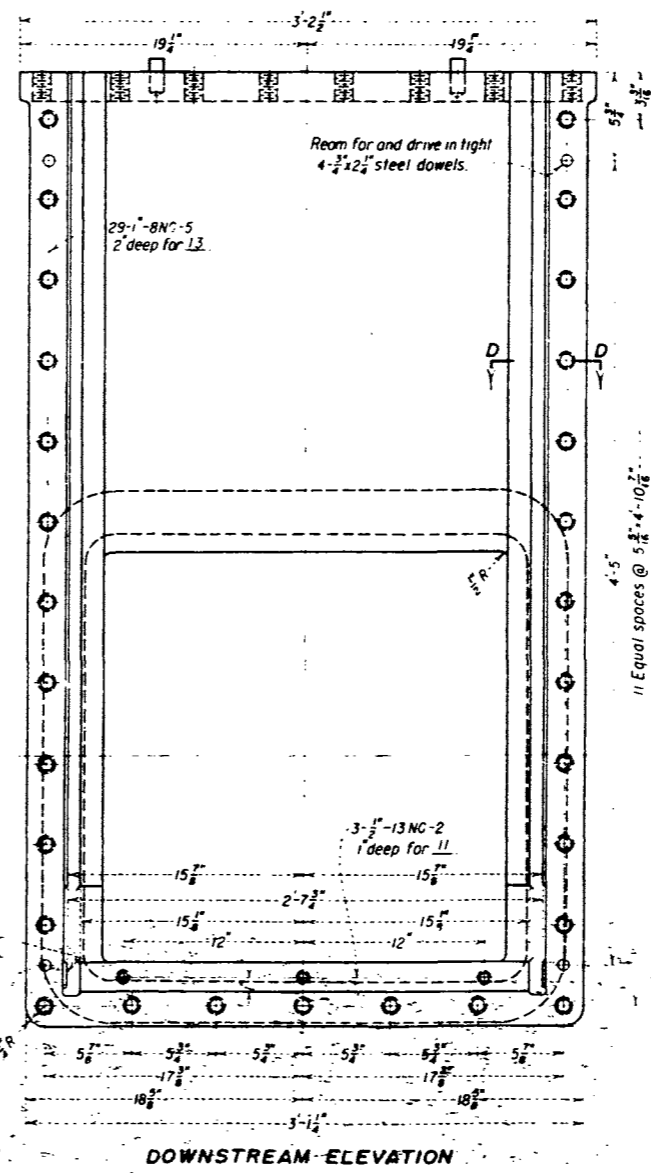
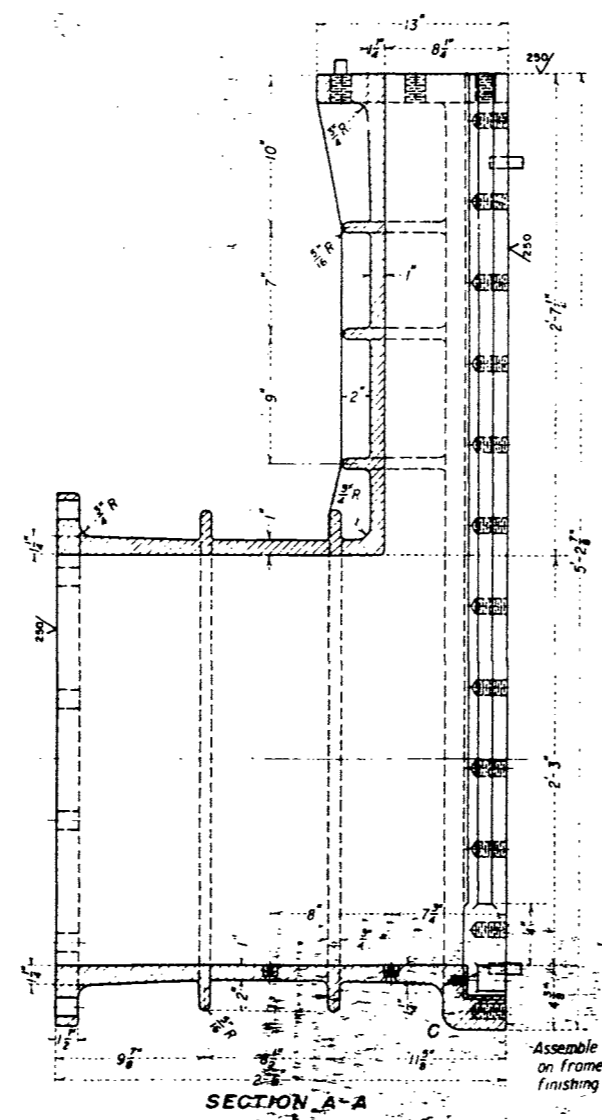
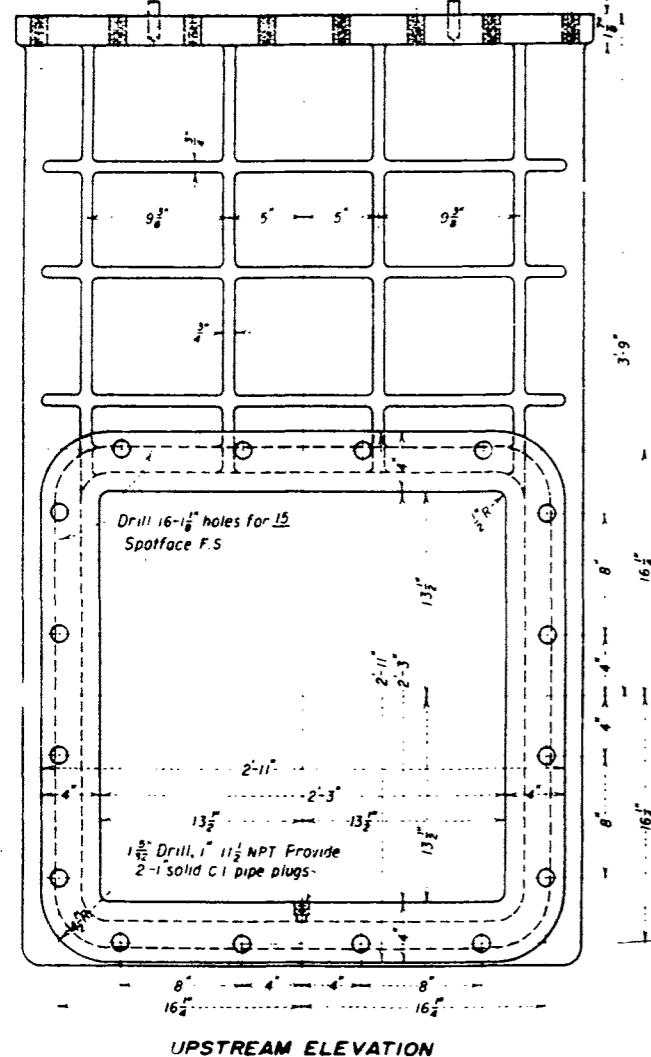
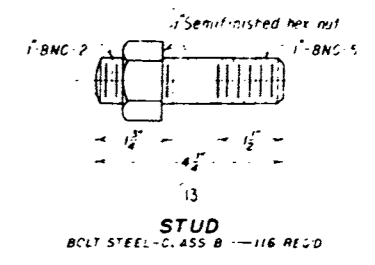
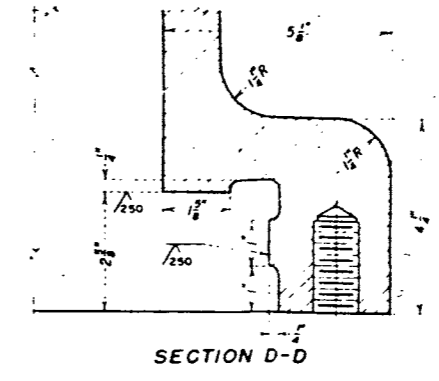
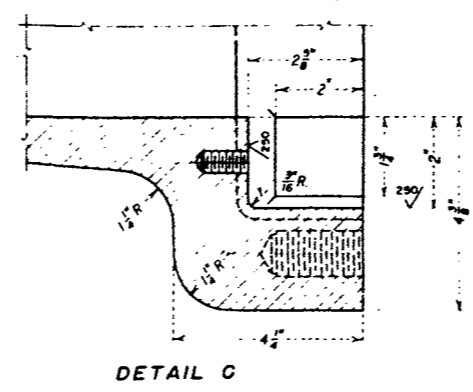
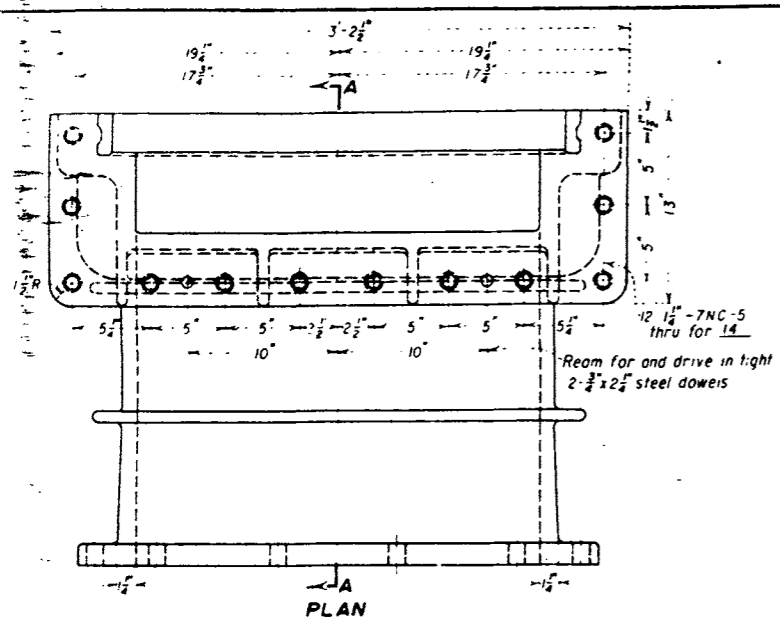
**LEMON DAM**  
 OUTLET WORKS  
 2'-3" x 2'-3" HIGH-PRESSURE GATE  
 ASSEMBLY WITH HOIST-LIST OF PARTS

DRAWN BY: [Signature] SUBMITTED BY: [Signature]  
 TRACED AND RECORDED, RECOMMENDED BY: [Signature]  
 CHECKED AND APPROVED BY: [Signature] CHIEF MECHANICAL BRANCH

DENVER, COLORADO, FEB 24, 1960

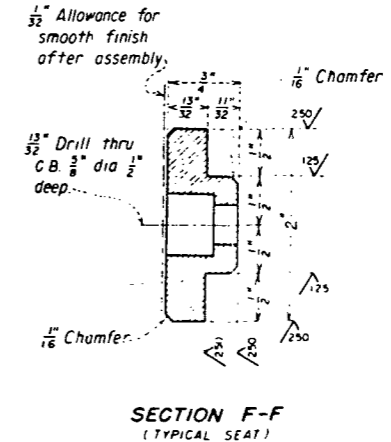
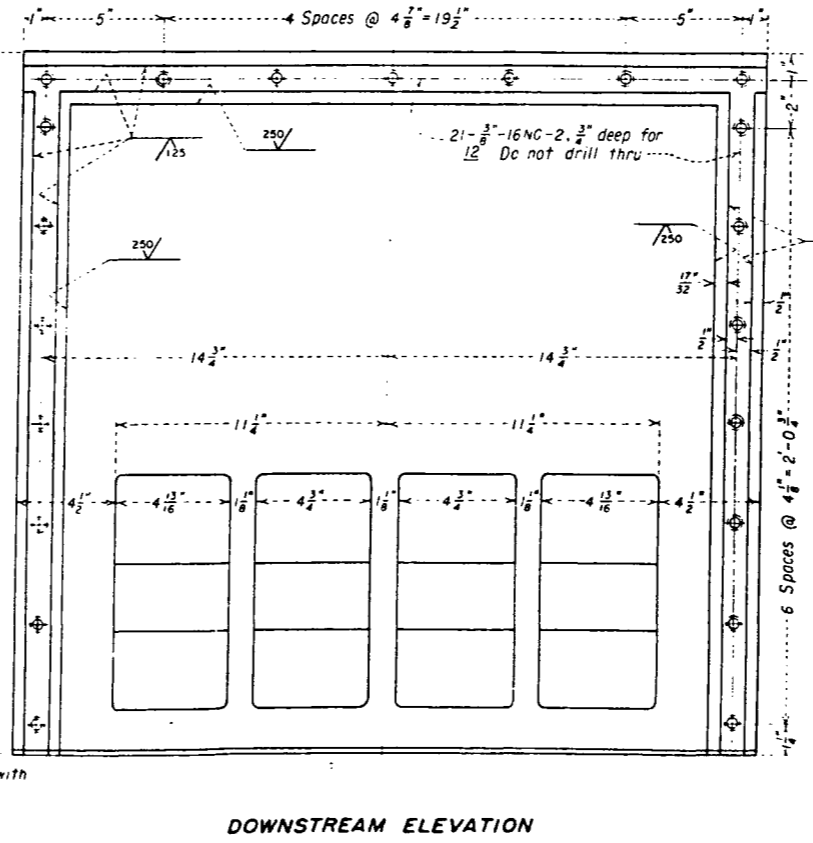
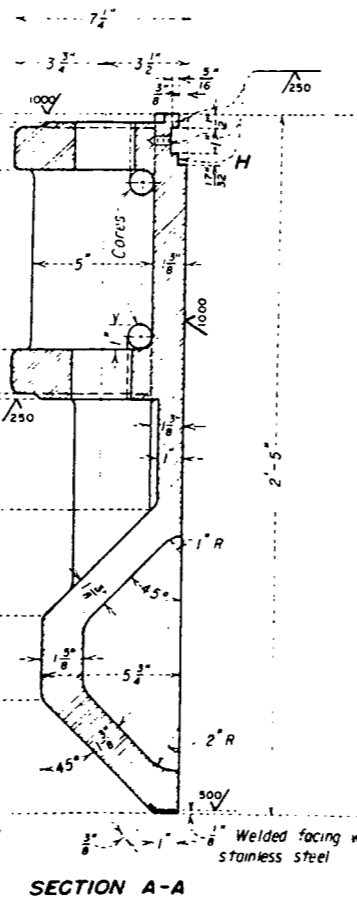
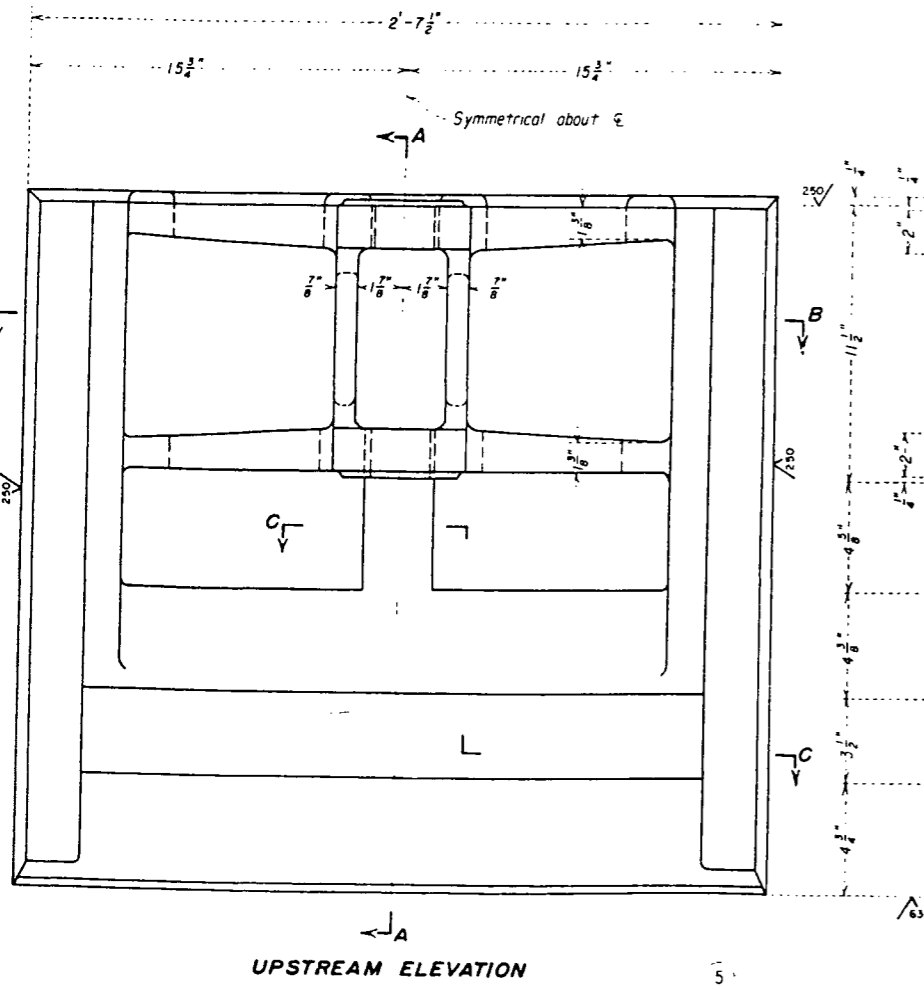
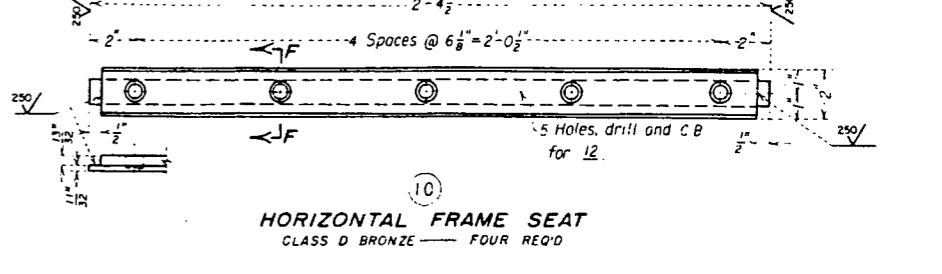
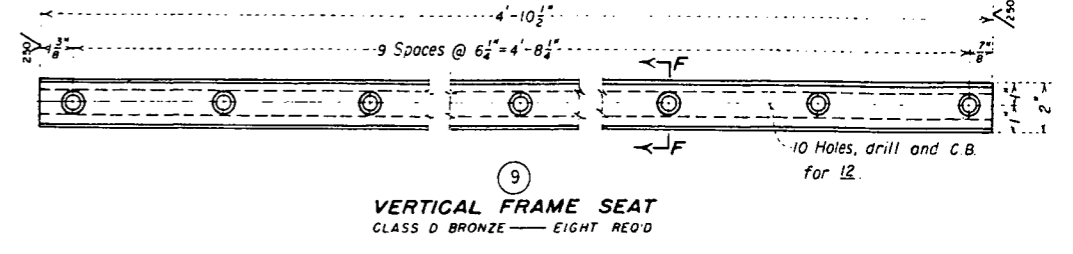
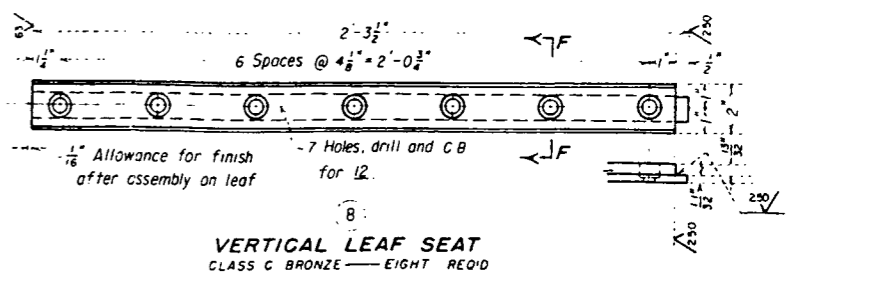
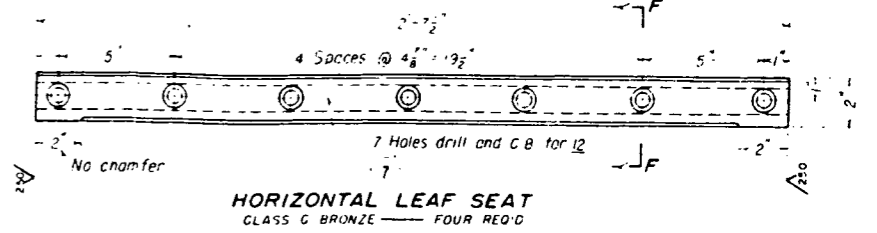
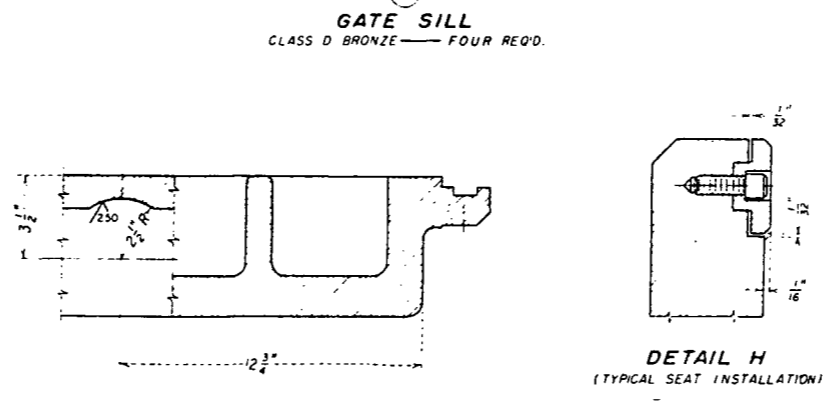
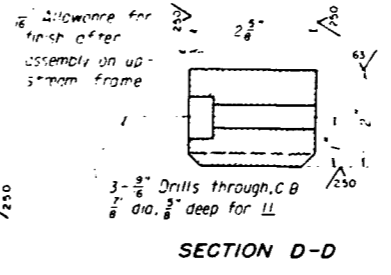
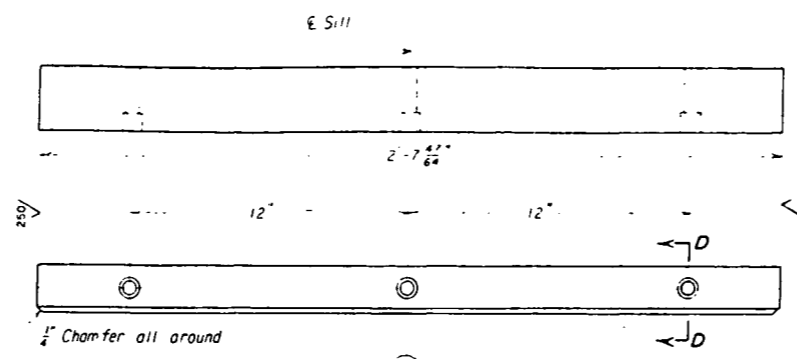
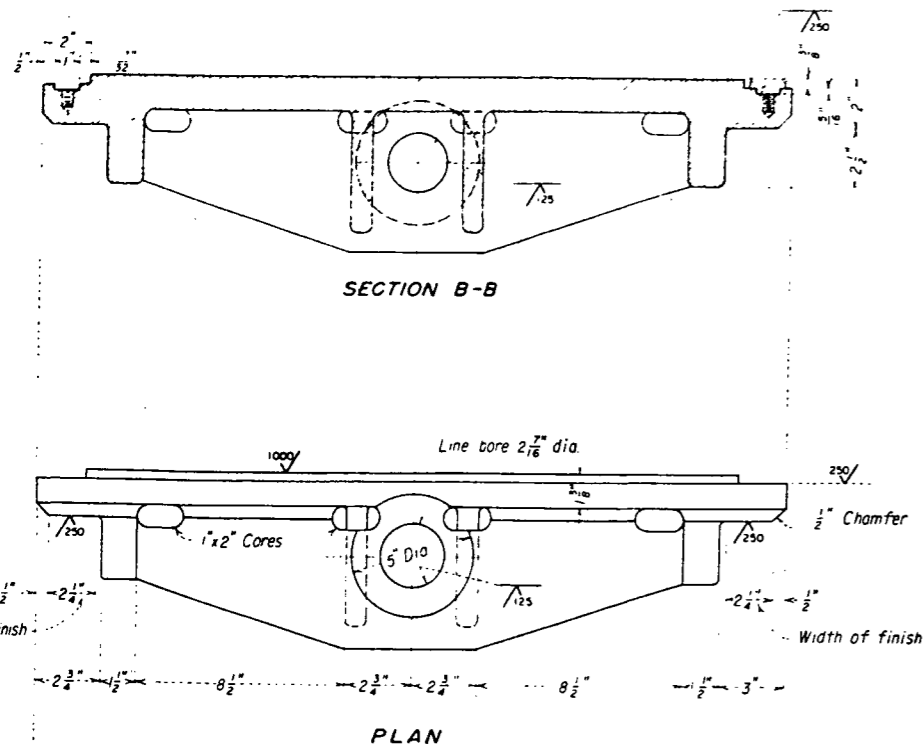
519-D-36





**NOTES**  
 Horizontal finished surface for bonnet cover connection to be finished with upstream and downstream frames bolted together with dowels in place.  
 Fillets shall be  $\frac{1}{2}R$  except where otherwise noted.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF RECLAMATION FLORIDA PROJECT-COLORADO	
<b>LEMON DAM OUTLET WORKS</b>	
<b>2'-3" x 2'-3" HIGH-PRESSURE GATE UPSTREAM FRAME</b>	
DRAWN: D.A.W.	SUBMITTED: J.H. Jensen
TRACED: R.L.D.	RECOMMENDED: W. Carmichael
CHECKED: J.D.D.	APPROVED: H.E. Shook
DENVER, COLORADO, FEB 24, 1961	
519-D-37	



**NOTE**

Fillets for gate leaf shall be  $\frac{1}{2}$ " radius except where otherwise noted

UNITED STATES  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
BUREAU OF RECLAMATION  
FLORIDA PROJECT-COLORADO

**LEMON DAM**  
OUTLET WORKS  
2'-3" x 2'-3" HIGH-PRESSURE GATE  
LEAF AND SEATS

DRAWN W.N.C. SUBMITTED J. W. Hansen  
TRACED J.P.P. RECOMMENDED M. J. Bannister  
CHECKED J.D.D. APPROVED H. E. Shida  
CHIEF MECHANICAL ENGINEER

DENVER, COLORADO, FEB 24, 1951

519-D-41

## Appendix C

### HYDRAULICS

#### Equations for Head Loss in Penstock

The equations below describe the friction loss through the penstock as a function of the flow (Q). The equations are derived from the Handbook of Hydraulics by Brater and King, Sixth Edition, Chapter 6. The flow varies according to the reservoir water surface elevation as controlled by the turbine performance characteristics, so the head loss changes with flow. This is why the head loss equations are a function of flow.

Entrances Loss:  $h_e = k_e V^2/2g$   $k_e = 0.5$

12" dia. entrance so  
 $h_e = 0.0126 Q^2$

Pipe Friction Loss:  $h_f = 4.66 n^2 L Q^2 / d^{5.333}$   
 $n_f = .013$

for d = 8":  $h_f = 0.0068 Q^2/\text{ft.}$

for d = 10":  $h_f = 0.0021 Q^2/\text{ft.}$

for d = 12":  $h_f = 0.000787 Q^2/\text{ft.}$

Bend Losses:  $h_b = k_b V^2/2g$

for d = 8":  $h_b = 0.0254 Q^2$ ,  $k_b = 0.20$

for d = 10":  $h_b = 0.0157 Q^2$ ,  $k_b = 0.30$

for d = 12":  $h_b = 0.0088 Q^2$

Contraction Losses:  $h_c = k_c V^2/2g$

for 14" dia. to 12" dia.  $k_c = 0.10$

$h_c = 0.0050 Q^2$

for 12" dia. to 8" dia.  $k_c = 0.22$

$h_c = 0.0279 Q^2$

Expansion Losses: for 8" dia. to 10" dia.

$h_x = k_x V^2/2g$   $k_x = 0.04$

$h_x = 0.0052 Q^2$

Gate Valve Losses:  $h_g = k_g \frac{v^2}{2g}$ ,  $h_g = .1$  for full open

for d = 8":  $h_g = 0.0127 Q^2$

for d = 10":  $h_g = 0.0052 Q^2$

for d = 12":  $h_g = 0.0018 Q^2$

Butterfly Valve  
Losses:

Estimated to be  $h_b = 0.0159 Q^2$

but data not available.

Water Hammer

Water hammer is the dynamic pressure created in the pipeline as a result of sudden closing of the valve to the turbine. The equations to calculate water hammer were derived from the previously referenced "Handbook of Hydraulics". At Lemon Dam the water hammer potential would be in the 14 ft of 8 inch and 10 inch penstock. The outlet pipe between the intake structure and the gate chamber which is 8.5 ft diameter, is sufficiently bigger than the 8 inch diameter penstock, to essentially be a "reservoir". Therefore water hammer is not a potential.

The water hammer at Lemon Dam will be controlled by the valve closing time. The calculations below determine what the minimum closure time must be to avoid water hammer.

Velocity of pressure wave:

$$U_p = \frac{E}{P} \frac{1}{1 + (ED/E_pW)}$$

$$\frac{E}{P} = 4700, \text{ for water under normal conditions}$$

$$E_p = \text{modulus of elasticity of pipe walls} = 30 \times 10^6$$

$$D = \text{pipe diameter} = 8''$$

$$E = \text{modulus of elasticity of water} = 300,000$$

$$W = \text{pipe wall thickness} = .332''$$

Then:  $U_p = 4,200 \text{ ft./sec.}$

Travel time:

Time (t) for the pressure wave to travel from the valve to the reservoir and back.

$$t = \frac{2L}{U_p}$$

L = length of pipe

for Plan A, L = 14', then:  $t = \frac{2(14)}{4200} = .007 \text{ sec.}$

for Plan B, L = 25', then:  $t = \frac{2(25)}{4200} = .012 \text{ sec.}$

Maximum pressure if closed in .007 sec. or 0.12 sec.:

$$p = \frac{62.4(4200)(37)}{32.2(144)} = 2,100 \text{ psi}$$



A reasonable closure time is three seconds or greater which would not allow the turbine to reach runaway speed. In Piping Plan A the pressure rise would be  $(.007/3) \times (2100) = 4.9$  psi and in Piping Plan B,  $(0.12/3) (2100) = 8.4$  psi. Both pressure rises are inconsequential water hammer is not a problem, if the closure time is three seconds or greater.

#### Cavitation

Cavitation causes pitting of the metal, machine vibration, and loss of efficiency in turbines. The most critical cavitation factor in the installation of reaction turbines is the vertical distance from the runner to the tailwater. Reference Water Resources Engineering, by Linsley and Fransini, pages 337-339. The equation for the maximum permissible elevation above tailwater to place the turbine is:

$$z = \frac{\text{atm. press.}}{\text{gamma}} - \frac{\text{water vapor press.}}{\text{gamma}} - (\text{sigma}) \times (\text{head})$$

$$\frac{\text{atm. press.}}{\text{gamma}} \text{ at } 8,000 \text{ ft.} = 25.2 \text{ ft.}$$

$$\frac{\text{vapor press}}{\text{gamma}} = .4 \text{ ft. (50° water temp.)}$$

head = net head at the turbine, use max. possible head which is 160 ft.

sigma = is based upon the turbine rpm and is .0923 for the model 10LNTI4A at 1210 rpm.

$$z = 25.2 \text{ ft.} - .4 \text{ ft.} - (.0923) (160) = 10 \text{ ft.}$$

The turbine must not be more than 10 feet above tailwater. In Piping Plans A and B the turbine is about 6 feet above tailwater.

Sigma is a function of turbine rpm so as the rpm increases, then sigma increases. If sigma increases the turbine elevation above tailwater must decrease. The result is that a turbine with 1800 rpm (the next faster rpm increment) has a larger sigma and the turbine would have to be set at the same elevation as the tailwater which is impossible for this project. The turbine must be 1200 rpm or slower.

## Appendix D

### POWER PLANT PRODUCTION

#### Introduction

This appendix describes how the kWh production from the power plant was estimated. The production for Piping Plans A and B are presented. The narrative describes how the kWh output was estimated from the reservoir water surface elevation, turbine performance curves, and friction head loss through the outlet.

The power plant operation was simulated for the years 1971 to 1982 on a daily basis. The computer output showing the head, flow, power plant efficiency, and kWh for each day of the study period are shown

#### Turbine Performance Curve

The turbine performance curve for the selected Worthington pump-as-a-turbine is shown in Figure D-1. Three curves are plotted on Figure D-1 which show head vs. flow, efficiency vs. flow, and kW vs. flow. The head vs. flow and efficiency vs. flow are the important curves. Equations describing the two curves were determined and listed below. The turbine efficiency (from the appropriate curve) is multiplied by the generator efficiency (92%) to estimate the overall plant efficiency.

$$\text{Head vs. Flow: } \text{Flow} = 0.0875 + 0.1311 \times (\text{head}) - 0.0002917 \times (\text{head})^2$$

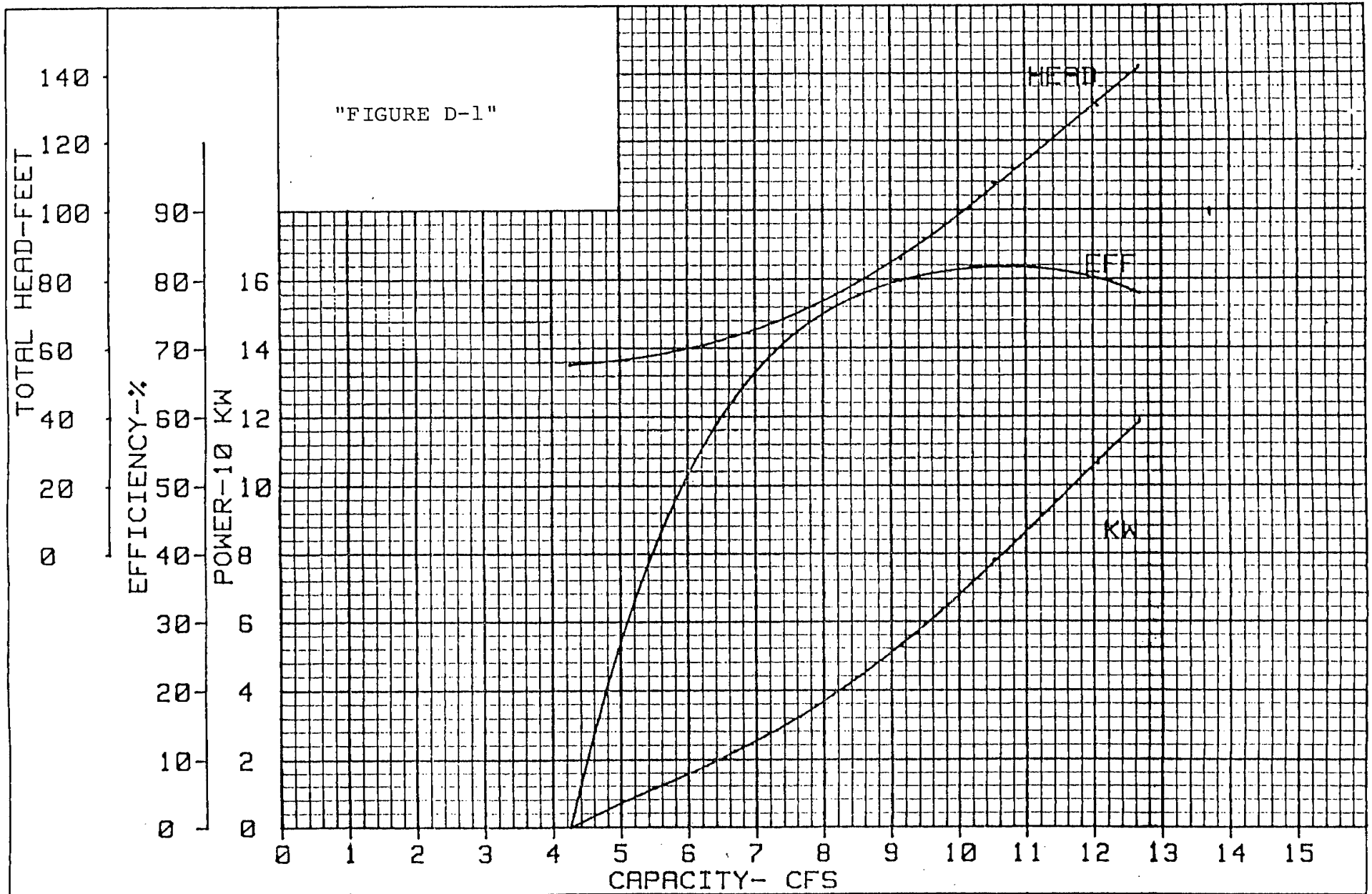
$$\text{Efficiency vs. Flow: } \text{Eff} = -42.445 + 22.215 \times (\text{flow}) - 1.042 (\text{flow})^2$$

The head is determined by an iterative process described in the next section.

The availability of the turbine performance curves in order to produce the above equations is critical to the estimation of kWh production. The curves are not widely available on small units because there is a large investment to test the turbines in order to develop the curves. Worthington and Byron Jackson were the only companies found during the study that had produced the curves for pumps-as-turbines. The curves for standard turbines are more available but not for every machine.

The curves are also critical because the turbine will control winter releases from the dam which must be about 9 cfs. For the selected turbine the flow would not be less than 8.7 cfs.

# WORTHINGTON HYDRAULIC TURBINE PERFORMANCE CURVE



TURBINE SIZE	RPM	HEAD - FEET	CURVE NO.
10LNT14A	1210	12	ER-4571

The main problem with the selected unit is that the maximum need is 140 ft and the head is above that when the reservoir is full for Piping Plan A but is always below 140 ft. for Plan B. Plan A will probably be constructed so the head may have to be throttled when the reservoir head is in excess of 140 ft. It may be possible for the turbine to operate at the higher head but with a significant drop in efficiency.

Other Worthington model pumps were evaluated that could operate under the full head range but they cannot keep the release above 8 cfs at the low heads. The result was that the selected model fits the operational requirements the best.

Byron Jackson also had a unit that met the operational requirements but the unit was too large to be moved down the elevator shaft to the gate chamber. Performance curves were not available from other manufacturers.

#### Head at Turbine

The head available at the turbine to produce power is calculated as follows:

- 1) The daily reservoir water surface elevation is subtracted from the tailwater elevation which is 7950 ft. but 7955 ft. is used to allow for losses through the intake structure and miscellaneous losses. For example: if the reservoir is at elevation 8120 ft. then  $8120 - 7955 = 165$  ft. gross head.
- 2) The head is reduced by the friction loss through the penstock which is a function of flow as described in Appendix C. A trial and error procedure is started with an assumed flow. Example: try 12 cfs, Friction loss =  $.2139 (12)^2 = 31$  ft., net head is  $165 \text{ ft.} - 31 \text{ ft.} = 134$  ft. Test the trial flow by solving the Head vs. Flow equation for the turbine,  $.0875 + .1311 (134) - .0002917 (134)^2 = 12.4$  cfs which is greater than 12 cfs. Redo trying 12.3 cfs, F.L. =  $.2139 (12.3)^2 = 32$ , net head =  $165 \text{ ft.} - 32 \text{ ft.} = 133 \text{ ft.}$ , flow =  $.0875 + .1311 (133) - .0002917 (133)^2 = 12.3$  cfs, which checks. The flow through the turbine is 12.3 cfs for a gross head of 165 ft. This procedure was used to determine the flow for each ten feet of reservoir elevation. The table below summarizes the results.

Gross Head vs. Flow Table

<u>Reservoir Elevation (Ft.)</u>	<u>Gross Head (Ft.)</u>	<u>Net Head (Ft.)</u>	<u>Flow (cfs)</u>
8151	196	157	13.4
8135	180	144	12.8
8125	170	137	12.4
8115	160	129	12.0
8105	150	122	11.5
8095	140	114	11.0
8085	130	106	10.5
8075	120	99	10.0
8065	110	91	9.4
8055	110	83	8.8

This gross head vs. flow data was used to develop an equation for flow as a function of gross head. The equation is:

$$\text{Flow} = 1.365 + 0.088 \times (\text{gross head}) - 0.000136 \times (\text{gross head})^2$$

Computer Model

A computer model was developed which utilizes the daily reservoir water surface elevation from 1971 through 1982. The gross head was calculated as described above. From the gross head, the flow was calculated using the flow vs. gross head equation. The net head was calculated by subtracting the penstock friction loss,  $0.2139 (\text{flow})^2$ , from the gross head. The turbine efficiency was calculated from the efficiency vs. flow equation with 2% being subtracted from the result as a contingency.

The kWh were calculated by:  $\text{kWh} = 1.025 \times (\text{net head}) \times ((\text{flow}) \times 1.984) \times \text{efficiency}$ .

The attached computer printouts show the above data. The far left column is the date, with the first four digits the year and the last two the month, e.g. 197101 is January of 1971. The following three sets of 8 columns are the flow, net head, and efficiency respectively. There are 4 rows for each month with 8 days of the month in each row; the fourth row has 5, 6, or 7 days depending upon the month.

Following the 8 pages of flow, head, and efficiency there is 8 pages showing the kWh output. The output shown is for the throttled turbine; if the net head is above 140 ft. the head is throttled to reduce the head to 140 ft. This assumes the turbine cannot operate above 140 ft. but if it could the efficiency would be low and only 10,000 kw-hrs per year average is gained. The monthly totals and yearly total are shown. The last two columns show the maximum kw output for each month and the monthly plant factor.

The data for Piping Plan A is shown first followed by the data for Plan B. Plan A produces about 100,000 kw-hrs per year more than Plan B.



LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT  
 POWER PLANT KW-HR PRODUCTION  
 WORTHINGTON PUMP 10LNT14A

DATE : 07/11/85

FRICTION LOSS- 2139\*Q\*Q

DATE	FLOW (CFS)	NET HEAD (FT)	EFFICIENCY (%)
19770000	10.4	107	74
19770001	10.1	102	74
19770002	10.1	101	74
19770003	10.2	106	73
19770004	9.9	94	73
19770005	9.9	95	73
19770006	9.7	96	73
19770007	9.7	95	73
19770008	9.7	96	73
19770009	9.7	95	73
19770010	9.6	95	73
19770011	9.5	93	73
19770012	10.1	99	74
19770013	10.7	104	74
19770014	10.5	101	74
19770015	11.1	115	74
19770016	11.1	118	74
19770017	11.3	119	73
19770018	11.4	121	73
19770019	11.4	122	73
19770020	11.5	122	73
19770021	11.5	123	73
19770022	11.6	124	73
19770023	11.6	125	73
19770024	11.6	125	73
19770025	11.7	125	73
19770026	11.7	126	73
19770027	11.7	126	73
19770028	11.8	126	73
19770029	11.8	126	73
19770030	11.8	126	73
19770031	11.8	127	73
19770032	11.8	127	73
19770033	11.8	127	73
19770034	11.9	127	73
19770035	11.9	128	72
19770036	11.9	128	72
19770037	11.9	128	72
19770038	11.9	128	72
19770039	11.9	128	72
19770040	11.9	129	72
19770041	11.9	129	72
19770042	11.9	129	72
19770043	11.9	129	72
19770044	11.9	129	72
19770045	11.8	127	73
19770046	11.8	126	73
19770047	11.8	126	73
19770048	11.8	126	73
19770049	11.8	126	73
19770050	11.8	126	73
19770051	11.8	126	73
19770052	11.8	126	73
19770053	11.8	126	73
19770054	11.8	126	73
19770055	11.8	126	73
19770056	11.8	126	73
19770057	11.8	126	73
19770058	11.8	126	73
19770059	11.8	126	73
19770060	11.8	126	73
19770061	11.8	126	73
19770062	11.8	126	73
19770063	11.8	126	73
19770064	11.8	126	73
19770065	11.8	126	73
19770066	11.8	126	73
19770067	11.8	126	73
19770068	11.8	126	73
19770069	11.8	126	73
19770070	11.8	126	73
19770071	11.8	126	73
19770072	11.8	126	73
19770073	11.8	126	73
19770074	11.8	126	73
19770075	11.8	126	73
19770076	11.8	126	73
19770077	11.8	126	73
19770078	11.8	126	73
19770079	11.8	126	73
19770080	11.8	126	73
19770081	11.8	126	73
19770082	11.8	126	73
19770083	11.8	126	73
19770084	11.8	126	73
19770085	11.8	126	73
19770086	11.8	126	73
19770087	11.8	126	73
19770088	11.8	126	73
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19770090	11.8	126	73
19770091	11.8	126	73
19770092	11.8	126	73
19770093	11.8	126	73
19770094	11.8	126	73
19770095	11.8	126	73
19770096	11.8	126	73
19770097	11.8	126	73
19770098	11.8	126	73
19770099	11.8	126	73
19770100	11.8	126	73







LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT  
 POWER PLANT KW-HR PRODUCTION  
 WORTHINGTON PUMP 10LNT14A

DATE : 07/11/85

FRICTION LOSS=.2139\*Q\*Q

DATE	FLOW (CFS)	NET HEAD (FT)	EFFICIENCY (%)
19770111	11.5	121	73
19770112	11.5	121	73
19770113	11.5	121	73
19770114	11.5	121	73
19770115	11.5	121	73
19770116	11.5	121	73
19770117	11.5	121	73
19770118	11.5	121	73
19770119	11.5	121	73
19770120	11.5	121	73
19770121	11.5	121	73
19770122	11.5	121	73
19770123	11.5	121	73
19770124	11.5	121	73
19770125	11.5	121	73
19770126	11.5	121	73
19770127	11.5	121	73
19770128	11.5	121	73
19770129	11.5	121	73
19770130	11.5	121	73
19770131	11.5	121	73
19770201	11.4	120	73
19770202	11.4	120	73
19770203	11.4	120	73
19770204	11.4	120	73
19770205	11.4	120	73
19770206	11.4	120	73
19770207	11.4	120	73
19770208	11.4	120	73
19770209	11.4	120	73
19770210	11.4	120	73
19770211	11.4	120	73
19770212	11.4	120	73
19770213	11.4	120	73
19770214	11.4	120	73
19770215	11.4	120	73
19770216	11.4	120	73
19770217	11.4	120	73
19770218	11.4	120	73
19770219	11.4	120	73
19770220	11.4	120	73
19770221	11.4	120	73
19770222	11.4	120	73
19770223	11.4	120	73
19770224	11.4	120	73
19770225	11.4	120	73
19770226	11.4	120	73
19770227	11.4	120	73
19770228	11.4	120	73
19770229	11.4	120	73
19770230	11.4	120	73
19770231	11.4	120	73
19770301	11.4	120	73
19770302	11.4	120	73
19770303	11.4	120	73
19770304	11.4	120	73
19770305	11.4	120	73
19770306	11.4	120	73
19770307	11.4	120	73
19770308	11.4	120	73
19770309	11.4	120	73
19770310	11.4	120	73
19770311	11.4	120	73
19770312	11.4	120	73
19770313	11.4	120	73
19770314	11.4	120	73
19770315	11.4	120	73
19770316	11.4	120	73
19770317	11.4	120	73
19770318	11.4	120	73
19770319	11.4	120	73
19770320	11.4	120	73
19770321	11.4	120	73
19770322	11.4	120	73
19770323	11.4	120	73
19770324	11.4	120	73
19770325	11.4	120	73
19770326	11.4	120	73
19770327	11.4	120	73
19770328	11.4	120	73
19770329	11.4	120	73
19770330	11.4	120	73
19770331	11.4	120	73
19770401	11.4	120	73
19770402	11.4	120	73
19770403	11.4	120	73
19770404	11.4	120	73
19770405	11.4	120	73
19770406	11.4	120	73
19770407	11.4	120	73
19770408	11.4	120	73
19770409	11.4	120	73
19770410	11.4	120	73
19770411	11.4	120	73
19770412	11.4	120	73
19770413	11.4	120	73
19770414	11.4	120	73
19770415	11.4	120	73
19770416	11.4	120	73
19770417	11.4	120	73
19770418	11.4	120	73
19770419	11.4	120	73
19770420	11.4	120	73
19770421	11.4	120	73
19770422	11.4	120	73
19770423	11.4	120	73
19770424	11.4	120	73
19770425	11.4	120	73
19770426	11.4	120	73
19770427	11.4	120	73
19770428	11.4	120	73
19770429	11.4	120	73
19770430	11.4	120	73
19770431	11.4	120	73
19770501	11.4	120	73
19770502	11.4	120	73
19770503	11.4	120	73
19770504	11.4	120	73
19770505	11.4	120	73
19770506	11.4	120	73
19770507	11.4	120	73
19770508	11.4	120	73
19770509	11.4	120	73
19770510	11.4	120	73
19770511	11.4	120	73
19770512	11.4	120	73
19770513	11.4	120	73
19770514	11.4	120	73
19770515	11.4	120	73
19770516	11.4	120	73
19770517	11.4	120	73
19770518	11.4	120	73
19770519	11.4	120	73
19770520	11.4	120	73
19770521	11.4	120	73
19770522	11.4	120	73
19770523	11.4	120	73
19770524	11.4	120	73
19770525	11.4	120	73
19770526	11.4	120	73
19770527	11.4	120	73
19770528	11.4	120	73
19770529	11.4	120	73
19770530	11.4	120	73
19770531	11.4	120	73
19770601	11.4	120	73
19770602	11.4	120	73
19770603	11.4	120	73
19770604	11.4	120	73
19770605	11.4	120	73
19770606	11.4	120	73
19770607	11.4	120	73
19770608	11.4	120	73
19770609	11.4	120	73
19770610	11.4	120	73
19770611	11.4	120	73
19770612	11.4	120	73
19770613	11.4	120	73
19770614	11.4	120	73
19770615	11.4	120	73
19770616	11.4	120	73
19770617	11.4	120	73
19770618	11.4	120	73
19770619	11.4	120	73
19770620	11.4	120	73
19770621	11.4	120	73
19770622	11.4	120	73
19770623	11.4	120	73
19770624	11.4	120	73
19770625	11.4	120	73
19770626	11.4	120	73
19770627	11.4	120	73
19770628	11.4	120	73
19770629	11.4	120	73
19770630	11.4	120	73
19770631	11.4	120	73
19770701	11.4	120	73
19770702	11.4	120	73
19770703	11.4	120	73
19770704	11.4	120	73
19770705	11.4	120	73
19770706	11.4	120	73
19770707	11.4	120	73
19770708	11.4	120	73
19770709	11.4	120	73
19770710	11.4	120	73
19770711	11.4	120	73
19770712	11.4	120	73
19770713	11.4	120	73
19770714	11.4	120	73
19770715	11.4	120	73
19770716	11.4	120	73
19770717	11.4	120	73
19770718	11.4	120	73
19770719	11.4	120	73
19770720	11.4	120	73
19770721	11.4	120	73
19770722	11.4	120	73
19770723	11.4	120	73
19770724	11.4	120	73
19770725	11.4	120	73
19770726	11.4	120	73
19770727	11.4	120	73
19770728	11.4	120	73
19770729	11.4	120	73
19770730	11.4	120	73
19770731	11.4	120	73

LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT  
POWER PLANT KW-HR PRODUCTION  
WORTHINGTON PUMP 10LNT14A

DATE : 07/11/85

FRICITION LOSS-.2139\*Q\*Q

DATE	FLOW (CFS)	NET HEAD (FT)	EFFICIENCY (%)
1978000	11.7	126	73
1978001	11.5	121	73
1978002	11.3	121	73
1978003	11.1	117	74
1978004	10.9	113	74
1978005	10.7	110	74
1978006	10.5	105	74
1978007	10.3	102	74
1978008	10.1	100	74
1978009	9.9	98	73
1978010	9.7	95	73
1978011	9.5	93	73
1978012	9.3	93	73
1978013	9.1	94	73
1978014	8.9	95	73
1978015	8.7	96	73
1978016	8.5	96	73
1978017	8.3	96	73
1978018	8.1	96	73
1978019	7.9	96	73
1978020	7.7	96	73
1978021	7.5	96	73
1978022	7.3	96	73
1978023	7.1	96	73
1978024	6.9	96	73
1978025	6.7	96	73
1978026	6.5	96	73
1978027	6.3	96	73
1978028	6.1	96	73
1978029	5.9	96	73
1978030	5.7	96	73
1978031	5.5	96	73
1978032	5.3	96	73
1978033	5.1	96	73
1978034	4.9	96	73
1978035	4.7	96	73
1978036	4.5	96	73
1978037	4.3	96	73
1978038	4.1	96	73
1978039	3.9	96	73
1978040	3.7	96	73
1978041	3.5	96	73
1978042	3.3	96	73
1978043	3.1	96	73
1978044	2.9	96	73
1978045	2.7	96	73
1978046	2.5	96	73
1978047	2.3	96	73
1978048	2.1	96	73
1978049	1.9	96	73
1978050	1.7	96	73
1978051	1.5	96	73
1978052	1.3	96	73
1978053	1.1	96	73
1978054	0.9	96	73
1978055	0.7	96	73
1978056	0.5	96	73
1978057	0.3	96	73
1978058	0.1	96	73
1978059	0.0	96	73
1978060	0.0	96	73

LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT  
POWER PLANT KW-HR PRODUCTION  
WORTHINGTON PUMP 10LNT14A

DATE 07/11/85

FRICTION LOSS= .2139\*Q\*Q

DATE	FLOW (CTS)	NET HEAD (FT)	EFFICIENCY (%)
1980001	11.6	123	73
1980002	11.6	123	73
1980003	11.6	123	73
1980004	11.6	123	73
1980005	11.6	123	73
1980006	11.6	123	73
1980007	11.6	123	73
1980008	11.6	123	73
1980009	11.6	123	73
1980010	11.6	123	73
1980011	11.6	123	73
1980012	11.6	123	73
1980013	11.6	123	73
1980014	11.6	123	73
1980015	11.6	123	73
1980016	11.6	123	73
1980017	11.6	123	73
1980018	11.6	123	73
1980019	11.6	123	73
1980020	11.6	123	73
1980021	11.6	123	73
1980022	11.6	123	73
1980023	11.6	123	73
1980024	11.6	123	73
1980025	11.6	123	73
1980026	11.6	123	73
1980027	11.6	123	73
1980028	11.6	123	73
1980029	11.6	123	73
1980030	11.6	123	73
1980031	11.6	123	73
1980032	11.6	123	73
1980033	11.6	123	73
1980034	11.6	123	73
1980035	11.6	123	73
1980036	11.6	123	73
1980037	11.6	123	73
1980038	11.6	123	73
1980039	11.6	123	73
1980040	11.6	123	73
1980041	11.6	123	73
1980042	11.6	123	73
1980043	11.6	123	73
1980044	11.6	123	73
1980045	11.6	123	73
1980046	11.6	123	73
1980047	11.6	123	73
1980048	11.6	123	73
1980049	11.6	123	73
1980050	11.6	123	73
1980051	11.6	123	73
1980052	11.6	123	73
1980053	11.6	123	73
1980054	11.6	123	73
1980055	11.6	123	73
1980056	11.6	123	73
1980057	11.6	123	73
1980058	11.6	123	73
1980059	11.6	123	73
1980060	11.6	123	73
1980061	11.6	123	73
1980062	11.6	123	73
1980063	11.6	123	73
1980064	11.6	123	73
1980065	11.6	123	73
1980066	11.6	123	73
1980067	11.6	123	73
1980068	11.6	123	73
1980069	11.6	123	73
1980070	11.6	123	73
1980071	11.6	123	73
1980072	11.6	123	73
1980073	11.6	123	73
1980074	11.6	123	73
1980075	11.6	123	73
1980076	11.6	123	73
1980077	11.6	123	73
1980078	11.6	123	73
1980079	11.6	123	73
1980080	11.6	123	73
1980081	11.6	123	73
1980082	11.6	123	73
1980083	11.6	123	73
1980084	11.6	123	73
1980085	11.6	123	73
1980086	11.6	123	73
1980087	11.6	123	73
1980088	11.6	123	73
1980089	11.6	123	73
1980090	11.6	123	73
1980091	11.6	123	73
1980092	11.6	123	73
1980093	11.6	123	73
1980094	11.6	123	73
1980095	11.6	123	73
1980096	11.6	123	73
1980097	11.6	123	73
1980098	11.6	123	73
1980099	11.6	123	73
1980100	11.6	123	73



LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT  
 WORTHINGTON PUMP 10LNT14A  
 THROTTLED

DATE	THROTTLED	KW-HRS PRODUCED	MONTHLY TOTALS	YEARLY TOTALS	MAXIMUM KW	PLANT FACTOR
1977:01	01	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	02	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	03	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	04	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	05	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	06	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	07	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	08	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	09	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	10	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	11	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	12	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	13	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	14	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	15	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	16	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	17	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	18	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	19	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	20	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	21	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	22	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	23	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	24	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	25	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	26	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	27	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	28	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	29	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	30	2415	2398	2398		
1977:01	31	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	01	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	02	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	03	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	04	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	05	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	06	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	07	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	08	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	09	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	10	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	11	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	12	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	13	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	14	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	15	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	16	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	17	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	18	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	19	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	20	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	21	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	22	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	23	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	24	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	25	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	26	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	27	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	28	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	29	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	30	2415	2398	2398		
1977:02	31	2415	2398	2398		

LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT  
 WORTHINGTON PUMP 10 LMT 14A  
 THROTTLED

7/11/85

DATE					KW-HRS PRODUCED			MONTHLY TOTALS	YEARLY TOTALS	MAXIMUM KW	PLANT FACTOR
197708	1707	1475	1459	1443	1417	1597	1581	1566			
197709	1564	1505	1520	1520	1520	1505	1505	1490			
197710	1475	1440	1440	1424	1424	1424	1397	0	49834	78	86
197711	1397	1397	1397	1382	1382	1382	1382	1382			
197712	1340	1348	1348	1368	1382	1382	1382	1382			
197801	1332	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368			
197802	1340	1340	1340	1340	1340	1340	0	0	41197	58	99
197803	1325	1325	1312	1325	1340	1340	1368	1424			
197804	1490	1505	1520	1535	1535	1535	1564	1581			
197805	1413	1643	1675	1771	1804	1854	1871	1887			
197806	1921	1931	1938	1955	1955	1972	1972	0	50749	82	83
197807	2007	2007	2007	2024	2024	2014	2014	2014			
197808	2014	2031	2031	2031	2031	2064	2064	2064			
197809	2064	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2101	2101			
197810	2101	2101	2101	2101	2118	2118	0	0	61770	88	97
197811	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2135			
197812	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2171	2171	2171			
197901	2171	2171	2171	2171	2171	2171	2171	2171			
197902	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	0	64799	752037	91
197903	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2207	2207			
197904	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207			
197905	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225			
197906	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	68465	93	99
197907	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230			
197908	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230			
197909	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230			
197910	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	62385	93	100
197911	2248	2248	2248	2248	2248	2248	2248	2248			
197912	2248	2248	2248	2248	2248	2248	2248	2230			
198001	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	69382	94	99
198002	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207			
198003	2171	2171	2171	2171	2171	2171	2171	2135			
198004	2101	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2083	2083	64226	93	96
198005	2014	2014	2014	2014	2014	2014	0	0			
198006	1972	1955	1955	1972	1972	1955	1955	1955			
198007	1955	1955	1955	1955	1955	1955	1955	1955			
198008	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	1972	1938	61446	86	96
198009	2014	2014	2014	2014	2014	2031	2064	2064			
198010	2064	2064	2064	2064	2064	2064	2064	2248			
198011	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2118	2118			
198012	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	71614	105	95
198101	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			
198102	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	77841	105	100
198103	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			
198104	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			
198105	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	76417	105	98
198106	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			
198107	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			
198108	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	69535	99	98
198109	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			
198110	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			
198111	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			
198112	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	68741	94	98
198201	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			
198202	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			
198203	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			
198204	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	64050	89	100
198205	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			
198206	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			
198207	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	65743	89	99
198208	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			
198209	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			
198210	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	65658	88	100
198211	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			
198212	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			
198301	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			
198302	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			
198303	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	59304	88	100
198304	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			
198305	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118			





LEMOH DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT  
 WORTHINGTON PUMP 10LNT14A  
 THROTTLED

7/11/85.

DATE	KW-HRS PRODUCED								MONTHLY TOTALS	YEARLY TOTALS	MAXIMUM KW	PLANT FACTOR	
197510	2225	2225	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	0	69940	97	97	
197511	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207				
197511	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207				
197511	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	0	66462	93	99	
197511	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	0				
197512	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225				
197512	2225	2225	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	68615	712120	93	99
197512	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207				
197601	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207				
197601	2207	2207	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188				
197601	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	68037	92	99	
197601	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188				
197602	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188				
197602	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188				
197602	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	63452	91	100	
197602	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188				
197603	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188				
197603	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188				
197603	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	67923	92	99	
197603	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188				
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225				
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225				
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225				
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	69036	100	96	
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225				
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225				
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225				
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225				
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	77453	105	99	
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225				
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225				
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	75330	105	100	
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225				
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225				
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225				
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	76940	105	98	
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225				
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225				
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225				
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	69043	99	94	
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225				
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225				
197604	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	62378	90	96	
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	65076	88	99	
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	63455	88	100	
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	64454	87	100	
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	64011	86	100	
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	56868	85	100	
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	62961	85	100	
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	62029	88	98	
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	65109	90	97	
197610	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083	2083				

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DATE	KW-HRS PRODUCED								MONTHLY TOTALS	YEARLY TOTALS	MAXIMUM KW	PLANT FACTOR
197706	2024	2024	2024	2007	1972	1972	1955	1938				
197706	1939	1921	1887	1887	1871	1854	1837	1804				
197706	1788	1771	1755	1723	1707	1675	1659	1443				
197706	1643	1612	1597	1597	1597	1581	0	0	54263	84	90	
197707	1581	1581	1566	1535	1535	1520	1520	1505				
197707	1490	1490	1440	1426	1397	1397	1382	1368				
197707	1340	1325	1312	1312	1297	1252	1252	1226				
197707	1226	1226	1226	1252	1312	1312	1325	1325	43216	71	82	
197708	1092	1312	1312	1297	1252	1252	1226	1212				
197708	1185	1185	1143	1118	1092	1079	1040	1079				
197708	1143	1143	1185	1199	1212	1212	1212	1212				
197708	1112	1212	1212	1212	1212	1199	1199	1199	37061	55	91	
197709	1199	1199	1199	1199	1185	1185	1185	1185				
197709	1143	1143	1143	1131	1131	1131	1131	1131				
197709	1131	1131	1131	1118	1118	1118	1092	1092				
197709	1092	1079	1079	1040	1040	1040	0	0	33921	50	94	
197710	1038	1038	1016	1016	1016	1016	1016	1028				
197710	1028	1038	1040	1040	1040	1040	1040	1040				
197710	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079				
197710	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079				
197710	1092	1092	1092	1092	1092	1092	1092	0	32723	46	96	
197710	1092	1092	1092	1092	1092	1092	1118	1118				
197711	1118	1118	1118	1118	1118	1118	1118	1118				
197711	1118	1118	1118	1118	1118	1118	1118	1118				
197711	1118	1118	1118	1118	1118	1118	1118	1118				
197711	1118	1118	1118	1118	1118	1118	1118	0	33384	47	99	
197712	1131	1131	1131	1131	1131	1131	1131	1131				
197712	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079				
197712	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079				
197712	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	33605	579151	47	96
197801	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079				
197801	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079				
197801	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079				
197801	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	33449	45	100	
197802	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079				
197802	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079				
197802	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079				
197802	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079				
197802	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	30212	45	96	
197803	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079				
197803	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079				
197803	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079				
197803	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079				
197803	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	1079	33488	46	98	
197804	1092	1118	1118	1118	1131	1131	1131	1143				
197804	1143	1185	1185	1185	1199	1199	1212	1226				
197804	1326	1326	1352	1352	1297	1297	1312	1325				
197804	1340	1368	1382	1397	1426	1490	0	0	37106	62	83	
197805	1490	1505	1520	1535	1535	1566	1566	1581				
197805	1581	1597	1612	1612	1643	1659	1675	1755				
197805	1804	1854	1887	1938	1955	2007	2024	2031				
197805	2083	2101	2135	2171	2207	2225	2230	0	56069	93	81	
197806	2337	2337	2339	2376	2394	2398	2415	2435				
197806	2453	2471	2471	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511				
197806	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511				
197806	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	74069	105	98	
197807	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511				
197807	2473	2473	2471	2471	2453	2453	2435	2415				
197807	2398	2398	2394	2376	2356	2339	2339	0	76400	105	98	
197808	2321	2284	2267	2248	2230	2225	2225	2207				
197808	2138	2171	2171	2135	2118	2118	2101	2083				
197808	2066	2066	2031	2014	2024	2007	2007	1972				
197809	1972	1955	1955	1938	1921	1921	1887	0	64833	97	90	
197809	1871	1871	1854	1854	1837	1804	1804	1788				
197809	1643	1643	1612	1597	1597	1581	1581	1566				
197809	1566	1566	1535	1535	1535	1535	1535	0	50464	78	90	
197810	1520	1520	1520	1505	1505	1505	1490	1490				
197810	1440	1440	1426	1426	1397	1397	1382	1382				
197810	1368	1340	1340	1325	1325	1325	1325	1325				
197810	1325	1325	1325	1325	1325	1325	1325	1325	43308	63	92	
197811	1340	1340	1340	1340	1340	1340	1340	1340				
197811	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368				
197811	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368				
197811	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	40644	58	97	
197812	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368				
197812	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368				
197812	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368				
197812	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	1368	42478	582520	58	98
197801	1382	1382	1382	1382	1382	1382	1382	1382				
197801	1382	1382	1382	1382	1382	1382	1382	1382				

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DATE	KW-HRS PRODUCED								MONTHLY TOTALS	YEARLY TOTALS	MAXIMUM KW	PLANT FACTOR
197701	1302	1382	1382	1382	1382	1382	1382	1382				
197701	1302	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397				
197701	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397	43052	58	100	
197702	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397				
197702	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397				
197702	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397				
197702	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397	1397	39319	59	99	
197703	1426	1426	1426	1426	1426	1426	1426	1426				
197703	1426	1426	1426	1426	1426	1426	1426	1426				
197703	1426	1426	1426	1426	1426	1426	1426	1426				
197703	1426	1426	1426	1426	1426	1426	1426	1426				
197703	1440	1440	1440	1440	1440	1440	1440	1440	44488	62	96	
197704	1490	1490	1490	1490	1490	1490	1490	1490				
197704	1490	1490	1490	1490	1490	1490	1490	1490				
197704	1490	1505	1505	1505	1505	1505	1505	1505				
197704	1490	1505	1505	1505	1505	1505	1505	1505	45504	67	94	
197705	1643	1643	1643	1643	1643	1643	1643	1643				
197705	1643	1659	1659	1659	1659	1659	1659	1659				
197705	1643	1659	1659	1659	1659	1659	1659	1659				
197705	1643	1659	1659	1659	1659	1659	1659	1659				
197706	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	60631	103	79	
197706	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938				
197706	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938				
197706	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938				
197706	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	75272	105	100	
197707	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511				
197707	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511				
197707	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511				
197707	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511				
197707	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	77841	105	100	
197708	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511				
197708	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511				
197708	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511				
197708	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	77841	105	100	
197709	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453				
197709	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453				
197709	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453				
197709	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	73366	105	97	
197710	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135				
197710	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135				
197710	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135				
197710	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	68134	97	94	
197711	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118				
197711	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118				
197711	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118				
197711	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	44050	89	100	
197712	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118				
197712	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118				
197712	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	65658	735156	88	100
197712	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118				
197801	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118				
197801	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118				
197801	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118				
197801	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	2118	65658	88	100	
197802	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135				
197802	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135				
197802	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135				
197802	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	61626	89	99	
197803	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135				
197803	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135				
197803	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135				
197803	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	66185	89	100	
197804	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135				
197804	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135				
197804	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135				
197804	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	2135	63456	89	99	
197805	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938				
197805	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938				
197805	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938				
197805	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	1938	60971	91	90	
197806	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453				
197806	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453				
197806	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453				
197806	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	2453	74170	105	98	
197807	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511				
197807	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511				
197807	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511				
197807	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511				
197807	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	2511	77841	105	100	
197808	2491	2491	2491	2491	2491	2491	2491	2491				
197808	2491	2491	2491	2491	2491	2491	2491	2491				
197808	2491	2491	2491	2491	2491	2491	2491	2491				
197808	2491	2491	2491	2491	2491	2491	2491	2491				

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DATE	KW-HRS PRODUCED							MONTHLY TOTALS	YEARLY TOTALS	MAXIMUM KW	PLANT FACTOR	
198000	2473	2453	2453	2435	2415	2415	2415	2415				
198003	2415	2415	2415	2415	2398	2398	2398	2398				
198009	2394	2394	2394	2376	2376	2356	2356	2339	76464	105	98	
198009	2394	2394	2394	2398	2415	2415	2415	2415				
198009	2415	2415	2415	2415	2415	2415	2415	2415				
198009	2398	2398	2398	2398	2398	2394	2394	0	71836	101	99	
198010	2394	2394	2394	2376	2376	2376	2376	2356				
198010	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2284	2284				
198010	2394	2394	2394	2304	2284	2284	2284	2284				
198010	2394	2394	2394	2284	2284	2321	2321	2321	71941	100	97	
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	49430	97	100	
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	71951	831729	97	100
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	70804	95	100	
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	63952	95	100	
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	70804	95	100	
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	70328	101	97	
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	77723	105	99	
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	75330	105	100	
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	77841	105	100	
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	77281	105	99	
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	70074	101	96	
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	71544	100	96	
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	72111	101	99	
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	75065	872857	101	100
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	75611	102	100	
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	48684	102	100	
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				
198011	2394	2394	2394	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321				

LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT  
 WORTHINGTON PUMP 10LMT14A  
 THROTTLED

7/11/85

DATE	KW-HRS PRODUCED										MONTHLY TOTALS	YEARLY TOTALS	MAXIMUM KW	PLANT FACTOR	
198303	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	74403		103	100
198304	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	74746		105	99
198305	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	77841		105	100
198306	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	75330		105	100
198307	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	77841		105	100
198308	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	77841		105	100
198309	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	75330		105	100
198310	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	77841		105	100
198311	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	75330		105	100
198312	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	2471	77215	910013	105	99

	MONTHLY	YEARLY	KW	P.F.
AVERAGE	63115	757374	89	97
MAXIMUM	77841	910013	105	100
MINIMUM	30212	579151	45	79

LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT  
POWER PLANT KW-HR PRODUCTION  
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DATE : 07/11/85

FRICTION LOSS = .3384 \* Q \* Q

DATE	FLOW (CFS)	NET HEAD (FT)	EFFICIENCY (%)
19721001	11.5	123	73
19721002	11.5	122	73
19721003	11.5	122	73
19721004	11.5	123	73
19721005	11.5	123	73
19721006	11.5	123	73
19721007	11.5	123	73
19721008	11.5	123	73
19721009	11.5	123	73
19721010	11.5	123	73
19721011	11.5	123	73
19721012	11.5	123	73
19721013	11.5	123	73
19721014	11.5	123	73
19721015	11.5	123	73
19721016	11.5	123	73
19721017	11.5	123	73
19721018	11.5	123	73
19721019	11.5	123	73
19721020	11.5	123	73
19721021	11.5	123	73
19721022	11.5	123	73
19721023	11.5	123	73
19721024	11.5	123	73
19721025	11.5	123	73
19721026	11.5	123	73
19721027	11.5	123	73
19721028	11.5	123	73
19721029	11.5	123	73
19721030	11.5	123	73
19721031	11.5	123	73
19721032	11.5	123	73
19721033	11.5	123	73
19721034	11.5	123	73
19721035	11.5	123	73
19721036	11.5	123	73
19721037	11.5	123	73
19721038	11.5	123	73
19721039	11.5	123	73
19721040	11.5	123	73
19721041	11.5	123	73
19721042	11.5	123	73
19721043	11.5	123	73
19721044	11.5	123	73
19721045	11.5	123	73
19721046	11.5	123	73
19721047	11.5	123	73
19721048	11.5	123	73
19721049	11.5	123	73
19721050	11.5	123	73
19721051	11.5	123	73
19721052	11.5	123	73
19721053	11.5	123	73
19721054	11.5	123	73
19721055	11.5	123	73
19721056	11.5	123	73
19721057	11.5	123	73
19721058	11.5	123	73
19721059	11.5	123	73
19721060	11.5	123	73
19721061	11.5	123	73
19721062	11.5	123	73
19721063	11.5	123	73
19721064	11.5	123	73
19721065	11.5	123	73
19721066	11.5	123	73
19721067	11.5	123	73
19721068	11.5	123	73
19721069	11.5	123	73
19721070	11.5	123	73
19721071	11.5	123	73
19721072	11.5	123	73
19721073	11.5	123	73
19721074	11.5	123	73
19721075	11.5	123	73
19721076	11.5	123	73
19721077	11.5	123	73
19721078	11.5	123	73
19721079	11.5	123	73
19721080	11.5	123	73
19721081	11.5	123	73
19721082	11.5	123	73
19721083	11.5	123	73
19721084	11.5	123	73
19721085	11.5	123	73
19721086	11.5	123	73
19721087	11.5	123	73
19721088	11.5	123	73
19721089	11.5	123	73
19721090	11.5	123	73
19721091	11.5	123	73
19721092	11.5	123	73
19721093	11.5	123	73
19721094	11.5	123	73
19721095	11.5	123	73
19721096	11.5	123	73
19721097	11.5	123	73
19721098	11.5	123	73
19721099	11.5	123	73
19721100	11.5	123	73
19721101	11.5	123	73
19721102	11.5	123	73
19721103	11.5	123	73
19721104	11.5	123	73
19721105	11.5	123	73
19721106	11.5	123	73
19721107	11.5	123	73
19721108	11.5	123	73
19721109	11.5	123	73
19721110	11.5	123	73
19721111	11.5	123	73
19721112	11.5	123	73
19721113	11.5	123	73
19721114	11.5	123	73
19721115	11.5	123	73
19721116	11.5	123	73
19721117	11.5	123	73
19721118	11.5	123	73
19721119	11.5	123	73
19721120	11.5	123	73
19721121	11.5	123	73
19721122	11.5	123	73
19721123	11.5	123	73
19721124	11.5	123	73
19721125	11.5	123	73
19721126	11.5	123	73
19721127	11.5	123	73
19721128	11.5	123	73
19721129	11.5	123	73
19721130	11.5	123	73
19721131	11.5	123	73
19721132	11.5	123	73
19721133	11.5	123	73
19721134	11.5	123	73
19721135	11.5	123	73
19721136	11.5	123	73
19721137	11.5	123	73
19721138	11.5	123	73
19721139	11.5	123	73
19721140	11.5	123	73
19721141	11.5	123	73
19721142	11.5	123	73
19721143	11.5	123	73
19721144	11.5	123	73
19721145	11.5	123	73
19721146	11.5	123	73
19721147	11.5	123	73
19721148	11.5	123	73
19721149	11.5	123	73
19721150	11.5	123	73
19721151	11.5	123	73
19721152	11.5	123	73
19721153	11.5	123	73
19721154	11.5	123	73
19721155	11.5	123	73
19721156	11.5	123	73
19721157	11.5	123	73
19721158	11.5	123	73
19721159	11.5	123	73
19721160	11.5	123	73
19721161	11.5	123	73
19721162	11.5	123	73
19721163	11.5	123	73
19721164	11.5	123	73
19721165	11.5	123	73
19721166	11.5	123	73
19721167	11.5	123	73
19721168	11.5	123	73
19721169	11.5	123	73
19721170	11.5	123	73
19721171	11.5	123	73
19721172	11.5	123	73
19721173	11.5	123	73
19721174	11.5	123	73
19721175	11.5	123	73
19721176	11.5	123	73
19721177	11.5	123	73
19721178	11.5	123	73
19721179	11.5	123	73
19721180	11.5	123	73
19721181	11.5	123	73
19721182	11.5	123	73
19721183	11.5	123	73
19721184	11.5	123	73
19721185	11.5	123	73
19721186	11.5	123	73
19721187	11.5	123	73
19721188	11.5	123	73
19721189	11.5	123	73
19721190	11.5	123	73
19721191	11.5	123	73
19721192	11.5	123	73
19721193	11.5	123	73
19721194	11.5	123	73
19721195	11.5	123	73
19721196	11.5	123	73
19721197	11.5	123	73
19721198	11.5	123	73
19721199	11.5	123	73
19721200	11.5	123	73

DATE : 07/11/85

LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT  
POWER PLANT KW-HR PRODUCTION  
WORTHINGTON PUMP 10LNT14A

FRICTION LOSS = .3384 \* Q \* Q

DATE	FLOW (CFS)	NET HEAD (FT)	EFFICIENCY (%)
19772000	9.7	98	73
19772001	9.7	98	73
19772002	9.7	98	73
19772003	9.7	98	73
19772004	9.7	98	73
19772005	9.7	98	73
19772006	9.7	98	73
19772007	9.7	98	73
19772008	9.7	98	73
19772009	9.7	98	73
19772010	9.7	98	73
19772011	9.7	98	73
19772012	9.7	98	73
19772013	9.7	98	73
19772014	9.7	98	73
19772015	9.7	98	73
19772016	9.7	98	73
19772017	9.7	98	73
19772018	9.7	98	73
19772019	9.7	98	73
19772020	9.7	98	73
19772021	9.7	98	73
19772022	9.7	98	73
19772023	9.7	98	73
19772024	9.7	98	73
19772025	9.7	98	73
19772026	9.7	98	73
19772027	9.7	98	73
19772028	9.7	98	73
19772029	9.7	98	73
19772030	9.7	98	73
19772031	9.7	98	73
19772032	9.7	98	73
19772033	9.7	98	73
19772034	9.7	98	73
19772035	9.7	98	73
19772036	9.7	98	73
19772037	9.7	98	73
19772038	9.7	98	73
19772039	9.7	98	73
19772040	9.7	98	73
19772041	9.7	98	73
19772042	9.7	98	73
19772043	9.7	98	73
19772044	9.7	98	73
19772045	9.7	98	73
19772046	9.7	98	73
19772047	9.7	98	73
19772048	9.7	98	73
19772049	9.7	98	73
19772050	9.7	98	73
19772051	9.7	98	73
19772052	9.7	98	73
19772053	9.7	98	73
19772054	9.7	98	73
19772055	9.7	98	73
19772056	9.7	98	73
19772057	9.7	98	73
19772058	9.7	98	73
19772059	9.7	98	73
19772060	9.7	98	73
19772061	9.7	98	73
19772062	9.7	98	73
19772063	9.7	98	73
19772064	9.7	98	73
19772065	9.7	98	73
19772066	9.7	98	73
19772067	9.7	98	73
19772068	9.7	98	73
19772069	9.7	98	73
19772070	9.7	98	73
19772071	9.7	98	73
19772072	9.7	98	73
19772073	9.7	98	73
19772074	9.7	98	73
19772075	9.7	98	73
19772076	9.7	98	73
19772077	9.7	98	73
19772078	9.7	98	73
19772079	9.7	98	73
19772080	9.7	98	73
19772081	9.7	98	73
19772082	9.7	98	73
19772083	9.7	98	73
19772084	9.7	98	73
19772085	9.7	98	73
19772086	9.7	98	73
19772087	9.7	98	73
19772088	9.7	98	73
19772089	9.7	98	73
19772090	9.7	98	73
19772091	9.7	98	73
19772092	9.7	98	73
19772093	9.7	98	73
19772094	9.7	98	73
19772095	9.7	98	73
19772096	9.7	98	73
19772097	9.7	98	73
19772098	9.7	98	73
19772099	9.7	98	73
19772100	9.7	98	73









LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT  
POWER PLANT KW-HR PRODUCTION  
WORTHINGTON PUMP 10LNT14A

DATE : 07/11/85

FRICITION LOSS=.3384\*Q\*Q

DATE	FLOW (CFS)	NET HEAD (FT)	EFFICIENCY (%)
197900	10.9	115	74
197901	10.9	114	74
197902	10.9	114	74
197903	10.9	113	74
197904	10.9	113	74
197905	10.9	113	74
197906	10.9	113	74
197907	10.9	113	74
197908	10.9	113	74
197909	10.9	113	74
197910	10.9	113	74
197911	10.9	113	74
197912	10.9	113	74
197913	10.9	113	74
197914	10.9	113	74
197915	10.9	113	74
197916	10.9	113	74
197917	10.9	113	74
197918	10.9	113	74
197919	10.9	113	74
197920	10.9	113	74
197921	10.9	113	74
197922	10.9	113	74
197923	10.9	113	74
197924	10.9	113	74
197925	10.9	113	74
197926	10.9	113	74
197927	10.9	113	74
197928	10.9	113	74
197929	10.9	113	74
197930	10.9	113	74
197931	10.9	113	74
197932	10.9	113	74
197933	10.9	113	74
197934	10.9	113	74
197935	10.9	113	74
197936	10.9	113	74
197937	10.9	113	74
197938	10.9	113	74
197939	10.9	113	74
197940	10.9	113	74
197941	10.9	113	74
197942	10.9	113	74
197943	10.9	113	74
197944	10.9	113	74
197945	10.9	113	74
197946	10.9	113	74
197947	10.9	113	74
197948	10.9	113	74
197949	10.9	113	74
197950	10.9	113	74
197951	10.9	113	74
197952	10.9	113	74
197953	10.9	113	74
197954	10.9	113	74
197955	10.9	113	74
197956	10.9	113	74
197957	10.9	113	74
197958	10.9	113	74
197959	10.9	113	74
197960	10.9	113	74
197961	10.9	113	74
197962	10.9	113	74
197963	10.9	113	74
197964	10.9	113	74
197965	10.9	113	74
197966	10.9	113	74
197967	10.9	113	74
197968	10.9	113	74
197969	10.9	113	74
197970	10.9	113	74
197971	10.9	113	74
197972	10.9	113	74
197973	10.9	113	74
197974	10.9	113	74
197975	10.9	113	74
197976	10.9	113	74
197977	10.9	113	74
197978	10.9	113	74
197979	10.9	113	74
197980	10.9	113	74
197981	10.9	113	74
197982	10.9	113	74
197983	10.9	113	74
197984	10.9	113	74
197985	10.9	113	74
197986	10.9	113	74
197987	10.9	113	74
197988	10.9	113	74
197989	10.9	113	74
197990	10.9	113	74
197991	10.9	113	74
197992	10.9	113	74
197993	10.9	113	74
197994	10.9	113	74
197995	10.9	113	74
197996	10.9	113	74
197997	10.9	113	74
197998	10.9	113	74
197999	10.9	113	74
198000	10.9	113	74

LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT  
POWER PLANT KW-HR PRODUCTION  
WORTHINGTON PUMP 10LNT14A

DATE 07/11/85

FRICTION LOSS = .3384 \* Q \* Q

DATE	FLOW (CFS)	NET HEAD (FT)	EFFICIENCY (%)
1980001	10.0	113	74
1980002	10.0	113	74
1980003	10.0	113	74
1980004	10.0	113	74
1980005	10.0	113	74
1980006	10.0	113	74
1980007	10.0	113	74
1980008	10.0	113	74
1980009	10.0	113	74
1980010	10.0	113	74
1980011	10.0	113	74
1980012	10.0	113	74
1980013	10.0	113	74
1980014	10.0	113	74
1980015	10.0	113	74
1980016	10.0	113	74
1980017	10.0	113	74
1980018	10.0	113	74
1980019	10.0	113	74
1980020	10.0	113	74
1980021	10.0	113	74
1980022	10.0	113	74
1980023	10.0	113	74
1980024	10.0	113	74
1980025	10.0	113	74
1980026	10.0	113	74
1980027	10.0	113	74
1980028	10.0	113	74
1980029	10.0	113	74
1980030	10.0	113	74
1980031	10.0	113	74
1980032	10.0	113	74
1980033	10.0	113	74
1980034	10.0	113	74
1980035	10.0	113	74
1980036	10.0	113	74
1980037	10.0	113	74
1980038	10.0	113	74
1980039	10.0	113	74
1980040	10.0	113	74
1980041	10.0	113	74
1980042	10.0	113	74
1980043	10.0	113	74
1980044	10.0	113	74
1980045	10.0	113	74
1980046	10.0	113	74
1980047	10.0	113	74
1980048	10.0	113	74
1980049	10.0	113	74
1980050	10.0	113	74
1980051	10.0	113	74
1980052	10.0	113	74
1980053	10.0	113	74
1980054	10.0	113	74
1980055	10.0	113	74
1980056	10.0	113	74
1980057	10.0	113	74
1980058	10.0	113	74
1980059	10.0	113	74
1980060	10.0	113	74
1980061	10.0	113	74
1980062	10.0	113	74
1980063	10.0	113	74
1980064	10.0	113	74
1980065	10.0	113	74
1980066	10.0	113	74
1980067	10.0	113	74
1980068	10.0	113	74
1980069	10.0	113	74
1980070	10.0	113	74
1980071	10.0	113	74
1980072	10.0	113	74
1980073	10.0	113	74
1980074	10.0	113	74
1980075	10.0	113	74
1980076	10.0	113	74
1980077	10.0	113	74
1980078	10.0	113	74
1980079	10.0	113	74
1980080	10.0	113	74
1980081	10.0	113	74
1980082	10.0	113	74
1980083	10.0	113	74
1980084	10.0	113	74
1980085	10.0	113	74
1980086	10.0	113	74
1980087	10.0	113	74
1980088	10.0	113	74
1980089	10.0	113	74
1980090	10.0	113	74
1980091	10.0	113	74
1980092	10.0	113	74
1980093	10.0	113	74
1980094	10.0	113	74
1980095	10.0	113	74
1980096	10.0	113	74
1980097	10.0	113	74
1980098	10.0	113	74
1980099	10.0	113	74
1980100	10.0	113	74

LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT  
POWER PLANT KW-HR PRODUCTION  
WORTHINGTON PUMP 10LNT14A

DATE : 07/11/85

FRICTION LOSS = .3384 \* Q \* Q

DATE	FLOW (CFS)	NET HEAD (FT)	EFFICIENCY (%)
198100	11.9	127	72
198100	11.8	127	72
198100	11.7	127	72
198100	11.6	127	72
198100	11.5	127	72
198100	11.4	127	72
198100	11.3	127	72
198100	11.2	127	72
198100	11.1	127	72
198100	11.0	127	72
198100	10.9	127	72
198100	10.8	127	72
198100	10.7	127	72
198100	10.6	127	72
198100	10.5	127	72
198100	10.4	127	72
198100	10.3	127	72
198100	10.2	127	72
198100	10.1	127	72
198100	10.0	127	72
198100	9.9	127	72
198100	9.8	127	72
198100	9.7	127	72
198100	9.6	127	72
198100	9.5	127	72
198100	9.4	127	72
198100	9.3	127	72
198100	9.2	127	72
198100	9.1	127	72
198100	9.0	127	72
198100	8.9	127	72
198100	8.8	127	72
198100	8.7	127	72
198100	8.6	127	72
198100	8.5	127	72
198100	8.4	127	72
198100	8.3	127	72
198100	8.2	127	72
198100	8.1	127	72
198100	8.0	127	72
198100	7.9	127	72
198100	7.8	127	72
198100	7.7	127	72
198100	7.6	127	72
198100	7.5	127	72
198100	7.4	127	72
198100	7.3	127	72
198100	7.2	127	72
198100	7.1	127	72
198100	7.0	127	72
198100	6.9	127	72
198100	6.8	127	72
198100	6.7	127	72
198100	6.6	127	72
198100	6.5	127	72
198100	6.4	127	72
198100	6.3	127	72
198100	6.2	127	72
198100	6.1	127	72
198100	6.0	127	72
198100	5.9	127	72
198100	5.8	127	72
198100	5.7	127	72
198100	5.6	127	72
198100	5.5	127	72
198100	5.4	127	72
198100	5.3	127	72
198100	5.2	127	72
198100	5.1	127	72
198100	5.0	127	72
198100	4.9	127	72
198100	4.8	127	72
198100	4.7	127	72
198100	4.6	127	72
198100	4.5	127	72
198100	4.4	127	72
198100	4.3	127	72
198100	4.2	127	72
198100	4.1	127	72
198100	4.0	127	72
198100	3.9	127	72
198100	3.8	127	72
198100	3.7	127	72
198100	3.6	127	72
198100	3.5	127	72
198100	3.4	127	72
198100	3.3	127	72
198100	3.2	127	72
198100	3.1	127	72
198100	3.0	127	72
198100	2.9	127	72
198100	2.8	127	72
198100	2.7	127	72
198100	2.6	127	72
198100	2.5	127	72
198100	2.4	127	72
198100	2.3	127	72
198100	2.2	127	72
198100	2.1	127	72
198100	2.0	127	72
198100	1.9	127	72
198100	1.8	127	72
198100	1.7	127	72
198100	1.6	127	72
198100	1.5	127	72
198100	1.4	127	72
198100	1.3	127	72
198100	1.2	127	72
198100	1.1	127	72
198100	1.0	127	72
198100	0.9	127	72
198100	0.8	127	72
198100	0.7	127	72
198100	0.6	127	72
198100	0.5	127	72
198100	0.4	127	72
198100	0.3	127	72
198100	0.2	127	72
198100	0.1	127	72
198100	0.0	127	72

















DATE	KW-HRS PRODUCED								MONTHLY TOTALS	YEARLY TOTALS	MAXIMUM KW	PLANT FACTOR
198203	2171	2171	2171	2171	2171	2171	2171	2171	2188	90	100	
198204	2171	2171	2171	2171	2171	2171	2171	2188	2188			
198204	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2207	2207			
198204	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2230	2230			
198204	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	0	66188	94	98	
198205	2267	2267	2267	2267	2267	2267	2267	2248	2248			
198205	2248	2248	2248	2248	2248	2248	2248	2213	2213			
198205	2213	2213	2213	2213	2213	2213	2213	2267	2267			
198205	2380	2380	2380	2380	2380	2380	2380	0	70207	99	95	
198206	2380	2380	2380	2380	2380	2380	2380	2380	2380			
198206	2399	2399	2399	2399	2399	2399	2399	2438	2438			
198206	2475	2475	2475	2475	2475	2475	2475	2495	2495			
198206	2495	2495	2495	2495	2495	2495	2495	0	73163	104	98	
198207	2475	2475	2475	2475	2475	2475	2475	2475	2475			
198207	2457	2457	2457	2457	2457	2457	2457	2438	2438			
198207	2420	2420	2420	2420	2420	2420	2420	2399	2399			
198207	2380	2380	2380	2380	2380	2380	2380	0	75297	104	97	
198208	2376	2376	2376	2376	2376	2376	2376	2303	2303			
198208	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	2303	2303			
198208	2267	2267	2267	2267	2267	2267	2267	2267	2267			
198208	2248	2248	2248	2248	2248	2248	2248	2248	2248			
198209	2358	2358	2358	2358	2358	2358	2358	0	71158	98	98	
198209	2358	2358	2358	2358	2358	2358	2358	2358	2358			
198209	2358	2358	2358	2358	2358	2358	2358	2358	2358			
198209	2358	2358	2358	2358	2358	2358	2358	0	72729	98	103	
198210	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	2321	2284	2284			
198210	2284	2284	2284	2284	2284	2284	2284	2267	2267			
198210	2248	2248	2248	2248	2248	2248	2248	2248	2248			
198210	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230			
198210	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	2230	0	69459	95	99	
198211	2213	2213	2213	2213	2213	2213	2213	2213	2213			
198211	2213	2213	2213	2213	2213	2213	2213	2213	2213			
198211	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225			
198211	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	0	66558	93	99	
198211	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2225	2207	2207			
198212	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207			
198212	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207	2207			
198212	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	2188	0	68392	827699	93	99

	MONTHLY	YEARLY	KW	P.F.
AVERAGE	55626	662618	79	97
MAXIMUM	76251	827699	104	104
MINIMUM	27526	497874	38	78

## Appendix E

### FLows BELOW LEMON DAM

This appendix is included to evaluate the historic flows below Lemon Dam as compared to flows assuming the turbine had been installed during, the study period, 1971 to 1982.

The before and after power plant flows will be minimally different during the winter months, October to April, when only the bypass pipe is used. The summer, or irrigation season, releases have historically been controlled by the irrigation demand and this will continue. The large outlet gates are used during the high release period. There will not be any change in releases to irrigation demands.

The releases through the bypass are controlled by an orifice bolted to the outlet of the bypass and the reservoir water surface elevations. The District has maintained those releases, generally between 9 cfs and 13 cfs, with occasional times above or below that range. The Worthington 10LNT14A pump was selected because it would generally provide those releases, although not exactly. The winter releases will be different than historical releases because the turbine controls releases differently than the orifice.

The computer printout in this appendix shows the historic releases below Lemon Dam, the assumed flow with the turbine, and the change in flow. All of the numbers are in cfs. The year and month are in the left hand column. The change of flow is shown with a minus sign for a flow reduction, no sign for a flow increase, and a zero if there is not a flow change. The flow does not change when the irrigation releases are made which occurs when the historic flow is 20 cfs or greater. The asterisks in years 1977 to 1982 are from computer formatting restrictions because the field width was exceeded and the table could not be expanded.

Table E-1 summarizes the numbers of days per year there is a change of flow. For example: in 1974 there were 124 days when the flow would have been 0-1 cfs less with the turbine than the orifice and 55 days when the flow would have been 1-2 cfs less with the turbine. In 1982 there would have been no days with less flow but 5 days with 1-2 cfs more, 91 days with 2-3 cfs more, etc.

Generally, the days when the flow change is less than 1 cfs are inconsequential because the flow change is imperceptible. Also, the major flow reductions between 3 cfs and 5 cfs only occurred in 1971 and 1972 when the District released 16 cfs during the winter; that practice was curtailed in 1973. Those two years do not reflect release patterns since 1972 and should be disregarded.

The data for the years 1983-1982 indicate that the most significant negative impact is when the flow is reduced 1 cfs to 2

cfs which frequently occurs. On the other hand, if the flow is increased it will almost always be 2 cfs to 3 cfs greater. In either case the flows will almost always be in the 9 cfs to 13 cfs range.

The releases during the driest year, 1977, would be very nearly the same as they were historically. The actual releases ranged from 9.2 cfs to 10 cfs and with the turbine the releases would be 8.7 cfs to 9.3 cfs. The difference in releases is almost always less than 1 cfs, with a 0.3 cfs difference for three of the critical seven months.

The lowest release is 8.7 cfs occurring in 1974 and 1977. The recommended fishery release of 8 cfs is always met and the 8.92 cfs water right to the City of Durango is essentially always met, e.g., there is a two month period in 1984 when the turbine releases would have been 8.7 cfs.

Operation of the turbine will change the flow below Lemon Dam from the historic releases but the flows will usually be between 9 cfs and 13 cfs as they have been since 1972. The small changes within the 9 cfs to 13 cfs will be inconsequential.

TABLE E-1

## Lemon Dam Improvements Project

## Flows Below Lemon Dam

Year	Days of Reduced Flow						Days of Increased Flow					
	0-1cfs	1-2cfs	2-3cfs	3-4cfs	4-5cfs	Total	0-1cfs	1-2cfs	2-3cfs	3-4cfs	4-5cfs	Total
1971	0	0	0	112	68	180	0	0	0	0	0	0
1972	0	0	0	6	116	122	1	0	8	13	7	29
1973	46	49	0	0	0	95	4	5	4	0	0	13
1974	124	55	14	0	0	193	16	0	0	0	0	16
1975	8	167	0	0	0	175	10	6	0	0	0	16
1976	23	109	46	7	0	185	0	0	0	0	0	0
1977	100	24	0	0	0	124	0	0	64	0	0	64
1978	140	51	0	0	0	191	0	0	0	0	0	0
1979	38	124	0	0	0	162	0	0	0	0	0	0
1980	75	29	0	0	0	104	48	28	39	0	0	115
1981	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	84	27	11	135
1982	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>118</u>
TOTAL	554	608	60	125	184	1531	79	57	290	57	23	499



8/12/85

LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT  
FLOW COMPARISON WITH AND WITHOUT TURBINE  
WORTHINGTON 10LNT14A PUMP

(HL=0.2139)

DATE	HISTORIC	FLOW BELOW	LEMON (CFS)	FLOW THRU TURBINE (CFS)	CHANGE IN FLOW (CFS)	
197101	50	50	50	50	0	
197101	16	16	16	16	0	
197101	16	16	16	16	0	
197101	16	16	16	16	0	
197101	16	16	16	16	0	
197102	16	16	16	16	0	
197102	16	16	16	16	0	
197102	16	16	16	16	0	
197103	16	16	16	16	0	
197103	16	16	16	16	0	
197103	16	16	16	16	0	
197103	16	16	16	16	0	
197104	16	16	16	16	0	
197104	16	16	16	16	0	
197104	16	16	16	16	0	
197105	16	50	70	90	110	
197105	60	80	119	120	120	120
197105	128	140	160	160	160	160
197105	190	190	180	210	234	240
197106	230	240	250	250	250	240
197106	240	240	240	240	240	230
197106	230	230	222	220	210	220
197106	220	220	220	220	220	220
197107	212	200	180	165	142	133
197107	159	160	160	151	150	150
197107	200	200	200	190	190	180
197107	170	140	140	140	140	180
197108	200	200	210	210	210	180
197108	180	190	190	190	160	160
197108	160	160	170	140	140	130
197109	111	110	110	100	100	110
197109	110	110	110	110	110	110
197109	110	110	110	110	110	122
197109	125	125	125	125	125	125
197109	125	125	125	73	16	16
197110	75	105	105	79	50	50
197110	50	60	70	70	70	70
197110	16	16	16	16	16	16
197110	16	16	16	16	16	16
197111	16	16	16	16	16	16
197111	16	16	16	16	16	16
197111	50	50	50	50	16	37
197112	16	16	16	16	16	16
197112	16	16	16	16	16	16
197112	16	16	16	16	16	16
197112	16	16	16	16	16	16
197201	16	16	16	16	16	16
197201	16	16	16	16	16	16
197201	16	16	16	16	16	16
197201	16	16	16	16	16	16
197202	16	16	16	16	16	16
197202	16	16	16	16	16	16
197202	16	16	16	16	16	16
197203	16	16	16	16	16	16
197203	16	16	16	16	16	16
197203	16	16	16	16	16	16
197204	16	16	16	16	16	16
197204	16	16	16	16	16	16
197204	16	33	50	50	63	78
197204	110	130	147	162	170	170
197205	180	219	230	198	190	180
197205	180	190	200	200	210	220
197205	220	220	220	220	240	250
197205	250	240	240	240	250	250
197206	250	250	250	250	250	230
197206	210	220	210	188	180	190
197206	190	190	180	180	180	173
197206	164	160	160	167	170	170
197207	170	154	150	150	170	170
197207	160	170	190	198	210	219
197207	220	210	210	210	210	210
197207	210	210	190	173	170	170
197208	180	180	180	180	170	160

8/12/85

LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT  
FLOW COMPARISON WITH AND WITHOUT TURBINE  
WORTHINGTON 10LNT14A PUMP

(HL=0.2139)

DATE	HISTORIC FLOW	BELOW LEMON (CFS)	FLOW THRU TURBINE (CFS)	CHANGE IN FLOW (CFS)
197208 160	160	152	10.5	0
197208 112	110	80	10.1	0
197208 80	80	50	9.9	0
197209 50	50	50	9.8	0
197209 50	50	50	9.7	0
197209 50	60	50	9.7	0
197209 60	70	50	9.7	0
197210 48	55	45	9.6	0
197210 10	30	20	10	0
197210 14	14	11	10.3	-3.7
197210 13	13	14	11.1	-1.9
197211 15	17	20	11.3	-3.7
197211 19	17	18	11.4	0
197211 16	16	15	11.5	-4.5
197212 13	12	13	11.6	-4.4
197212 8.4	8.4	7.3	11.6	-1.4
197212 6.8	7.3	8.4	11.7	4.9
197212 8.4	8.9	9.4	11.7	3.3
197301 9.9	10	11	11.7	1.8
197301 12	12	9.4	11.8	-0.2
197301 12	11	13	11.8	-0.2
197301 13	13	13	11.8	-1.2
197302 13	13	13	11.8	-1.2
197302 12	12	12	11.8	-0.2
197302 12	12	12	11.9	-0.1
197302 12	14	16	11.9	-0.1
197303 17	20	23	11.9	-5.1
197303 23	24	24	11.9	0
197303 25	26	86	11.9	0
197303 84	92	88	11.9	0
197304 96	100	96	11.8	0
197304 126	117	126	11.8	0
197304 126	117	183	11.6	0
197304 252	249	252	11.5	0
197305 291	285	282	11.4	0
197305 279	342	484	11.1	0
197305 480	588	875	11.2	0
197305 440	366	366	11.2	0
197306 360	356	349	11.6	0
197306 560	713	765	12	0
197306 338	338	338	12.4	0
197306 444	656	820	12.9	0
197307 795	676	596	13	0
197307 384	349	312	13	0
197307 279	282	224	13	0
197307 237	237	237	13	0
197308 232	232	232	12.9	0
197308 246	237	229	12.7	0
197308 232	216	216	12.5	0
197308 178	183	155	12.3	0
197309 126	124	122	12.2	0
197309 109	142	72	12.1	0
197309 59	59	57	12.1	0
197309 88	80	92	12	0
197310 97	94	88	11.9	0
197310 97	90	0	11.8	0
197310 71	72	51	11.8	0
197310 68	66	66	11.8	0
197311 74	12	11	11.6	-0.4
197311 12	12	12	11.6	-0.4
197311 12	12	13	11.6	-0.4
197311 13	13	22	11.6	-1.4
197312 40	56	40	11.6	-1.4
197312 13	13	13	11.6	-1.4
197312 13	13	13	11.6	-1.4
197312 13	13	13	11.6	-1.4

8/12/85

LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT
FLOW COMPARISON WITH AND WITHOUT TURBINE
WORTHINGTON 10LNT14A PUMP

(HL=0.2139)

Table with columns: DATE, HISTORIC FLOW BELOW LEMON (CFS), FLOW THRU TURBINE (CFS), and CHANGE IN FLOW (CFS). Rows represent dates from 197401 to 197506, showing flow variations and changes when the turbine is active.

8/12/85

LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT  
FLOW COMPARISON WITH AND WITHOUT TURBINE  
WORTHINGTON 10LNT14A PUMP

(HL=0.2139)

DATE	HISTORIC FLOW	BELOW LEMON (CFS)	FLOW THRU TURBINE (CFS)	CHANGE IN FLOW (CFS)
197500	224	222	211	199
197500	157	150	152	159
197500	164	166	166	164
197509	150	152	157	168
197509	155	139	122	105
197509	68	63	63	63
197509	49	53	68	66
197510	65	72	83	83
197510	83	82	77	77
197510	62	52	52	57
197510	62	62	62	70
197511	13	13	13	13
197511	13	13	13	13
197511	13	13	13	13
197511	13	13	13	13
197512	13	13	13	13
197512	35	35	35	35
197512	19	13	13	13
197512	13	13	13	13
197601	13	13	13	13
197601	13	13	13	13
197601	13	13	13	13
197602	13	13	13	13
197602	13	13	13	13
197602	13	13	13	13
197603	13	13	13	13
197603	13	13	13	13
197603	13	13	13	13
197604	14	14	14	14
197604	14	14	14	14
197604	14	14	14	14
197604	14	14	14	14
197605	14	14	17	67
197605	23	46	64	77
197605	139	276	336	281
197605	229	224	206	199
197606	206	238	252	259
197606	314	287	275	275
197606	252	252	252	249
197606	224	219	209	182
197607	182	196	201	201
197607	196	196	196	199
197607	182	187	196	196
197607	206	201	187	164
197608	144	152	166	177
197608	177	164	157	155
197608	141	135	135	122
197608	99	110	114	118
197609	129	129	129	129
197609	95	112	100	103
197609	90	95	105	112
197609	87	51	45	40
197610	39	39	39	44
197610	46	46	52	57
197610	61	14	14	15
197610	15	15	15	14
197611	14	14	14	14
197611	14	14	14	14
197611	14	14	14	14
197611	14	30	57	57
197612	57	50	23	13
197612	12	12	12	12
197612	12	12	12	12
197612	12	12	12	12

LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT  
 FLOW COMPARISON WITH AND WITHOUT TURBINE  
 WORTHINGTON 10LNT14A PUMP

3/12/05

(HL=0.2139)

DATE	HISTORIC FLOW	BELOW LEMON (CFS)	THRU TURBINE (CFS)	CHANGE IN FLOW (CFS)
197701	12	12	12	-0.5
197701	12	12	12	-0.5
197701	12	12	12	-0.5
197701	12	12	12	-0.5
197702	12	12	12	-0.6
197702	12	12	10	-0.6
197702	9	9	9	2.4
197702	9	9	9	2.4
197703	9	9	9	2.4
197703	9	9	9	2.4
197703	9	9	9	2.4
197703	9	9	9	2.4
197704	9	9	9	2.4
197704	9	9	9	2.4
197704	9	12	13	2.5
197704	31	12	12	-0.4
197705	13	18	61	0
197705	170	130	189	-1.4
197705	141	137	131	0
197705	116	116	124	0
197706	170	194	209	0
197706	206	206	206	0
197706	182	184	187	0
197706	185	90	80	0
197707	83	85	94	0
197707	92	114	133	0
197707	108	114	108	0
197707	34	45	52	0
197708	76	85	94	0
197708	133	139	135	0
197708	38	10	10	0
197708	90	80	62	0
197709	56	56	56	0
197709	72	72	72	0
197709	47	47	51	0
197709	64	64	64	0
197710	*****	*****	*****	0
197710	*****	*****	*****	-1.3
197710	*****	*****	*****	-1.1
197710	*****	*****	*****	-1.1
197711	9.7	9.7	9.7	-0.8
197711	9.7	9.7	9.7	-0.7
197711	9.7	9.7	9.7	-0.7
197711	9.7	9.7	9.7	-0.7
197712	9.2	9.2	9.2	-0.2
197712	9.2	9.2	9.2	-0.3
197712	9.2	9.2	9.2	-0.3
197801	9.2	9.2	9.2	-0.3
197801	9.2	9.2	9.2	-0.3
197801	9.2	9.2	9.2	-0.3
197801	9.2	9.2	9.2	-0.3
197802	9.2	9.2	9.2	-0.3
197802	9.2	9.2	9.2	-0.3
197802	9.2	9.2	9.2	-0.3
197803	9.7	9.7	9.7	-0.8
197803	9.7	9.7	9.7	-0.8
197803	9.7	9.7	9.7	-0.8
197803	9.7	9.7	9.7	-0.8
197804	9.7	9.7	9.7	-0.8
197804	9.7	9.7	9.7	-0.4
197804	9.7	9.7	9.7	-0.4
197805	*****	*****	*****	-0.1
197805	*****	*****	*****	-1
197805	*****	*****	*****	-0.2
197806	55	72	88	0
197806	160	182	222	0
197806	263	263	246	0
197806	230	230	227	0
197806	196	189	180	0
197807	155	155	155	0
197807	102	104	104	0
197807	219	216	204	0
197807	199	204	222	0
197808	219	216	204	0









## Appendix F

### CONSTRUCTION COST, REVENUE AND FINANCIAL EVALUATION

This appendix supplements the Construction Cost Estimate and Financial Chapters by presenting more detailed data. The specific line items used to determine the engineering and field costs are shown. The sensitivity of the project to various interest rates and repayment periods is also shown.

The monetary considerations of the project are evaluated in this appendix. The construction cost estimate for the project with subtotals for the power plant, gate repair and designs are presented. The potential revenues from the power plant are estimated. The monetary assets available to the District are tabulated. Lastly, the financial evaluation of the project is determined using various funding scenarios.

#### A. Construction Cost Estimate

The estimate of construction costs for the project are shown on Table F-1 and have been developed in 1985 dollars. The costs are based upon estimates by welders, divers and electricians who, where possible, have performed similar services in southwest Colorado. The costs are separated into those for gate repair, power plant, feasibility report and engineering designs and are further identified by items and subitems.

For each subitem the number of units and the cost of each are shown and are used to calculate the direct costs. The column for "Item Cost" shows the total of the direct costs for each item. The total direct cost for all of the items are tabulated across from the major heading, e.g., Gate Repair. To the total is added 10% for unlisted costs, and 15% for contingencies to arrive at the "Total Cost". The 10% for unlisted costs is not added to the

TABLE F-1  
LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT  
CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE

ITEM	UNITS	UNIT COST	DIRECT COST	ITEM COST	UNLISTED ITEMS (10%)	CONTINGENCIES (15%)	TOTAL COST
LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT							\$298,610.00
GATE REPAIR							
Construct Plug				\$91,400.00	\$9,100.00	\$15,100.00	\$115,600.00
Material & Labor				\$5,000.00			
Transportation	1	\$4,500.00	\$4,500.00				
	1	\$500.00	\$500.00				
Close Outlet				\$22,000.00			
Divers & Crew Inspection	1	\$6,500.00	\$6,500.00				
Divers & Crew Close Outlet	1	\$6,500.00	\$6,500.00				
Divers & Crew Open Outlet	1	\$6,500.00	\$6,500.00				
Mobilization	1	\$2,500.00	\$2,500.00				
Gate Repair				\$64,400.00			
Parts	1	\$56,000.00	\$56,000.00				
Labor	140	\$60.00	\$8,400.00				
HYDROELECTRIC FACILITIES							
Piping				\$91,310.00	\$9,100.00	\$15,100.00	\$115,510.00
Remove Old Pipe	16	\$60.00	\$960.00	\$15,020.00			
Remove Concrete Block	32	\$60.00	\$1,920.00				
Butterfly Valve w/Actuator	2	\$1,500.00	\$3,000.00				
10" Gate Valve	1	\$2,200.00	\$2,200.00				
12" Gate Valve	1	\$1,300.00	\$1,300.00				
8"-10" Expansion	2	\$40.00	\$80.00				
14"-12" Reduction	1	\$100.00	\$100.00				
10" Steel Pipe	1	\$250.00	\$250.00				
Flanges	6	\$100.00	\$600.00				
90deg Bend, 10" Pipe	2	\$100.00	\$200.00				
90deg Bend, 12" Pipe	1	\$120.00	\$120.00				
10" Dresser Coupler	1	\$200.00	\$200.00				
12" Dresser Coupler	1	\$250.00	\$250.00				
10" & 10" T Bend	1	\$120.00	\$120.00				
12" & 10" T Bend	1	\$120.00	\$120.00				
Weld Pipe	60	\$60.00	\$3,600.00				
Turbine and Generator				\$22,000.00			
Turbine and Generator	1	\$22,000.00	\$22,000.00				
Electrical Equipment				\$46,250.00			
Euclid Speed Switch	1	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00				
"W" Main Circuit Breaker, Safety Switch, 15kva Dry Transformer, Size 5 Starter, 35kvar Capacitor, Surge Protection	1	\$16,000.00	\$16,000.00				
Watt, VAR Transducers	1	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00				
Operator Control Panel	1	\$3,900.00	\$3,900.00				
Primary Metering, Fusad Cutouts, Arrestors, Poles & Hardware, Padmount Transformer	1	\$8,300.00	\$8,300.00				
Cable & Conduit to Main CB	1	\$350.00	\$350.00				
Cable & Conduit to Starter	1	\$1,600.00	\$1,600.00				
Cable & Conduit, Starter to Can	1	\$200.00	\$200.00				
Cable & Conduit to Switch	1	\$100.00	\$100.00				
Mount & Connect Capacitor	1	\$200.00	\$200.00				
Multi Control Wires	1	\$600.00	\$600.00				
Labor to install	520	\$25.00	\$13,000.00				
Power to FWCD Home				\$8,040.00			
Power Line and Transformer	ft	1200	\$6.70	\$8,040.00			

TABLE F-1  
LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT  
CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE

ITEM	UNITS	UNIT COST	DIRECT COST	ITEM COST	UNLISTED ITEMS (10%)	CONTINGENCIES (15%)	TOTAL COST
<b>ENGINEERING AND DESIGN</b>				\$30,010.00	\$0.00	\$4,500.00	\$34,500.00
CUEA Purchase Agreement	16	\$40.00	\$640.00				
CUEA Interconnect Agreement	10	\$40.00	\$400.00				
Notify Downstream Water Users	10	\$40.00	\$400.00				
Prepare Designs & Specs							
Turbine & Generator	24	\$50.00	\$1,200.00				
Electrical Equipment	60	\$65.00	\$3,900.00				
Piping Modifications	24	\$40.00	\$960.00				
Outlet Plug	16	\$40.00	\$640.00				
Close & Open Outlet	8	\$40.00	\$320.00				
Repair Gates	20	\$40.00	\$800.00				
Prepare Bid Documents & Select							
Turbine & Generator	22	\$40.00	\$880.00				
Electrical Equipment	12	\$65.00	\$780.00				
Piping Modifications	8	\$40.00	\$320.00				
Outlet Plug	2	\$40.00	\$80.00				
Close & Open Outlet	8	\$40.00	\$320.00				
Repair Gates	8	\$40.00	\$320.00				
Construction Observation	80	\$40.00	\$3,200.00				
Start-up Engineering	80	\$50.00	\$4,000.00				
Contract Administration	40	\$40.00	\$1,600.00				
Turbine Testing	24	\$50.00	\$1,200.00				
Electrical Testing	24	\$50.00	\$1,200.00				
Shop Drawing Review	30	\$50.00	\$1,500.00				
Operation Manual	8	\$50.00	\$400.00				
Drafting	40	\$20.00	\$1,200.00				
Clerical & Office Expenses	1	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00				
Transportation	3000	\$0.25	\$750.00				
Misc.	1	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00				
<b>FEASIBILITY REPORT</b>							\$33,000.00

engineering and design. The feasibility report costs are the costs incurred to prepare this report.

The materials costs are fairly accurate, probably plus or minus 10% or better; however, the labor costs are plus or minus 20%. This occurs because more unforeseen work is required on existing facilities than new facilities. For example, extra time may be required to plug the outlet due to a trash rack that will not move; however, the price quoted for the turbine and generator from the Worthington Pump Company, should not change much. An attempt was made to estimate the costs at the higher end of the reasonable values so that there will be few, if any, surprises when bids are received to construct the facilities.

The total estimated design and construction cost is \$265,600 for the project broken down as follows: \$115,600 for the gate repairs; \$115,470 for the power plant; and \$34,500 for engineering and design.

#### B. Financial Evaluation

Since the construction costs for this project are relatively small, the Authority will not issue Revenue Bonds for this project alone, but will either make a loan from cash reserves or piggyback bonds for this project on a larger bond issue. If a straight loan is used there would be no financing costs, but if bonds were used there would be a 10% financing fee. Both possibilities are analyzed below.

If the project were constructed today, the interest rate would be 9% for a period of 15 years. However, using a current interest rate alone will not provide a suitable evaluation because the future rate could be very different than current rates. The evaluation should analyze the project over a range of interest rates and time periods.

The evaluations were made using interest rates from 6% to 12% in 1% increments and loan periods of 10 years to 20 years in 5 year increments. A 20 year loan is unacceptable for a project this small but is included, in the event interest rates approach 12% again.

Table F-2 summarizes the annual costs at various interest rates and repayment periods, assuming no financing fee and the District will contribute \$85,000 in cash. Table F-3 shows a similar analysis but with a 10% financing fee.

Tables F-4 and F-5 shows the debt service evaluation with and without a financing fee for the power plant increment which illustrates to what extent the power plant revenues are sufficient to repay the associated costs. Note that the District's cash is not applied to the power plant construction.

The District will have to contribute revenues above what is derived from marketing the power for any of the financing options. If the project were financed today and the maximum annual revenues the District could contribute was \$12,500; then 15 years at 9% interest, with or without a financing fee would be the most likely terms. If an 8% rate for 10 years, without a financing fee, could be obtained then that option could be considered. The District revenues would be at or below \$12,500 in each case.

Generally, if interest rates stay at 9% or below the project is financially feasible, but if the rates are 12% or greater then project probably is infeasible. Interest rates between 9% and 12% will make the project marginal.

TABLE F-2  
ECONOMIC ANALYSIS  
NO BONDING FEE

Costs		Revenues			
Const. Cost	\$220,600		KW-HR	Mil Rate	Income
FWCD Cash	\$83,000	Total Gen	750000		n/a
		FWCD Use	18000	\$0.07	\$1,300.00
Financed	\$200,600	Sold	732000	\$0.035	\$25,600.00
Bonding (0%)	\$0				
Total Finan	\$200,600				

FINANCING ALTERNATIVES

Annual Values

Financing	Expenses				Income	
	Debt Service	FERC Charge	O, M&R	Total	Power Revenues	District Revenues
10 yrs @ 6%	\$32,400	\$750	\$3,000	\$36,150	\$25,600	(\$10,550)
10 yrs @ 7%	\$34,000	\$750	\$3,000	\$37,750	\$25,600	(\$12,150)
10 yrs @ 8%	\$35,600	\$750	\$3,000	\$39,350	\$25,600	(\$13,750)
10 yrs @ 9%	\$37,200	\$750	\$3,000	\$40,950	\$25,600	(\$15,350)
10 yrs @ 10%	\$38,800	\$750	\$3,000	\$42,550	\$25,600	(\$16,950)
15 yrs @ 6%	\$24,600	\$750	\$3,000	\$28,350	\$25,600	(\$2,750)
15 yrs @ 7%	\$26,200	\$750	\$3,000	\$29,950	\$25,600	(\$4,350)
15 yrs @ 8%	\$27,900	\$750	\$3,000	\$31,650	\$25,600	(\$6,050)
15 yrs @ 9%	\$29,600	\$750	\$3,000	\$33,350	\$25,600	(\$7,750)
15 yrs @ 10%	\$31,400	\$750	\$3,000	\$35,150	\$25,600	(\$9,550)
15 yrs @ 11%	\$33,200	\$750	\$3,000	\$36,950	\$25,600	(\$11,350)
15 yrs @ 12%	\$35,000	\$750	\$3,000	\$38,750	\$25,600	(\$13,150)
20 yrs @ 9%	\$26,100	\$750	\$3,000	\$29,850	\$25,600	(\$4,250)
20 yrs @ 10%	\$28,000	\$750	\$3,000	\$31,750	\$25,600	(\$6,150)
20 yrs @ 11%	\$30,000	\$750	\$3,000	\$33,750	\$25,600	(\$8,150)
20 yrs @ 12%	\$31,900	\$750	\$3,000	\$35,650	\$25,600	(\$10,050)

TABLE F-3  
ECONOMIC ANALYSIS  
10% BONDING FEE

Cost		Revenues		
Const. Cost	\$323,600	KW-HR	Mil Rate	Income
PWCD Cash	\$85,000	Total Gen		n/a
		PWCD Use	\$0.07	\$1,300.00
Financed	\$238,600	Sold	\$0.035	\$25,600.00
10% Bonding	\$20,900			
Total Finan	\$262,500			

FINANCING ALTERNATIVES

Financing	Annual Values				Income	
	Expenses				Power	District
	Debt Service	FERC Charge	O, M&R	Total	Revenues	Revenues
10 yrs @ 6%	\$35,700	\$750	\$3,000	\$39,450	\$25,620	(\$13,830)
10 yrs @ 7%	\$37,400	\$750	\$3,000	\$41,150	\$25,620	(\$15,530)
10 yrs @ 8%	\$39,100	\$750	\$3,000	\$42,850	\$25,620	(\$17,230)
10 yrs @ 9%	\$40,900	\$750	\$3,000	\$44,650	\$25,620	(\$19,030)
10 yrs @ 10%	\$42,700	\$750	\$3,000	\$46,450	\$25,620	(\$20,830)
15 yrs @ 6%	\$27,000	\$750	\$3,000	\$30,750	\$25,620	(\$5,130)
15 yrs @ 7%	\$28,800	\$750	\$3,000	\$32,550	\$25,620	(\$6,930)
15 yrs @ 8%	\$30,700	\$750	\$3,000	\$34,450	\$25,620	(\$8,830)
15 yrs @ 9%	\$32,600	\$750	\$3,000	\$36,350	\$25,620	(\$10,730)
15 yrs @ 10%	\$34,500	\$750	\$3,000	\$38,250	\$25,620	(\$12,630)
15 yrs @ 11%	\$36,500	\$750	\$3,000	\$40,250	\$25,620	(\$14,630)
15 yrs @ 12%	\$38,500	\$750	\$3,000	\$42,250	\$25,620	(\$16,630)
20 yrs @ 9%	\$28,800	\$750	\$3,000	\$32,550	\$25,620	(\$6,930)
20 yrs @ 10%	\$30,800	\$750	\$3,000	\$34,550	\$25,620	(\$8,930)
20 yrs @ 11%	\$33,000	\$750	\$3,000	\$36,750	\$25,620	(\$11,130)
20 yrs @ 12%	\$35,100	\$750	\$3,000	\$38,850	\$25,620	(\$13,230)

TABLE F-4  
ECONOMIC ANALYSIS  
HYDROPOWER PLANT  
10% BONDING FEE

Costs		Revenues			
Const. Cost	\$170,000		KW-HR	Mil Rate	Income
FWCD Cash	00	Total Gen	750000		n/a
Financed	\$170,000	FWCD Use	18000	\$0.07	\$1,300.00
Bonding (10%)	\$17,000	Sold	732000	\$0.035	\$25,600.00
Total Finan	\$190,000				

FINANCING ALTERNATIVES

Annual Values

Financing	Expenses				Income	
	Debt Service	FERC Charge	O, M&R	Total	Power Revenues	District Revenues
10 yrs @ 6%	\$25,900	\$750	\$3,000	\$29,650	\$25,620	(\$4,030)
10 yrs @ 7%	\$27,100	\$750	\$3,000	\$30,850	\$25,620	(\$5,230)
10 yrs @ 8%	\$28,400	\$750	\$3,000	\$32,150	\$25,620	(\$6,530)
10 yrs @ 9%	\$29,700	\$750	\$3,000	\$33,450	\$25,620	(\$7,830)
10 yrs @ 10%	\$31,000	\$750	\$3,000	\$34,750	\$25,620	(\$9,130)
15 yrs @ 6%	\$19,600	\$750	\$3,000	\$23,350	\$25,620	\$2,270
15 yrs @ 7%	\$20,900	\$750	\$3,000	\$24,650	\$25,620	\$970
15 yrs @ 8%	\$22,200	\$750	\$3,000	\$25,950	\$25,620	(\$330)
15 yrs @ 9%	\$23,500	\$750	\$3,000	\$27,250	\$25,620	(\$1,730)
15 yrs @ 10%	\$25,000	\$750	\$3,000	\$28,750	\$25,620	(\$3,130)
15 yrs @ 11%	\$26,500	\$750	\$3,000	\$30,250	\$25,620	(\$4,630)
15 yrs @ 12%	\$27,900	\$750	\$3,000	\$31,650	\$25,620	(\$6,030)
20 yrs @ 9%	\$20,800	\$750	\$3,000	\$24,550	\$25,620	\$1,070
20 yrs @ 10%	\$22,400	\$750	\$3,000	\$26,150	\$25,620	(\$530)
20 yrs @ 11%	\$23,900	\$750	\$3,000	\$27,650	\$25,620	(\$2,030)
20 yrs @ 12%	\$25,500	\$750	\$3,000	\$29,250	\$25,620	(\$3,630)



TABLE F-5  
ECONOMIC ANALYSIS  
HYDROPOWER PLANT  
NO BONDING FEE

Costs		Revenues		
Const. Cost	\$173,000		KW-HR	Mil Rate
FWCD Cash	\$0	Total Gen	750000	
Financed	\$173,000	FWCD Use	18000	\$0.07
Bonding (0%)	\$0	Sold	732000	\$0.035
				Income
				n/a
				\$1,300.00
				\$25,600.00
Total Finan	\$173,000			

FINANCING ALTERNATIVES

Annual Values						
Expenses					Income	
Financing	Debt Service	FERC Charge	O,M&R	Total	Power Revenues	District Revenues
10 yrs @ 6%	\$23,500	\$750	\$3,000	\$27,250	\$25,620	(\$1,630)
10 yrs @ 7%	\$24,600	\$750	\$3,000	\$28,350	\$25,620	(\$2,730)
10 yrs @ 8%	\$25,800	\$750	\$3,000	\$29,550	\$25,620	(\$3,930)
10 yrs @ 9%	\$27,000	\$750	\$3,000	\$30,750	\$25,620	(\$5,130)
10 yrs @ 10%	\$28,200	\$750	\$3,000	\$31,950	\$25,620	(\$6,330)
15 yrs @ 6%	\$17,800	\$750	\$3,000	\$21,550	\$25,620	\$4,070
15 yrs @ 7%	\$19,000	\$750	\$3,000	\$22,750	\$25,620	\$2,870
15 yrs @ 8%	\$20,200	\$750	\$3,000	\$23,950	\$25,620	\$1,670
15 yrs @ 9%	\$21,500	\$750	\$3,000	\$25,250	\$25,620	\$370
15 yrs @ 10%	\$22,700	\$750	\$3,000	\$26,450	\$25,620	(\$830)
15 yrs @ 11%	\$24,100	\$750	\$3,000	\$27,850	\$25,620	(\$2,230)
15 yrs @ 12%	\$25,400	\$750	\$3,000	\$29,150	\$25,620	(\$3,530)
20 yrs @ 9%	\$19,000	\$750	\$3,000	\$22,750	\$25,620	\$2,870
20 yrs @ 10%	\$20,300	\$750	\$3,000	\$24,050	\$25,620	\$1,570
20 yrs @ 11%	\$21,700	\$750	\$3,000	\$25,450	\$25,620	\$170
20 yrs @ 12%	\$23,200	\$750	\$3,000	\$26,950	\$25,620	(\$1,330)

Appendix G

Correspondence

STATE OF COLORADO  
Richard D. Lamm, Governor  
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES  
**DIVISION OF WILDLIFE**

James B. Ruch, Director  
6060 Broadway  
Denver, Colorado 80216  
Telephone: (303) 297-1192



November 1, 1985

Mr. Steven C. Harris, P.E.  
959 Second Avenue  
Durango, CO 81301

Dear Mr. Harris:

Subject: Review of Draft Feasibility Report, Lemon Dam Improvements Project,  
Florida River, LaPlata County Co FERC # 7830-000

The Colorado Division of Wildlife has reviewed the above-referenced document as requested in your letter of 10 October 1985. We have appreciated the opportunity to be involved in the planning of this dam repair project, and the consideration for Colorado's fish and wildlife resources demonstrated by the project proponent. The draft document appears to have reviewed the issues previously discussed with the project proponent and we have no further comments to offer regarding the proposal.

The Division appreciates the opportunity to review and comment on this proposal. Questions regarding our comments should be directed to Rick Sherman, Wildlife Biologist, at (303) 249-3431.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Ann B. Hodgson".

Ann B. Hodgson  
Wildlife Program Specialist

ABH/eja

cc: USF&WS; Denver, Grand Junction, SLC  
USEPA; Denver, Attention: Mike Hammer

STATE OF COLORADO  
Richard D. Lamm, Governor  
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES  
**DIVISION OF WILDLIFE**

James B. Ruch, Director  
6060 Broadway  
Denver, Colorado 80216  
Telephone: (303) 297-1192



2300 S. Townsend  
Montrose, CO 81401  
November 1, 1985

Mr. Steven C. Harris  
Harris Water Engineering  
954 Second Avenue  
Durango, CO 81301

Dear Steve:

The Division of Wildlife has reviewed the Draft Feasibility Report on the proposed Lemon Dam Improvements Project. We are in agreement with this report, with the exception of a few minor changes which Mike Japhet has already expressed to you. The report is a good one and reflects the close working relationship that you have had with Mike.

We appreciate the opportunity to review this document and sincerely appreciate the cooperative spirit you've extended throughout the project review.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Rick Sherman". The signature is written in a cursive style.

Rick Sherman  
Wildlife Biologist

RS/pjp  
cc: Towry  
Zgainer  
Clark  
Japhet  
Hodgson

STATE OF COLORADO  
Richard D. Lamm, Governor  
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES  
**DIVISION OF WILDLIFE**

James B. Ruch, Director  
6060 Broadway  
Denver, Colorado 80216  
Telephone: (303) 297-1192



2300 S. Townsend  
Montrose, CO 81401  
July 8, 1985

249-3431

Mr. Steven C. Harris, P.E.  
Harris Water Engineering  
954 Second Avenue  
Durango, CO 81301

Dear Mr. Harris:

This letter is in reference to your request for wildlife input to the Lemon Dam Improvements Project, which includes the installation of a hydropower plant and repair of the main outlet gates at the dam.

The Division's concerns remain the same as outlined in earlier correspondence. I would, however, like to address the following recommendations for flow releases below Lemon Dam:

1. We recommend a minimum release at the dam of 8 cfs down to the Durango Diversion.
2. We recommend the historic flow of 4 cfs down to the Florida Diversion be maintained.
3. We concur with the proposal to pump water during construction to maintain fishery flows.

If you have further questions on these comments, please contact Mike Zgainer at our Durango, 247-0855, or Rick Sherman at our Montrose office.

Sincerely,

*Bob Clark*

Bob Clark  
Habitat Res. Sect.

RS/pjp

cc: Donoho  
Zgainer  
Sherman  
Hodgson

# DIVISION OF WILDLIFE

James B. Ruch, Director  
6060 Broadway  
Denver, Colorado 80216 (297-1192)



June 26, 1984

Steven C. Harris, P.E.  
Harris Water Engineering  
954 Second Avenue  
Durango, CO 81301

Dear Mr. Harris:

Subject: Request for consultation, Lemon Dam Hydropower, Florida River,  
La Plata County, Colorado.

The Division of Wildlife has reviewed the information you submitted regarding the above-referenced project and offers the following comments for your consideration.

We understand that the proposal developed by Florida Water Conservancy District to construct a hydroelectric facility at the Lemon Dam will use the existing small outlet tube and will not increase downstream flows or affect present reservoir release patterns. Additionally, no above-ground power house construction is planned and at the present time all transmission lines are scheduled to be buried. If these design criteria are not changed during the feasibility study the project should not have a detrimental effect on fish and wildlife resources. If the above design components of this project do change during the planning period we would look forward to an opportunity to meet with your representative to discuss those new considerations.

We appreciate the opportunity to review and comment on this proposal. Ann Hodgson, Wildlife Program Specialist, will serve as the liaison for this project. If you have any questions regarding these comment, please call me at (303) 297-1192, extension 271.

Very truly yours,

Ann B. Hodgson  
Wildlife Program Specialist

ABH:cs

cc: N. Smith, CDOW-SW  
USF&WS, Denver, SLC



COLORADO  
HISTORICAL  
SOCIETY

Colorado State Museum 1300 Broadway Denver, Colorado 80203

April 22, 1985

Steven C. Harris  
Harris Water Engineering  
954 Second Avenue  
Durango, Colorado 81301

Re: Lemon Dam Hydropower Project, FERC Permit No. 7830.

Dear Mr. Harris,

This is to acknowledge receipt of your April 15, 1985 correspondence concerning the above proposed project.

DATE RECEIVED: April 19, 1985

Based on the information you supplied, we believe ( ) the nature of the proposed project or (XX) the present nature of the proposed project area is such that no (further) impact upon cultural resources will occur. Therefore, you may proceed with the undertaking as proposed.

However, if previously unidentified archaeological resources are discovered in the course of the project, work must be interrupted until the resources are properly evaluated in terms of the National Register of Historic Places eligibility criteria (36 CFR 60.4) in consultation with this office.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment. If we may be of further assistance, please contact our Compliance Division at 866-3395 or 866-3392.

Sincerely,

Leslie E. Wildesen  
Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer



## United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE  
ENDANGERED SPECIES OFFICE  
1406 FEDERAL BUILDING  
125 SOUTH STATE STREET  
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84138-1197

IN REPLY REFER TO:

June 5, 1984

Mr. Steven C. Harris, P.E.  
Harris Water Engineering  
954 Second Avenue  
Durango, CO 81301

Dear Mr. Harris:

We have received your letter of April 24, 1984, which was meant to officially inform the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) that the Florida Water Conservancy District (FWCD) is beginning a feasibility study on the installation of a small 125 kw hydroelectric turbine on the outlet works of Lemon Dam, LaPlata County, Colorado. Our comments are offered under authority of the Section 7 Interagency Cooperation Regulations, 50 CFR 402, and the Endangered Species Act (ESA), 16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.

It appears that federally-listed endangered species may occur in the project area, which are identified in the following list:

bald eagle	<u>Haliaeetus leucocephalus</u>
peregrine falcon	<u>Falco peregrinus anatum</u>

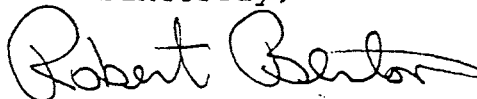
In recent years, much attention has been given, especially in the West, to the protection and enhancement of raptor populations (hawks, owls and eagles) with respect to powerlines. Eagles and other raptors perch on the distribution poles and consequently become primary victims of electrocution.

To offset the possibility of adverse impacts to bald eagles, peregrine falcons or other large raptors that may be in the project area, we suggest that the applicant consider measures to protect raptors from electrocution as outlined in the recent document: Suggested Practices for Raptor Protection on Powerlines - The State of the Art 1981 - Raptor Research Report #4, Raptor Research Foundation, Inc. 1981. If these measures are incorporated into the project, there should be no effect on threatened or endangered species. Copies of this report may be obtained from the Raptor Research Foundation, c/o Department of Veterinary Biology, University of Minnesota, St. Paul, Minnesota, 55101.



Thank you for your interest in conserving endangered species. As per your letter request, FWS will be happy to meet with you at your convenience to discuss details of the Lemon Hydro Project. The representative that can provide you with additional technical assistance is Robert Smith, of our Grand Junction, Colorado office (telephone 303/243-2778).

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Robert Benton". The signature is fluid and somewhat stylized, with a large initial "R" and a long, sweeping underline.

Acting Field Supervisor



United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

UPPER COLORADO REGION  
DURANGO PROJECTS OFFICE  
P.O. BOX 640  
DURANGO, COLORADO 81301

IN REPLY  
REFER TO: 430  
600.

MAR - 8 1985

Mr. Steve Harris  
Harris Water Engineering  
954 East Second Avenue  
Durango, Colorado 81301

Dear Mr. Harris:

In initial meetings concerning the Florida Water Conservancy District's investigations into securing funding assistance from the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority to perform a feasibility study on a hydroelectric facility at Lemon Dam, it was suggested that repairs to Lemon Dam's upstream slope riprap be included in the overall study. Subsequent field examinations of the riprap have concluded that the apparent thin spots in the riprap are actually places where road surface material from on top the dam embankment has washed over the existing riprap, appearing as exposed Zone 2 material. For this reason, it is not necessary to replace any riprap at this time.

If you have any questions concerning this matter, please contact Pat Schumacher in our office.

Sincerely yours,

Rick L. Gold  
Projects Manager

cc: Mr. Loyd Hess, President  
Florida Water Conservancy District

Mr. John Ey, Reservoir Superintendent  
Lemon Dam



United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

UPPER COLORADO REGION  
DURANGO PROJECTS OFFICE  
P.O. BOX 640  
DURANGO, COLORADO 81302-0640

IN REPLY  
REFER TO: 431  
500.2

NOV - 7 1985

Mr. Steve Harris  
Harris Water Engineering  
954 Second Avenue  
Durango, Colorado 81301

Dear Mr. Harris:

We have reviewed your draft feasibility report on the proposed Lemon Dam Improvements Project. We have the following comments:

1. Page 4 - Peak irrigation releases are 270 cfs. Flood control releases up to a maximum of 910 cfs can be made through the outlet works.
2. Pages 8 and 59 - Each pair of outlet gates is capable of releasing 455 cfs at reservoir elevation 8148 feet.
3. Page 10 - Unbalanced releases through the regulating gates can be made; however, Reclamation's approval of unbalanced releases will be required.
4. Page 49 - Reclamation's approval of the steel plug design will be required. A method to introduce and remove air while respectively dewatering and refilling the pressurized outlet tunnel upstream of the gates will be required.
5. Page 50 - Reclamation's approval of the bulkhead used to divert water upstream of the outlet gates during repair of the guard gate seals will be required.
6. Pages 50 and 56 - The interruption of downstream releases for a maximum of one hour during installation and removal of the inlet tower plug or bulkhead upstream of the gates appears optimistic.
7. Page 103 - The cost of \$56,000 for the bronze seats appears to be excessive. Cost for similar seats to repair gates in other dams indicates the cost range to be \$6,000 to \$10,000.

We appreciate the opportunity to comment on your draft feasibility report. Our office will continue to be available for technical review and assistance on this project.

Sincerely yours,

Rick L. Gold  
Projects Manager

Colorado-Ute  
Electric Association, Inc.

P. O. Box 1149  
Montrose, Colorado 81402  
(303) 249-4501

October 23, 1985

Mr. Steven C. Harris, P.E.  
Harris Water Engineering  
954 Second Avenue  
Durango, CO 81301

Dear Mr. Harris:

Lemon Dam Hydroelectric Project

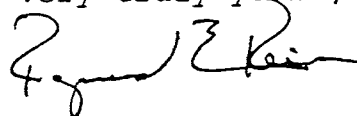
This letter is to send you the April, 1985 Policy for Small Power Producers, and to provide comments on the Lemon Dam Hydroelectric One Line Diagram. This letter does not constitute design approval.

Comments:

1. A "utility disconnect switch" should be installed between the Dam Keepers residence connection and the input to the 12.47 kv to 480V transformer.
2. Power factor correction capacitors should not correct the no load power factor above 0.95.
3. We suspect the 99% device should be numbered device number 13 and 110% device should be numbered device number 12.
4. Other induction machine operators on our system tend to interconnect their machines with an R.P.M. slightly above synchronous speed. We recommend that you carefully research the suitability of an auto close from your mechanical 99% device.
5. If there is any chance of flooding, we would recommend a float switch wired to trip.

If you have any questions, please call.

Very truly yours,



Raymond E. Keith, Manager  
Electrical Engineering

REK/RLA:rbg

Enclosure

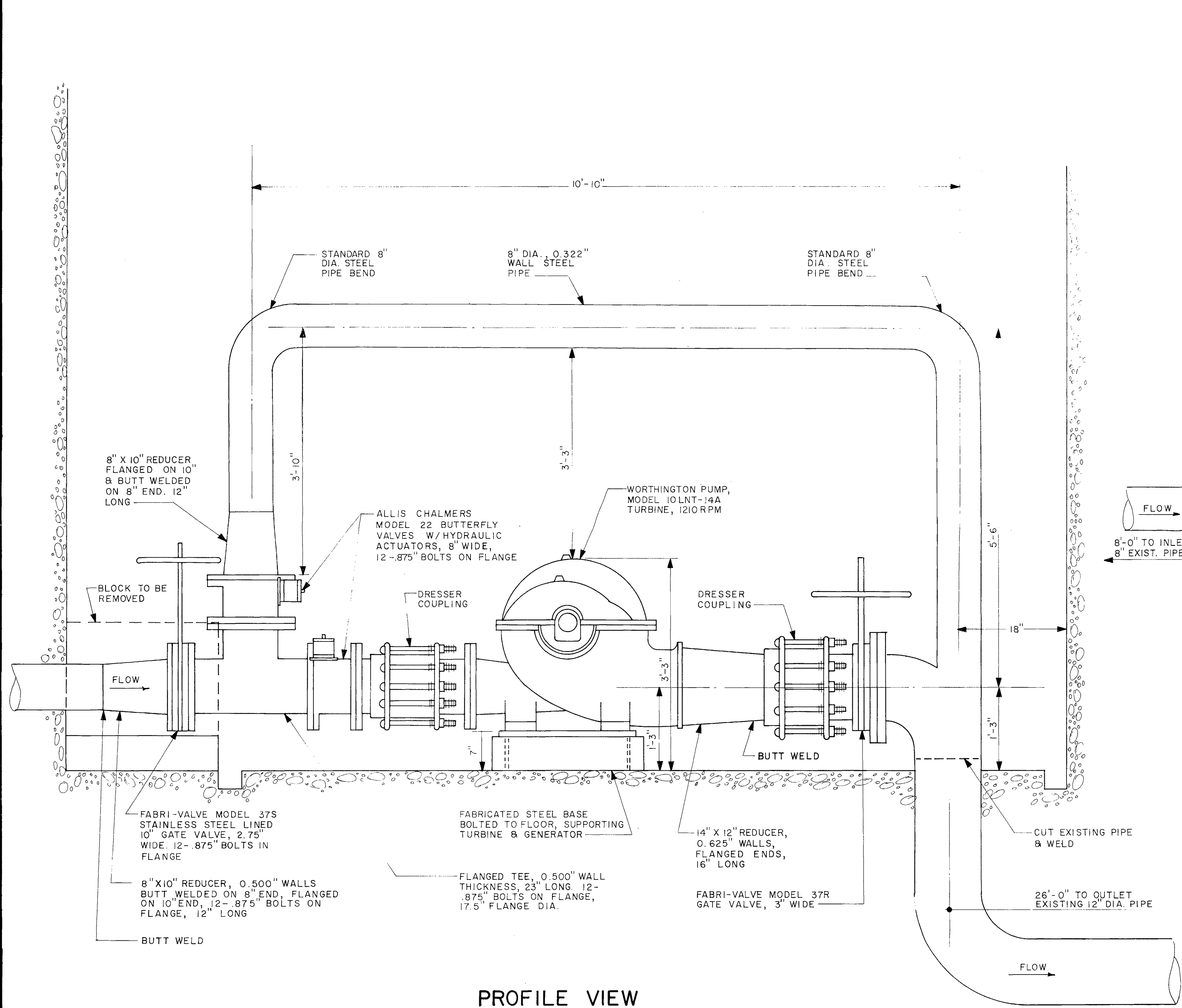
cc: G. McNaughton, LPEA

Appendix H

DETAIL DRAWINGS

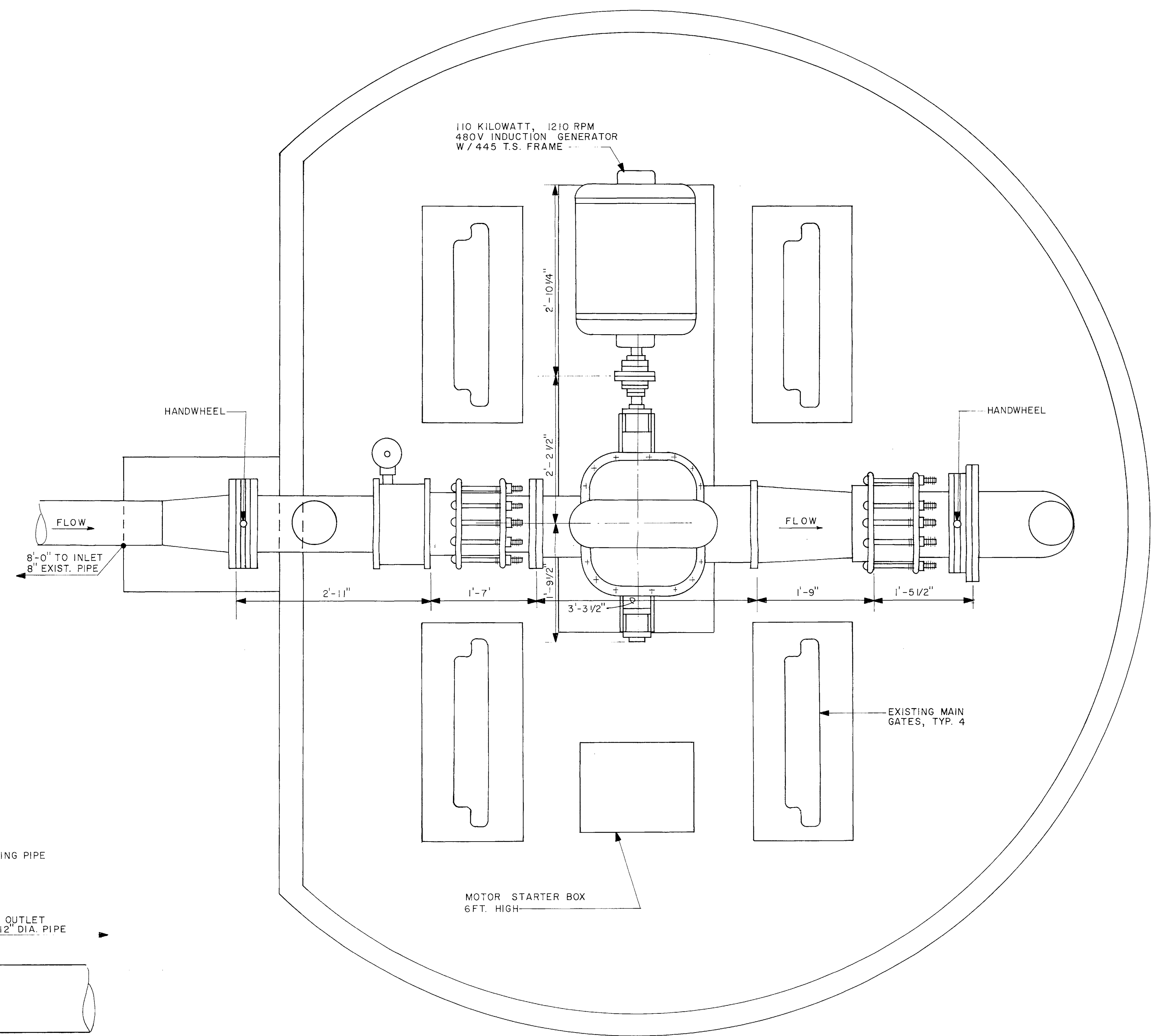
L001 Turbine and Generator Plan

PE001 Electrical Wiring Schematic



**PROFILE VIEW**

SCALE 1 5 0 5 1 15 2 2.5 3 FEET



**PLAN VIEW**

HARRIS WATER ENGINEERING CO.	
LEMON DAM IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT	
TURBINE AND GENERATOR PLAN	
DWG. NO.	REV.
L 001	
SCALE:	DATE: 10-11-1985
	SHEET: 1 OF 2